

30 May 2025

ATTY. OLIVER O. LEONARDO
Director, Market and Securities Regulation Department
Securities and Exchange Commission
17th Floor, SEC Headquarters, 7909 Makati Avenue, Salcedo Village
Barangay Bel-Air, Makati City

Re: Comments to Preliminary Information Statement and Submission of Definitive Information Statement and Management Report

Dear Atty, Leonardo:

This refers to the Securities and Exchange Commission's ("SEC") e-mail and letter both dated 27 May 2025 regarding the SEC's comments on Vitarich Corporation's ("Vitarich") Preliminary Information Statement.

In compliance with the directives in the letter and pursuant to SRC Rule 20 of the Securities Regulation Code and Section 49 of the Revised Corporation Code of the Philippines, Vitarich submits its DIS and Management Report with the updated information as stated below. Vitarich shall also submit one (1) set of hardcopies of the DIS and Management Report on or before 03 June 2025 as directed in the said letter.

SEC's Comment: Disclose the following:	Page No.	Vitarich's Remarks
High and low market price information for the first quarter	Page 81	Please see updated information on page 81, Part II, Item 5 of the Management Report
Amount of per diem received by each director per Board or Committee meeting for the past 3 consecutive years	Page 23; Annex "E"	Please see reference to Annex "E" on page 23, Item 6 of the Definitive Information Statement. Please also see Annex "E" of the Definitive Information Statement.

Sincerely,

ATTY: MARY CHRISTINE DABU-PEPITO

Assistant Corporate Secretary/Compliance Officer/

Corporate Information Officer

COVER SHEET

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(Business Address: No. Street City / Town / Province) Atty. Mary Christine Dabu-Pepito 843-30-33 connecting all dept.																															
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TO ALL STOCKHOLDERS:

Please be informed that the Annual Stockholders' Meeting of VITARICH CORPORATION (the "Corporation") will be held on Friday, June 27, 2025, 2:00 P.M., at The Pace, Ilang-Ilang, Sta. Rosa 2, Marilao, Bulacan.

The Annual Stockholders' Meeting shall have the following agenda:

- Call to Order;
- Certification of Notice and the Existence of a Quorum;
- Approval of the Minutes of the Previous Annual Stockholders' Meeting;
- Report of the President on the Results of the 2024 Operations and the 2024 Audited Financial Statements of the Corporation;
- Ratification of the Acts of Directors and Officers;
- Election of Directors;
- Appointment of External Auditor;
- Appointment of Stock Transfer Agent;
- Other matters; and
- Adjournment.

A brief explanation of each item which requires the approval and/or ratification by the stockholders are provided in the Information Statement. Stockholders can get the electronic copies of the SEC-20-IS Definitive Information Statement, SEC 17-A Annual Report with 2024 Audited Financial Statements and other pertinent information from the PSE's EDGE system and the Corporation's website at https://vitarich.com/company-disclosure/sec-filings/.

Only stockholders of record as of May 27, 2025, which is the record date fixed by the Board, are entitled to notice of, and to vote at, this meeting.

Proxies must be submitted to the Special Committee of Election Inspectors of the Corporation located at Vitarich Corporation, Marilao-San Jose Road, Sta. Rosa I, Marilao, Bulacan, on or before June 16, 2025. Proxies shall be validated by the Special Committee on Election Inspectors at said office on June 20, 2025.

On the day of the meeting, you or your duly designated proxy are required to show this Notice together with your government-issued ID to facilitate registration. Registration shall start at 1:00 pm and shall close at 1:45 pm.

ATTY MARY CHRISTINE DABU-PEPITO

Asst. Corporate Secretary/Compliance Officer/ Corporate Information Officer

EXPLANATION OF AGENDA ITEMS FOR STOCKHOLDERS' APPROVAL AND/OR RATIFICATION

1. Call to Order

The Chairman of the Board will formally commence the meeting at approximately 2:00 p.m. on Friday, June 27, 2025.

2. Certification of Notice and Certification of Quorum

The Corporate Secretary will certify that the notice of the annual meeting was published in a newspaper of general circulation and was posted on the PSE's EDGE system and the Corporation's website in compliance with SEC requirements, and that a quorum exists for the valid transaction of business.

3. Approval of the Minutes of the Annual Stockholders' Meeting held on June 28, 2024

The minutes of the last annual stockholders' meeting held on June 28, 2024 can be viewed at the Corporation's website at https://vitarich.com/wp-content/uploads/2024/07/VITARICH-CORPORATION 2024-ASM-MINUTES-WITH-SIGNATURES.pdf

4. Report of the President on the Results of the Operations for 2024 and the 2024 Audited Financial Statements of the Corporation

The President and Chief Executive Officer, Mr. Ricardo Manuel M. Sarmiento, will report on the Corporation's 2024 performance and the outlook for this year. The audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024 are included in the Annual Report posted on the PSE's EDGE system and the Corporation's website at https://vitarich.com/wp-content/uploads/2025/04/latest-17-A-2024-compressed-1.pdf

5. Ratification of the Acts of Directors and Officers

The acts of the Board of Directors and its committees, officers and Management of the Corporation since May 01, 2024 up to May 15, 2025, as duly recorded in the corporate books, include the approval of all contracts and agreements, application for government permits and licenses, sale or lease of properties, and other transactions in the general conduct of business. The summary of the major resolutions approved and adopted by the Board and/or the Board Committees are discussed in the Information Statement.

6. Election of Directors

In accordance with the Revised Corporation Code of the Philippines and the Corporation's Amended Articles of Incorporation, Revised Manual on Corporate Governance and By-Laws, the stockholders must elect the members of the Board of Directors of the Corporation comprised of nine (9) directors, including independent directors who shall comprise at least 20% of the members of the Board of Directors, who shall hold office for a term of one (1) year, or until their successors shall have been duly elected and qualified.

Following the announcement on the holding of the annual stockholders' meeting, the Nomination Committee accepted the nomination of any individual for election as directors.

Thereafter, the Nominations Committee evaluated the initial list of nominees for the Board, including the nominees for independent directors, and determined that the nominees have all the qualifications and none of the disqualifications to serve in the Board of Directors. Thereafter, the Nominations Committee prepared and approved the Final List of Candidates. Such Final List of Candidates and the qualifications of each nominee director are discussed in the Information Statement and their names are included in the ballot form to be provided by the Corporation.

7. Appointment of the External Auditor

The Audit, Risk Oversight and Related Party Transactions Committee and the Board of Directors endorsed to the stockholders the re-appointment of Reyes Tacandong & Co. as the Corporation's external auditor for the taxable year 2025. The profile and extent of the engagement of the external auditor are provided in the Information Statement.

8. Appointment of the Stock Transfer Agent

The Board endorsed the stockholders the re-appointment of Stock Transfer Services, Inc. as the stock transfer agent for the ensuing year. The details of the stock transfer agent are provided in the Information Statement.

VITARICH CORPORATION PROXY FORM

The undersigned stockholder of **VITARICH CORPORATION** (the "Corporation") hereby nominates, constitutes, and appoints the following:

constitutes, and appoints the following.				
Name of proxyholder:			_	
or in his/her/its absence, the Chairman of the meeting all of his/her/its shares of stock in the Corporation or books and records of the Corporation during the anscheduled on June 27, 2025 and on any postponement. The proxy is authorized to attend the annual stock instructions as regards the matters to be taken up during the meeting all of his/her/its absence, the Chairman of the meeting all of his/her/its absence, the Chairman of the meeting all of his/her/its absence, the Chairman of the meeting all of his/her/its absence, the Chairman of the meeting all of his/her/its shares of stock in the Corporation or books and records of the Corporation during the anschip shares of the Corporation during th	registered in his nual stockholde or adjournmen kholders' meet	her/its ers' mee t thereo	name in the fi.	ne corporate Corporation
The proxy is given the right to exercise his/her be issued by the Corporation and in voting for the itemThe proxy shall vote strictly as follows:		•	shing the b	allot form to
Matter		For	Against	Abstain
Approval of the Minutes of the Last Annual Stockhol	ders' Meeting		7.8	710010111
Report of the President on the Results of the 2024 O	_			
the 2024 Audited Financial Statements				
Ratification of the Acts of Directors and Officers				
Appointment of Reyes Tacandong & Co. as External	Auditor			
Appointment of Stock Transfer Services, Inc. as Stock Agent				
For the election of directors:				
Number of shares owned				
Number of votes (no. of shares owned times nine (9) seats)				
Nominee	distribute yo	ur votes	or if you w equally ar e place an	nong the
Jose Vicente C. Bengzon, III				
Ricardo Manuel M. Sarmiento				
Stephanie Nicole S. Garcia				
Rogelio M. Sarmiento				
Benjamin I. Sarmiento, Jr.				
Vicente J.A. Sarza				
Juan Arturo Iluminado De Castro				
Pierre Carlo C. Curay (Independent Director)				

Bienvenido S. Bautista (Independent Director)

Total*

* By placing (x) beside the name of the nominee, we shall consider the total number of votes tha
you are entitled to cast to have been distributed equally to the number of directors that you voted
for.

Signature:	
Name:	

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, this proxy has been executed by the undersigned.

Date:

VITARICH CORPORATION BALLOT FORM

Name of stockholder	
Name of proxyholder	
Signature	

Please check:

Matter	For	Against	Abstain
Approval of the Minutes of the Last Annual Stockholders' Meeting			
Report of the President on the Results of the Operations for 2024			
and the 2024 Audited Financial Statements			
Ratification of the Acts of Directors and Officers			
Appointment of Reyes Tacandong & Co. as External Auditor			
Appointment of Stock Transfer Services, Inc. as Stock Transfer			
Agent			

For the election of directors:

Number of shares owned	
Number of votes (no. of shares owned times nine (9) seats)	

Nominee	Number of votes, or if you want to distribute your votes equally among the nominees, please place an "x" *
Jose Vicente C. Bengzon, III	
Ricardo Manuel M. Sarmiento	
Stephanie Nicole S. Garcia	
Rogelio M. Sarmiento	
Benjamin I. Sarmiento, Jr.	
Vicente J.A. Sarza	
Juan Arturo Iluminado De Castro	
Pierre Carlo C. Curay (Independent Director)	
Bienvenido S. Bautista (Independent Director)	
Total*	

^{*} By placing (x) beside the name of the nominee, we shall consider the total number of votes that you are entitled to cast to have been distributed equally to the number of directors that you voted for.

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SEC FORM 20-IS

INFORMATION STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 20 OF THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE

- 1. Check the appropriate box:
 - [] Preliminary Information Statement
 - [___] Definitive Information Statement
- 2. Name of Registrant as specified in its charter: VITARICH CORPORATION
- 3. Bulacan, Philippines

Province, country or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization

- 4. SEC Identification Number: 21134
- 5. BIR Tax Identification Code: 000-234-398-000
- 6. Marilao-San Jose Road, Sta. Rosa I, Marilao, Bulacan 3019Address of principal office Postal Code
- 7. Registrant's telephone number, including area code (+632) 8843-3033
- 8. Date, time and place of the meeting of security holders.

Date: Friday, June 27, 2025

Time: 2:00 p.m.

Place: The Pace, Ilang-Ilang, Sta. Rosa 2, Marilao, Bulacan.

- 9. Approximate date on which the Information Statement is first to be sent or given to security holders: on or before June 3, 2025, subject to approval of the SEC.
- 10. Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 12 of the Code or Sections 4 and 8 of the RSA (information on number of shares and amount of debt is applicable only to corporate registrants)

Title of Each Class Number of Shares of Common Stock Outstanding or

Amount of Debt Outstanding

Common Stock 3,054,334,014 shares

11. Are any or all of registrant's securities listed on a Stock Exchange?

Yes 👱 No _

If yes, disclose the name of such Stock Exchange and the class of securities listed therein:

Philippine Stock Exchange

WE ARE NOT SOLICITING A PROXY

PART I.

A. GENERAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Date, time, and place of meeting of security holders.

- (a) The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of VITARICH CORPORATION (the "Corporation" or "Vitarich") will be held on Friday, June 27, 2025 at 2:00 P.M. at The Pace, Ilang-Ilang, Sta. Rosa 2, Marilao, Bulacan.
- (b) Pursuant to the SEC Notice dated 12 March 2025 published on 13 March 2025, this Information Statement and the accompanying Proxy Form and other necessary materials shall be sent or given to security holders through posting of the electronic copies of the said documents at the Corporation's website and PSE EDGE System not later than June 4, 2025 as well as publication of the notice of the annual meeting containing the information on the availability of the electronic copies of the documents on the Corporation's website and the PSE EDGE system not later than twenty one (21) days prior to the scheduled meeting or not later than June 5, 2025.

Item 2. Dissenter's Right of Appraisal

There is no matter to be taken up during the annual stockholders' meeting that may give rise to the exercise by any dissenting stockholder of the right of appraisal. For the guidance and information of the stockholders, any stockholder of the Corporation may exercise his/her right of appraisal in any of the instances enumerated under Section 80 of the Revised Corporation Code of the Philippines ("RCCP") and in the manner provided for under Section 81 of the RCCP. Sections 80 and 81 of the RCCP provide as follows:

"SECTION 80. Instances of Appraisal Right. — Any stockholder of a corporation shall have the right to dissent and demand payment of the fair value of the shares in the following instances:

- 1. In case an amendment to the articles of incorporation has the effect of changing or restricting the rights of any stockholder or class of shares, or of authorizing preferences in any respect superior to those of outstanding shares of any class, or of extending or shortening the term of corporate existence;
- 2. In case of sale, lease, exchange, transfer, mortgage, pledge or other disposition of all or substantially all of the corporate property and assets as provided in the Code;
- 3. In case of merger or consolidation; and
- 4. In case of investment of corporate funds for any purpose other than the primary purpose of the corporation."
- "SECTION 81. How Right is Exercised. The dissenting stockholder who votes against a proposed corporate action may exercise the right of appraisal by making a written demand on the corporation for the payment of the fair value of shares held within thirty (30) days from the date on which the vote was taken: Provided, that failure to make the demand within such period shall be deemed a waiver of the appraisal right. If the proposed corporate action is implemented, the corporation

shall pay the stockholder, upon surrender of the certificate or certificates of stock representing the stockholder's shares, the fair value thereof as of the day before the vote was taken, excluding any appreciation or depreciation in anticipation of such corporate action.

If, within sixty (60) days from the date the approval of the corporate action by the stockholders, the withdrawing stockholder and the corporation cannot agree on the fair value of the shares, it shall be determined and appraised by three (3) disinterested persons, one of whom shall be named by the stockholder, another by the corporation, and the third by the two (2) thus chosen. The findings of the majority of the appraisers shall be final, and their award shall be paid by the corporation within thirty (30) days after such award is made: Provided, That no payment shall be made to any dissenting stockholder unless the corporation has unrestricted retained earnings in its books to cover such payment: Provided, further, That upon payment by the corporation of the agreed or awarded price, the stockholder shall forthwith transfer the shares to the corporation."

Item 3. Interest of Certain Persons in or Opposition to Matters to be Acted Upon

No director, officer, or nominee for director or officer of the Corporation or associate of said director, officer or nominee for director or officer of the Corporation has any substantial interest, direct or indirect, by security holdings or otherwise, in any of the corporate actions to be acted upon at the annual meeting of the stockholders. None of the directors of the Corporation has informed or signified his/her intention to oppose any of the corporate actions to be acted upon at the annual meeting of the stockholders.

B. CONTROL AND COMPENSATION INFORMATION

Item 4: Voting Securities and Principal Holders Thereof

(a) Number of Shares Outstanding: The Corporation's capital stock is composed of common shares, which are voting shares. The number of shares outstanding is 3,054,334,014 with each share entitled to one (1) vote. The Corporation's Filipino-Foreign equity ownership as of April 30, 2025 is as follows:

	No. Of Shares	% Ownership
Shares owned by Filipino	2,962,663,684	97%
Shares owned by Foreigners	91,670,330	3%
Total	3,054,334,014	100.00%

- (b) Record Date: The record date with respect to the Annual Stockholders' Meeting is on May 27, 2025. Only stockholders of record as at the close of business on May 27, 2025 are entitled to notice and vote at the meeting.
- (c) Cumulative Voting Rights: At the election of directors, each stockholder may vote the shares registered in his/her name, either in person or by proxy, for as many persons as there are directors, or he may cumulate said shares and give one candidate as many votes as the number of directors to be elected multiplied by the number of his/her shares shall equal, or he/she may distribute them on the same principles among as many candidates as he/she shall see fit: provided that the total number of votes cast by him/her shall not exceed the number of shares

owned by him/her multiplied by the whole number of directors to be elected.

(d) (i) Security Ownership of Certain Record and Beneficial Owners: Owners of record of more than 5% of the Corporation's voting securities as of April 30, 2025 are as follows:

Title of Class	Name, Address of Record Owner & Relationship with Issuer	Name of Beneficial Owner & Relationship W/ Record Owner	Citizenship	No. Of Shares	Percent of Class
Common Shares	PCD NOMINEE CORPORATION (Filipino) 37/F The Enterprise Center, Ayala Avenue Corner Makati Avenue, Makati City Beneficial owner of more than 5% of the outstanding shares.	Various beneficial owners	Filipino	2,940,948,252	96.29%
	KORMASINC, INC. 7th Floor, LTA Bldg., 118 Perea St., Legazpi Village, Makati City	Various beneficial owners	Filipino Corporation	1,498,505,604	49.06%
	CHOCOHOLIC HOLDINGS, INC. Vitarich Corporation Compound, Marilao-San Jose Road, Brgy. Sta. Rosa I, Marilao, Bulacan	Various beneficial owners	Filipino Corporation	705,666,000	23.10%

The Corporation has no information yet on who will vote for the shares of Kormasinc, Inc. and Chocoholic Holdings, Inc. since the due date for submission of their designated proxies is on June 16, 2025.

(ii) Security of Ownership of Management: The number of common shares beneficially owned by directors and executive officers as of April 30, 2025 are as follows:

TITLE OF CLASS	NAME OF BENEFICIAL OWNER	AMOUNT &	CITIZENSHIP	PERCENT
		NATURE OF		OF
		BENEFICIAL		CLASS
		OWNERSHIP		
Common	Jose Vicente C. Bengzon III	10,000	Filipino	0.00%
Common	Rogelio M. Sarmiento	6,386,320	Filipino	0.21%
Common	Benjamin I. Sarmiento Jr.	199	Filipino	0.00%
Common	Ricardo Manuel M. Sarmiento	55,240,990	Filipino	1.81%

Common	Stephanie Nicole S. Garcia	104,359	Filipino	0.00%
Common	Lorenzo Vito M. Sarmiento III	500	Filipino	0.00%
Common	Vicente J.A. Sarza	1	Filipino	0.00%
Common	Pierre Carlo C. Curay	1	Filipino	0.00%
Common	Juan Arturo Iluminado C. de Castro	19, 797, 034	Filipino	0.65%
Common	Aison Benedict C. Velasco	0	Filipino	0.00%
Common	Mary Christine C. Dabu-Pepito	0	Filipino	0.04%
Common	Reynaldo D. Ortega	1,219,974	Filipino	0.00%
Common	Alicia G. Danque	0	Filipino	0.00%
Common	Emmanuel S. Manalang	0	Filipino	0.00%
Common	Elaine C. Nantes	0	Filipino	0.00%
Common	Carmencita S. Policarpio	0	Filipino	0.00%
Common	Dilbert D. Tan	0	Filipino	0.00%
Common	Ma. Diana M. Cuna	0	Filipino	0.00%
Common	Carina Lourdes M. Fabian	0	Filipino	0.00%
Common	Xerxes Noel O. Ordanez	0	Filipino	0.00%

- (iii) Voting Trust Holders of 5% or more: The Corporation is not aware of any person holding more than 5% of the common shares of the Corporation under a voting trust or similar agreement as there has been no voting trust agreement which has been filed with the Corporation and the Securities and Exchange Commission, as required under the RCCP.
- (e) Change in Control of the Corporation: The Corporation is not a subsidiary of any other corporation or entity. There is no stockholder who owns at least 51% of the outstanding capital stock of the Corporation. Furthermore, there are no arrangements that will affect or change the ownership of the Corporation.

Item 5. Directors and Executive Officers

The following were elected as directors of the Corporation at the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Corporation on June 28, 2024 to hold office until the next succeeding annual meeting of the stockholders and until the respective successors have been elected and qualified:

Regular Directors:

- 1. Jose Vicente C. Bengzon, III
- 2. Rogelio M. Sarmiento
- 3. Ricardo Manuel M. Sarmiento
- 4. Stephanie Nicole S. Garcia
- 5. Benjamin I. Sarmiento, Jr.
- 6. Lorenzo Vito M. Sarmiento. III
- 7. Juan Arturo Iluminado C. De Castro

Independent Directors:

- 1. Vicente Julian A. Sarza
- 2. Pierre Carlo C. Curay

Their respective profile, background and credentials may be seen in pages 18 to 22 of the Corporation's SEC Form 17-A attached to and made an integral part of this Information Statement. The directors' attendance during the Annual Stockholders' Meeting on June 28, 2024, regular and/or special meetings of the Board of Directors and meetings of the Board Committees are disclosed under Part V, Corporate Governance of this Information Statement. The director's per diem is disclosed under Part I(B), Item 6 of this Information Statement. The respective profile, background, and credentials of the nominees for members of the Board of Directors may be seen below.

Officers are elected by the newly elected members of the Board of Directors at its organizational meeting. The Board also elects during its organizational meeting the Chairman and members of the Audit, Risk Oversight and Related Party Transactions as well as the Nominations, Remunerations and Corporate Governance committees. The following officers were elected either during the Organizational Meeting of the Board of Directors held on June 28, 2024 or during subsequent meetings of the Board of Directors, and, unless removed by the Board of Directors, shall hold office until their successors are appointed. If any vacancy shall occur among the officers of the Corporation, such vacancy shall be filled by the Board of Directors:

Jose Vicente C. Bengzon III Chairman of the Board Rogelio M. Sarmiento Chairman Emeritus

Ricardo Manuel M. Sarmiento Chief Executive Officer/President

Stephanie Nicole S. Garcia Director/EVP, Chief Sustainability Officer (CSO)/Corporate

Management Services Director/Treasurer

Atty. Aison Benedict C. Velasco Corporate Secretary

Atty. Mary Christine Dabu-Pepito Asst. Corporate Secretary/Compliance Officer/Corporate

Information Officer

Reynaldo D. Ortega Senior Vice President, Chief Operations Officer

Alicia G. Danque Senior Vice President, Chief Supply Chain Officer/Alternate

Corporate Information Officer

Ma. Diana M. Cuna Senior Vice President, Chief Human Resource Officer and

OD Director

Dilbert D. Tan Senior Vice President, Chief Finance Officer

Elaine C. Nantes Vice President, Corporate Quality and Technical Services

Director

Carmencita S. Policarpio Vice President, Director – Corporate Technical Services

Directorate (QA Feeds, Facilities & Project Management)

Emmanuel S. Manalang Vice President, Nutrition and Research & Development

Manager

Carina Lourdes M. Fabian Vice President, Special Projects Director

Xerxes Noel D. Ordanez Corporate Audit Manager

Their respective profile, background and credentials may be seen in pages 19 to 22 of the Corporation's SEC Form 17-A attached to and made an integral part of this Information Statement as **Annex "C"**. The respective profile, background and credentials of the officers being nominated for re-election during the annual stockholders' meeting on June 27, 2025 may be seen below.

Pursuant to Article VI of its Amended Articles of Incorporation, the Corporation shall have nine (9) directors. The independent directors were pre-screened by the Nominations, Remunerations and Corporate Governance Committee of the Corporation under the guidelines and procedures laid down in the RCCP as well as the Corporation's Amended By-Laws, Amended Manual on Corporate Governance, and existing circulars and regulations of the SEC. They possess all the qualifications and none of the disqualifications of being an independent director, pursuant to SRC Rule 38 of the

Rules Implementing the Securities Regulations Code. Their respective Certifications are attached to and made an integral part of this Information Statement as **Annexes "A" and "B"**. The list of nominees for the members of the Board of Directors and Officers for the ensuing year as of the date of this report are the following:

Nominees for Board of Directors:

- 1. Mr. Jose Vicente C. Bengzon III;
- 2. Mr. Ricardo Manuel M. Sarmiento;
- 3. Ms. Stephanie Nicole S. Garcia;
- 4. Rogelio M. Sarmiento;
- 5. Mr. Benjamin I. Sarmiento Jr.;
- 6. Mr. Vicente Julian A. Sarza;
- 7. Atty. Juan Arturo Iluminado C. de Castro;
- 8. Mr. Bienvenido S. Bautista (Independent Director);
- 9. Mr. Pierre Carlo C. Curay (Independent Director)

Nominees for Officers:

Jose Vicente C. Bengzon III Chairman of the Board Rogelio M. Sarmiento Chairman Emeritus

Ricardo Manuel M. Sarmiento Chief Executive Officer/President

Stephanie Nicole S. Garcia Director/EVP, Chief Sustainability Officer (CSO)/

Corporate Management Services Director/Treasurer

Atty. Aison Benedict C. Velasco Corporate Secretary

Atty. Mary Christine Dabu-Pepito Asst. Corporate Secretary/Compliance

Officer/Corporate Information Officer

Reynaldo D. Ortega Senior Vice President, Chief Operations Officer
Alicia G. Danque Senior Vice President, Chief Supply Chain

Officer/Alternate Corporate Information Officer

Ma. Diana M. Cuna Senior Vice President, Chief Human Resource Officer

and OD Director

Dilbert D. Tan Senior Vice President, Chief Finance Officer Elaine C. Nantes Vice President, Corporate Quality and Technical

Services Director

Carmencita S. Policarpio Vice President, Director, Corporate Technical Services

Directorate (QA Feeds, Facilities & Project

Management)

Emmanuel S. Manalang Vice President, Nutrition and Research & Development

Manager

Carina Lourdes M. Fabian Vice President, Special Projects Director

Engr. Conrado U. Bulanhagui Vice President, Manufacturing and Facilities Director

Xerxes Noel D. Ordanez Corporate Audit Manager

Six (6) out of the seven (7) nominees for regular directors are currently serving as the Corporation's directors. They are Directors Ricardo Manuel M. Sarmiento, Stephanie Nicole S. Garcia, Rogelio M. Sarmiento, Benjamin I. Sarmiento, Jr., Jose Vicente C. Bengzon, III, and Juan Arturo Iluminado C. De Castro. Director Pierre Carlo C. Curay is nominated for re-election as an independent director. Meanwhile, Director Vicente Julian A. Sarza, who is currently serving as an independent director for the ninth consecutive term, is no longer qualified to be nominated and re-elected as an independent director. However, the Corporation decided to nominate him as a regular director

based on Recommendation 5.3 of the Code of Corporate Governance for Publicly Listed Companies. He is nominated as a regular director due to his valuable contributions, insights, and wisdom through the years that he served as independent director and Chair of the Audit, Risk Oversight, and Related Party Transactions Committee. The Corporation believes that he will be able to continue to add value to the company through his counsel, guidance, and objective insights. Mr. Bienvenido S. Bautista is a first-time nominee of the Corporation. He is nominated as an independent director.

All nominees for officers are currently serving as officers of the Corporation. All nominees for directors and officers are Filipino citizens. The following is a brief profile of each nominee for directors and/or officers:

Directors:

Jose Vicente C. Bengzon III, Filipino, 67 years old Regular Director
*Also nominated as Chairman of the Board

Mr. Bengzon has been Vitarich's Chairman of the Board of Directors since 2012. He also serves as Independent Director of Upson International Corp. (since 2022); Vice Chairman & Chairman of the Executive Committee of Commtrend Construction Corp. (since 2014); and Senior Adviser to the Board of Malayan Bank (since 2018). Mr. Bengzon likewise served as the President & CEO of Torres Trading Company, Inc. (January 2021 to 2022); Director and Treasurer of Inception Technology Philippines Corp. (2019 to 2024); Director & Chairman of the Risk Management Committee of Rizal Microbank (2010 to 2020); President of UPCC Holdings Corp. (until 2020); acting Chairman (2012 to 2013) and Board Member (2005 to 2011) of Philippine National Construction Corp.; Director of Manila North Tollways Corp. (2012 to 2013); Director of the South Luzon Tollways Corp. (2011 to 2012); Independent Director of Bermaz Auto Phil's Inc. (2017); Director & Chairman of the Audit Committee of Century Peak Mining Corp. (2016 to 2018); Consultant at SGV (1982-1985); and Financial Planning and Projects Manager for Reuters America (1988 to 1990). From 1991 to 1996, he was with Dole Philippines and served in various capacities as Assistant to the Country Manager, Manager in the Financial Planning Group, and Financial Analyst. He was also an Entrepreneur of Westborough Food Corporation from 1993 to 2001. Mr. Bengzon was Director of the Philippine Quality Awards Foundation from 1998 to 2011; a member of the Board of Trustees at the Philippine Quality and Productivity Movement, Davao Chapter (1998 to 1999); member of the Board of Trustees of the Davao City Chamber of Commerce and Industry (1999 to 2000); President of the Productivity Development Council in Mindanao (1999 to 2000); and President of Abarti Artworks Corporation (2001 to 2004). In 2005, Mr. Bengzon was the Chief Privatization Officer of the Department of Finance and Director of Panaro Minerals Phils. and the Philippine Al Amanah Islamic Bank. He was President of the Duma Group of Companies from 2006 to 2011. He is a Certified Public Accountant and a graduate of De La Salle University having obtained his Bachelor of Science degree in Commerce and Bachelor of Arts degree in Economics in 1980 therefrom. He earned his Master of Business Administration at the J. L. Kellogg School of Management at Northwestern University in 1988.

Ricardo Manuel M. Sarmiento, Filipino, 48 years old Regular Director

*Also nominated as President and Chief Executive Officer

Mr. Sarmiento is the President and Chief Executive Officer of Vitarich Corporation. He brings with him almost two decades of hands-on experience with the company. He is responsible for the overall success of the organization with primary responsibilities in setting corporate objectives and strategy, driving growth, and managing company operations towards achievement of goals. He began his career with the company in 2005 as the Acting General Manager of Gromax and, eventually, as its General Manager. He later became its President in 2010. This was followed by his role as Vitarich's Sales and Marketing Director and his eventual promotion to Executive Vice-President and Chief Operating Officer in 2012. Mr. Sarmiento is an active member of the Rotary Club of Manila, Upsilon Sigma Phi, and the Young President's Organization (YPO Philippines Chapter). He has been a panelist in various business forums including the Philippine Summit of The Asset and the Economic Forum of BusinessWorld. His team was recognized as the Executive Leadership Team of the Year and a Circle of Excellence Awardee at the Asia CEO Awards 2022. Mr. Sarmiento holds a bachelor's degree in tourism from the University of the Philippines, Diliman.

Stephanie Nicole M. Sarmiento-Garcia, Filipino, 45 years old Regular Director

*Also nominated as EVP, Corporate Management Services Director/Treasurer/Chief Sustainability Officer

Ms. Garcia is also the Executive Vice President - Chief Sustainability Officer and Corporate Management Services Director of Vitarich Corporation. She carries with her more than two decades of solid hands-on experience in the integrated feeds and foods businesses of the company. In addition to her integral role in the corporation, Ms. Garcia also oversees the external activities of Vitarich Corporation and manages its various partnerships with key stakeholders and the government. She is likewise the President of Precisione International Research & Diagnostic Laboratory, Inc. Due to her deep knowledge in the poultry and feeds business, she is recognized by the Philippine Department of Agriculture as a technical resource person and is often invited to share her expertise with the government and private sector groups. She is one of the leaders of Pilipinas Kontra Gutom - a national and multi-sectoral anti-hunger movement, which aims to bring public and private organizations together on various programs with a common goal: 1 million fewer hunger Filipinos by 2022. Ms. Garcia served as the President of the Philippine Association of Feed Millers, Inc. (PAFMI) from February 2020 to February 2021. She was also PAFMI's Board Secretary and Board Member, heading the Corn Reform and Policy Committee. Prior to Vitarich, she was a Store Manager at Le Pain Quotidien, an international chain of café-style restaurants, specializing in bakery items. Earlier on, she held a front desk position at the Ritz Carlton Hotel in San Francisco. She holds a degree in International Hospitality Management from the Glion Institute of Higher Education (formerly known as Glion Hotels School), a private, university-level Swiss hotel management school in Switzerland. Ms. Garcia joined Vitarich in October 2003.

Rogelio M. Sarmiento, Filipino, 76 years old Regular Director *Also nominated as Chairman Emeritus

Mr. Sarmiento served the Corporation in different capacities as director (1982 to 1991; 2003 until April 29, 2021; October 15, 2021 to present), President and Chief Executive Officer (2003 to June 24, 2016), and Chairman of the Board of Directors (2003 to June 29, 2012). He was elected on October 15, 2021 as a director to fill in the vacancy that resulted from the untimely demise of Mr. Jose M. Sarmiento. He was also the President of L.S. Sarmiento & Co., Inc., Sarmiento Industries, Inc., Fortuna Mariculture Corporation, and Sarphil Corporation from 1968 to 1981. He obtained his Bachelor of Science in Business Administration degree from the University of San Francisco and his Master of Business Administration degree from the University of Santa Clara in the United States of America. He was President of the Philippine Association of Feed Millers Inc. from 1990 to 1992 and Vice-President of the Philippine Chamber of Commerce from 1988 to 1989. Formerly a member of the Interim Batasang Pambansa, he concurrently served as Minister of State for Transportation and Communications. He also served as Deputy Director General of the National Economic and Development Authority. He was a member of the House of Representatives representing the First District of the Province of Davao del Norte from 1992 to 2001.

Benjamin I. Sarmiento, Jr., Filipino, 55 years old Regular Director

Mr. Sarmiento was elected as Vitarich's Director in 1998. He is a graduate of the University of San Francisco with a Bachelor of Arts degree in Economics. He is the Chief Executive Officer of Sarmiento Pacific Holdings and Equities (formerly Pacific Equities, Inc.) from 1989 to the present. He is also a Director of the following companies: M3 Ventures International, Inc. since 1991, and Ultra-Seer, Inc., Hillsdale Marketing Inc., Specialized Products & Services, Inc., Escotek, Inc., and Diversified Industrial Technology, Inc. since 2002. He is the Chief Executive Officer of Sarmiento Pacific Agribusiness.

Atty. Juan Arturo Iluminado C. De Castro, J.S.D., LL.M., Filipino, 44 years old Regular Director

Atty. De Castro is a practicing lawyer with a Bachelor of Laws degree from the University of the Philippines College of Law, and is the first Filipino to obtain both a Doctorate in the Science of Law (J.S.D.) and a Master of Laws (LL.M.) degree at the University of California Berkeley School of Law in the USA in 2011. He authored the book on Philippine Energy Law (2012), which provides guidance for investing in the country's electric power industry. He has extensive experience in corporate rehabilitation, or Chapter 11, Bankruptcy, in the Philippines. He is also the managing partner of the De Castro & Cagampang-De Castro Law Firm, a boutique law firm in Makati. Their law practice includes civil and criminal litigation before various courts, appellate practice, real estate transactions, and cases before the Sandiganbayan, among others. He is currently also an Assistant Professorial Lecturer at the De La Salle University College of Law and a consultant at the Cybercrime Investigation and Coordinating Center (CICC).

Vicente Julian A. Sarza, Filipino, 72 years old Regular Director

Mr. Sarza served as Vitarich's Independent Director from 2016 to 2025 or for a total of 9 terms. He also serves as Independent Director of HC Consumer Finance Phils, Inc. (Home Credit), the AIB Money Market Mutual Fund, Inc., Don Tim Development Corp, and Servicio Filipino, Inc. He was a director and Chief Operating Officer of Mabuhay Capital until his retirement therefrom in 2020. However, he remains a consultant of Mabuhay Capital. Prior to joining Mabuhay Capital, Mr. Sarza was Senior Vice President, Head of institutional banking at Asia United Bank (AUB), a publicly listed company, which operates as a universal bank. Before moving to AUB, Mr. Sarza was a Principal, Head of Advisory Services, in KPMG Philippines. He was responsible for the significant expansion of market share and significant increase in recognition of KPMG Advisory as an advisory services firm in key industries, such as financial institutions, energy, water, infrastructure, insurance and in government and multilateral institutions. Over the years, Mr. Sarza's extensive experience included successful engagements as Director to Chief Privatization Officer, rank of Undersecretary in the Privatization and Management Office (an agency of the Department of Finance). Mr. Sarza was also a Director and Chairman of the Technical Committee on Privatization and Office for Special Concerns for the Department of Finance (Republic of the Philippines). Mr. Sarza had various roles in privatization of Maynilad, International School Manila, Telecommunications Investment Corp., Energy Development Corp., and Iloilo Airport. Mr. Sarza spent more than 25 years in banking, his stints spanning corporate, middle market, and consumer banking with added responsibilities in his last 8 years through involvement in senior functions such as Mancom, Asset and Liabilities Management, and Credit Committee duties, among others. Prior to the Department of Finance, Mr. Sarza spent a total of 14 years at United Coconut Planters Bank (UCPB) and UCPB Savings Banks as Manager to First Vice President-Head of the Commercial Credit Division and President and COO, respectively. Mr. Sarza holds an A.B. degree in Economics from the Ateneo De Manila University.

Pierre Carlo C. Curay, Filipino, 46 years old Independent Director

Mr. Curay was first elected as Independent Director on June 24, 2022. He has never been affiliated with the Corporation prior to his nomination and election as Independent Director. He has been an entrepreneur for 23 years to date and has 17 years of experience in Logistics and Supply Chain Management, in addition to being a technology professional. He is a Co-Founder and has been the CEO of Insight and Supply Chain Solutions (InsightSCS) since March 2019, a technology logistics start-up. He is also the Director of XVC Logistics, a transport and freight forwarding company serving multinational companies for their Philippine logistics needs. He concurrently serves different organizations in various capacities – Former President and currently Vice President of the Supply Chain Management Association of the Philippines; Co-Chair for Supply Chain Management of the Committee on Transport and Logistics of the Philippine Chamber of Commerce and Industry (since February 2022); Technical Consultant for the Regulatory Reform Support Program for National Development of the University of the Philippines Public Administration and Extension Services Foundation, Inc. (since March 2020); Pioneer Mentor of ASEAN Mentorship for Entrepreneurs Network (since November 2017); and Mentor for the Department of Trade and Industry (DTI) and the Department of Agriculture (DA) at GoNegosyo (since June 2016). Mr. Curay earned his Bachelor of Science degree in Management Information Systems, Information Technology from the Ateneo de Manila University in 1999. He also attended the Training Programs on Logistics Management for the Philippines and established the Logistics Qualifications System of the Association of Overseas Technical Scholarships in Japan (2010-2012) and the Entrepreneurship Acceleration Program at The Wharton School (2019).

Bienvenido S. Bautista, Filipino, 77 years old Independent Director

Mr. Bautista is a first-time nominee of the Corporation. He has never been affiliated with Vitarich prior to his nomination as independent director. He takes in with him more than 5 decades of experience in sales, marketing, finance, management, and executive leadership. He concurrently serves different organizations in various capacities - Director/Chair, Third Party Related Committee/Chair, Corporate Committee/Member, Transactions Governance Committee/Member, Board Risk Oversight Committee of Robinsons Land Corporation (since May 2021); Director/Member, Audit Committee of Flexo Manufacturing Corporation (since 2014); Director and Consultant to the Chairperson/Chair, Organization and Business Development Committee/Member, Audit Committee of Mega Sardines Philippines (since 2019); Director of Makati YMCA Inc. (since 2018); Director of Philippine Cancer Society, Inc. (since 2022); President of Ateneo '63 '67 Luxid Foundation, Inc. (since 2023); President of The Ayala Pineridge Condominium Corporation (Baguio) Homeowners' Association (since 2024); Fellow (since 2019) and Member, Teaching Faculty (since 2020) of the Institute of Corporate Directors; and Extraordinary Minister of Holy Communion of St. Andrew the Apostle Parish (since 2017). He earned his degree in Bachelor of Science in Economics from the Ateneo de Manila University in 1967. In 1969, he earned his Masters in Business Management, major in Marketing and Finance (Academics Finished) degree in the Ateneo de Manila Graduate School of Business.

Officers:

Atty. Aison Benedict C. Velasco, Filipino, 47 years old Corporate Secretary

Atty. Velasco was first appointed as Corporate Secretary of the Corporation last April 26, 2019. He is presently a Partner of the Angara Abello Concepcion Regala & Cruz Law Office (ACCRALAW), the firm he joined in 2003. He obtained his bachelor's degree from the Ateneo de Manila University in 1999 and his Juris Doctor law degree from the same university in 2003 graduating with Second Honors. Presently, he acts as Corporate Secretary of several companies, including AB Mauri Philippines, Inc., ELC Beauty, Inc., Smartmatic Philippines, Inc., UBS Securities Philippines, Inc., UBS Investments Philippines, Inc., Grey Philippines, Inc., Shin Clark Power Holdings, Inc., Shin Clark Power Corporation, Makesense, Inc., Commonssense Philippines, Inc. and other Philippine companies.

Atty. Mary Christine C. Dabu-Pepito, CCO, TCS, Filipino, 39 years old Assistant Corporate Secretary/Compliance Officer/Corporate Information Officer

Atty. Dabu-Pepito was first appointed as the Corporation's Assistant Corporate Secretary/Compliance Officer/Corporate Information Officer on March 21, 2016. She obtained her Bachelor of Arts degree in Broadcast Communication from the University of the Philippines-Diliman and graduated Cum Laude in 2006. She took up her Bachelor of Laws degree at the San Beda University-Manila in 2011 and was admitted to the Bar on March 28, 2012. She is a Partner at Dabu & Associates Law Office. Her areas of practice are litigation and corporate law. This includes civil, family, criminal, commercial, administrative, employment, and labor law litigation as well as corporate and commercial services, and corporate housekeeping. She is also one of the Corporation's legal counsels. She is an alumna of the 5th cohort of the Applied Sustainability

Management in Asia Pacific (ASMAP 5) held on October 2019. Organized by the Center for Social Responsibility of the University of Asia and the Pacific, ASMAP is an executive training program for linking sustainability and business performance. She is a Certified Compliance Officer and Certified Tax Compliance Specialist having completed and passed the qualifying examinations of the Certification Course for Compliance Officers and Certification Course for Tax Compliance Specialist administered by the Center for Global Best Practices on April 5, 2022 and September 22, 2023, respectively. She is also an accredited arbitrator of the Philippine International Center for Conflict Resolution, Inc.

Reynaldo D. Ortega, Filipino, 55 years old Senior Vice President and Chief Operating Officer

Dr. Ortega is a Doctor of Veterinary Science and Medicine who obtained his degree at the Central Luzon State University in 1992. He also earned his degree in Bachelor of Science in Animal Husbandry in the same University in 1990. He completed his master's degree at the University of Asia and the Pacific in the Agribusiness Executive Program in 2018. Dr. Ortega started as Production Supervisor at Purefoods Corporation in Sto. Tomas, Batangas, and was later assigned as Veterinary Supervisor at Purefood's JMT office in Ortigas, Pasig. He joined Vitarich in 1994 as an Extension Veterinarian and, since then has handled various positions as Veterinary Services Group Head, Contract Growing Operations Head, Technical Head, and Poultry and Livestock Division Head, until his appointment as Senior Vice President and General Manager for Poultry, Feeds, and Foods Sales Division sometime in March 2018. He was later on appointed as Senior Vice President for Poultry and Food General Manager. On 04 November 2024, Dr. Ortega was appointed as Senior Vice President and Chief Operating Officer of the Company. His training includes Poultry Tunnel Ventilation Systems, Poultry Management in Cage Systems, Immunology and Virology, and Artificial Insemination in Broiler Breeders. He attended various symposiums about Poultry production, processing, and marketing in the USA, Europe and Asia.

Alicia G. Danque, Filipino, 51 years old Senior Vice President – Chief Supply Chain Officer/Alternate Corporate Information Officer

Ms. Danque joined the company in 1995 and has held various positions such as Corporate Planning Manager, Chief of Staff, and Assistant Vice President for Animal Health Care. She was promoted to Vice President & Supply Chain Director on January 1, 2020, where she focuses on providing overall direction for the supply chain, enhancing productivity and efficiency, and minimizing costs while ensuring the procurement of high-quality materials. Ms. Danque stepped into her current role on October 1, 2022. Her responsibilities include overseeing the procurement of raw materials and services, feed integrated planning, warehousing and logistics operations. Additionally, Ms. Danque serves as a board member of the Philippine Association of Feed Millers, Inc. (PAFMI) and is the Auditor and head of its Membership Committee. She holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Industrial Engineering from Mapua University and has completed postgraduate courses at the Philippine Women's University and the University of Asia and the Pacific.

Ms. Ma. Diana Mascardo Cuna, 66 years old Senior Vice President – Chief Human Resource Officer (SVP-CHRO) & OD Director

Ms. Cuna was appointed to her current position on December 6, 2022. She is responsible for developing and executing human resources strategy in support of the overall business plan and strategic direction of the organization, specifically in the areas of succession planning, talent management, change management, organizational and performance management, learning and development, talent acquisition and compensation. As the CHRO she provides strategic leadership

by articulating HR needs and plans to the leadership council. Ms. Cuna was a management consultant in the areas of Human Resources and Corporate Risk Management, having been a practicing professional for almost four decades. Prior to her appointment as SVP-CHRO, Ms. Cuna has been the Corporation's Executive Advisor/Human Resources and Organization Development (HR OD) since 2015. Prior to Vitarich, Ms. Cuna provided HR consultancy to various local and international private companies as well as local government institutions. She was the VP and HR/Communications Director for San Miguel Corporation food group, HR and Risk Management expert for USAID and European Union (EU) Commission programs from 2003 to 2015. She earned both her Master's degree in Counseling and Bachelor of Science degree in Biology/FLCD from the University of the Philippines, earned units in Doctor's of Philosophy in Educational Psychology from the University of the Philippines and completed her Organization Behaviour program from INSEAD (Singapore).

Dilbert D. Tan, Filipino, 44 years old Senior Vice President and Chief Finance Officer

Mr. Tan was first appointed on July 11, 2022 as the Corporation's Vice President and Finance Operations Director. He is responsible for the management of the corporation's financial processes and risks. He held such position until his appointment as the Company's Senior Vice President and Chief Finance Officer effective November 4, 2024. Mr. Tan has almost 20 years of career experience, mostly in the banking and financial services industry as well as technology software and services. He led operations and support services for corporate loans, trade finance, fund transfer, treasury operations, and asset management for JP Morgan Chase Manila Corporate Center (May 2019 to July 2022), East West Banking Corporation (August 2016 to December 2018), and Deutsche Knowledge Services (January 2006 to September 2008). He has spearheaded system migration and business process transformation initiatives to upgrade efficiency, quality, and controls. He developed and implemented financial risk management policies for risk assessment, measurement, monitoring, and mitigation. In FIS (formerly SunGard Financial Systems) [November 2009 to August 2016], he managed corporate liquidity client services, market intelligence, and demand generation. Mr. Tan is a graduate of Ateneo de Manila University with a Bachelor of Science degree Major in Management and Minor in Finance.

Elaine C. Nantes, Filipino, 61 years old Vice President & Corporate Quality and Technical Services Director

Ms. Nantes brings over 30 years of managerial experience in the food industry, with expertise spanning food processing, production, engineering, quality management, and food safety. She has held several key roles, including Value-Added Operations Manager, Food Safety Manager, Plant Manager, and Project Manager, with a proven track record in overseeing third-party tolling plant operations. Known as the "Food Safety Guru" of San Miguel Pure Foods Co., Ms. Nantes played a critical role in establishing and championing quality and food safety standards across the organization. She ensured that company-owned and third-party manufacturing plants adhered to all regulatory, voluntary, and industry-leading food safety standards. Her leadership was instrumental in developing and implementing robust quality management systems for food safety and suitability. Under her direction, 43 food facilities earned GMP and HACCP certifications, while over 80 food products received HACCP certification. Additionally, six food plants achieved ISO 22000 and ISO 9001 certifications. Ms. Nantes was also pivotal in reducing the cost of nonconformities by spearheading quality and productivity initiatives, both in her direct roles and as a consultant to industry clients. In 2005, she served as the Chairperson of the National Meat Advisory Council of the Department of Agriculture National Meat Inspection Service (Philippines). Her

professional excellence was recognized by her alma mater, University of Santo Tomas, with the prestigious Albertus Magnus Award for an alumna who excelled in the field of Microbiology.

Emmanuel S. Manalang, Filipino, 60 years old Vice President & Nutrition and Research & Development Manager

Dr. Emmanuel S. Manalang was appointed Vice President & Nutrition and Research & Development Manager on August 1, 2019. He is a graduate of Veterinary Medicine from the University of the Philippines in 1985. He started his career in Animal Nutrition working for ER Squibb and Sons Philippines as a Vitamin Mineral Specialist. He developed his skills by enriching his experience working with Ciba Geigy Philippines, and Ajinomoto, Amino Acid Department as a Technical Manager. He has been an Animal Nutritionist/Nutrition consultant for many commercial feed mills and farm operations nationwide since 1989. Dr. Manalang has a vast experience in the field of Swine and Poultry Nutrition, Aqua Nutrition and Pet Nutrition. He is also engaged in exotic bird breeding and management.

Carmencita S. Policarpio, Filipino, 61 years old Vice President & Director, Corporate Technical Services Directorate (QA Feeds, Facilities & Project Management)

Ms. Policarpio is a Licensed Chemical Engineer and has been in the manufacturing industry for more than 30 years. On Sept. 25, 2021, Engr. Policarpio was conferred & included in the roster of ASEAN Engineering Register (AER) as ASEAN Engineer. This is under the AER Commission of the ASEAN Federation of Engineering Organizations (AFEO) among ASEAN countries. On the following year, March 27, 2022, she also received the highest level in the Chemical Engineering Profession as Internationally Recognized Chemical Engineer under PIChE (Philippine Institute of Chemical Engineers) Chemical Engineer Registry. She has extensive work experience in developing and implementing effective quality control processes, quality management, laboratory, and production/plant management. She has been with the Corporation since 10 October 2016 and as such, has been assigned in the Corporation's feed mill plants, poultry dressing operations, commercial laboratory management, and Facility/Project management. She has attended several trainings and conventions in Thailand, Malaysia, Singapore and Indonesia. Throughout her leadership, the corporation's feed mill plants experienced significant advancements in food safety. They successfully implemented and transitioned to ISO 22000:2018 Food Safety Management System, which was granted by Certification International, Philippines. This accomplishment ensures a higher level of food safety for consumers. Moreover, the corporation received the HACCP (Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Point) certification from NQA, a globally recognized Testing, Inspection, and Certification (TIC) provider, accredited by UKAS (United Kingdom Accreditation Service). This certification was awarded to their poultry dressing plant. Furthermore, the company obtained Halal Registration Certificate and Halal Dressing Plant Accreditation, showcasing their dedication to maintaining a secure and safe food production process for its poultry dressing plant, further demonstrating their commitment to maintaining a safe and secure food production process. She is presently serving as Auditor & Technical Committee Head of the Philippine Institute of Chemical Engineers - CAMANAVA Chapter. Prior to joining the Corporation, she worked as Plant Manager of Secret Recipes Foods Corp. (Subsidiary of Robinson's Group of Companies), Assistant Manufacturing Manager of Plastic Container Packaging Corp, a food packaging company, and QA Manager then promoted to Plant Manager of Vassar Industries Inc. (Food Packaging company). On July 1, 2023, Engr. Policarpio successfully finished her master's degree in food safety management from the School of Food Science and Technology at the Philippine Women's University. She graduated with outstanding academic performance, receiving an Excellent grade for her Food

Safety Management Case Study Defense. This achievement showcases her dedication and expertise in the field of food safety.

Carina Lourdes M. Fabian, Filipino, 52 years old Vice President – Special Projects Director

Ms. Fabian was first appointed on January 2, 2024. She is a customer development professional with more than 2 decades of experience in growing multinational & family-owned corporations. Prior to her appointment with the Company, she was National Sales Manager — Non-Traditional Channel at Century Pacific Food, Inc. for 5 years. Her vast experience includes her employment stint with Pure Foods Corporation, San Miguel Corporation, and Digitel Mobile Philippines, Inc., among other companies. She is a graduate of Bachelor of Science in Business Administration at University of the Philippines, Diliman.

Conrado U. Bulanhagui, Filipino, 61 years old Vice President & Manufacturing and Facilities Director

Engr. Bulanhagui is a registered and licensed Mechanical Engineer. He served as the Company's AVP for Engineering from January 2020 to March 2022. He comes back to the Company with more than three (3) decades of experience in the areas of manufacturing & facilities engineering, project management, plant operations management and technical consultancy, covering almost the entire range of the food value chain - from grain post-harvest, animal feeds, hog and poultry farm operations, hog and cattle slaughter, hatchery, poultry dressing, meat processing and food manufacturing. His most recent engagement was with the U.S. Soybean Export Council (USSEC) - Local Feedmillers as its Technical Consultant – Feedmilling. His vast experience also includes his employment with UNAHCO (Manufacturing Director; May 2022 to June 2024), and ArchEn Technologies Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of San Miguel Corporation (Technical Consultant – Food & Agro-Industrial Facilities Projects; March 2007 to December 2019), among other companies. He is a graduate of Bachelor of Science in Mechanical Engineering at the University of the Philippines, Diliman. He placed first in the 1987 Mechanical Engineer Licensure Examinations, with a rating of 92.6%.

Xerxes Noel O. Ordanez, Filipino, 41 years old Corporate Audit Manager

Mr. Ordanez serves as the Corporate Audit Manager of Vitarich since January 24, 2023. He has over 16 years of audit and finance experience with exposure to hospitality, healthcare, manufacturing, sugar milling, banking, water utilities, and shared services industries. He has covered reviews of major business process such as IT General Controls, Revenue & Collection, Procure-to-Pay, Payroll, Construction Project Management and Operations & Maintenance. He completed his Bachelor of Science in Business Administration and Accountancy in 2006 at the University of the Philippines-Diliman and passed the CPA licensure exam in the same year. He completed his MBA degree in the same university in 2018. He holds various audit-related certifications as Certified Internal Auditor (CIA), Certified Information Systems Auditor (CISA), and Certified in Risk and Information Systems and Controls (CRISC). He started his career in SGV & Co as an IT Auditor under IT Audit and Advisory Services. Prior to joining Vitarich Corporation, he worked for a major water utility company for 13 years heading the Internal Audit Department and, subsequently, heading the Controllership & Analysis Department.

Significant Employees: Other than the directors and officers, no other persons are expected to make significant contributions to the business of the Corporation. As regards employees, all, and not one or some, are expected to make contributions which are valuable to the Company.

Family Relationships Among the Nominees: Mr. Ricardo Manuel M. Sarmiento and Ms. Stephanie Nicole S. Garcia are siblings and they are the children of Mr. Rogelio M. Sarmiento. Mr. Benjamin I. Sarmiento Jr. is a cousin of Mr. Ricardo Manuel M. Sarmiento and Stephanie Nicole S. Garcia. He is a nephew of Mr. Rogelio M. Sarmiento.

Involvement in Certain Legal Proceedings: To the knowledge of the Corporation, none of the members of the Board of Directors, officers and nominees for Board of Directors and officers of the Corporation are involved in any criminal or bankruptcy proceedings or subject of any order or judgment of any court or quasi-judicial agency, whether local or foreign effecting his involvement in business, securities, commodities or banking activities, for the past five (5) years up to the latest filing date.

Material Related Party Transactions: As disclosed on August 20, 2024, the Corporation has material related party transactions with its affiliate corporation, Luzon Agriventure Inc., and its subsidiary, Barbatos Ventures Corporation. Attached as **Annex "D"** is the Advisement Report as submitted to the Securities and Exchange Commission on August 20, 2024.

Parent/s of the Corporation: The Corporation has no parent company as it has no stockholder owning at least 51% of its outstanding capital stock.

Item 6. Compensation of Directors and Executive Officers

The members of the Board of Directors are entitled to a per diem of P10,000.00 for regular meetings whereas the members of the Audit, Risk Oversight, and Related Party Transactions Committee, and Nominations, Remunerations Committee and Corporate Governance Committee are entitled to a per diem of P5,000.00 for every meeting participation. They are also given a transportation allowance of P5,000.00 for every meeting attended. The total amounts of *per diem* that each director received per Board or Committee meeting for the past 3 consecutive years are attached as **Annex "E"**.

Arrangements with Directors & Officers: Other than the *per diem* that the members of the Board of Directors receive, the Corporation does not extend or grant warrants or options to its executive officers and directors. Thus, the Corporation has no obligation to disclose information pertaining to warrants and options. The market value of the shares of stock, if any, received by the Corporation's executives and officers approximate the compensation that they should have received had the payment been made in other form of consideration at the grant date.

Executive Compensation: The compensation includes the following:

	2024	2023	2022
Short-term employee benefits	₽69,911,760	₽54,914,416	₽55,480,527
Retirement benefits	4,656,828	5,238,557	5,010,571
Other employee benefits	24,276,904	19,521,032	17,133,565
	₽98,845,492	₽79,674,005	₽ 77,624,663

The aggregate compensation including other remuneration during the last two fiscal years, as well as those estimated to be paid in the ensuing fiscal year to the Corporation's Chief Executive Officer and Officers is as follows: (in millions of Pesos)

NAME & PRINCIPAL POSITION	YEAR	SALARY	Bonus & Others
1. RICARDO MANUEL M. SARMIENTO – CEO/President	2024		
 STEPHANIE NICOLE S. GARCIA- EVP, CSO/CMS Director /Treasurer 	2024		
3. REYNALDO D. ORTEGA – SVP & COO	2024		
ALICIA G. DANQUE – SVP & Chief Supply Chain Officer/ Alternate Corporate Information Officer	2024		
5. MA. DIANE M. CUNA – SVP, Chief Human Resource Officer (SVP-CHRO) & OD Director	2024		
T O T A L (Estimated)	2025	19.8	-
	2024	23.58	-
	2023	19.91	-
ALL OTHER OFFICERS & DIRECTORS AS A COMPANY UNNAMED (Estimated)	2025	3.09	-
	2024	2.64	-
	2023	3.17	-

The following are the five highest compensated officers of the Company:

- 1. Ricardo Manuel M. Sarmiento CEO/President
- 2. Stephanie Nicole S. Garcia EVP & CSO/CMS Director/ Treasurer
- 3. **Reynaldo D. Ortega** Senior Vice President and Chief Operating Officer
- 4. **Alicia G. Danque** Senior Vice President, Chief Supply Chain Officer/Alternate Corporate Information Officer
- Ma. Diane M. Cuna Senior Vice President, Chief Human Resource Officer (SVP-CHRO) & OD Director

Certain Relationship and Related Transactions: The Company engages, in the normal course of business, in various transactions with its related parties which include stockholders, entities under common control, key management and others, as described below. As stated above, attached is the Advisement Report that the Company filed last August 20, 2024 regarding its material related party transactions with its affiliate, Luzon Agriventure Inc., and its subsidiary, Barbatos Ventures Corporation.

Related Party Transactions

The Group, in its regular conduct of business, has transactions with its related parties. The following tables summarize the transactions with the related parties and outstanding balance arising from these transactions.

		Amount of Transactions		Outstan	ding Balance
Related Parties	Note Nature of Transaction	2024	2023	2024	2023

Trade and Other Receivables Entities under common control	6	Sales	₽732,746,539	₽623,194,605	P245 000 514	D4 42 F20 244
		Collections	(630,384,269)	(698,063,967)	₽245,890,511	₽143,528,241
Advances to Officers	6	Advances - net of		24 400 000		222 222 566
		collections	₽3,760,765	₽4,199,062	₽26,963,331	₽23,202,566
Trade and Other Payables	14					
Entities under common control		Purchases	₽289,661,066	₽745,005,211		
		Payments	(277,883,199)	(745,431,091)	₽15,685,403	₽3,907,536

The material related party transactions for 2024 were reported via SEC Form 17-C and Advisement Reports submitted to the SEC and PSE and posted on the Corporation's website. As mentioned above, the Advisement Report submitted last 20 August 2024 is attached as **Annex "D"** of this report. In addition, the list of the material related party transactions will be attached to the Annual Integrated Corporate Governance Report to be filed on or before 30 May 2025.

Trade and Other Receivables

The Group sells animal feeds, raw materials, feed supplements and dressed chicken to related parties, which are due within 90 days and are noninterest bearing. Outstanding balances of trade and other receivables from related parties are unsecured and to be settled in cash. No allowance for ECL on trade and other receivables from related parties was recognized as at December 31, 2024, and 2023 (see Note 6 of the Consolidated AFS attached to this report).

Trade and Other Payables

The Group buys raw materials and breeder flocks from related parties. These are noninterest-bearing, generally on a 90-day credit term, unsecured and to be settled in cash (see Note 14 of the Consolidated AFS attached to this report).

Advances to Officers

The Group grants unsecured, noninterest-bearing advances to its officers which are normally collected within one year through salary deduction. The allowance for ECL on advances to officers as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 are disclosed in Note 6 (Consolidated AFS attached to this report).

Compensation of Key Management Personnel: The compensation of key management personnel are as follows:

	2024	2023	2022
Short-term employee benefits	₽69,911,760	₽54,914,416	₽55,480,527
Retirement benefits	4,656,828	5,238,557	5,010,571
Other employee benefits	24,276,904	19,521,032	17,133,565
	₽98,845,492	₽79,674,005	₽77,624,663

Item 7. Independent Public Accountants

Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

For 2024, the Company's independent public accountant was Reyes Tacandong & Co. The audit of the financial statements of the Company was handled and certified by the engagement partner, Ms. Michelle R. Mendoza-Cruz. The firm complied with the Revised SRC Rule 68, paragraph 3 (b) (iv) re: seven (7) years rotation requirement for the external auditor.

Pursuant to SRC Rule 68.1 (Qualification and Reports of Independent Auditors), the Company engaged Reyes Tacandong & Co. for the audit of the Company's financial statements for the calendar year 2024. The engagement of Reyes, Tacandong & Co. and the engagement partner was approved by the Board of Directors and the stockholders of the Company.

For the information of the stockholders, Reyes Tacandong & Co is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on May 7, 2010 and the Bureau of Internal Revenue on July 2, 2010. The Firm has:

- 45 partners and principals
- A complement of over 1,000 professionals,
- Offices in Makati, Davao, Cebu, Iloilo, and Clark

It is a member firm of RSM, which is the 6th largest network of independent audit, tax, and advisory firms in the world.

As mentioned, the engagement partner is Ms. Michelle M. Cruz, who has over 25 years of experience in providing audit services to multinational and local clients in various industries such as healthcare, real estate, call centers, manufacturing, retail and services. She has handled financial audits in accordance with Philippine and United States Generally Accepted Auditing Standards, SOX 404 engagements, due diligence reviews, and various agreed upon procedures engagements.

There was no event in the last two fiscal years where the previous and current external auditors or previous and current engagement partners had any disagreements regarding any matter relating to accounting principles or practices, financial statement disclosures, or auditing scope or procedure. There were no disagreements with the external auditor of the Corporation on any matter of accounting and financial disclosure.

External Audit Fees and Services

Audit and Audit-Related Fees

The work of Reyes Tacandong & Co. consisted of an audit of the financial statements of the Company to enable them to express an opinion on the fair presentation, in all material respects, of the Company's statement of financial position, statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity, and statement of cash flows in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards. For the year 2024, audit fees amounted to P3.75 million, exclusive of VAT and out of pocket expenses.

All Other Fees

For the year 2024, Vitarich engaged the services of Reyes Tacandong & Co. to do transfer pricing services. The consideration for such services is P0.5 million, exclusive of vat and out-of-pocket expenses.

There were no other services obtained from the external auditor other than those mentioned above. Prior to the engagement of the external auditor, the Audit, Risk Oversight and Related Party Transactions Committee reviewed and confirmed the terms of engagement and the scope of services of the external auditor as endorsed by the management of the Company. Its approval policies and procedures for external auditors are:

1. Statutory audit of the Company's annual financial statements

- a. The Audit, Risk Oversight, and Related Party Committee ensures that the services of the external auditor conform with the provision of the company's manual of corporate governance specifically articles 2.3.4.1, 2.3.4.3 and 2.3.4.4
- b. The Audit, Risk Oversight, and Related Party Committee makes an assessment of the quality of the prior year audit work services, scope, and deliverables and makes a determination of the reasonableness of the audit fee based on the proposed audit plan for the current year.

2. For services other than annual F/S audit:

- a. The Audit, Risk Oversight, and Related Party Committee evaluates the necessity of the proposed services presented by management taking into consideration the following:
 - The effectiveness of the Company's internal control and risk management arrangements, systems and procedures, and management's degree of compliance
 - ii. The effect and impact of new tax and accounting regulations and standards
 - iii. Cost benefit of the proposed undertaking
- b. The Audit, Risk Oversight, and Related Party Committee approves and ensures that other services provided by the external auditor shall not conflict with the functions of the external auditor for the annual audit of its financial statements.

Item 8. Compensation Plan

No action is to be taken with respect to any plan pursuant to which cash or non-cash compensation other than those received pursuant to existing labor laws and company policies may be paid or distributed.

C. ISSUANCE AND EXCHANGE OF SECURITIES

Item 9. Authorization or Issuance of Securities Other than for Exchange

No action is to be taken with respect to the authorization or issuance of securities, whether the same be for exchange for outstanding securities of the Corporation or not.

Item 10. Modification or Exchange of Securities

No action is to be taken with respect to the modification of any class of securities of the registrant or the issuance of authorization for issuance of one class of securities of the registrant in exchange for outstanding securities of another class.

Item 11. Financial and other Information

While no action is to be taken with respect to any matter specified in Items 9 or 10 above, the information required under item 11 (a) of SEC Form 20-IS are contained in the Corporation's SEC Form 17-A regarding its 2024 Annual Report and 2024 Audited Financial Statements accompanying this Information Sheet as **Annex "C"**.

Item 12. Mergers, Consolidation, Acquisitions and Similar Matters

No action is to be taken with respect to any transaction involving the merger, consolidation, acquisition of the Corporation with another person/entity, by another person/entity. Neither is there any action to be taken with respect to any transaction involving the sale or transfer of all or any substantial part of the assets of the Corporation. Neither is there any action to be taken as regards liquidation or dissolution proceedings as the Corporation's business operations continue to be on-going.

Item 13. Acquisition or Disposition of Property

There is no item in the agenda for this year's annual meeting regarding acquisition or disposition of property.

Item 14. Restatement of Accounts

No action is to be taken with respect to the restatement of any asset, capital, or surplus account as there were no restatements made in the 2024 Consolidated AFS of the Company.

D. OTHER MATTERS

Item 15. Action with Respect to Reports

The following are included in the Agenda of the Annual Meeting of Stockholders of the Corporation scheduled on June 27, 2025 for the approval of the stockholders:

- 1. Call to order;
- 2. Certification of notice to the stockholders and the existence of a quorum;
- 3. Approval of the minutes of the previous Annual Stockholders' Meeting; (See Minutes as quoted below)
- 4. Report of the President on the Results of the 2024 Operations and the 2023 Audited Financial Statements; (As will be presented and reported during the meeting; See also attached SEC Form 17-A regarding the 2024 Annual Report, 2024 Consolidated AFS, 2024 Parent AFS and SEC Form 17-Q regarding the Corporation's 1st Quarter Report)
- 5. Ratification of the acts of the Board of Directors and officers; (See list below)
- 6. Election of directors; (See Item 5)
- 7. Appointment of the external auditor; (See Item 7)
- 8. Appointment of the stock and transfer agent; (See Item 18)
- 9. Other matters; and
- 10. Adjournment

Approval of the Minutes of the Previous Annual Meeting: The Minutes of the Annual Meeting of Stockholders of the Corporation held on June 28, 2024, which will be submitted for the approval of the stockholders during the meeting on June 27, 2025, is as follows:

"I. CALL TO ORDER

The Chairman of the Board, Mr. Jose Vicente C. Bengzon III, called the meeting to order and presided over the same. The Corporate Secretary, Atty. Aison Benedict C. Velasco, recorded the minutes of the proceedings.

Before proceeding to the agenda for the annual stockholders' meeting for 2024, Chairman Bengzon introduced the members of the Board of Directors, the Corporate Secretary and Assistant Corporate Secretary. He also informed the stockholders that the profiles of the incumbent directors and their attendance and compensation reports are contained in the Annual Report, Definitive Information Statement and Integrated Annual Corporate Governance Report submitted to the Securities Exchange Commission ("SEC") and posted on the Corporation's website and on the Philippine Stock Exchange ("PSE") Edge.

II. CERTIFICATION OF NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS AND EXISTENCE OF A QUORUM

Upon the request of Chairman Bengzon, Atty. Velasco certified that the stockholders of record as of 28 May 2024 were duly notified of the annual stockholders' meeting in accordance with law and the By-laws of the Corporation. The notice of this meeting was submitted to the SEC and was published in the newspapers and posted on the PSE's EDGE system as well as on the Corporation's website.

He further certified that based on the certification of the stock transfer agent which is attached as Annex "A" hereof, a quorum existed for the transaction of business considering that out of a total of 3,054,334,014 issued and outstanding shares, the stockholders holding 2,269,139,622 shares or 74.29% of the total number of outstanding shares were present in person or by proxy. The list of the stockholders present during the meeting is attached as Annex "B".

III. APPROVAL OF THE MINUTES OF THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS HELD ON 30 JUNE 2023

Chairman Bengzon informed the stockholders that copies of the minutes of the annual general meeting of the stockholders held on 30 June 2023 were made available to the stockholders in the Information Statement filed with the SEC and PSE, and posted online on the Corporation's website.

One of the stockholders moved to dispense with the reading of the minutes and to approve the same as presented considering that copies thereof had been made available to the stockholders. The said motion was duly seconded.

Opportunity to Object/Raise Questions

Chairman Bengzon asked the stockholders if they have questions or objections to the motion. None of the stockholders present asked questions nor objected to the motion as duly seconded.

Approval of the 30 June 2023 Minutes

Upon the affirmative vote of the stockholders holding 2,269,139,622 shares, representing 74.29% of the outstanding capital stock of the Corporation, the reading of the minutes of the annual general meeting of the stockholders of the Corporation held on 30 June 2023 was dispensed with and the said minutes were approved as presented.

IV. REPORT BY THE PRESIDENT/CEO AND APPROVAL OF THE 2023 AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Moving to the next item on the agenda, Chairman Bengzon informed the stockholders that copies of the annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ending 2023 have been submitted to the SEC and were also posted on the PSE's website and the Corporation's website.

Thereafter, Mr. Ricardo Manuel M. Sarmiento, President and Chief Executive Officer, reported on the results of the operations of the Corporation for the year 2023, including the audited financial statements for the year ending 31 December 2023.

Mr. Sarmiento welcomed the stockholders present in the meeting and expressed his gratitude towards them as well as the Corporation's employees across the country. Thereafter, he reported on the Corporation's performance in 2023.

Revenue Summary

Mr. Sarmiento disclosed that the Corporation reported modest financial results and significant progress in key areas of the business despite the various challenges faced in 2023. The Corporation remains guardedly hopeful and committed to navigating these uncertainties with strategic foresight and resilience.

Mr. Sarmiento discussed that 2023 revenues surpassed the P12 billion mark, allowing a 4% growth from 2022.

Foods revenues amounted to P6.9 billion, marking 11% growth over 2022. This was propelled by a 14% expansion in volume led by demand in Luzon and Visayas. Pricing, however, was under pressure amid the oversupply of chicken in the market.

Feeds revenues slightly decreased by 1% to P5.1 billion. Pricing rose by 16% while sales volume decreased by 15%. He discussed that the following factors affected the segment's over-all performance: (a) continued gradual increase in selling prices in response to higher input cost inflation; (b) lower demand for hog feeds due to continued spread of African swine fever; and (c) depressed selling prices of chicken, which dampened the demand for broiler feeds among the commercial farms.

Lastly, farms segment reflected a 20% decline to P424.4 million as a result of the overall market conditions. Fair value changes on biological assets amounting to a loss of P47.8 million were recognized as part of revenues based on lower estimated selling prices of chicken in the market.

Financial Highlights

Gross profit was P904 million, a 15% decline from 2022, as cost of goods rose 6% to P11 billion due to higher sales volume and heightened input and production costs. Key raw materials, including wheat, soybean and corn, which comprise about 70% of feed cost, remained high with an average increase of 5% over 2022. As a result, net income reached P13 million. Higher operating expenses due to increased labor cost significantly contributed to this outcome.

The Corporation also allocated a total of P113 million towards capital expenditures, including expansion cost of P63 million.

2023 Strategies

Continuing his report, Mr. Sarmiento disclosed that the Corporation implemented efforts to strengthen a more resilient business model to deliver its long-term business and financial goals. These initiatives include stronger marketing and brand support, capability investment, and increased visibility in modern trade channels which are expected to drive top-line growth and gross margin expansion. He discussed some key milestones as follows:

In the feeds segment, the Corporation continued to expand and opened new distributors, megadealers, and retail feed outlets in Bataan, Negros Occidental, and South

Cotabato. It likewise maintained its campaign as "The Specialist in Animal Nutrition" by actively participating in veterinary medical missions and conducting seminars. It continued the use of woven feed sacks as part of its sustainability initiatives. It also expanded its poultry operations in General Santos and North Cotabato by establishing multi-tier broiler farms.

In the foods segment, the Corporation continued to strengthen its operations by covering various areas nationwide, which include Isabela, Bicol, Samar, Leyte, Zamboanga City, Bukidnon, Marawi, Sultan Kudarat, and Saranggani. The Corporation also expanded its food service channel by providing restaurants and leading fast-food chains their demand for joint product development and customization. The Corporation also started to mobilize online presence via digital platforms and social media commerce. Finally, the Corporation introduced the compact variants of its Cook's brand Flavor Origins in convenient 250g packs which played a crucial role in its engagements with national retail giants such as SM, Robinsons, and Puregold.

Recognizing the diverse array of financial, liquidity, and operational risks inherent in its business, such as animal diseases and rising raw material prices, the Corporation implemented proactive measures to safeguard its operations and financial stability. Some of these measures are increase in biosecurity measures, implementation of a comprehensive vaccination program, and implementation of 1-year supplier contracts with rebate agreements.

The Corporation enhanced its production capabilities by acquiring 2 automated marination systems and one sealing vacuum machine for its dressing plant in Bulacan. This project boosted its output capacity by 50%, successfully meeting the rising demand from its food service clients. In addition, the solar energy project completed in its Iloilo feed mill reduced the plant's energy consumption by 13%. The Corporation also installed perimeter solar lights in its Davao feed mill while it evaluates proposals for solar power implementation.

Mr. Sarmiento also reported that the Corporation's governance framework for responsible production and consumption has proven to be effective. Moreover, it challenges the Corporation to maintain sustainability and align with international standards for sanitation, food safety, and quality. He reported that the Corporation currently holds the latest certifications in: (a) ISO 22000:2018 FSMS for its Iloilo and Davao feed mills; (b) HACCP adherence of its dressing plants in Bulacan and Davao; and (c) Halal certifications of its dressing plants. He stressed that the Corporation remains committed to continuous improvement and excellence in all aspects of its operations.

Continuous Commitment to Sustainable Growth

Mr. Sarmiento reported that moving forward, the Corporation's focus remains on innovation, sustainability, and strategic growth initiatives. He disclosed that in 2024, the Corporation will drive growth through major expansion in modern trade channels, ecommerce platforms, and innovative new product offerings.

He also disclosed that the Corporation's flagship store in Lazada has been launched as the Corporation continued to strengthen its partnership with e-commerce aggregators. New flavors under the Cook's brand will be launched in response to consumer demand for diverse and unique culinary experience. Lastly, the Corporation's products are now available in 306 new outlets in Central Luzon, significantly reducing its reliance to volatile open markets and stabilizing profit margins.

Mr. Sarmiento stressed that the Corporation remains cautiously optimistic about the opportunities that lie ahead. He expressed gratitude to the stockholders for their continued support and confidence in the Corporation.

Mr. Sarmiento concluded with the Corporation's commitment to forge livelihood and nourish lives by innovating, expanding, and achieving new heights of success.

Questions on the Report

Thereafter, Chairman Bengzon inquired if there are questions or comments from the stockholders. There being no questions, a motion for the approval of the President's report and the audited financial statements for 2023 was made and seconded.

Opportunity to Object/Raise Questions

Chairman Bengzon asked the stockholders if they have questions or objections to the motion. The stockholders present neither asked questions nor objected to the motion as duly seconded.

Approval of the President's Report and 2023 Audited Financial Statements

Upon the affirmative vote of the stockholders holding 2,269,139,622 shares, representing 74.29% of the outstanding capital stock of the Corporation, the President's Report and the 2023 audited financial statements of the Corporation were approved.

V. CONFIRMATION AND RATIFICATION OF ALL ACTS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS SINCE THE LAST ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Chairman Bengzon informed the stockholders that the list of all the acts of the Board of Directors and officers of the Corporation since the last annual general meeting is included in the Information Statement submitted to the SEC and PSE.

Thereafter, a motion was made to ratify all acts, contracts, or deeds performed, entered into, or executed by the Board of Directors and the officers of the Corporation since the last annual general meeting.

Opportunity to Object/Raise Questions

After the motion was seconded, Chairman Bengzon asked if there are any questions or objections from the stockholders. None of the stockholders present asked questions nor objected to the motion as duly seconded.

Confirmation and Ratification of all acts of the Board of Directors and Officers

Upon the affirmative vote of the stockholders holding 2,269,139,622 shares, representing 74.29% of the outstanding capital stock of the Corporation, all acts, contracts, or deeds performed, entered into, or executed by the Board of Directors and officers of the Corporation from the last annual general meeting to this day were approved, confirmed, and ratified.

VI. ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

Chairman Bengzon informed the body of the mandatory requirement of electing at least two (2) independent directors. Pursuant to SEC Regulations, the Amended By-Laws and the Amended Manual on Corporate Governance, a Nomination Committee was created to screen the qualifications and prepare a final list of all candidates for independent and regular directors. He also informed the stockholders that the profiles of the nominees for directors are indicated in the Definitive Information Statement submitted to the SEC and posted on the website and on the PSE Edge.

Such Final List of Candidates for independent and regular directors was made available to all stockholders through the distribution of the information statement and the ballot form.

The Assistant Corporate Secretary, Atty. Mary Christine C. Dabu-Pepito, announced that as pre-screened and listed by the Nominations Committee and as indicated in the Definitive Information Statement submitted to the SEC and posted on the PSE's website and the Corporation's website, the following were nominated as members of the Board of Directors of the Corporation for the succeeding year:

- 1. Mr. Jose Vicente C. Bengzon III;
- 2. Mr. Rogelio M. Sarmiento
- 3. Mr. Ricardo Manuel M. Sarmiento;
- 4. Ms. Stephanie Nicole S. Garcia;
- 5. Mr. Lorenzo Vito M. Sarmiento III;
- 6. Atty. Juan Arturo Iluminado C. De Castro;
- 7. Mr. Benjamin I. Sarmiento, Jr.;
- Mr. Vicente Julian A. Sarza (Independent Director); and 8.
- Mr. Pierre Carlo C. Curay (Independent Director). 9.

Considering that there are only nine (9) nominees for the nine (9) Board seats, a motion to dispense with the balloting and to direct the Corporate Secretary to cast all the votes of the stockholders equally among the nominees was made and seconded.

Opportunity to Object/Raise Questions

After the motion was seconded, Chairman Bengzon asked if there are any questions or objections from the stockholders. The stockholders present neither raised questions nor objected to the motion as duly seconded.

Election of Directors

Upon the affirmative vote of the stockholders holding 2,269,139,622 shares, representing 74.29% of the outstanding capital stock of the Corporation, the motion was carried and Atty. Velasco was directed to cast all the votes equally in favor of all the nominees.

Atty. Velasco casted all the votes equally in favor of all the nominees for the Board of Directors. Thereafter, Chairman Bengzon announced that the following nominees have been elected as directors of the Corporation to serve as such for a term of one (1) year or until their successors are duly elected and qualified:

NAME	NO. OF VOTES RECEIVED	D
Mr. Jose Vicente C. Bengzon, III	2,269,139,622	74.29%
Mr. Ricardo Manuel M. Sarmiento	2,269,139,622	74.29%
Ms. Stephanie Nicole S. Garcia	2,269,139,622	74.29%
Mr. Rogelio M. Sarmiento	2,269,139,622	74.29%
Mr. Benjamin I. Sarmiento, Jr.	2,269,139,622	74.29%
Mr. Lorenzo Vito M. Sarmiento, III	2,269,139,622	74.29%
Atty. Juan Arturo Iluminado C. De	2,269,139,622	74.29%
Castro		
Mr. Vicente Julian A. Sarza (Independent Director)	2,269,139,622	74.29%
Mr. Pierre Carlo C. Curay (Independent Director)	2,269,139,622	74.29%

VII. APPOINTMENT OF THE EXTERNAL AUDITOR

Proceeding to the next item on the agenda, a motion was made to ratify and confirm the appointment of Reyes Tacandong and Co. as the Corporation's external auditor for the fiscal year 2024. The said appointment was approved by the Board of Directors upon the favorable recommendation of the Audit, Risk Oversight, and Related Party Transactions Committee.

Opportunity to Object/Raise Questions

After the motion was seconded, Chairman Bengzon asked if there are any questions or objections from the stockholders. The stockholders present neither raised questions nor objected to the motion as duly seconded.

Appointment of Reyes Tacandong and Co.

There being no objection and upon the affirmative vote of the stockholders holding 2,269,139,622 shares, representing 74.29% of the outstanding capital stock of the Corporation, the appointment of Reyes Tacandong and Co. as the Corporation's external auditor for the fiscal year 2024 was ratified and confirmed.

VIII. APPOINTMENT OF THE STOCK TRANSFER AGENT

Continuing with the next item on the agenda, a motion was made to appoint Stock Transfer Service, Inc. as the Corporation's stock transfer agent for the following year to serve as such until its successor shall have been appointed and qualified. The said motion was, thereafter, seconded.

Opportunity to Object/Raise Questions

After the motion was seconded, Chairman Bengzon asked if there are any questions or objections from the stockholders. None of the stockholders present raised questions nor objected to the motion as duly seconded.

Appointment of Stock Transfer Services, Inc.

There being no objection and upon the affirmative vote of the stockholders holding 2,269,139,622 shares, representing 74.29% of the outstanding capital stock of the Corporation, Stock Transfer Services, Inc. was appointed as the Corporation's stock transfer agent for the ensuing year and to serve as such until its successor shall have been appointed and qualified.

IX. OTHER MATTERS

Upon inquiry from Chairman Bengzon, Atty. Velasco answered that Atty. Juan Arturo Iluminado C. De Castro, a director of the Corporation, and the Corporate Secretary of the Corporation's subsidiary, Barbatos Ventures Corporation, would like to raise a matter.

Chairman Bengzon then gave the floor to Atty. De Castro.

Atty. De Castro informed the stockholders that Barbatos Ventures Corporation or BVC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Corporation and the dressing plant operator of the Corporation's dressing plants. He stated that it has come to the attention of the Corporation that the expansion of business has caused the transactions between the two corporations to

likely reach the 10% materiality threshold, which will require the 2/3 votes of the members of the Corporation's Board of Directors. Unfortunately, the 2/3 vote of the members of the Board of Directors cannot be obtained because of the interlocking directors and officers of the 2 corporations. While there is a legal opinion that there is no need for the interlocking directors and officers to abstain from voting because BVC is a wholly owned subsidiary of the Corporation, the interlocking directors and officers have decided to abstain from participating in the voting out of delicadeza. With their abstention from participating, the contracts between the 2 corporation's must be submitted to the stockholders of the Corporation for approval.

Upon inquiry from Chairman Bengzon, Atty. De Castro explained that the contracts pertain to the *Contract Growing Agreement* that includes poultry dressing services and operations of the Corporation's dressing plants in Marilao, Bulacan, and Tugbok, Davao City. The Corporation will be paying BVC contract growing fees for growing chicken, and for services like slaughtering, dressing, and further processing. Further processing includes marination and cutups, among others. Since the volume of business of the Corporation is increasing, the volume of chickens subject to this agreement has also grown so much that the Corporation anticipates that the transactions will reach the materiality threshold by the 2nd quarter. He added that the same is good news as this means that the Corporation's business is growing.

Atty. De Castro moved that the same be submitted for the approval of the stockholders. Since he is also a stockholder of record of the Corporation, he moved for the approval of the contracts between the Corporation and BVC.

Opportunity to Object/Raise Questions

After the motion was seconded, Chairman Bengzon asked if there are any questions or objections from the stockholders. None of the stockholders present raised questions nor objected to the motion as duly seconded.

Approval of the Contracts between the Corporation and BVC

There being no objection and upon the affirmative vote of the stockholders holding 2,269,139,622 shares, representing 74.29% of the outstanding capital stock of the Corporation, the contracts between the Corporation and BVC that includes the dressing services and operations of the dressing plants in Marilao and Davao City were approved by the stockholders.

X. ADJOURNMENT

There being no other matters to discuss, and upon motion duly made and seconded, the meeting was adjourned at 2:30 pm.

XI. VOTING AND VOTE TABULATION PROCEDURES USED

The stockholders of record as of 28 May 2024 exercised their right to vote during the meeting in person or by proxy. The voting procedures used per agenda item can be seen in parts III to IX above."

Voting and Vote Tabulation Procedures During the 2024 Annual Stockholders' Meeting: Pursuant to Item 19 of the 2024 Definitive Information Statement, for the election of the directors, in accordance with the RCCP, the Corporation's Revised Manual on Corporate Governance, Amended Articles of Incorporation and Amended By-Laws, the stockholders must elect the members of the Board of Directors of the Corporation comprised of nine (9) directors, including independent

directors who shall comprise at least 20% of the Board of Directors, who shall hold office for a term of one (1) year, or until their successors shall have been duly elected and qualified.

Following the announcement on the holding of the annual stockholders' meeting, the Nominations, Remunerations, and Corporate Governance Committee accepted the nomination of any individual for election as directors. Thereafter, the Nominations Committee evaluated the nominees for the Board, including nominees for independent directors, and determined that they have all the qualifications and none of the disqualifications to serve in the Board of Directors.

The nominees for the Board of Directors are indicated in the Ballot Form (Annex "C" of the Notice of Meeting). Each stockholder entitled to vote may vote on the shares registered in his/her/its name for as many persons as there are directors, or he/it may cumulate said shares and give one candidate as many votes as the number of directors to be elected multiplied by the number of his/her/its shares shall equal, or he/it may distribute them on the same principle among as many candidates as he/she/it shall see fit; provided that the total number of votes cast by him/her/it shall not exceed the number of shares owned by him/her/it multiplied by the whole number of directors to be elected.

For all other matters requiring the vote or resolution of the stockholders, the affirmative vote of the stockholders present and constituting a quorum during the meeting is necessary. All matters requiring the vote of the stockholders were indicated in the Ballot Form provided to the stockholders and uploaded in the website. The tabulation of votes was conducted by Stock Transfer Service, Inc., the Corporation's stock and transfer agent. Attached to this Information Statement is the Certification dated June 28, 2024 issued by Stock Transfer Service, Inc. (Annex "F")

Ratification of Acts and Resolutions of the Board of Directors and Officers of the Corporation: The following acts and resolutions of the Board of Directors and/or Officers from May 1, 2024 to May 15, 2025, are submitted for the ratification of the stockholders during the Annual Stockholders' Meeting on June 27, 2025:

DATE	DESCRIPTION
OF	
ACTION	
May 9, 2024	RESOLUTION NO. 2024-26
	"RESOLVED AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation approve as it hereby approves the 2024 First Quarter Financial Statements (Unaudited) of Vitarich Corporation as presented;
	"RESOLVED FURTHER, that the Corporation approve as it hereby approves, the release of the 2024 First Quarter Financial Statements (Unaudited) of Corporation."
	RESOLUTION NO. 2024-27
	"RESOLVED, AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation approve as it hereby approves that the venue for the 2024 Annual Stockholders' Meeting on 28 June 2024 at 2:00 o'clock in the afternoon be at Grand Centro Events Place, 2 nd Floor, Centro Marilao, Duhat Street cor. Patubig Road, Barangay Patubig, Marilao, Bulacan."
	RESOLUTION NO. 2024-28
	"RESOLVED AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes Atty Susan P. Cariaga and Atty. Leor S. Legaspi of Cariaga Law Office, with office address at 2 nd Floor, Cariaga Building, Mt. Apo St., Davao City, to appear before the Sangguniang Panlungsod of Davao City to represent the said corporations in the application for an extension of the allowable use granted under

SP Ordinance No. 0539-21 for the properties covered by TCT Nos. T-208700 and T-208699 of the Registry of Deeds for Davao City.

"RESOLVED LIKEWISE, that the Corporation ratify as it hereby ratifies all acts that Atty. Cariaga or Atty. Legaspi had done for and in behalf of the Corporation prior to the approval of this resolution relative to the foregoing authority in so far as the said acts benefitted or inured to the benefit of the Corporation."

May 16, 2024

RESOLUTION NO. 2024-29

"RESOLVED AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation be as it is hereby authorized to obtain, secure, and enter into a Short-Term Financing Agreement of up to the amount of **One Hundred Seventy Million Pesos (Php170,000,000.00)** from Spouses Benjamin Y. So and Jenilyn L. So in the latter's personal capacities.

"RESOLVED ALSO, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes any two (2) of the following officers, provided that at least one of the signatories is a principal signatory, to sign, execute, and deliver the Short-Term Financing Agreement as well as any other documents and agreements relevant and necessary to implement the foregoing authority:

<u>Principal</u>		<u>Position</u>	Specimen Signature
MR. RICARDO MANUEL SARMIENTO	M.	President/CEO	
MS. STEPHANIE NICOLE S. GARCIA		EVP Corporate Management Services Director/ Chief Sustainability Officer/ Treasurer	
<u>Secondary</u>			
MR. REYNALDO D. ORTEGA MS. ALICIA G. DANQUE		Senior Vice President and General Manager, Poultry, Feeds and Foods Sales Division Senior Vice President, Chief	
		Supply Chain Officer / Alternate Corporate Information Officer	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

RESOLUTION NO. 2024-30

"RESOLVED, AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation be as it is hereby authorized to obtain, apply, and process the renewal of its accreditation with Tiger Resort, Leisure and Entertainment, Inc. (Okada Manila).

"RESOLVED ALSO, that the Corporation be as it is hereby authorized to enter into a contract with Tiger Resort, Leisure and Entertainment, Inc. (Okada Manila) for the supply of the Corporation's products to with Tiger Resort, Leisure and Entertainment, Inc. (Okada Manila) under such terms and conditions as may be beneficial to the Corporation.

"RESOLVED FUTHER, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes its President/CEO, Mr. Ricardo Manuel M. Sarmiento, to sign, execute, and deliver, on behalf of the Corporation, the appropriate application forms, letters, or any and all contracts, agreements, undertakings, including any and all documents or papers necessary and/or proper for the accomplishment of the foregoing authority.

"RESOLVED FINALLY, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes its Foods Sales Manager, Luzon, Mr. Ronnie D. Ignacio, to process and secure the renewal and/or maintenance of the

	Corporation's accreditation with Tiger Resort, Leisure	and Entertainment, Inc. (Okada Manila)."			
June 28, 2024	RESOLUTION NO. 2024-31				
(Regular)	"RESOLVED AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation be as it is hereby authorized to enter into a Memorandum of Agreement with Sacred Heart Hospital of Malolos City, Bulacan;				
	"RESOLVED ALSO, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes its EVP Corporate Management Services Director/Chief Sustainability Officer/Treasurer, Ms. Stephanie Nicole S. Garcia, to sign, execute, and deliver the above-mentioned Memorandum of Agreement."				
	RESOLUTION N	10. 2024-32			
	"RESOLVED AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby change in its authorized representative/proponent in its Enviconmental Compliance C for its R&D Farms in Nueva Ecija from Ms. Melba A. Villaraza to its Vice President Research & Development Director, Mr. Emmanuel Manalang;				
	"RESOLVED ALSO, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes Mr. Manalang to process, claim, and secure the above-mentioned ECC, with authority to sign, execute and deliver documents relevant thereto to implement the foregoing authority."				
June 28, 2024	RESOLUTION NO.	2024-33			
(Organizational	"RESOLVED, AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the following persons have been duly elected on 28 June 2024 as officers of the Corporation for a term of one (1) year and until their successors are duly elected and qualified:				
	POSITION	NAME			
	Chairman of the Board of Directors	Mr. Jose Vicente C. Bengzon, III			
	Chairman <i>Emeritus</i>	Mr. Rogelio M. Sarmiento			
	President/Chief Executive Officer	Mr. Ricardo Manuel M. Sarmiento			
	EVP & Corporate Management Services Director/Chief Sustainability Officer/ Treasurer	Ms. Stephanie Nicole S. Garcia			
	Corporate Secretary	Atty. Aison Benedict C. Velasco			
	Assistant Corporate Secretary/ Corporate Information Officer /Compliance Officer	Atty. Mary Christine C. Dabu-Pepito			
	Senior Vice President for Poultry and Food General Manager,	Mr. Reynaldo D. Ortega			
	Senior Vice President and Chief Supply Chain Officer/Alternate Corporate Information Officer	Ms. Alicia G. Danque			
	Senior Vice President and Chief Human Resource Officer	Ms. Ma. Diana M. Cuna			

Vice President and Nutrition, Research & Development Director	Mr. Emmanuel S. Manalang
Vice President for Corporate Technical Services (Facilities & Project Management)	Ms. Carmencita S. Policarpio
Vice President for Corporate Quality and Technical Services Director	Ms. Elaine C. Nantes
Vice President and Finance Operations Director	Mr. Dilbert D. Tan
Vice President and Corporate Special Projects Director	Ms. Carina Lourdes M. Fabian
Corporate Audit Manager	Mr. Xerxes Noel O. Ordanez"

RESOLUTION NO. 2024-34

"RESOLVED AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the following persons have been duly elected on 28 June 2024 as members of the Audit, Risk Oversight, and Related Party Transactions Committee, and Nominations, Remunerations, and Corporate Governance Committee, respectively, for a term of one (1) year therefrom and until their successors are duly elected and qualified:

Audit, Risk Oversight, and Related Party Transactions Committee:

Chairman: Mr. Vicente Julian A. Sarza Members: Mr. Pierre Carlo C. Curay

Mr. Jose Vicente C. Bengzon, III Dr. Juan Arturo Iluminado C. De Castro

Mr. Benjamin I. Sarmiento, Jr.

Nominations, Remunerations, and Corporate Governance Committee:

Chairman: Mr. Pierre Carlo C. Curay Members: Mr. Vicente Julian A. Sarza

> Mr. Ricardo Manuel M. Sarmiento Ms. Stephanie Nicole S. Garcia Mr. Jose Vicente C. Bengzon, III"

August 8, 2024

RESOLUTION NO. 2024-35

"RESOLVED AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation approve as it hereby approves the 2024 Second Quarter Financial Statements (Unaudited) of Vitarich Corporation as presented;

"RESOLVED FURTHER, that the Corporation approve as it hereby approves, the release of the 2024 Second Quarter Financial Statements (Unaudited) of Corporation."

RESOLUTION NO. 2024-36

"RESOLVED AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes its AVP & Comptroller, Ms. Marian A. Dionisio, to sign, for and in behalf of the Corporation, documents, correspondence, reports, or requirements submitted to the Bureau of Internal Revenue ("BIR"), effective upon approval of this resolution until 31 December 2025:

"RESOLVED ALSO, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes any one (1) of the following persons to transact business with and represent the Corporation with the BIR effective upon approval of this resolution until 31 December 2025:

- 1. Ms. Marian A. Dionisio AVP & Comptroller;
- 2. Mr. Gian Carlo V. Gandia Tax Manager; or
- 3. Ms. Rhey Anne S. Marcial Tax Analyst."

RESOLUTION NO. 2024-37

"RESOLVED, AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation be, as it is hereby authorized, to apply for and obtain a loan/credit facility up to the amount of Four Hundred Fifty Million Pesos (PhP450,000,000.00) from Asia United Bank Corporation (the "Bank") and to assign, mortgage, pledge, or otherwise encumber to the Bank such corporate assets, securities, receivables, deposits, contract rights and equipment now held or may be held by and belonging to this Corporation and acceptable to the Bank;

"RESOLVED, FURTHER, that the Corporation authorize, as it hereby authorizes, any two (2) of the following officers, provided that at least one (1) of the signatories is a principal signatory, be as they are hereby authorized to sign, execute and deliver all purchase orders/agreements and/or loan documents, promissory notes, mortgage, security agreements and collateral documents, including renewals, extensions, terminations, amendments or restructurings, increase/s or decrease/s of said loan/credit facility/ies, and with authority to issue, sign, negotiate or endorse checks or bills or exchange and other orders for the payment of money in connection with the loan, and all other documents necessary to implement the foregoing authority:

<u>Principal</u>	<u>Position</u>	Specimen Signature
MR. RICARDO MANUEL M. SARMIENTO	President/CEO	
MS. STEPHANIE NICOLE S. GARCIA	EVP Corporate Management Services Director/ Chief Sustainability Officer/ Treasurer	
<u>Secondary</u>		
MR. REYNALDO D. ORTEGA	Senior Vice President for Poultry and Food General Manager	
MS. ALICIA G. DANQUE	Senior Vice President, Chief Supply Chain Officer / Alternate Corporate Information Officer	

RESOLUTION NO. 2024-38

"RESOLVED, AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation be, as it is hereby authorized, to apply for and obtain a loan/credit facility up to the amount of Sixty Seven Million Pesos (PhP67,000,000.00) from Asia United Bank Corporation (the "Bank") and to assign, mortgage, pledge, or otherwise encumber to the Bank such corporate assets, securities, receivables, deposits, contract rights and equipment now held or may be held by and belonging to this Corporation and acceptable to the Bank;

"RESOLVED, FURTHER, that the Corporation authorize, as it hereby authorizes, any two (2) of the following officers, provided that at least one (1) of the signatories is a principal signatory, be as they are hereby authorized to sign, execute and deliver all purchase orders/agreements and/or loan documents, promissory notes, mortgage, security agreements and collateral documents, including renewals, extensions, terminations, amendments or restructurings, increase/s or decrease/s of said loan/credit facility/ies, and with authority to issue, sign, negotiate or endorse checks or bills or exchange and other orders for the payment of money in connection with the loan, and all other documents necessary to implement the foregoing authority:

	Principal	<u>Position</u>	Specimen Signature
	<u>i meipui</u>		
	MR. RICARDO MANUEL M. SARMIENTO	President/CEO	
	MS. STEPHANIE NICOLE S. GARCIA	EVP Corporate Management Services Director/ Chief Sustainability Officer/ Treasurer	
	<u>Secondary</u>		
	MR. REYNALDO D. ORTEGA	Senior Vice President for Poultry and Food General Manager	
	MS. ALICIA G. DANQUE	Senior Vice President, Chief Supply Chain Officer / Alternate Corporate Information Officer	<i>"</i>
August 15,	RES	OLUTION NO. 2024-39	
2024	"RESOLVED, AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, Jose Magtanggol U. Macaraeg, Jr. its 2020		
	Make & Type :	2020 Nissan Terra 2.5L VLA	
	Plate No. : Engine No. :	NEC1034 YD25893343T	
	Chassis No. :	MNTJCAD23Z0012043	
	"RESOLVED, FURTHER, that the Corporal Management Services Director/Chief Susto sign, execute, and deliver the Deed of relative to the sale of the Corporation's about the sale of the corporation about the corporation about the sale of the corporation about the corporation about the corporation about the corpor	tainability Officer/Treasurer, M Absolute Sale in favor of Jose	s. Stephanie Nicole S. Garcia,
September 19, 2024	RES	SOLUTION NO. 2024-40	
2024	"RESOLVED, AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, thereby designated depository bank of the Corporation be and hereby are and each said Bank, and said Bank is hereby author Corporation any and all checks, bills of money or withdrawal of funds, including the accepted, or endorsed on behalf of or in officers, provided that at least one (1) of the	e Corporation and the officers, of of them hereby is, authorized orized to pay, encash or otherw exchange, orders, or other inst hose which may cause overdraf the name of the Corporation by	employees, and agents of the to deposit any of its funds in vise honor and charge to this truments for the payment of t, when signed, made, drawn, y any two (2) of the following
	<u>Principal</u>	Position	Specimen Signature
	MR. RICARDO MANUEL M. SARMIENTO	President/CEO	
	MS. STEPHANIE NICOLE S. GARCIA	EVP Corporate Management Services Director/ Chief Sustainability Officer/ Treasurer	
	<u>Secondary</u>		
	MR. REYNALDO D. ORTEGA	Senior Vice President for	

	General Manager	
MS. ALICIA G. DANQUE	Senior Vice President, Chief Supply Chain Officer / Alternate Corporate Information Officer	
"RESOLVED, FURTHER, that any two (2) o signatories is a principal signatory:	f the following officers, provide	ed that at least one (1) of the
<u>Principal</u>	<u>Position</u>	Specimen Signature
MR. RICARDO MANUEL M. SARMIENTO	President/CEO	
MS. STEPHANIE NICOLE S. GARCIA	EVP Corporate Management Services Director/ Chief Sustainability Officer/ Treasurer	
<u>Secondary</u>		
MR. REYNALDO D. ORTEGA	Senior Vice President for Poultry and Food General Manager	
MS. ALICIA G. DANQUE	Senior Vice President, Chief Supply Chain Officer / Alternate Corporate Information Officer	n

be as they are hereby authorized to apply, negotiate for, and obtain credit facilities with Asia United Bank in the total amount of Six Hundred Forty Six Million Seven Hundred Fifty Two Thousand Pesos (Php646,752,000.00), as follows:

Type of Facility	Total Amount
Omnibus Line	Php450,000,000.00
(includes the following lines: PDC Discounting, Loan, Importers Loan,	
Import/LC/DA/DP/OA, Trust Receipt)	
Auto Fleet	Php98,751,000.00
Term Loan	Php67,000,000.00
Domestic Bills Purchase	Php30,000,000.00
Corporate Credit Card	Php1,000,000.00
Total	Php646,752,000.00

under such terms and conditions as may be approved by said Bank, including the renewal, extension, and/or increases thereof and to make and deliver notes, drafts, acceptances, waivers, agreements, and any other obligation of the Corporation, in the form satisfactory to said Bank and as security therefore, to assign, mortgage, pledge, or otherwise encumber to the Bank such corporate assets, securities, receivables, deposits, contract rights and equipment now held or may be held by and belonging to this Corporation and acceptable to the Bank;

"RESOLVED, FURTHER, that the Corporation authorize, as it hereby authorizes, any two (2) of the following officers, provided that at least one (1) of the signatories is a principal signatory, be as they are hereby authorized to apply for and access the Corporation's account through the Bank's electronic banking services such as internet banking and mobile banking systems in as far as the following transactions are concerned, thereby waiving the dual signature requirement for the Corporate Account:

- 1. Account History Inquiry
- 2. Account Balance Inquiry

"RESOLVED, FURTHER, that the Corporation authorize, as it hereby authorizes, any two (2) of the following officers, provided that at least one (1) of the signatories is a principal signatory, be as they are hereby authorized to sign, execute and deliver all purchase orders/agreements and/or loan documents, promissory notes, mortgage, security agreements and collateral documents, including renewals, extensions, terminations, amendments or restructurings, increase/s or decrease/s of said loan/credit facility/ies, and with authority to issue, sign, negotiate or endorse checks or bills or exchange and other orders for the payment of money in connection with the loan, and all other documents necessary to implement the foregoing authority:

<u>Principal</u>	<u>Position</u>	Specimen Signature
MR. RICARDO MANUEL M. SARMIENTO	President/CEO	
MS. STEPHANIE NICOLE S. GARCIA <u>Secondary</u>	EVP Corporate Management Services Director/ Chief Sustainability Officer/ Treasurer	
MR. REYNALDO D. ORTEGA	Senior Vice President for Poultry and Food General Manager	
MS. ALICIA G. DANQUE	Senior Vice President, Chief Supply Chain Officer / Alternate Corporate Information Officer	<i>n</i>

"RESOLVED, FINALLY, that all previously approved resolutions are deemed revoked, modified, and/or superseded by this resolution and all foregoing authorities shall remain in full force and effect unless revoked by a subsequent certification from the Corporate Secretary or Assistant Corporate Secretary, duly notarized and actually received by the Bank at its office wherein the accounts of the Corporation are then maintained, setting forth a resolution to that effect, certified to have been adopted by the Board of Directors of the Corporation, provided that such subsequent certification shall not be effective with respect to any exercise of any of the foregoing authorities granted herein prior to the receipt thereof, nor with checks or other instruments for the payment of money or withdrawal of funds dated prior to the date of such certification but presented to the Bank after receipt of the same. Further, the Bank is hereby authorized at all times to rely upon the latest certification received by it when so certified by the Corporate Secretary or Assistant Corporate Secretary of the Corporation. The Corporation shall hold the Bank free and harmless from any liability or claim arising from the Bank's reliance on said written notice of certification."

RESOLUTION NO. 2024-41

"RESOLVED, that for the purpose of purchases of fuel products from PETRON CORPORATION, the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes either its VP, Finance Director, Mr. Dilbert D. Tan, or its Corporate Asset Manager, Mr. Benedict Mogarte, to negotiate and conclude a Credit Line Agreement with PETRON CORPORATION, under such terms and conditions as may be considered necessary and beneficial to the Corporation;

"RESOLVED FURTHER, that the President, Mr. Ricardo Manuel M. Sarmiento, be as he is hereby authorized to sign for and in behalf of the Corporation the said Credit Line Agreement and/or such instruments of understanding;

"RESOLVED FURTHER, as it is hereby resolved, that the Corporation guarantees for all Petron Fleet

Cards issued to the Corporation;

"RESOLVED FURTHER, as it is hereby resolved, that any and all acts done and/or performed by the above mentioned officers under and by virtue of this resolution be as it is hereby confirmed and ratified."

RESOLUTION NO. 2024-42

"RESOLVED AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes its VP and Finance Director, Mr. Dilbert D. Tan, or its Credit and Collection Manager, Mr. Marlowe C. Mediante to do any or all of the following acts for and in behalf of the Corporation:

- 1. Institute and cause the filing of a civil case for sum of money against BIG 8 ENTS & SONS, INC., Ms. Aloisa Santos Yap, Ms. Anita S. Yap, Aurea S. Yap, Fernando S. Yap, Florentino S. Yap, Jr. and Maria Inah Florence Yap.
- 2. Sign and file the Complaint, Reply, Complaint-Affidavit, Petition, Comment, Memorandum, Position Paper, Affidavit, Motion, Petition for Review, Petition for Certiorari, Prohibition, or Mandamus, Petition for Review on Certiorari, and all other documents or pleadings as may be necessary.
- 3. Verify the Complaint, Petition, Petition for Review, Petition for Certiorari, Prohibition or Mandamus, Petition for Review on Certiorari, Memorandum, Position Paper, Affidavit, Motion and all other pleadings that may be required under the Rules of Court and its amendments, and to sign, execute and file the Verification, and attest that:
 - a. the allegations in the pleading are true and correct based on his/her personal knowledge, or based on authentic documents;
 - b. the pleading is not filed to harass, cause unnecessary delay, or needlessly increase the cost of litigation; and
 - c. the factual allegations therein have evidentiary support after a reasonable opportunity for discovery.
 - 4. Sign, execute and file the Certification against Forum Shopping;
 - 5. Serve the summons in any of the following cases:
 - a. Failure of service of summons by the sheriff, his or her deputy or other proper court officer, in which case, the summons shall be served by either Mr. Marlowe C. Mediante, or Mr. Teddy C. Mendoza, together with the sheriff, his or her deputy or other proper court officer;
 - b. The summons is to be served outside the judicial region of the court where case is pending;
 - c. The summons is returned without being served on any or all of the defendants;
 - d. Other cases allowed or authorized by the court or the Rules of Court, as amended.
 - 6. Testify as witness.
- 7. Avail of any provisional remedies and/or modes of discovery procedures available under the law and the Rules of Court.

"RESOLVED FURTHER, that Mr. Dilbert D. Tan, Mr. Marlowe C. Mediante, Atty. Mary Christine C. Dabu-Pepito, Atty. Carmencita C. Dabu, Atty. Marie Delle Andaya, or any lawyer from Dabu and Associates Law Office be as any one (1) of them is hereby authorized to represent the Corporation in all stages of trial, including appeal and/or petition before the Court of Appeals and/or the Supreme Court, pre-trial, mediation, and judicial dispute resolution proceedings, with power to do any of the following:

- a. Enter into amicable settlement of the case and execute and sign compromise agreement;
- b. Submit to alternative modes of dispute resolution;
- c. Enter into stipulations and admissions of facts and of documents;
- d. Agree on simplification of issues;
- e. Limit the number of witnesses;
- f. Enter into plea-bargaining arrangement;
- g. Dismiss or withdraw the case or manifest full payment of the other party upon full settlement of the Corporation's claim;
- h. Do any act necessary or authorized by and under the Rules of Court and any amendment thereto."

RESOLUTION NO. 2024-43

"RESOLVED, AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation be as it is hereby authorized to offer or bid to supply and deliver its products to the Philippine Carabao Center ("PCC");

"RESOLVED, LIKEWISE, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes its Key Account Manager (CALABARZON), Mr. Alex A. Magua, to represent the Corporation in the bidding for the supply and delivery of its products to the PCC;

"RESOLVED, FURTHER, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes Mr. Magua to represent the Corporation in the biddings yet to be conducted for the supply and delivery of its products to the PCC;

"RESOLVED, FINALLY, that the exercise of any of the above-mentioned authority by Mr. Magua shall be subject to the prior written approval of the Corporation's Senior Vice President, Poultry and Food General Manager, Mr. Reynaldo D. Ortega."

RESOLUTION NO. 2024-44

"RESOLVED, AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation be as it is hereby authorized to apply for and obtain a permit to drill and water permit from the National Water Resources Board ("NWRB") for a new/additional deep well in its Tugbok Dressing Plant in Davao City;

"RESOLVED, LIKEWISE, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes its Dressing Plant Manager, Ms. Esperanza V. Capuyan, to: (a) sign, execute, and deliver the application form, and any documents relative to the application for the foregoing permits before the NWRB; (b) verify the application for the said permits; and (c) represent the Corporation before the NWRB relative to the Corporation's application for permit to drill and water permit before the NWRB."

October 17, 2024

RESOLUTION NO. 2024-45

"RESOLVED, AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes its Corporate Asset Manager, Mr. Benedict J. Mogarte, to: (a) transact with Philippine British Assurance Company, Inc. for and in behalf of the Corporation relative to the Corporation's vehicle insurance policies and claims; (b) sign, execute, deliver, and receive any and all documents relative to the Corporation's vehicle insurance policies and claims; and (c) receive for and in behalf of the Corporation check payments in the name of the Corporation representing the proceeds of insurance claims under the Corporation's vehicle insurance policies."

RESOLUTION NO. 2024-46

"RESOLVED AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation confirm and authorize as it hereby confirms and authorizes its Vice President for Corporate Quality and Technical Services Director, Ms. Elaine C. Nantes, to represent the Corporation in the amendment of the Corporation's Environmental Compliance Certificate ("ECC") for its Dressing Plant in Tugbok, Davao.

"RESOLVED ALSO, that the Corporation confirm and authorize as it hereby confirms and authorizes Ms. Nantes to: (a) process the application for the amendment of the Corporation's ECC and necessary environmental permits from the Department of Environment and Natural Resources ("DENR") for its

Tugbok Dressing Plant; (b) sign, execute, and deliver any and all documents relative to the amendment of the ECC and securing of the environmental permits for the Tugbok Dressing Plant; (c) secure, claim, and receive the amended ECC and other environmental permits from the DENR; and (d) appoint Ms. Esperanza V. Capuyan, Dressing Plant Manager, as substitute to do any of the foregoing acts for and in behalf of the Corporation."

RESOLUTION NO. 2024-47

"RESOLVED, AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation be as it is hereby authorized to sell to Mr. Gilbert G. Castro its 2015 Toyota Fortuner, more particularly described as follows:

Make & Type : 2015 Toyota Fortuner 4 x 2.2

Plate No. : AVA 7827 Motor No. : 2KDU701181

Chassis No. : MHFZR69G203119347

"RESOLVED, FURTHER, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes its EVP, Corporate Management Services Director/Chief Sustainability Officer/Treasurer, Ms. Stephanie Nicole S. Garcia, to sign, execute, and deliver the Deed of Absolute Sale in favor of Mr. Gilbert G. Castro relative to the sale of the Corporation's above-mentioned vehicle."

RESOLUTION NO. 2024-48

"RESOLVED, AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation be as it is hereby authorized to sell to Mr. Aaron E. Cruz its 2018 Subaru Forester, more particularly described as follows:

Make & Type : 2018 Subaru Forester 2.0 XT CVT

Plate No. : NAJ 8263 Motor No. : CB26333

Chassis No. : JF1SJGL85JG365571

"RESOLVED, FURTHER, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes its EVP, Corporate Management Services Director/Chief Sustainability Officer/Treasurer, Ms. Stephanie Nicole S. Garcia, to sign, execute, and deliver the Deed of Absolute Sale in favor of Mr. Aaron E. Cruz relative to the sale of the Corporation's above-mentioned vehicle."

RESOLUTION NO. 2024-49

"RESOLVED, AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation be as it is hereby authorized to sell to Mr. Rolando N. Sanchez, Jr. its 2022 Honda CRV, more particularly described as follows:

Make & Type : 2022 Honda CRV 1.6S Diesel A/T

Plate No. : CAW4804 Motor No. : N16A55100005

Chassis No. : MRHRW7870NP020039

"RESOLVED, FURTHER, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes its EVP, Corporate Management Services Director/Chief Sustainability Officer/Treasurer, Ms. Stephanie Nicole S. Garcia, to sign, execute, and deliver the Deed of Absolute Sale in favor of Mr. Rolando N. Sanchez, Jr. relative to the sale of the Corporation's above-mentioned vehicle."

RESOLUTION NO. 2024-50

"RESOLVED, AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation be as it is hereby authorized to sell to Mr. Oliver John A. Lupiba its 2015 Ford Ranger DBL, more particularly described as follows:

Make & Type : 2015 Ford Ranger DBL 3.5L

Plate No. : ABO3156 Motor No. : P5AT2051878

	Chassis No. : MNCUMFF50FW453075
	"RESOLVED, FURTHER, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes its EVP, Corporate Management Services Director/Chief Sustainability Officer/Treasurer, Ms. Stephanie Nicole S. Garcia, to sign, execute, and deliver the Deed of Absolute Sale in favor of Mr. Oliver John A. Lupiba relative to the sale of the Corporation's above-mentioned vehicle."
	RESOLUTION NO. 2024-51
	"RESOLVED, AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes its Breeder Supervisor, Mr. Marvin Sarez, to: (a) process the Corporation's application for the renewal of its Handlers Permit with the Bureau of Animal Industry; (b) sign, execute, submit, and deliver any and all documents relative to the renewal of said Handlers Permit; and (c) secure, claim, and receive the Corporation's Handlers Permit from the Bureau of Animal Industry."
November 6,	RESOLUTION NO. 2024-52
2024	"RESOLVED AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation approve as it hereby approves the 2024 Third Quarter Financial Statements (Unaudited) of Vitarich Corporation as presented;
	"RESOLVED FURTHER, that the Corporation approve as it hereby approves, the release of the 2024 Third Quarter Financial Statements (Unaudited) of Corporation."
November 21,	RESOLUTION NO. 2024-53
2024	"RESOLVED, AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation approve as it hereby approves the <i>Memorandum of Agreement</i> with Davao City Water District ("DCWD"), relative to the settlement of the Corporation's Application for Water Permit docketed as WPA No. XI-DDS-2024-07064, and DCWD's Protest, docketed as Water Use Conflict Case No. 2024-165;
	"RESOLVED, ALSO, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes its President and Chief Executive Officer, Mr. Ricardo Manuel M. Sarmiento , to sign, execute, and deliver the above-mentioned <i>Memorandum of Agreement</i> ;
	"RESOLVED, FURTHER, that the Corporation confirm and ratify as it hereby confirms and ratifies the authority of its Plant Engineer/Safety Officer/Pollution Control Officer, Mr. Christe A. Laude, Jr. to file the Corporation's Application for Water Permit docketed as WPA No. XI-DDS-2024-07064 and sign documents relative thereto;
	"RESOLVED, LIKEWISE, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes any one (1) of its President and Chief Executive Officer, Mr. Ricardo Manuel M. Sarmiento, or its Senior Vice President and Chief Supply Chain Officer, Ms. Alicia G. Danque, or its Plant Manager for Mindanao Operations, Mr. Edilberto A. Manuel, or its Plant Engineer/Safety Officer/Pollution Control Officer, Mr. Christe A. Laude, Jr. to do any or all of the following acts:
	 represent the Corporation in all stages of the Application for Water Permit, including appeal, in WPA No. XI-DDS-2024-07064, as well as in the Protest docketed as Water Use Conflict Case No. 2024-165; sign, execute, and file the Answer, affidavits, motions, petitions, and any and all pleadings relative to the said application and protest, respectively; verify pleadings and motions, and sign, execute, and deliver the Verification; and sign, execute, and deliver the Certification of Non-Forum Shopping.
	"RESOLVED ALSO, that the exercise of the above-mentioned authorities by Mr. Manuel or Mr. Laude shall be subject to the prior written approval of Ms. Danque."
	RESOLUTION NO. 2024-54
	"RESOLVED, AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation confirm as it hereby confirms that its corporate name is "VITARICH CORPORATION" as indicated and reflected in its Amended Articles of

Incorporation;

"RESOLVED, ALSO, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes the amendment of its business permit in its Panacan, Davao office located at Km. 14 Panacan, Davao, to reflect its correct corporate name, "VITARICH CORPORATION";

"RESOLVED, LIKEWISE, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes its Credit and Collection Area Manager - Mindanao, Mr. Hezron Vincent Aquino, to: (a) process the amendment of its business permit in its Panacan, Davao office to reflect the Corporation's correct name; (b) sign, execute, and deliver any and all documents relative to the amendment of its business permit in its Panacan, Davao office; and (c) secure, claim, and receive, the amended business permit of the Corporation."

RESOLUTION NO. 2024-55

"RESOLVED AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes its SVP and Chief Finance Officer, Mr. Dilbert D. Tan, or its Credit and Collection Manager, Mr. Marlowe C. Mediante, or its Credit and Collection Area Manager - Mindanao, Mr. Hezron Vincent Aquino, to do any or all of the following acts for and in behalf of the Corporation:

- 1. Institute and cause the filing of civil and/or criminal case/s against the following delinquent customers of the Corporation:
 - a. Ms. Raquel B. Geraldo-Masirag
 - b. Ms. Emma Maybeline T. Paragas doing business under the name and style of Ingreenland Trading
- 2. Sign and file the Complaint, Reply, Complaint-Affidavit, Petition, Comment, Memorandum, Position Paper, Affidavit, Motion, Petition for Review, Petition for Certiorari, Prohibition, or Mandamus, Petition for Review on Certiorari, and all other documents or pleadings as may be necessary.
- 3. Verify the Complaint, Petition, Petition for Review, Petition for Certiorari, Prohibition or Mandamus, Petition for Review on Certiorari, Memorandum, Position Paper, Affidavit, Motion and all other pleadings that may be required under the Rules of Court and its amendments, and to sign, execute and file the Verification, and attest that:
 - d. the allegations in the pleading are true and correct based on his/her personal knowledge, or based on authentic documents;
 - e. the pleading is not filed to harass, cause unnecessary delay, or needlessly increase the cost of litigation; and
 - f. the factual allegations therein have evidentiary support after a reasonable opportunity for discovery.
 - 4. Sign, execute and file the Certification against Forum Shopping;
 - 5. Serve the summons in any of the following cases:
 - Failure of service of summons by the sheriff, his or her deputy or other proper court officer, in which case, the summons shall be served by either Mr. Hezron Vincent Aquino, together with the sheriff, his or her deputy or other proper court officer;
 - b. The summons is to be served outside the judicial region of the court where case is pending;
 - c. The summons is returned without being served on any or all of the defendants;
 - d. Other cases allowed or authorized by the court or the Rules of Court, as amended.
 - Testify as witness.

7. Avail of any provisional remedies, including but not limited to, preliminary attachment and/or modes of discovery procedures available under the law and the Rules of Court.

"RESOLVED FURTHER, that Mr. Dilbert D. Tan, Mr. Marlowe C. Mediante, Mr. Hezron Vincent Aquino, Atty. Antoinette G. Principe or any lawyer from YLPS Law Office be as any one (1) of them is hereby authorized to represent the Corporation in all stages of trial, including appeal and/or petition before the Court of Appeals and/or the Supreme Court, pre-trial, mediation, and judicial dispute resolution proceedings, with power to do any of the following:

- a. Enter into amicable settlement of the case and execute and sign compromise agreement;
- b. Submit to alternative modes of dispute resolution;
- c. Enter into stipulations and admissions of facts and of documents;
- d. Agree on simplification of issues;
- e. Limit the number of witnesses;
- f. Enter into plea-bargaining arrangement;
- g. Dismiss or withdraw the case or manifest full payment of the other party upon full settlement of the Corporation's claim;
- h. Do any act necessary or authorized by and under the Rules of Court and any amendment thereto."

RESOLUTION NO. 2024-56

"RESOLVED, AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation be as it is hereby authorized to sell its parcel of land located in Talon-Talon, Zamboanga City, containing an area of three hundred (300) square meters, more or less, and covered by Transfer Certificate of Title No. T-158442 ("property");

"RESOLVED ALSO, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes its President/CEO, Mr. Ricardo Manuel M. Sarmiento, to sign, execute, and deliver the Deed of Absolute Sale and any and all documents relative to the sale of the above-mentioned property, as well as to appoint employees, by and through a Special Power of Attorney, to: (a) accept and receive payment/s for the agreed consideration of the sale in the form of check/s in the name of the Corporation; and (b) represent the Corporation before the Bureau of Internal Revenue to process and pay the taxes due on the sale of the above-mentioned property."

RESOLUTION NO. 2024-57

"RESOLVED, AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation be as it is hereby authorized to sell its parcel of land located in Talon-Talon, Zamboanga City, containing an area of three hundred (300) square meters, more or less, and covered by Transfer Certificate of Title No. T-158444 ("property");

"RESOLVED ALSO, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes its President/CEO, Mr. Ricardo Manuel M. Sarmiento, to sign, execute, and deliver the Deed of Absolute Sale and any and all documents relative to the sale of the above-mentioned property, as well as to appoint employees, by and through a Special Power of Attorney, to: (a) accept and receive payment/s for the agreed consideration of the sale in the form of check/s in the name of the Corporation; and (b) represent the Corporation before the Bureau of Internal Revenue to process and pay the taxes due on the sale of the above-mentioned property."

RESOLUTION NO. 2024-58

"RESOLVED, AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation be as it is hereby authorized to sell its parcel of land, together with its improvements, located in Poblacion, Panabo City, Davao del Norte, containing an area of eight hundred sixty seven (867) square meters, more or less, and covered by Transfer Certificate of Title No. T-252050 ("properties");

"RESOLVED ALSO, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes its President/CEO, Mr. Ricardo Manuel M. Sarmiento, to sign, execute, and deliver the Deed of Absolute Sale and any and all

documents relative to the sale of the above-mentioned properties, as well as to appoint employees, by and through a Special Power of Attorney, to: (a) accept and receive payment/s for the agreed consideration of the sale in the form of check/s in the name of the Corporation; and (b) represent the Corporation before the Bureau of Internal Revenue to process and pay the taxes due on the sale of the above-mentioned properties."

RESOLUTION NO. 2024-59

"RESOLVED, AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation be as it is hereby authorized to sell its parcel of land located in Marbel (Bo. 1), Koronadal, South Cotabato, containing an area of five hundred twenty four (524) square meters, more or less, and covered by Transfer Certificate of Title No. T-85914 ("property");

"RESOLVED ALSO, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes its President/CEO, Mr. Ricardo Manuel M. Sarmiento, to sign, execute, and deliver the Deed of Absolute Sale and any and all documents relative to the sale of the above-mentioned property, as well as to appoint employees, by and through a Special Power of Attorney, to: (a) accept and receive payment/s for the agreed consideration of the sale in the form of check/s in the name of the Corporation; and (b) represent the Corporation before the Bureau of Internal Revenue to process and pay the taxes due on the sale of the above-mentioned property."

RESOLUTION NO. 2024-60

"RESOLVED, AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation be as it is hereby authorized to sell a parcel of land registered in its name, together with its improvements, located in Catalunan Grande, Davao City, containing an area of three hundred sixty seven (367) square meters, more or less, and covered by Transfer Certificate of Title No. T-120466 ("properties");

"RESOLVED ALSO, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes its President/CEO, Mr. Ricardo Manuel M. Sarmiento, to sign, execute, and deliver the Deed of Absolute Sale and any and all documents relative to the sale of the above-mentioned properties, as well as to appoint employees, by and through a Special Power of Attorney, to: (a) accept and receive payment/s for the agreed consideration of the sale in the form of check/s in the name of the Corporation; and (b) represent the Corporation before the Bureau of Internal Revenue to process and pay the taxes due on the sale of the above-mentioned properties."

RESOLUTION NO. 2024-61

"RESOLVED, AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation be as it is hereby authorized to sell a parcel of land registered in its name located in Kalikid Sur, Nueva Ecija, containing an area of two hundred seventy (270) square meters, more or less, and covered by Transfer Certificate of Title No. T-114609 ("property");

"RESOLVED ALSO, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes its President/CEO, Mr. Ricardo Manuel M. Sarmiento, to sign, execute, and deliver the Deed of Absolute Sale and any and all documents relative to the sale of the above-mentioned property, as well as to appoint employees, by and through a Special Power of Attorney, to: (a) accept and receive payment/s for the agreed consideration of the sale in the form of check/s in the name of the Corporation; and (b) represent the Corporation before the Bureau of Internal Revenue to process and pay the taxes due on the sale of the above-mentioned property."

RESOLUTION NO. 2024-62

"RESOLVED, AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation be as it is hereby authorized to sell a parcel of land registered in its name located in Kalikid Sur, Nueva Ecija, containing an area of four hundred nine (409) square meters, more or less, and covered by Transfer Certificate of Title No. T-85199 ("property");

"RESOLVED ALSO, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes its President/CEO, Mr. Ricardo Manuel M. Sarmiento, to sign, execute, and deliver the Deed of Absolute Sale and any and all

documents relative to the sale of the above-mentioned property, as well as to appoint employees, by and through a Special Power of Attorney, to: (a) accept and receive payment/s for the agreed consideration of the sale in the form of check/s in the name of the Corporation; and (b) represent the Corporation before the Bureau of Internal Revenue to process and pay the taxes due on the sale of the above-mentioned property."

RESOLUTION NO. 2024-63

"RESOLVED, AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation be as it is hereby authorized to sell a parcel of land registered in its name, together with its improvements, located in Himamaylan, Negros Occidental, containing an area of ten thousand seven hundred twenty two (10,722) square meters, more or less, and covered by Transfer Certificate of Title No. 091-2023004846 ("properties");

"RESOLVED ALSO, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes its President/CEO, Mr. Ricardo Manuel M. Sarmiento, to sign, execute, and deliver the Deed of Absolute Sale and any and all documents relative to the sale of the above-mentioned properties, as well as to appoint employees, by and through a Special Power of Attorney, to: (a) accept and receive payment/s for the agreed consideration of the sale in the form of check/s in the name of the Corporation; and (b) represent the Corporation before the Bureau of Internal Revenue to process and pay the taxes due on the sale of the above-mentioned properties."

December 18, 2024

RESOLUTION NO. 2024-64

"RESOLVED, AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes Ms. Maricar T. Gedalanga to: (a) claim the check of the excess cash bond related to NLRC Case RAB XI-O2-00129-22 (MAC-02-017854-2023), titled "Hyannah Jane P. Gonzaga v. Vitarich Corporation and Ricardo Manuel M. Sarmiento — President" in behalf of the Corporation; and (b) sign the acknowledgment receipt and other related documents in relation to this release."

RESOLUTION NO. 2024-65

"RESOLVED, AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes the following employees to: (a) process the renewal of the Corporation's business permits and/or licenses for the year 2025 with all government offices and agencies, including but not limited to the municipal or city government, in their assigned areas; (b) sign, execute, deliver, and submit any and all documents necessary or required for said renewal of business permits and/or licenses; (c) process the necessary payments and the submission of documents for the renewal, or processing said business permits and/or licenses; and (d) secure, claim, and receive the said business permits and/or licenses:

Area	Name	Designation
NCR (Pasig City) Region III (Central Luzon) Region V (Naga) Region I (Isabela) Bacolod Cebu Iloilo Davao Gen. Santos CDO	Faith Marie Donadillo Faith Marie Donadillo Rhona Sioco Melanie Vargas Rolly Casa Erwin Tragico Julie Anne Leida Hezron Vincent Aquino Keen Aliver Legara Dolly Jiz	HR/Admin. Assistant Manager HR/Admin. Assistant Manager Accounting Analyst Accounting Analyst Credit & Collection Head Credit & Collection Head Credit & Collection Supervisor Credit & Collection Head Credit & Collection Head Credit & Collection Officer Cashier"
65.6	2011, 312	Casinei

RESOLUTION NO. 2024-66

A. Corporate Authority to Deal with Philippine Bank of Communications

"RESOLVED, that the Corporation be authorized as it is hereby authorized to:

- i. Avail of loans/credit facilities;
- ii. Allow <u>NOT APPLICABLE</u> to use the line and other credit facilities granted and/or to be granted by Philippine Bank of Communications to

		•			
C. Au), that any t		ollowing officers of t	he Corporation, provided tha	at at least one (1
	ıthorized Si	gnatories, Speci	imen Signature and	Execution and Delivery of Do	ocuments
executed by covered by as security	y <u>NOT Al</u> CCT/TCT Notes of the column of th	PPLICABLE ove lo. <u>NOT APPL</u>	er the parcel of real <u>ICABLE</u> issued by Philippine Bank of	cept and accede to the third property located in <u>NOT A</u> the Registry of Deeds for <u></u> Communications subject to	APPLICABLE ai NOT APPLICAB
security or	collateral	for the foregoi	ng transactions or	nereby authorized, to deliver any other obligations of the longing to the Corporation."	e Corporation
B. De	elivery, and	or Acceptance,	, of Collateral		
contract for foregoing	r the renev transaction	wal, substitutior	n, extension, increas	d, as it is hereby authorized se, amendment, conversion , the restructuring of any	or revival of th
				OFIFTY MILLION PESOS (PECON) (
	vii. De fo cu	rward contracts	s, swaps, options ar g currency, interest	ctions including but not lin nd the like, both in local and rate and credit risks, with Pl	d foreign
	vi. Al	low acceptance	e of Second Endorse	ed Checks payable to	NOT_
	v. Er		_	ent for the purchase or sale	
		_		Philippine Bank of Commur ceivables facility with the san	
	Ba	nk of Communi	ications to <u>NO</u>	OT APPLICABLE ;	
	III. A	t as surety for t	the various loans gr	anted or to be granted by Pl	hilippine

<u>Principal</u>	Position	Specimen Signature
MR. RICARDO MANUEL M. SARMIENTO	President/CEO	
MS. STEPHANIE NICOLE S. GARCIA <u>Secondary</u>	EVP Corporate Management Services Director/ Chief Sustainability Officer/ Treasurer	
MR. REYNALDO D. ORTEGA	Senior Vice President, Chief Operating Officer	
MS. ALICIA G. DANQUE	Senior Vice President, Chief Supply Chain Officer / Alternate Corporate Information Officer	n

be authorized, as they are hereby authorized, directed and empowered, in the name and for the account of this Corporation, to execute the Continuing Deed of Suretyship, negotiate for and enter into the foregoing transactions with Philippine Bank of Communications under such terms and conditions as may be acceptable to the aforementioned officers."

"RESOLVED, FURTHER, that the aforenamed officers are hereby authorized, directed and empowered, for and in the name of the Corporation, to execute, sign and deliver any and all promissory notes, instruments, agreements, contracts and documents that may be necessary and/or required for the implementation of the foregoing transactions."

D. Ratification

"RESOLVED, that all transactions, warranties, representations, covenants, dealings and agreements by the above mentioned officers of this Corporation with Philippine Bank of Communications prior to the approval of this Resolution, such as but not limited to the mortgage agreement involving the above-described property in favor of Philippine Bank of Communications, are all hereby approved, confirmed and ratified to be the valid and binding acts, representations, warranties and covenants of the Corporation."

E. Validity and Binding Effect

"RESOLVED, FINALLY, that Philippine Bank of Communications be furnished with a certified copy of these Resolutions and Philippine Bank of Communications may rely on the continuing validity of these Resolutions until receipt of written notice of their revocation."

RESOLUTION NO. 2024-67

"RESOLVED AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, by the Board of Directors of the Corporation, in connection with the establishment by the Corporation of accounts with CHINA BANK SAVINGS, INC., with principal address at 314 Sen. Gil Puyat Avenue, Makati City (the "Bank"), that:

- 1. The Corporation be, as it is hereby, authorized to apply for and obtain from the Bank loans or credit facilities in the aggregate principal amount of not more than **TWO HUNDRED MILLION PESOS (P200,000,000.00)** Philippine currency, under such terms and conditions as may be approved by the Bank.
- 2. The Corporation be, as it is hereby, authorized to assign, mortgage, sell or otherwise create an encumbrance over or dispose any of its corporate properties, real and personal, or any rights and interests therein, in favor of the Bank, including, but not limited to, one (1) parcel of land, including all improvements erected thereon, located at KM 14 Panacan, Bunawan, Davao City, covered by Transfer Certificate of Title No. T-153204.
- 3. Any two (2) of the following officers, provided that at least one (1) is a principal signatory, be, as they hereby are authorized to sign, execute and deliver, for and in behalf of the Corporation, any and all documents, including, but not limited to, loan or credit agreements, promissory notes, mortgage contracts, deeds of assignment, security agreements, disclosure statements, amortization schedules, privacy consent forms, waivers of bank secrecy and other rights under the law, quitclaims, special powers of attorney, affidavits, deeds of undertaking, and to do any and all necessary and incidental acts or acts that may be required by the Bank:

<u>Principal</u>	<u>Position</u>	<u>Specimen Signature</u>
MR. RICARDO MANUEL M. SARMIENTO	President/CEO	

MS. STEPHANIE NICOLE S. GARCIA Secondary	EVP Corporate Management Services Director/ Chief Sustainability Officer/ Treasurer	
<u>Secondary</u>		
MR. REYNALDO D. ORTEGA	Senior Vice President, Chief Operating Officer	
MS. ALICIA G. DANQUE	Senior Vice President, Chief Supply Chain Officer / Alternate Corporate	"

"RESOLVED ALSO, that this Resolution shall remain in full force and effect and be binding on the Corporation, and shall constitute the basis for any subsequent amendments, supplements, renewals, extensions, increases, conversions and/or restructurings, unless otherwise revoked in writing and notice to this effect is received by the Bank."

RESOLUTION NO. 2024-68

"RESOLVED AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation be as it is hereby authorized to apply for, process, and secure accreditation and membership with the Greencycle Innovation Corporation ("Greencycle");

"RESOLVED LIKEWISE, that the Corporation's EVP Corporate Management Services Director/Chief Sustainability Officer/Treasurer, Ms. Stephanie Nicole S. Garcia to do any and all of the following acts:

- a. Represent the Corporation with Greencycle;
- b. Apply for, process, and secure the Corporation's accreditation and membership with Greencycle;
- c. Approve and recommend to the Corporate Governance Committee and/or to the Board of Directors the Corporation's Extended Producer Responsibility ("EPR") program;
- d. Oversee and monitor compliance with the Corporation's EPR program;
- e. Oversee and monitor compliance with the EPR Act of 2022 or the Ecological Solid Waste Management Act of 2022;
- f. Sign, execute, and submit the application for accreditation and membership with Greencycle as well as the application for registration of the Corporation's EPR program;
- g. Any and all acts necessary to implement the foregoing authority;

"RESOLVED, FINALLY, that Ms. Garcia be as she is hereby given full authority to appoint and designate any of the Corporation's officers, managers, supervisors, or employees, by or through a Special Power of Attorney, as her substitute and to do and perform, for and in behalf of the Corporation, all or any of the same powers, authority, acts and things herein given, conferred or granted upon Ms. Garcia."

RESOLUTION NO. 2024-69

"RESOLVED, AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation be as it is hereby authorized to sell its parcel of land located in Talon-Talon, Zamboanga City, containing an area of three hundred (300) square meters, more or less, and covered by Transfer Certificate of Title No. T-158441 ("property");

"RESOLVED LIKEWISE, that the Corporation confirm and ratify as it hereby confirms and ratifies the execution of the Deed of Absolute Sale dated 28 August 2024 relative to the purchase of the above-mentioned property, which was confirmed and ratified before Atty. Nenita DC. Tuazon, a Notary Public for Marilao, Bulacan, under Doc. No. 11, Page No. 4, Book No. 18, series of 2024;

"RESOLVED, FURTHER, that the Corporation confirm and ratify as it hereby confirms and ratifies the authority of the President/CEO, Mr. Ricardo Manuel M. Sarmiento, to sign, execute, and deliver the Deed of Absolute Sale dated 28 August 2024 confirmed and ratified before Atty. Nenita DC. Tuazon, a

Notary Public for Marilao, Bulacan, under Doc. No. 11, Page No. 4, Book No. 18, series of 2024;

"RESOLVED FINALLY, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes its President/CEO, Mr. Ricardo Manuel M. Sarmiento, to appoint employees, by and through a Special Power of Attorney, to: (a) accept and receive payment/s for the agreed consideration of the sale in the form of check/s in the name of the Corporation; and (b) represent the Corporation before the Bureau of Internal Revenue to process and pay the taxes due on the sale of the above-mentioned property."

January 16, 2025

RESOLUTION NO. 2025-01

"RESOLVED AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation's Tax Manager, Mr. Giann Carlo V. Gandia, be as he is hereby authorized to apply for, process, and secure the Corporation's Tax Clearance Certificate for the year 2025 from the Bureau of Internal Revenue;

"RESOLVED, FURTHER, that Mr. Gandia be as he is hereby authorized to sign, execute, and deliver any and all documents to implement the foregoing authority."

RESOLUTION NO. 2025-02

"RESOLVED AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation be as it is hereby authorized to sell to Standard Insurance Co., Inc. in exchange for the insurance proceeds amounting to Three Hundred Eighty Five Thousand Eight Hundred Pesos (Php385,800.00) its 2017 Ford Fiesta 5 DR MID Hatch Back, more particularly described as follows:

Make & Type : 2017 FORD FIESTA 5 DR MID HATCH BACK

Plate No. : DAF5110 Motor No. : UEJDHP85512

Chassis No. : MPB8XXMXJ8HP85512

"RESOLVED, ALSO, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes its **EVP/Corporate Management Services Director, Ms. Stephanie Nicole S. Garcia**, to sign, execute, and deliver the Deed of Absolute Sale and any and all documents and instruments as may reasonably be necessary to implement the sale.

"RESOLVED FURTHER, that the Corporation's Corporate Asset Manager, Mr. Benedict J. Mogarte, be as he is hereby authorized to receive for and in behalf of the Corporation the check from Standard Insurance Co., Inc. representing the proceeds of the insurance claim in the amount of Php385,800.00."

RESOLUTION NO. 2025-03

"RESOLVED AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation be as it is hereby authorized to sell to Standard Insurance Co., Inc. in exchange for the insurance proceeds amounting to One Hundred Sixty Five Thousand Pesos (Php165,000.00) its 2005 Toyota Avanza, more particularly described as follows:

Make & Type : 2005 TOYOTA AVANZA 1.3J M/T

Plate No. : PCO 136 Motor No. : DF66462

Chassis No. : MHFM1BE2F8K015052

"RESOLVED, ALSO, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes its EVP/Corporate Management Services Director, Ms. Stephanie Nicole S. Garcia, to sign, execute, and deliver the Deed of Absolute Sale and any and all documents and instruments as may reasonably be necessary to implement the sale.

"RESOLVED FURTHER, that the Corporation's Corporate Asset Manager, Mr. Benedict J. Mogarte, be as he is hereby authorized to receive for and in behalf of the Corporation the check from Standard Insurance Co., Inc. representing the proceeds of the insurance claim in the amount of Php165,000.00."

RESOLUTION NO. 2025-04

"RESOLVED AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation be as it is hereby authorized to enter into

a contract with Cartrack Technologies Phil. Inc. relative to the Corporation's GPS project for its tool of trade service vehicles;

"RESOLVED FURTHER, that the Corporation's Corporate Asset Manager, Mr. Benedict J. Mogarte, be as he is hereby authorized to transact with Cartrack Technologies Phil. Inc. and to sign, execute, and deliver the application form, contract, and any and all documents relative to the GPS project."

RESOLUTION NO. 2025-05

"RESOLVED AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes its Corporation's Corporate Asset Manager, Mr. Benedict J. Mogarte, to sign, execute, and deliver for and in behalf of the Corporation the Agreement for Freezer and Weighing Scale Deployment, including amendments, addenda, extensions, renewals, or termination of said Agreement."

RESOLUTION NO. 2025-06

"RESOLVED AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes its SVP and Chief Finance Officer, Mr. Dilbert D. Tan, to sign, execute, and deliver documents relative to the tax declarations and payment of real property taxes of the Corporation's real properties;

"RESOLVED ALSO, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes its Corporate Asset Manager, Mr. Benedict J. Mogarte, or its Corporate Asset Analyst, Mr. Rommel Policarpio, to: (a) transact with the local government units where the Corporation's properties are located; (b) process the updating of the tax declarations and real property tax payments of the Corporation's real properties; (c) request for documents, assessments, and copies of the updated tax declarations or assessments of real property taxes of the Corporation's properties; and (d) sign, execute, and deliver documents relative to the tax declarations and payment of real property taxes of the Corporation's real properties;

"RESOLVED FINALLY, that Mr. Mogarte's or Mr. Policarpio's exercise of the authorities granted to them shall be with the prior written approval of Mr. Tan."

RESOLUTION NO. 2025-07

"RESOLVED AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation confirm and ratify as it hereby confirms and ratifies the authority of its President and CEO, Mr. Ricardo Manuel M. Sarmiento, to engage/allow UNITED TRADEMARK & PATENT SERVICES International Intellectual Property Protection Services/Attorneys with address at The Mall Road, Lahore, Pakistan (Adjacent to Meezan Bank/Hang Ten Store), to represent Vitarich Corporation in the filing of Opposition last January 7, 2025 against AL RASUL MILK PRODUCTS (PRIVATE) LIMITED, with address at F516/B Sindh Industrial Trading Estate, Karachi, Pakistan, for the latter's copyright application for the word "VITARICH"."

February 20, 2025

RESOLUTION NO. 2025-08

"RESOLVED, AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation be as it is hereby authorized to sell to Ms. Alicia G. Danque its 2022 Toyota FJ Cruiser, more particularly described as follows:

Make & Type : 2022 Toyota FJ Cruiser 4.0L V6

Plate No. : NER 7380 Motor No. : 1GRC445042

Chassis No. : JTEBU11F1MK266333

"RESOLVED, FURTHER, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes its EVP, Corporate Management Services Director/Chief Sustainability Officer/Treasurer, Ms. Stephanie Nicole S. Garcia, to sign, execute, and deliver the Deed of Absolute Sale in favor of Ms. Alicia G. Danque relative to the sale of the Corporation's above-mentioned vehicle."

RESOLUTION NO. 2025-09

"RESOLVED, AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation be as it is hereby authorized to sell to Mr. Mark Lorenz T. Suanes its 2018 Honda City, more particularly described as follows:

Make & Type : 2018 Honda City 1.5E CVT

 Plate No.
 :
 CAG6500

 Motor No.
 :
 L15Z15402763

 Chassis No.
 :
 ADGM6620JV410124

"RESOLVED, FURTHER, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes its EVP, Corporate Management Services Director/Chief Sustainability Officer/Treasurer, Ms. Stephanie Nicole S. Garcia, to sign, execute, and deliver the Deed of Absolute Sale in favor of Mr. Mark Lorenz T. Suanes relative to the sale of the Corporation's above-mentioned vehicle."

RESOLUTION NO. 2025-10

"RESOLVED, AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation be as it is hereby authorized to sell to Mr. Leonil Giganto its 2017 Isuzu D-Max, more particularly described as follows:

Make & Type : 2017 Isuzu D-Max

Plate No. : LAA2561 Motor No. : 4JK1PL9120

Chassis No. : PABTFR86DG2002115

"RESOLVED, FURTHER, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes its EVP, Corporate Management Services Director/Chief Sustainability Officer/Treasurer, Ms. Stephanie Nicole S. Garcia, to sign, execute, and deliver the Deed of Absolute Sale in favor of Mr. Leonil Giganto relative to the sale of the Corporation's above-mentioned vehicle."

RESOLUTION NO. 2025-11

"RESOLVED, AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation be as it is hereby authorized to sell to Mr. Christian Landicho its 2016 Isuzu D-Max, more particularly described as follows:

Make & Type : 2016 Isuzu D-Max

Plate No. : LDP4973 Motor No. : 4JK1PL3991

Chassis No. : PABTFR86DG2002096

"RESOLVED, FURTHER, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes its EVP, Corporate Management Services Director/Chief Sustainability Officer/Treasurer, Ms. Stephanie Nicole S. Garcia, to sign, execute, and deliver the Deed of Absolute Sale in favor of Mr. Christian Landicho relative to the sale of the Corporation's above-mentioned vehicle."

RESOLUTION NO. 2025-12

"RESOLVED AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation be as it is hereby authorized to sell to Standard Insurance Co., Inc. in exchange for the insurance proceeds amounting to One Million Three Hundred Ninety Two Thousand Eight Hundred Fifty Pesos (Php1,392,850.00) its 2023 Isuzu Refrigerated Van, more particularly described as follows:

Make & Type : 2023 ISUZU NLR85 4WHEELERLIGHT

W/ REFRIGERATED VAN

Plate No. : NIS9966 Motor No. : 4JJ1221M36

Chassis No. : PABNLR85EP2000867

"RESOLVED, ALSO, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes its **EVP/Corporate Management Services Director, Ms. Stephanie Nicole S. Garcia**, to sign, execute, and deliver the Deed of Absolute Sale and any and all documents and instruments as may reasonably be necessary to implement the sale.

"RESOLVED FURTHER, that the Corporation's Corporate Asset Manager, Mr. Benedict J. Mogarte, be as he is hereby authorized to receive for and in behalf of the Corporation the check from Standard Insurance Co., Inc. representing the proceeds of the insurance claim in the amount of Php1,392,850.00."

RESOLUTION NO. 2025-13

"RESOLVED AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation be as it is hereby authorized to sell to Standard Insurance Co., Inc. in exchange for the insurance proceeds amounting to One Million One Hundred Seventy Two Thousand Three Hundred Thirty Nine and 08/100 Pesos (Php1,172,339.08) its 2021 Mitsubishi Montero, more particularly described as follows:

Make & Type : 2021 MITSUBISHI MONTERO SPT GLX

2.4 DSL 4X2 MT

Plate No. : CAW5337 Motor No. : 4N15UHK9716

Chassis No. : MMBGJKR10MH008238

"RESOLVED, ALSO, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes its EVP/Corporate Management Services Director, Ms. Stephanie Nicole S. Garcia, to sign, execute, and deliver the Deed of Absolute Sale and any and all documents and instruments as may reasonably be necessary to implement the sale.

"RESOLVED FURTHER, that the Corporation's Corporate Asset Manager, Mr. Benedict J. Mogarte, be as he is hereby authorized to receive for and in behalf of the Corporation the check from Standard Insurance Co., Inc. representing the proceeds of the insurance claim in the amount of Php1,172,339.08."

RESOLUTION NO. 2025-14

"RESOLVED AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation be as it is hereby authorized to sell to Standard Insurance Co., Inc. in exchange for the insurance proceeds amounting to One Million One Hundred Sixty Two Thousand Pesos (Php1,162,000.00) its 2023 Toyota Innova, more particularly described as follows:

Make & Type : 2023 TOYOTA INNOVA 2.8E AT DS-018

Plate No. : NIL7021 Motor No. : 1GD1339977

Chassis No. : PA2JA8EM2P0121344

"RESOLVED, ALSO, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes its **EVP/Corporate Management Services Director, Ms. Stephanie Nicole S. Garcia**, to sign, execute, and deliver the Deed of Absolute Sale and any and all documents and instruments as may reasonably be necessary to implement the sale.

"RESOLVED FURTHER, that the Corporation's Corporate Asset Manager, Mr. Benedict J. Mogarte, be as he is hereby authorized to receive for and in behalf of the Corporation the check from Standard Insurance Co., Inc. representing the proceeds of the insurance claim in the amount of Php1,162,000.00."

RESOLUTION NO. 2025-15

"RESOLVED, AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes the following employees to: (a) request, obtain, secure, claim, and receive the certified true copies of the tax declarations of the real properties mortgaged to and in favor of the Corporation; (b) pay and/or update the real property taxes due on the said properties; (c) request, obtain, secure, claim, and receive the Certificates of Tax Clearances of the real properties mortgaged to and in favor of the Corporation; and (d) sign, execute, deliver, and submit any and all documents necessary or required to implement the foregoing authorities:

Area	Name	Designation
Luzon	Mark Charles Perdido	Credit & Collection Specialist
Visayas	Julie Anne Leida	Credit & Collection
		Supervisor

	_		
	Mindanao	Hezron Vincent Aquino	Credit & Collection
			Head"
March 20,		RESOLUTION NO. 2025-16	
2025			
	"RESOLVED AS IT IS HER	FBY RESOLVED, that, as approved an	d recommended by the Audit. Risk

"RESOLVED AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that, as approved and recommended by the Audit, Risk Oversight, and Related Party Transactions Committee, the Corporation approve as it hereby approves the 2024 Consolidated Audited Financial Statements of Vitarich Corporation and Subsidiary ("AFS") as well as the 2024 AFS of Vitarich Corporation as presented;

"RESOLVED FURTHER, that the Corporation approve as it hereby approves, the release of the 2024 Consolidated AFS and 2024 AFS of the Corporation."

RESOLUTION NO. 2025-17

"RESOLVED AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation confirm and ratify as it hereby confirms and ratifies the write-off executed and/or implemented last 27 December 2024 involving foreclosed properties worth Twelve Million Three Hundred Nineteen Thousand Seven Hundred Sixty Two and 75/100 Pesos (Php12,319,762.75), as indicated in the following details:

TCT No.	Area (in sq.m.)	Location	Book Balance
T-148752	5,639	Gen. Tinio, Nueva Ecija	Php10,150,000.00
462982 (475215)	-	Arayat, Pampanga	Php756,000.00
T-19248	334	Puerto Princesa, Palawan	Php454,973.00
T-158440	488	Talon-Talon, Zamboanga City	Php574.75
T-68506	13,383		Php597,813.63
ARP-99-111-005-000	25,247		Php360,401.37
		Total	Php12,319,762.75"

RESOLUTION NO. 2025-18

"RESOLVED, AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes its Tax Manager, Mr. Giann Carlo Gandia, to sign, execute, and deliver the BIR Form 2307 (Creditable Withholding Tax) to the Corporation's suppliers, and, when necessary, to the Bureau of Internal Revenue."

RESOLUTION NO. 2025-19

"RESOLVED AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes Forms International to print the Corporation's Provisional Receipts for the year 2025, and to apply, process, and secure the Authority to Print (ATP) for the year 2025 of said Provisional Receipts from the Bureau of Internal Revenue;

"RESOLVED LIKEWISE, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes any of the following employees of Forms International implement the foregoing authority:

- 1. Randy Dela Cruz
- 2. Danilo Alcantara
- 3. Gary Paculio
- 4. Ramil Pollo"

RESOLUTION NO. 2025-20

"RESOLVED AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes its SVP and Chief Finance Officer, Mr. Dilbert D. Tan, or its Credit and Collection Manager, Mr. Marlowe C.

Mediante, or its Credit and Collection Area Manager - Mindanao, Mr. Hezron Vincent Aquino, to do any or all of the following acts for and in behalf of the Corporation:

- 1. Institute and cause the filing of civil and/or criminal case/s against the following delinquent customers of the Corporation:
 - a. Ms. Raquel B. Geraldo-Masirag
 - b. Ms. Emma Maybeline T. Paragas doing business under the name and style of Ingreenland Trading
- 2. Sign and file the Complaint, Reply, Complaint-Affidavit, Petition, Comment, Memorandum, Position Paper, Affidavit, Motion, Petition for Review, Petition for Certiorari, Prohibition, or Mandamus, Petition for Review on Certiorari, and all other documents or pleadings as may be necessary.
- 3. Verify the Complaint, Petition, Petition for Review, Petition for Certiorari, Prohibition or Mandamus, Petition for Review on Certiorari, Memorandum, Position Paper, Affidavit, Motion and all other pleadings that may be required under the Rules of Court and its amendments, and to sign, execute and file the Verification, and attest that:
 - a. the allegations in the pleading are true and correct based on his/her personal knowledge, or based on authentic documents;
 - b. the pleading is not filed to harass, cause unnecessary delay, or needlessly increase the cost of litigation; and
 - c. the factual allegations therein have evidentiary support after a reasonable opportunity for discovery.
 - 4. Sign, execute and file the Certification against Forum Shopping;
 - 5. Serve the summons in any of the following cases:
 - a. Failure of service of summons by the sheriff, his or her deputy or other proper court officer, in which case, the summons shall be served by either **Mr. Hezron Vincent Aquino**, together with the sheriff, his or her deputy or other proper court officer;
 - b. The summons is to be served outside the judicial region of the court where case is pending;
 - c. The summons is returned without being served on any or all of the defendants;
 - d. Other cases allowed or authorized by the court or the Rules of Court, as amended.
 - 6. Testify as witness.
- 7. Avail of any provisional remedies, including but not limited to, preliminary attachment and/or modes of discovery procedures available under the law and the Rules of Court.

"RESOLVED FURTHER, that for purposes of Pre-trial and/or compliance with the Rules of Court, Atty. Karl Max L. Labanon, RN, jointly together with any one (1) Mr. Dilbert D. Tan, Mr. Marlowe C. Mediante, or Mr. Hezron Vincent Aquino are hereby authorized to represent the Corporation in all stages of trial, including appeal and/or petition before the Court of Appeals and/or the Supreme Court, pre-trial, mediation, and judicial dispute resolution proceedings, with power to do any of the following:

- Enter into amicable settlement of the case and execute and sign compromise agreement;
- b. Submit to alternative modes of dispute resolution;
- c. Enter into stipulations and admissions of facts and of documents;
- d. Agree on simplification of issues;

- e. Limit the number of witnesses:
- f. Enter into plea-bargaining arrangement;
- g. Dismiss or withdraw the case or manifest full payment of the other party upon full settlement of the Corporation's claim; and
- h. Do any act necessary or authorized by and under the Rules of Court and any amendment thereto.

"RESOLVED FINALLY, that Resolution No. 2024-55, approved on 21 November 2024, be as it is hereby deemed amended, modified, and/or superseded by this resolution."

RESOLUTION NO. 2025-21

"RESOLVED, AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation be as it is hereby authorized to sell to Mr. Norman Capacillo its 2016 Isuzu D-Max, more particularly described as follows:

Make & Type : 2016 Isuzu D-Max

Plate No. : LDP 4971 Motor No. : 4JK1PL9123

Chassis No. : PABTFR86DG2002109

"RESOLVED, FURTHER, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes its EVP, Corporate Management Services Director/Chief Sustainability Officer/Treasurer, Ms. Stephanie Nicole S. Garcia, to sign, execute, and deliver the Dee d of Absolute Sale in favor of Mr. Norman Capacillo relative to the sale of the Corporation's above-mentioned vehicle."

RESOLUTION NO. 2025-22

"RESOLVED, AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes the following employees to: (a) conduct credit investigations of customers applying for a credit line with the Corporation with the Assessor's Office, Office of the Clerk of Court of the Regional Trial Court, Municipal Trial Court, Municipal Trial Court in Cities, Municipal Circuit Trial Court, and Metropolitan Trial Court, Office of the Prosecutor, Register of Deeds, and the Land Registration Authority; and (b) request and receive certified true copies of the titles to properties and/or tax declarations of properties of customers applying for a credit line:

Area	Name	Position
Luzon	Teddy C. Mendoza	Credit & Collection Area Head
Luzon	Lorna L. Gando	Credit & Collection Specialist
Luzon	Mark Charles Perdido	Credit & Collection Specialist
Iloilo	Julie Ann G. Leida	Credit & Collection Admin.
		Supervisor
Iloilo	Ma. Rio M. Itulrralde	Credit & Collection Specialist
Iloilo	Kim Angelo O. Perono	Credit & Collection Specialist
Bacolod	Rolly M. Casa	Credit & Collection Specialist
Cebu	Erwin E. Tragico	Credit & Collection Specialist
Davao	Hezron Y. Aquino	Credit & Collection Area Head
Gen. Santos	Keen Aliver S. Legara	Credit & Collection Specialist
CDO	Felix D. Ondo, Jr.	Credit & Collection Specialist
Davao	Abegail S. Sanoria	Credit & Collection Specialist
Davao	Wilfredo Young	Credit & Collection Specialist"

RESOLUTION NO. 2025-23

"RESOLVED, AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes its Dressing Plant Manager in Mindanao, Ms. Esperanza V. Capuyan, to: (a) apply for and process the application for permit to cut down trees with the Philippine Coconut Authority ("PCA"); (b) sign, execute, and deliver any and all documents required to process the permit from PCA; and (c) receive, claim, and secure the requested permit from the PCA."

RESOLUTION NO. 2025-24

"RESOLVED, AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation be as it is hereby authorized to apply for and open a corporate account with a credit line with Wynwood Hotel Manila for the purpose of hotel accommodations and training room or function room availment from the said hotel;

"RESOLVED, FURTHER, that the Corporation's Talent Acquisition, Learning, and Development Manager, Ms. Camille Anne A. Sarmiento, be as she is hereby authorized to apply for and open a corporate account with a credit line with Wynwood Hotel Manila and to sign, execute, and deliver Letters of Authority for the availment of function rooms and/or hotel accommodations of the Corporation;

"RESOLVED, ALSO, that the Corporation's Office Associate, Ms. Mercedita J. Ko, be as she is hereby authorized to sign Letters of Authority for hotel accommodations availment of the Corporation."

RESOLUTION NO. 2025-25

"RESOLVED AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation approve, confirm, and ratify as it hereby approves, confirms, and ratifies the Contracts to Buy (Breeder) with Luzon Agriventure Inc. ("LAVI"), covering the farms located in Lucban, Quezon, pertaining to the Corporation's supply of feeds to LAVI and the latter's supply of hatching eggs to the Corporation.

"RESOLVED ALSO, that the Corporation's Senior Vice President and Chief Operating Officer, Mr. Reynaldo D. Ortega, and the Corporation's Senior Vice President and Chief Supply Chain Officer, Ms. Alicia G. Danque, be as they are hereby authorized to sign, execute, and deliver the said Contracts to Buy (Breeder), including any renewal, extension, amendment, and/or addition thereto, and any and all documents or contracts necessary to implement the foregoing authority."

April 24, 2025

RESOLUTION NO. 2025-26

"RESOLVED AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes any one (1) of the following officers to process the updating of the Corporation's account with Home Development Mutual Fund ("Pag-Ibig") and the application and/or registration of the Corporation with Virtual Pag-Ibig in its Visayas operations:

Name

Designation

Weenly S. Labanero HRAD Supervisor (Visayas)
Ritz Ann P. Gascon Occupational Health Nurse Admin.
Kimberly B. Perocho Payroll, Compensation, & Benefits
Specialist"

RESOLUTION NO. 2025-27

"RESOLVED, AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation be as it is hereby authorized to sell to Mr. Eugene S. Sina its 2016 Isuzu D-Max, more particularly described as follows:

Make & Type : 2016 Isuzu D-Max 4 X 2 LT MT

Plate No. : LDP 3392 Motor No. : 4JK1PG2665

Chassis No. : PABTBR86DG2001936

"RESOLVED, FURTHER, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes its EVP, Corporate Management Services Director/Chief Sustainability Officer/Treasurer, Ms. Stephanie Nicole S. Garcia, to sign, execute, and deliver the Deed of Absolute Sale in favor of Mr. Eugene S. Sina relative to the sale of the Corporation's above-mentioned vehicle."

RESOLUTION NO. 2025-28

"RESOLVED, AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation be as it is hereby authorized to sell to Mr. Mark Anthony A. Relativo its 2016 Isuzu D-Max, more particularly described as follows:

Make & Type : 2016 Isuzu D-Max

Plate No. : LDP 3434

Motor No. : 4JK1PG2666

Chassis No. : PABTFR86DG2001937

"RESOLVED, FURTHER, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes its EVP, Corporate Management Services Director/Chief Sustainability Officer/Treasurer, Ms. Stephanie Nicole S. Garcia, to sign, execute, and deliver the Deed of Absolute Sale in favor of Mr. Mark Anthony A. Relativo relative to the sale of the Corporation's above-mentioned vehicle."

RESOLUTION NO. 2025-29

"RESOLVED, AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation be as it is hereby authorized to sell to Mr. Allan E. Adan its 2011 Toyota Vios, more particularly described as follows:

Make & Type : 2011 Toyota Vios 1.3E Gas M/T

 Plate No.
 :
 PQW632

 Motor No.
 :
 2NZ5863937

 Chassis No.
 :
 NCP929034915

"RESOLVED, FURTHER, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes its EVP, Corporate Management Services Director/Chief Sustainability Officer/Treasurer, Ms. Stephanie Nicole S. Garcia, to sign, execute, and deliver the Deed of Absolute Sale in favor of Mr. Allan E. Adan relative to the sale of the Corporation's above-mentioned vehicle."

RESOLUTION NO. 2025-30

"RESOLVED, AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the 2025 Annual Stockholders' Meeting be as it is hereby set on 27 June 2025 at 2:00 o'clock in the afternoon at The Pace, Ilang-Ilang, Sta. Rosa 2, Marilao, Bulacan;

"RESOLVED, FURTHER, that the record date for the stockholders entitled to attend and vote at the aforesaid meeting be, as it is hereby, set on 27 May 2025;

"RESOLVED LIKEWISE, that the agenda for the said meeting shall be as follows:

- 1. Call to Order
- 2. Certification of Notice and Existence of a Quorum
- 3. Approval of the Minutes of the Previous Annual Stockholders' Meeting
- 4. Report of the President on the results of the 2024 operations and the 2024 audited financial statements of the Corporation
- 5. Ratification of the Acts of Directors and Officers
- 6. Election of Directors
- 7. Confirmation of Appointment of External Auditor
- 8. Appointment of Stock Transfer Agent
- 9. Other Matters
- 10. Adjournment."

RESOLUTION NO. 2025-31

"RESOLVED, AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation create as it hereby creates a Special Committee of Election Inspectors for the Annual Stockholders' Meeting on 27 June 2025;

"RESOLVED, FURTHER, that the following be, as they are hereby, appointed as members of the Special Committee of Election Inspectors:

- 1. Representative from ACCRA Law
- 2. Representative from Stock Transfer Services, Inc.
- 3. Representative from Vitarich Corporation."

	RESOLUTION NO. 2025-32
	"RESOLVED AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation be as it is hereby authorized to publish the notice of the Annual Stockholders' Meeting of the Stockholders on 27 June 2025 in the business section of two (2) newspapers of general circulation in print and online formats for two (2) consecutive days;
	"RESOLVED ALSO, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes its President/Chief Executive Officer, Mr. Ricardo Manuel M. Sarmiento, to determine and/or choose the two (2) newspapers of general circulation where the said notice will be published as well as to sign, execute, and deliver any and all documents necessary to implement the foregoing authority."
	RESOLUTION NO. 2025-33
	"RESOLVED, AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED , that the Corporation authorize, as it hereby authorizes its Credit & Collection Admin. Supervisor, Ms. Julie Ann G. Leida, to represent the Corporation before, and transact business with the Office of the Register of Deeds, Bureau of Internal Revenue, Department of Agrarian Reform and other government agencies or private entities relative to the transfer of title in the name of Vitarich Corporation of several properties bought in Passi City, Iloilo covered by OCT NOS. H-464, OCT H-767 (2017000244), OCT-F-27027, OCT H-461;
	"RESOLVED, FURTHER, that Ms. Leida be as she is hereby authorized to process, submit, claim, receive, and/or secure any documents relative to the fulfillment of the foregoing authority;
	"RESOLVED, FINALLY, that Resolution No. 2018-13 approved on 06 April 2018 be as it is hereby amended, revoked, and superseded by this Resolution."
May 9, 2025	RESOLUTION NO. 2025-34
	"RESOLVED AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation approve as it hereby approves the 2025 First Quarter Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) of Vitarich Corporation as presented;
	"RESOLVED FURTHER, that the Corporation approve as it hereby approves, the release of the 2025 First Quarter Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) of Corporation."
May 15, 2025	RESOLUTION NO. 2025-35
	"RESOLVED AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation be as it is hereby authorized to apply for, process, secure, claim, and/or receive from the Office of the City Building Official of Davao City the Occupancy Permits for the following properties of the Corporation:
	A. Panacan Office
	a.1. Administrative Building a.2. Feedmill Plant 1
	B. Tugbok Office
	b.1. Warehouse b.2. R&D laboratory b.3. Canteen b.4. Crates Washing Area b.5. Powerhouse b.6. Maintenance Building b.7. Guardhouse b.8. Rendering Building; "RESOLVED AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes its
	Credit and Collection Area Manager – Mindanao, Mr. Hezron Vincent Aquino , or Arch. Rodel Saga , or Mr. Manuel D. Aninon to: (a) transact with the Office of the City Building Official of Davao City relative to the Corporation's applications for occupancy permits; (b) process the Corporation's applications for

occupancy permits; (c) sign application documents and/or forms relative to the processing of the Corporation's applications for occupancy permits; (d) submit documents relative to the processing of the Corporation's applications for occupancy permits; and (e) receive, claim, and/or secure the Corporation's occupancy permits."

RESOLUTION NO. 2025-36

"RESOLVED, AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation be as it is hereby authorized to sell to Mr. Randy A. Francisco its 2018 Isuzu MUX, more particularly described as follows:

Make & Type : 2018 Isuzu MUX-1TN-AT4X23 OL-2018

Plate No. : NAI 8210 Motor No. : 4JJRZ2145

Chassis No. : MPAUCR85GHT010860

"RESOLVED, FURTHER, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes its EVP, Corporate Management Services Director/Chief Sustainability Officer/Treasurer, Ms. Stephanie Nicole S. Garcia, to sign, execute, and deliver the Deed of Absolute Sale in favor of Mr. Randy A. Francisco relative to the sale of the Corporation's above-mentioned vehicle."

RESOLUTION NO. 2025-37

"RESOLVED, AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation be as it is hereby authorized to sell to Mr. Erwin A. Tragico its 2009 Isuzu Sportivo, more particularly described as follows:

Make & Type : 2009 Isuzu Sportivo Wagon

Plate No. : YGK 172 Motor No. : 4JAIM17309

Chassis No. : PABTBR54F82049708

"RESOLVED, FURTHER, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes its EVP, Corporate Management Services Director/Chief Sustainability Officer/Treasurer, Ms. Stephanie Nicole S. Garcia, to sign, execute, and deliver the Deed of Absolute Sale in favor of Mr. Erwin E. Tragico relative to the sale of the Corporation's above-mentioned vehicle."

RESOLUTION NO. 2025-38

"RESOLVED, AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation be as it is hereby authorized to sell to Monever O. Garcero its 2014 Toyota Vios, more particularly described as follows:

Make & Type : 2014 Toyota Vios 1.3E

Plate No. : AAH 6856

Motor No. : 2N27062065

Chassis No. : NCP1512016914

"RESOLVED, FURTHER, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes its EVP, Corporate Management Services Director/Chief Sustainability Officer/Treasurer, Ms. Stephanie Nicole S. Garcia, to sign, execute, and deliver the Deed of Absolute Sale in favor of Monever O. Garcero relative to the sale of the Corporation's above-mentioned vehicle."

RESOLUTION NO. 2025-39

"RESOLVED AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes its Tax Manager, Mr. Giann Carlo V. Gandia, to sign, apply, process, secure, and receive the Authority to Print (ATP) for the year 2025 of said Provisional Receipts from the Bureau of Internal Revenue ("BIR");

"RESOLVED ALSO, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes Forms International to print the Corporation's Provisional Receipts for the year 2025;

"RESOLVED LIKEWISE, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes any of the following employees of Forms International to apply, process, secure, and receive the ATP for the year 2025 of

said Provisional Receipts from the BIR:

- 1. Randy Dela Cruz
- 2. Danilo Alcantara
- 3. Gary Paculio
- 4. Ramil Pollo

"RESOLVED FINALLY, that Resolution No. 2025-19 approved on 20 March 2025 be as it is hereby amended."

RESOLUTION NO. 2025-40

"RESOLVED AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation be as it is hereby authorized to sell to Asia United Insurance Inc. in exchange for the insurance proceeds amounting to Eight Hundred Seventy Thousand Pesos (Php870,000.00) its 2024 Toyota Hilux, more particularly described as follows:

Make & Type : 2024 TOYOTA HILUX 2.4J 4X2 MT/

T-0M-009

Plate No. : NHH5637 Motor No. : 2GDD385756

Chassis No. : MROCB8CDXR0419606

"RESOLVED, ALSO, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes its EVP/Corporate Management Services Director, Ms. Stephanie Nicole S. Garcia, to sign, execute, and deliver the Deed of Absolute Sale and any and all documents and instruments as may reasonably be necessary to implement the sale.

"RESOLVED FURTHER, that the Corporation's Corporate Asset Manager, Mr. Benedict J. Mogarte, be as he is hereby authorized to receive for and in behalf of the Corporation the check from Asia United Insurance Inc. representing the proceeds of the insurance claim in the amount of Php870,000.00."

RESOLUTION NO. 2025-41

"RESOLVED AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation be as it is hereby authorized to sell to Philippine British Assurance Company in exchange for the insurance proceeds amounting to One Million Sixty Three Thousand Pesos (Php1,063,000.00) its 2024 Toyota Avanza, more particularly described as follows:

Make & Type : 2024 TOYOTA AVANZA G 1.5 CVT-4T-

001

Plate No. : NKE1805 Motor No. : 2NRY257209

Chassis No. : MHFAB1BY8R3097441

"RESOLVED, ALSO, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes its EVP/Corporate Management Services Director, Ms. Stephanie Nicole S. Garcia, to sign, execute, and deliver the Deed of Absolute Sale and any and all documents and instruments as may reasonably be necessary to implement the sale.

"RESOLVED FURTHER, that the Corporation's Corporate Asset Manager, Mr. Benedict J. Mogarte, be as he is hereby authorized to receive for and in behalf of the Corporation the check from Philippine British Assurance Company representing the proceeds of the insurance claim in the amount of Php1,063,000.00."

Item 16. Matters Not Required to be submitted

No action is to be taken with respect to any matter which is not required to be submitted to a vote of the shareholders.

Item 17. Amendment of Articles of incorporation and By-Laws

No action is to be taken with respect to any amendment of the Corporation's Amended Articles of Incorporation and Amended By-Laws.

Item 18. Other Proposed Action

Appointment of the Stock Transfer Agent: Stock Transfer Service, Inc. (STSI) is recommended for reappointment at the annual stockholders' meeting scheduled on June 27, 2025 as the Corporation's stock transfer agent for the ensuing year.

Item 19. Voting Procedures

For the election of the directors, in accordance with the Corporation's Revised Manual on Corporate Governance, Amended Articles of Incorporation and Amended By-Laws, the stockholders must elect the members of the Board of Directors of the Corporation comprised of nine (9) directors, including independent directors who shall comprise at least 20% of the Board of Directors, who shall hold office for a term of one (1) year, or until their successors shall have been duly elected and qualified.

Following the announcement on the holding of the annual stockholders' meeting, the Nominations, Remunerations, and Corporate Governance Committee accepted the nomination of any individual for election as directors. Thereafter, the Nominations Committee evaluated the nominees for the Board, including nominees for independent directors, and determined that they have all the qualifications and none of the disqualifications to serve in the Board of Directors.

The nominees for the Board of Directors are indicated in the Ballot Form (Annex "C" of the Notice of Meeting). Each stockholder entitled to vote may vote on the shares registered in his/her/its name for as many persons as there are directors, or he/it may cumulate said shares and give one candidate as many votes as the number of directors to be elected multiplied by the number of his/its shares shall equal, or he/it may distribute them on the same principle among as many candidates as he/she/it shall see fit; provided that the total number of votes cast by him/it shall not exceed the number of shares owned by him/her/it multiplied by the whole number of directors to be elected.

For all other matters requiring the vote or resolution of the stockholders, the affirmative vote of the stockholders present and constituting a quorum during the meeting is necessary.

PART II.

INFORMATION REQUIRED IN A PROXY FORM

Item 1. Identification

The Corporation is not soliciting a proxy. All stockholders may, however, designate a proxy of their own choice in case he/she/it cannot attend in the meeting.

Item 2.Instruction

Stockholders who intend to attend the meeting may attend in person or by proxy. If attending by proxy, the proxy form must be submitted to the Special Committee of Election Inspectors of the

Corporation located at Marilao-San Jose Road, Sta. Rosa I, Marilao, Bulacan, on or before June 16, 2025. Proxies shall be validated by the Special Committee on Election Inspectors at said office on June 20, 2025.

On the day of the meeting, the stockholder or his/her duly designated proxy is required to show the Notice he/she received together with your government-issued ID to facilitate registration. Registration shall start at 1:00 pm and shall close at 1:45 pm.

Τl	he	proxy	form	states:
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oxy form states:				
"The undersigned stockholder of VITARICH CORPORATION (the "Corporation") hereby nominates, constitutes, and appoints the following:				
Name of proxyholder:				
or in his/her/its absence, the Chairman or represent and to vote all of his/her/its share in his/her/its name in the corporate books as annual stockholders' meeting of the Corporating postponement or adjournment thereof.	es of stock in th nd records of th	ne Corp ne Corp	oration rooration d	egistered uring the
The proxy is authorized to attend the annual following instructions as regards the matters			_	_
The proxy is given the right to exercise his/her discretion in accomplishing the ballot form to be issued by the Corporation and in voting for the items in the agenda. The proxy shall vote strictly as follows:				
Matter	Matter For Against Abstain			Abstain
Approval of the minutes of the last annual stockholders' meeting				
Report of the President on the results of the 2024 operations and the 2024 audited financial statements				
Ratification of the acts of directors and officers				
Appointment of Reyes Tacandong & Company as external auditor				
Appointment of Stock Transfer Services, Inc. as stock transfer agent				
For the election of directors: Number of shares owned				
Number of votes (no. of shares owned times nine (9) seats)				
Nominee Number of votes, or if you want to distribute your votes equally among the nominees, please place an "x" *		-		
Jose Vicente C. Bengzon, III				
Ricardo Manuel M. Sarmiento				
Stephanie Nicole S. Garcia				
Rogelio M. Sarmiento				
Benjamin I. Sarmiento, Jr.				

Vicente Julian A. Sarza	
Juan Arturo Iluminado De Castro	
Pierre Carlo C. Curay (Independent Director)	
Bienvenido S. Bautista (Independent Director)	
Total*	

^{*} By placing (x) beside the name of the nominee, we shall consider the total number of votes that you are entitled to cast to have been distributed equally to the number of directors that you voted for.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, this proxy has been executed by the undersigned.

Signature:	
Name:	
Date:	

Item 3. Revocability of Proxy

Any stockholder who executes the proxy enclosed with this statement may revoke it at any time before it is exercised by submitting to the Corporate Secretary a written notice of revocation not later than the start of the meeting or by attending the meeting in person.

Item 4. Persons Making the Solicitation

The Corporation is not soliciting any proxy and leaves it to the discretion of the shareholders to exercise the right given them to attend by himself/herself/itself or through a proxy.

Item 5. Interest of Certain Persons in Matters to be Acted Upon

No director, officer or associate of any of the foregoing has any substantial interest, direct or indirect, by security holdings or otherwise, on the matter to be acted upon at the Annual Stockholders' Meeting to be held on June 27, 2025.

Undertaking

This SEC Form 20-IS (Information Statement) is given free of charge to each security holder prior to the Annual Stockholders' Meeting. The Corporation also undertakes to provide, without charge to each security holder except for reasonable expenses incurred to reproduce the exhibits to such report, upon the written request of any such person, a copy of the Corporation's 2024 Annual Report in SEC Form 17-A. Such written request shall be addressed to:

Mr. Ricardo Manuel M. Sarmiento
President / CEO
Vitarich Corporation
Vitarich Corporation Compound
Marilao-San Jose Road, Sta. Rosa I, Marilao, Bulacan

SIGNATURE

After reasonable inquiry and to the best of my knowledge and belief and the records of the Corporation in my possession and/or I have access to, I certify that the information set forth in this report is true, complete and correct. This report is signed in Quezon City on May 30, 2025.

VITARICH CORPORATION

Issuer

Ву:

ATTY. MARY CHRISTINE DABU-PEPITO

Assistant Corporate Secretary/Compliance Officer/

Corporate Information Officer

MANAGEMENT REPORT PART I - BUSINESS AND GENERAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. BUSINESS

HISTORY

Vitarich Corporation ("Corporation" or "Vitarich" or "Company") was incorporated and registered with the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on July 31, 1962 to engage primarily in manufacturing, preparing, processing, mixing and dealing with feeds, foodstuffs, grains, and commodities of every description for poultry, livestock and all kinds of animal feeding. Its shares of stock were registered with the Philippine Stock Exchange on February 8, 1995. Vitarich's authorized capital stock is P1,330,000,000.00 divided into 3.5 billion shares at P0.38/share par value.

Over the years, Vitarich grew to become one of the Philippines' leading integrators. It operates on plants nationwide which produce hog, poultry, and other specialty feed requirements. It is an integrated poultry producer who oversees every aspect of the poultry production. It is involved in breeding, hatching, growing, to sales and marketing of its animals.

The Corporation's registered principal place of business is at Marilao-San Jose Road, Sta. Rosa I, Marilao, Bulacan. It also operates in Northern and Southern Luzon (Bicol and Isabela), Visayas (Iloilo and Bacolod), and Mindanao (Davao, General Santos City and Cagayan de Oro).

SUBSIDIARY

BARBATOS VENTURES CORPORATION

On October 27, 2021, Vitarich's Board of Directors approved the terms of the Memorandum of Understanding ("MOU") between Vitarich and Luzon Agriventure Inc. ("LAVI") for the acquisition of shares owned and held by LAVI in Barbatos Ventures Corporation ("BVC"), a private domestic corporation engaged in, among other activities, poultry production as well as in the processing, raising, and breeding of chickens and similar stocks. After the execution of the MOU on October 28, 2021, due diligence was conducted via external audit by MG Madrid & Company as of September 30, 2021, upon which BVC's valuation was based. Based on said due diligence, BVC's actual results of operations in October and November and the projections for December 2021 will result in a neutral Net Asset Valuation. As such, LAVI agreed to absolutely, unconditionally, and irrevocably assign and transfer all its rights, title, and interest in BVC for a consideration of P1.00 in favor of Vitarich. On December 16, 2021, the Corporation's Board of Directors approved the acquisition of 100% of the outstanding capital stock of BVC from LAVI for a consideration of P1.00. Beginning January 1, 2022, BVC operated as a wholly-owned subsidiary of Vitarich. Issuance and transfer of BVC shares of stock were also duly completed in January 2022.

BUSINESS OF ISSUER

Business Segments and Product Distribution

For management purposes, the Company is organized and managed separately according to the nature of products and services provided, with each segment representing a strategic business unit that offers different products and serves different markets.

The industry segments where the Company operates are:

- a. The Foods segment is engaged in the growing, production, and distribution of chicken broilers, either as live or dressed chickens. Its products are distributed to hotels, restaurants, institutional clients, wet markets, and supermarkets. Its dressed chicken products are distributed and sold under the Cook's brand and under the Fresh, Freshly Frozen, and Flavor Origins variants.
- b. The Feeds segment caters to the feed requirement of the poultry growers and livestock raisers industry. The Company manufactures and distributes animal feeds, animal health and nutritional products, and feed supplements under several lines such as Premium, Advantage Plus, Premium Plus, Professional, and Poultry Advantage. Each line has several brands and/or variants.
- c. The Farms segment is involved in the production, sales, and distribution of day-old chicks.

The Corporate and Others segment includes general and corporate income and expense items of the Company which are not specifically identifiable to a particular segment.

The relative contributions of each principal product to consolidated revenue for the years ended December 31, 2024, December 31, 2023, and December 31, 2022 are:

PHP million

	2024	2023	Change	2022	Change
Feeds	4,507	5,128	-12%	5,199	-1%
Foods	7,438	6,944	7%	6,241	11%
Farms	594	424	40%	528	-20%
	12,539	12,496	0.35%	11,968	4%

Competition

Although the Corporation is focused on the chicken and feeds industry, it faces competition from several sources by virtue of its integrated operations. The Corporation continuously improves its objectives and strategic plans to effectively compete with other integrators not only for consumers of its products but also for production resources such as contract growers and contract breeders. The Corporation competes based on product performance.

Principal competitors of the Company are San Miguel Corporation (B-Meg), UNAHCO, Cargill, New Hope, CJ Feeds, CP Feeds, Philmico, Uno Feeds, Excell, ADM, Sunjin, Vienovo and Inoza Feeds for the feed business. Key players in poultry business are San Miguel Corporation (Magnolia), Bounty, Foster, Danway, CP, Sustamina, Gamma Foods, Chicken Essential and Leong hup.

Sources of Raw Materials

The raw material components of feeds represent the most significant cost components of the Company's operations. The major raw materials of the Company's feed business are corn, wheat, and soybean meal. The Company purchases these materials directly from either local or foreign traders. Imported materials originate from USA, Pakistan, Indonesia, Vietnam, Myanmar, and

Japan. The Company is not dependent on, nor has any major existing supply contracts with, any single or limited number of its suppliers for the purchase of essential raw materials.

Customers

Vitarich has various customers from all product lines and is not dependent on any single or few customers. The loss of one or two of its customers does not have any adverse material effect on its operations. No customer of the Corporation accounts for 20% of its sales. The Corporation has existing sales contracts with business partners and customers in normal and regular business transactions.

Trademarks, Royalty, and Patents

As of 2024, the Company continued to use the following trademarks, devices, and logos, which were previously registered with the Intellectual Property Office of the Philippines ("IPOPhil") on the dates opposite to its names:

TRADEMARK	IPOPHIL Status	Filing Date	Registration Date
CORPORATE			
		Friday, January 22,	
Rich in History, Rich in Excellence	Registered	2021	Friday, May 21, 2021
Building Partnerships. Growing Business	Registered	Friday, January 22, 2021	Friday, May 21, 2021
		Tuesday, January 19,	
Alagang Vitarich Alagang Panalo	Registered	2021	Friday, May 21, 2021
Vitarich Corporation	Registered	Friday, January 15, 2021	Friday, May 21, 2021
Vitarich LPP Lifetime Profitable		Saturday, June 6,	
Partnership	Registered	2020	Friday, April 9, 2021
Forging Livelihood, Nourishing Lives	Registered	Thursday, October 17, 2019	Saturday, March 14, 2020
Leadership with Integrity, Excellence,		Thursday, October 17,	Saturday, March 14,
Care for Others	Registered	2019	2020
		Saturday, January 6,	Saturday, February
Vitarich Corporation (new logo)	Registered	2024	17, 2024
FEEDS			
Gromax	Registered	Wednesday, February 17, 2021	Saturday, March 5, 2022
Vitarich Poultry Advantage	Registered	Wednesday, August 25, 2021	Thursday, December 9, 2021
Electcee	Registered	Monday, August 30, 2021	Thursday, December 9, 2021
Gromaxicillin	Registered	Monday, August 30, 2021	Sunday, November 7, 2021
Advantage sa Mabilisang Paglaki, Plus sa		Monday, June 25,	Thursday, November
Mabilisang Kita	Registered	2018	21, 2019
The Breakthrough Innovation in		Monday, June 25,	
Professional Hog Raising	Registered	2018	Sunday, June 2, 2019
Vitarich Professional	Registered	Friday, March 2, 2018	Sunday, June 2, 2019
With Premium Quality comes Premium		Monday, June 25,	Thursday, May 23,
Performance	Registered	2018	2019
Vitarich Premium Plus	Registered	Thursday, November	Sunday, September

		23, 2017	2, 2018
		Thursday, November	Sunday, September
Vitarich Advantage Plus	Registered	23, 2017	2, 2018
Vitaricii Advantage Fius	Registered	Tuesday, April 25,	Monday, March 4,
Vitarich Premium Plus	Ongoing	2023	2024
Vitarien Fremium Flus	Origonia	Tuesday, April 25,	Monday, March 4,
Vitarich Advantage Plus	Ongoing	2023	2024
Vitaricii Auvantage Flus	Oligoling	Monday, March 18,	Monday, June 24,
Hoavy gat	Registered	2024	2024
Heavy-gat	Ongoing	Wednesday, August 7,	2024
Vitarich Feeds	registration	2024	
FOODS	registration	2024	
FUUDS		Madagaday July 22	Cundou Ostobou 2
Freehly Freen	Dogistored	Wednesday, July 22, 2020	Sunday, October 3, 2021
Freshly Frozen	Registered		2021
Caalda	Desistand	Friday, January 15, 2021	Friday May 21 2021
Cook's	Registered		Friday, May 21, 2021
Cook's Premium Chicken The		Wednesday, February	Saturday, August 21,
Healthylicious Option	Registered	17, 2021	2021
		Thursday, August 11,	Monday, January 23,
Cook's Flavor Origins	Registered	2022	2023
Cook's Premium Chicken The		Tuesday, November	Thursday, August 22,
Healthylicious Option	Registered	14, 2023	2024
	Ongoing	Saturday, September	Saturday, November
Choose Cook's	registration	28, 2024	23, 2024
	Ongoing	Saturday, September	Saturday, November
Cook's Power Origins	registration	28, 2024	23, 2024
	Ongoing	Saturday, September	Sunday, February 2,
Cook's Choice Cuts	registration	28, 2024	2025
	Ongoing	Saturday, September	Sunday, February 2,
Cook's Rice Cooker Meal	registration	28, 2024	2025

The Company continues to use the above-mentioned marks and had filed the required Declaration of Actual Use with the IPOPhil as the same falls due per trademark/mark. Company does not hold any other patent, trademark, franchise, concession, or royalty agreement.

Certifications

In 2007, Vitarich further solidified its commitment to product quality and safety when its Company-owned feed mill facilities in the Visayas and Mindanao received ISO 22000:2005 certification for Food Safety Management System (FSMS). This certification, granted by the International Organization for Standardization (ISO), recognized the company's conforming feed safety management system. Vitarich has since adopted preventive measures to address physical, chemical, and biological hazards throughout the feed manufacturing process, coupled with rigorous product and process inspections. The company remains steadfast in maintaining the requirements of these standards for its Iloilo and Davao feed mill plants. In 2021, both plants successfully received ISO 22000:2018 Food Safety Management System Certifications, which are still in effect and actively implemented today.

Vitarich's food business is equally dedicated to delivering safe, high-quality food products, adhering to the Codex Alimentarius Commission's General Principles on Food Hygiene and Guidelines on Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Points (HACCP). In March 2024, the company successfully underwent a HACCP Surveillance Audit, reaffirming its HACCP Certification for the verification and delivery of raw and frozen chicken, including giblets. This

certification, awarded by NQA Philippines, Inc., an accredited certifying body recognized by the United Kingdom Accreditation Service (UKAS), demonstrates Vitarich's unwavering commitment to food safety.

Looking forward, the company plans to level-up the established HACCP-based management system by adopting the ISO 9001:2015 Quality Management System, which will provide a more structured framework for policies, processes, and procedures to consistently meet customer requirements and improve operational efficiency. As an outcome of the combined Quality and Food Safety Management system we will be able to deliver quality and safe products and services to consistently meet the highest standards.

Currently, Vitarich ensures that its company-owned dressing plants in Marilao and Tugbok are both GMP- and HACCP-certified, while all its toll dressing plants hold GMP certification. Notably, the dressing plant in Tugbok, Davao earned its first HACCP Certification in October 2024. In addition, Vitarich Corporation holds an FDA License to Operate as a Food Trader, which was issued in October 2023 and remains valid until October 11, 2028.

Government Regulations and Approval

As an agri-business, the Corporation operates within a highly regulated environment governed by government standards. Adherence to environmental laws not only fosters positive relationships within communities and industries but also assures employees and the surrounding community of their health and safety. This commitment safeguards the Corporation from potential violations and penalties.

In addition to environmental compliance, the Company prioritizes ensuring the delivery of safe and high-quality products to consumers. This involves seeking government approval for its core products and services, as well as securing registration for its feed mill, accreditation for its chemical laboratory, and certification for its meat plant and cold storage facilities, in accordance with the standards set by the Bureau of Animal Industry ("BAI"), the Food and Drug Administration ("FDA") and the National Meat Inspection Services ("NMIS"). Furthermore, the Corporation diligently acquires all necessary permits from the Environmental Management Bureau ("EMB") under the Department of Environment and Natural Resources ("DENR") for its feed mill plants, dressing plants, and rendering plants.

The Company has successfully obtained all required permits, licenses, and government approvals to manufacture and distribute its products. It remains vigilant regarding any potential legislative changes that may impact its operations or financial standing, yet currently, there are no known recent or impending regulations that could significantly affect its business or financial condition.

Research and Development

The Company's research and development efforts are centrally organized under the Research and Development Department to focus on the following core activities:

- Product Quality and Innovations
- Research and Development
- Advanced Animal Nutrition

A Research and Development Manager directs these activities, which include the following:

- Advanced Animal nutrition
- Diagnostic Laboratory Services
- Feeds and Feeds Quality Control
- Poultry Genetic Research
- New Product Development
- Technical Extension Services for contract breeders, growers, and sales clients

The inauguration of the Corporation's renovated Research Center in 2001 upgraded its chemical laboratory capability and further improved the analysis procedure. The acquisition of modern laboratory equipment shortened the duration for analyzing products.

The Chemical Laboratory handles most of the laboratory services needed for feed processing, from raw material analyses to finished products tests. The Diagnostic Laboratory handles all the laboratory support related to feed and food safety as well as the surveillance, prevention, and diagnosis of diseases to ensure health maintenance of livestock.

To ensure that its edge in the reliability and accuracy of its analysis is kept, it continuously upgrades its equipment, e.g., the LECO protein analyzer, which is based on combustion, a faster way of analyzing crude protein in feedstuff; the LECO Bomb Calorimeter, which is used to measure Gross Energy in Feedstuff; and the Atomic Absorption Analyzer for macro and trace minerals, including heavy metals. The acquisition of the ICP (Inductively Coupled Plasma) allows the Company to analyze complex minerals and heavy metals simultaneously. The Gas Chromatograph is capable of accurately determining fatty acid as well as Volatile Fatty Acids and Hormones. The NIR (Near InfraRed System) is capable of performing proximate analysis, including amino acids, in a very short amount of time. The Company also upgraded its Fat Extractor, Kjel Dahl Protein Analyzer, and the Ankom Fiber Analyzer Unit. Active Water and Moisture Analyzer units are used for the stability testing of the finished product as well as the maintenance of quality for raw materials. UV-Vis equipment is used for mineral and enzyme analysis. Additional serological tests, including for Avian Influenza virus and ELISA-based Swine serology, were instituted to serve the growing expectations of the consumers.

To ensure food quality, HACCP-based quality system is being followed and adopted in the dressing plants as certified by DA-NMIS. The Company adheres to HACCP principles by identifying and monitoring Critical Control Points (CCPs), implementing corrective actions, and regularly assessing food safety hazards. Furthermore, through employee training, GMP practices focus on personal hygiene, sanitation, pest control, equipment maintenance, proper handling, supplier control, and infrastructure maintenance. Regular QA verifications and customer audits provide valuable feedback for continuous improvement. Using data-driven decisions and internal audits helps optimize processes and prevent potential issues, ensuring consistent product quality and safety. Material acceptance inspection, routine environment and product testing, lot traceability, and fostering a culture of food safety and quality among employees further support quality assurance. For research and development activities, the Corporation spent P10.8 million in 2024, P8.8 million in 2023, and P10.6 million in 2022.

Cost and Effects of Compliance with Environmental Laws

Vitarich complies with all environmental laws and regulations implemented by the EMB-DENR and invests appropriately to ensure its compliance. To ensure that its facilities stay compliant with existing environmental laws, the Company implemented the following activities:

- 1. Annual stack Emission Testing of boilers to ensure that all the gases being emitted during the operation of boilers and power generators are within the Standards of the Clean Air Act of the Philippines. For the Davao plant, a 3rd- party tester (Berksman) has been tapped for emissions testing of the 2 boiler units for Plant 1, the 2 boiler units for Plant 2. The most recent test was conducted on October 22-25, 2024 at a cost of Two Hundred Fifty-Seven Thousand Six Hundred Pesos (P257,600.00). The Vitarich Davao plant passed all the parameters and earned a satisfactory rating. The result was submitted to EMB as compliance to conditions for maintaining the Permit to Operate Air Pollution Sources and Control Installations ("POA") last December 20,2024. The single-unit power generator for Plant 2 will be scheduled for emission test in the first quarter of 2025.
- 2. For Iloilo, the Permit to Operate ("PTO") for the boiler was issued on November 22, 2022, with five years of validity until April 8, 2027. Annual Boiler Stack Emission Testing was done last April 08, 2024 and testing fee was Fifty Six Thousand pesos (P56,000.00). All required parameters passed the EMB-DENR standards. Subsequent annual Boiler Servicing and Emissions Testing will be carried out subject to inspection and approval by the DOLE and EMB-DENR.
- 3. Regular Monitoring of the final discharge of wastewater from the Corporation's plants, ensuring that water discharge from the operations is within the regulatory standards set by the Clean Water Act. The Iloilo Plant's Wastewater Discharge Permit was issued on February 21, 2024 after passing all the test parameters for Wastewater Discharges and after submission of all relevant documents. The cost of the Laboratory Analysis fee amounted to Seven Thousand Five Hundred Pesos (P7,500.00) and the fee for the permit for processing Waste Water Discharge was Two Thousand One Hundred Twenty Three & 05/100 Pesos (P2,123.05). For the Davao plant, the Waste Water Discharge permit was issued in January 2021 with validity coverage of 5 years. The cost of acquiring the permit was Fourteen Thousand Forty Pesos (P14,040.00).
- 4. In view of the warehouse expansion projects, for its Iloilo warehouse, the Company sought an Environmental Compliance Certificate (ECC-EPRMP) from the EMB of the DENR Region 6 on August 15, 2018. Processing cost was Ten Thousand Pesos (P10,000.00). Meanwhile, the Davao plants were issued an ECC for Expansion (incorporating the 2 existing ECCs of the Davao Feed Mill and the DSFC Feed Mill). The New ECC (#ECC-OL-R11-2020-0069) issued on January 20, 2020 is still in effect and covers compliance with the Clean Air Act, Clean Water Act, Waste Management Act, and all other regulatory compliance legislation. Processing cost incurred was around Ten Thousand pesos (P10,000.00). Furthermore, the Corporation's Dressing Plant in Marilao, Bulacan, was issued an amended ECC on November 8, 2021. The cost for the amendment of the ECC was Fifty-Two Thousand Thirty pesos (P52,030.00).
- 5. Regular Repair and Maintenance of all facilities, including attached pollution control facilities, ensure good operating conditions and thereby prevent or control pollution coming from the plants.

- 6. Continuous Improvement of pollution control devices and/or equipment to meet regulatory standards.
- 7. Annual renewal of permits from DENR-EMB is secured. Cost varies for each plant ranging from One Thousand Pesos (P1,000.00) to Ten Thousand Pesos (P10,000.00).
- 8. VDAP Certificate was not renewed as there is an existing transition for veterinary product certification from BAI to FDA. For Iloilo Plant, it secured Online Hazardous Waste Generator Registration Certificate (OL-GR-R6-30-045491) issued last May 28, 2024 transitioning from manually issued Hazardous Waste Generator ID last January 5, 2017.
- 9. The Company had taken steps in 2023 to comply with RA 11898 or the Extended Producer Responsibility Act of 2022 and incurred costs amounting to at least Two Hundred Eighty-Five Thousand One Hundred Twenty Pesos (P285,120.00). It sought accreditation with Philippine Alliance for Recycling and Materials Sustainability. It had already accredited a waste diverter in Davao in is now in the process of engaging a DENR-accredited third-party auditor. Contract with waste diverter, Envirotech, was terminated last July 2024. We are now in contract with Filemon Scrap Sack Dealer, a DENR accredited entity with CNC-R11-1408-007 accreditation.

Manpower Complement

As of December 31, 2024, total headcount was 1,472 employees, including 695 regulars and 777 contractual employees from reputable service provider. The Federation of Free Workers - Vitarich Corporation Employees / Workers Union Chapter (FFW – VEWU) is the duly authorized collective bargaining agent that represents all rank-and-file employees of the Corporation.

Pension Costs/Retirement Benefits

The Company has a partially funded, non-contributory post–employment defined benefit plan covering all of its regular full-time employees. The defined benefit plan is being administered by a trustee bank which is responsible for the administration of the plan asset. The Company's retirement benefits are based on years of service and one and one-fourth (1-1/4) month's salary for every year of continuous service.

The plan is exposed to interest rate risk and changes in the life expectancy of qualified employees. The plan is not exposed to significant concentrations of risk on the plan assets. Actuarial valuations are made periodically to update the retirement liability and the amount of contributions. The latest actuarial valuation of the plan is as of December 31, 2024.

Financial Risk Management

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash, trade and other receivables (excluding advances to officers and employees), receivable from an insurance company, security deposits, trade and other payables (excluding statutory payables), loans payable, lease liabilities and cash bond deposits.

It is the Company's policy that no trading in financial instruments shall be undertaken. The main risks arising from the Company's financial instruments are credit risk, liquidity risk and interest

rate risk. The BOD and its Audit, Risk Oversight, and Related Party Transactions Committee reviews and approves policies for managing these risks as summarized below.

Credit Risk

The Company's exposure to credit risk arises from the failure of a counterparty to fulfill its financial commitments to the Company under the prevailing contractual terms. Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to credit risk consist primarily of trade receivables and other financial assets at amortized cost. The carrying amounts of these financial assets represent its maximum credit exposure.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may not be able to settle its obligations as they fall due.

The Company monitors its risk to a shortage of funds through analyzing the maturity of its financial liabilities and cash flows from operations. The Company monitors its cash position by a system of cash forecasting, wherein all expected collections, check disbursements and other payments are determined on a timely basis to arrive at the projected cash position to cover its obligations.

The Company's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility. The Company addresses liquidity concerns primarily through cash flows from operations.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that future cash flows from a financial instrument (cash flow interest rate risk) or its fair value (fair value interest rate risk) will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's loans payable to local banks are subject to fixed interest rates and are exposed to fair value interest rate risk. The re-pricing of these instruments is done on regular intervals. The Company regularly monitors interest rate movements and on the basis of current and projected economic and monetary data, decides on the best alternative to take. No sensitivity analysis is needed as management has assessed that future interest rate changes are not expected to significantly affect the Company's consolidated net income.

Foreign Currency Risk

To a certain extent, the Company has an exposure to foreign currency risks as some of its raw materials purchases are sourced outside the Philippines and are therefore denominated in foreign currencies. However, the Company has not yet experienced significant losses due to the effect of foreign currency fluctuations because purchases denominated in foreign currency are kept at a minimum.

Financial and Other Risks Relating to Livestock

The Company is exposed to various risks affecting the food industry such as food spoilage and contamination, thus, it is regulated by environmental, health and food safety organizations. The Company has processes and systems in place to monitor food safety risks in all stages of manufacturing and processing to mitigate these risks. In addition, the livestock industry is exposed to risks associated with supply and price volatility of its inventories and livestock. To mitigate this

risk, the Company regularly monitors the supply and price of commodities and enters into supply agreements at a reasonable price.

ITEM 2. PROPERTIES

The Corporation operates and/or leases numerous production facilities, which include feed mills, dressing plants, and hatcheries. As of March 31, 2025, these facilities include the following:

	Condition	Remarks	
Feed Mill			
Luzon	Good	Toll	
Visayas	Good	Owned	
Mindanao	Good	Owned	
Dressing Plant			
Luzon	Good	Owned	
Visayas	Good	Toll	
Mindanao	Good	Owned	
Hatchery			
Luzon	Good	Toll	
Visayas	Good	Toll	
Mindanao	Good	Toll	

The Corporation will only consider a project which is critical to its continued operations and will likewise generate substantial cost savings and higher return of investment.

ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

In 2014, Vitarich filed a case against Charter Ping An Insurance Corporation ("Charter Ping An") before the Regional Trial Court ("RTC") of Malolos City, Bulacan, to claim insurance proceeds of Three Hundred Sixteen Million Five Hundred Sixty One Thousand, One Hundred Fifty Eight and 81/100 Pesos (P316,561,158.81) as indemnity for the damages and losses suffered by the Corporation due to typhoon Ondoy in 2009. The case was docketed as Civil Case No. 662-M-2014 and was raffled to Branch 15 of the RTC of Malolos City. Vitarich was partially paid the amount of about Fifty-Eight Million Nine Hundred Thousand Pesos (P58.9M) in 2016 when the court granted Vitarich's Motion for Summary Judgment concerning the amount admitted by Charter Ping An.

On May 31, 2023, the trial court granted Vitarich's claim and ordered Charter Ping An to pay Vitarich, among others, the amount of Two Hundred Forty Seven Million Six Hundred Twenty Thousand Five Hundred Fifty Five Pesos (P247,620,555.00), representing the actual loss of the insurance claim. On June 7, 2023, Charter Ping An appealed the case to the Court of Appeals Manila. On 02 December 2024, the Court of Appeals directed Charter Ping An to file an Appellant's Brief within 45 days from notice. On 10 February 2025, Charter Ping An sought an additional period of 45 days or until 06 April 2025 within which to submit its brief.

Management and its legal counsel believe that the ongoing litigation on the remaining claims will not result in any significant adverse impact on the Company's financial condition and results of operations.

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

There were no matters submitted to a vote of security holders during the calendar year covered by this report other than those made during the Annual Stockholders' Meeting held on June 28, 2024. The results of the ASM were disclosed to the Philippine Stock Exchange via the PSE Edge portal on June 28, 2024 and posted on the Company's website. A copy of the draft of the Minutes of the meeting is also posted on the Company's website.

PART II - OPERATIONAL AND FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 5. MARKET PRICE OF AND DIVIDENDS FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

Market Information

The Corporation's common equity is principally traded in the Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE). The high and low sales prices for every quarter ended are indicated in the table below:

	2023		2024		2025	
	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low
1st Quarter	0.64	0.61	0.495	0.49	0.72	0.69
2nd Quarter	0.63	0.6	0.475	0.475		
3rd Quarter	0.57	0.54	0.73	0.69		
4th Quarter	0.52	0.5	0.53	0.52		

The closing/sales price of the Corporation's common shares as of the last trading date of the month preceding the submission of the Information Statement, April 30, 2025, was P0.61 per share. There are no securities to be issued in connection with an acquisition, business combination or other reorganization.

Holders

The Corporation has only one class of shares i.e., common shares. The total number of stockholders as of April 30, 2025 is 4,092 and the total number of shares outstanding on that date was 3,054,334,014.

		<u>April 2025</u>	Dec 2024	<u>Dec 2023</u>
Nu	mber of Issued & Outstanding Shares	3,054,334,014	3,054,334,014	3,054,334,014
Nu	mber of Stockholders	4,095	4,095	4,103
Nu	mber of Shareholders owning at least one board lot	3,094	3,094	3,102

The Company's foreign equity ownership as of April 30, 2025 is as follows:

	No. of Shares	% of Ownership
Shares owned by Filipino	2,962,663,684	97%
Shares owned by Foreigners	91,670,330	3%
Total	3,054,334,014	100%

Dividends

The Corporation adheres to and follows the requirements under Section 42 of the Revised Corporation Code of the Philippines with respect to the declaration of dividends. The Corporation has not declared any dividend since 1996 because there's not enough unrestricted retained earnings to allow it to declare dividends (please see the Supplementary Schedule of Retained Earnings Available for Dividend Declaration as disclosed on the Consolidated Audited Financial Statements attached to this Information Statement).

Sales of Unregistered Securities

The Corporation has not sold unregistered or exempt securities within the past three (3) years. Neither has it issued securities within the past three (3) years.

Top 20 Stockholders

Listed below are the top 20 stockholders of the Corporation as of April 30, 2025:

Rank	Name of Stockholders	Number of Shares	Percent to Total Outstanding Shares
1	PCD NOMINEE CORPORATION (FILIPINO)	2,940,948,252	96.29%
2	PCD NOMINEE CORPORATION (NON-FILIPINO)	93,170,630	3.05%
3	YAZAR CORPORATION	1,402,520	0.05%
4	MARIA CRISTINA GEMA ROXAS YUHICO	1,305,320	0.04%
5	JOSE M. SARMIENTO	1,305,320	0.04%
6	MA. VICTORIA M. SARMIENTO	1,305,320	0.04%
7	GLICERIA M. SARMIENTO	690,000	0.02%
8	NELIA CRUZ	527,850	0.02%
9	ROGELIO M. SARMIENTO	290,000	0.01%
10	BETINA ANGELINA I. SARMIENTO	228,510	0.01%
11	NORBERTO T. HOFELENA	220,778	0.01%
12	GLADY Y. LAO	215,000	0.01%
13	ANTONINO S. RAAGAS	210,000	0.01%
14	BERNAD SECURITIES, INC.	203,000	0.01%
15	DANIEL J. ADVINCULA	200,000	0.01%
16	RUDY A. VERANO	200,000	0.01%
17	ORLANDO P. CARVAJAL	175,000	0.01%

		Total Shares Issued and Outstanding	3,054,334,014	100%	
		Others	11,291,380	0.37%	
	20	BIENVENIDO LIM	140,000	0.00%	
	19	LORENZO S. SARMIENTO	141,134	0.00%	
I	18	TERESITA Y. SARMIENTO	164,000	0.01%	
					i

Description of Shares

Securities of the Corporation consist entirely of common stock with par value of P0.38 per share. All shares are equally eligible to receive dividends and repayment of capital and each share is entitled to one vote at the shareholders' meeting of the Corporation.

ITEM 6. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OR PLAN OF OPERATION

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Fiscal Year 2024 compared to Fiscal Year 2023

The Company delivered record results in 2024 with revenues of ₱12.539 billion, net income of ₱216.6 million, and earnings per share of ₱0.071.

"2024 was a banner year for VITA, marked by our highest annual profit and strong momentum in innovation," said Rocco Sarmiento, Chief Executive Officer. "We continue to enhance our competitiveness and profitability through a balanced portfolio, improved cost efficiency, and more optimized supply chain. These efforts position us well for sustained growth moving forward."

Revenues were ₱12.539 billion, slightly exceeding the historical high achieved in 2023. Growth was led by the Foods segment, benefiting from the ongoing business transformation towards modern trade and hotels, restaurants, and institutional customers, along with favorable market movements that drove volume growth and a recovery in chicken prices. This more than offset the lower revenues in the Feeds business, which remained challenged due to the reduced hog population from the African Swine Fever outbreak.

Gross profit increased 66.2% to ₱1.504 billion as cost of goods declined 4.8% to ₱11.0 billion, reflecting lower raw material prices which dropped by about 10%. As a result, gross profit margin expanded to 12.0% from 7.2% in 2023.

Operating profit rose 37 times to ₱397.8 million after administrative and selling and distribution expenses increased 23.7%, primarily due to higher costs from adding distribution channels and ecommerce. As a percentage of sales, operating expenses including growth-related investments in personnel and marketing inched up to 8.8% of revenues from 7.2% in 2023.

Net income surged 16 times to ₱216.6 million or earnings of ₱0.071 a share, with profitability in all segments of the business.

Segment highlights

• In Foods, revenues reached an all-time high of ₱7.438 billion, rising 7.1% year-on-year fueled by improvements in volume of 4.3% and pricing of 2.3%. By geography, growth was driven by Visayas and Luzon. Visayas drove volume growth with a strong double-digit

increase. Luzon remained the largest market, gaining from positive pricing and volume trends. Foods comprised 59.3% of revenues from 55.6% in 2023.

- In Feeds, revenues were \$\frac{1}{2}4.507\$ billion, 12.1% lower than in the previous year due to less favorable volumes and prices, notably in Luzon and Mindanao. While total layer feed volumes rose sharply by 25.8%, the ongoing negative impact of African Swine Fever led to a reduction in demand for hog feeds. Broiler feed sales also slowed, tempered by weak farm gate chicken prices in the first four months of the year which stemmed from an oversupply in the market. Feeds accounted for 35.9% of revenues from 41.0% in 2023.
- In Farms, revenues grew to ₱594.2 million, increasing 40.0% year-on-year mostly from a higher net gain on the fair value of biological assets such as day-old chicks, in line with improved selling prices at the end of the period. Farms represented 4.7% of revenues from 3.4% in 2023.

Environment and community-focused programs

Aligned with its environmental, social, and governance (ESG) strategy, VITA continued to promote shared value creation and local impact by contributing to economic resilience across its value chain. For the year, the value distributed to stakeholders amounted to \$12.447 billion. Of this amount, \$10.999 billion was payments to suppliers including small- to large-scale farmers for operating costs, \$371.4 million for employee wages and benefits, and \$296.6 million for taxes, licenses, and fees to the national and local governments. Overall, VITA spent 95% of its total procurement budget on domestic suppliers, enabling local economic development.

Among recent highlights, VITA launched its *Sagip Kalikasan* initiative in Bulacan, a multi-year program that uses bamboo as a solution for climate change mitigation, water purification, and community development. Subject to the results of the baseline study, the program aims to (a) rehabilitate 600 meters of riverbanks to prevent erosion and restore biodiversity, (b) sequester at least 10% of carbon dioxide by planting and maintaining bamboo groves; (c) reduce toxic contaminants by 20% to improve water quality through bamboo's natural phytoremediation capabilities, (d) provide sustainability education to at least 1,500 learners to empower them to take climate action; (e) explore opportunities to generate livelihoods for local families through the development of a bamboo-based industry; and (f) strengthen the company's sustainability efforts by integrating bamboo-based solutions into its corporate social responsibility and ESG frameworks, in line with the UN Sustainable Development Goals.

2025 Outlook

To accelerate growth and improve market share, VITA remains committed to strengthening its Foods segment through the *Cook's* brand by scaling up its fresh and ready-to-cook chicken products and investing in marketing. The strategic partnership with NOVOGEN, a French leader in layer genetics, also positions the Farms segment for further growth and may generate potential benefits extending to other segments.

On a full-year basis, the company expects revenues to post double-digit growth and income to improve significantly, developing throughout the year and over the medium term as the company continues to deliver on its growth plans.

Fiscal Year 2023 compared to Fiscal Year 2022

The Company reported revenues of ₱12.5 billion in 2023, an increase of 4% year-over-year, with the following highlights:

- Foods segment was the largest contributor to revenues at 56%, growing 11% from last year to ₱6.9 billion. There was continued momentum in the business with a 14% volume expansion led by demand in Luzon and the Visayas. Pricing, however, was under pressure amid oversupply of chicken in the market.
- Feeds segment comprised 41% of revenues, which was down 1% versus the prior year to ₱5.1 billion. Pricing climbed 16% while sales volume decreased 15%. This performance was due to multiple factors, including the following: the continued gradual increase in selling prices which the Company implemented since 2022 in response to high input cost inflation; the lower demand for hog feeds due to the continued spread of African swine fever; and the depressed selling prices of chicken which dampened the demand for broiler feeds among the commercial farms.
- Farms segment accounted for 3% of revenues, reflecting a 20% decrease to ₱424.4 million as a result of overall market conditions. A fair value changes on biological assets amounting to a loss of ₱47.8 million was recognized as part of revenues based on lower estimated selling price of chicken in the market.

Gross profit was ₱904.5 million, a 19% decline from the previous year, as cost of goods rose 6% to ₱11.6 billion on higher production costs. Gross margin decreased to 7% from 9%.

Net income was ₱13.3 million with earnings per share of ₱0.004 compared with ₱89.6 million and ₱0.029 in 2022 largely due to the decline in gross profit combined with higher operating expenses mainly from increased labor costs.

The Company is implementing efforts to strengthen a more resilient business model to deliver its long-term business and financial goals. These initiatives include stronger marketing and brand support, capability investment, and increased visibility in modern trade channels which are expected to drive top-line growth and gross margin expansion.

Fiscal Year 2022 compared to Fiscal Year 2021

The Company achieved historic revenues of P12.0 billion, in 2022, an increase of 23% year-over-year, marking the first time in the company's 60-year history that annual revenues exceeded P10 billion. All business segments were profitable with strong momentum in the Foods segment.

Rocco Sarmiento, President and CEO, said, "2022 brought many challenges to families and businesses particularly as inflation intensified and food prices rose by double digits. Despite this difficult environment, our team at VITA worked tirelessly and delivered solid revenue growth and improved net income."

Cost of goods accelerated 23% to P10.9 billion following higher sales volumes and input costs. Key raw materials including wheat, soybean, and corn, which comprised about 70% of feed costs, soared an average of 25%. In addition, price increases in fuel, energy, and labor exerted further pressure on handling costs and the return of some post-pandemic operating costs, such as travel costs.

Gross profit grew 24% to P1.1 billion and operating profit increased 21% to P223.2 million. The impact of cost inflation was partially offset by volume growth, pricing changes, and efficiencies.

Net income reached P129.0 million with earnings per share of P0.042, up 44% over the prior year.

Looking ahead, the company expects another year of strong revenue growth as well as better margins in 2023, encouraged by an expansion in its sales channels and the positive reception of the recently launched value-added products. At the same time, it remains alert in assessing the risks of persistent higher input costs and supply chain disruptions.

Segment highlights

Revenues from the Foods segment amounted to P6.2 billion, an all-time high on 47% growth, as the
more robust recovery in food services and restaurants lifted demand and the company's value-added
products that were unveiled in November provided some additional support. Volume was up 22% led
by demand in Luzon and Mindanao while average prices increased 19%, reflecting significant cost
inflation. The Foods segment comprised 52% of overall revenues.

During the year, the segment widened its operations in various areas nationwide—in Luzon: Isabela and Bicol; in Visayas: Samar and Leyte; in Mindanao: Zamboanga City, Bukidnon, Marawi, Sultan Kudarat, and Saranggani. It also launched *Cook's* Flavor Origins in November as part of its growth strategy at the retail level. Product offering includes differentiated items such as French Roast, Mediterranean Roast, and South African Roast.

• Feeds revenues grew 11% to P5.2 billion driven by pricing which increased 18% compared to the year-ago period versus input costs of 23%. As expected, price actions had an unfavorable impact on volume which declined 6%. The Feeds segment comprised 44% of revenues.

The segment made significant progress towards operational milestones by increasing the number of distributors, megadealers, and retail feed outlets across Capiz, Aklan, and Central Negros over the course of the year. It also began its multiyear campaign that will establish the brand as "The Specialist in Animal Nutrition." Another highlight of the year is the introduction of further initiatives that address sustainability opportunities. This included the transition to reusable woven feed sacks from laminated bags in order to manage its product design and lifecycle.

Farms revenues were down 32% to P529.0 million due to the shortage of day-old chicks. A fair value adjustments on biological assets amounting to P12.1 million was recognized as part of revenues and P1.1 million as part of cost of goods. The Farms segment comprised 4% of revenues.

Fiscal Year 2021 compared to Fiscal Year 2020

Vitarich Hits Record High Revenues of P9.7 billion in 2021

The Company reports an all-time revenue record of P9.7 billion, up 23% year-over-year driven by growth in all three business segments.

"2021 not only delivered new revenue records across segments, but also pointed to higher long-term volume growth," said Rocco Sarmiento, President and CEO. "Our strategy to expand our capabilities has been validated by market trends toward rising consumption of meat products and convenience food. This formed the basis of our recent capital investments in the business, and as a result, we have good revenue visibility going into 2022."

Cost of goods increased 21% to P8.9 billion in relation to higher sales volume and prices of raw materials such as wheat, soybean, and corn which rose by an average of 12% compared to the prior year. The cost inflation was due to several factors, including logistics challenges due to COVID-19, reimposed series of quarantine measures in the third quarter, as well as supply disruptions for soybeans in the fourth quarter due to high demand from China, increasing domestic use in the U.S., and lower output from Brazil and Argentina.

Gross profit was P856.3 million, up 50% from a year ago, while operating income more than doubled to P184.0 million.

Operating expenses were maintained at 7% of revenues even as administrative and selling and distribution costs increased to ensure current and future market competitiveness and to support marketing activities for the recently launched *Freshly Frozen* line.

Net income was P89.4 million and earnings per share was P0.029, higher by nearly 10 times from P9.3 million and P0.003 in 2020, respectively.

Capital expenditure totaled P117.7 million, primarily for the construction of a new warehouse in Davao and for additional machinery and equipment in Bulacan, Iloilo, and Davao to meet strong volume demand and to upgrade bagging lines for automation.

Segment Highlights

Revenues from the Feeds segment, which accounted for 48% of total sales, were up 14% to P4.7 billion with volumes reaching the highest levels ever for tie-up and commercial customers, such as distributors and direct farms. Sales volume climbed 12% while average selling prices inched up modestly by 3%. Earlier in the fourth quarter, Vitarich Poultry Advantage was launched to address the needs of backyard and general poultry farmers. The new product line attracted an initial user base of over 100 retailers and farms.

Annual feed mill capacity increased 3% to 300,200 MT in 2021 from 290,800 MT in 2020, while production grew 8% to 226,900 MT from 209,700 MT. As of December 31, 2021, utilization rate rose to 76% from 72%.

The Feeds segment produces and markets animal feeds, health and nutritional products, and supplements to various distributors, dealers, and end users nationwide.

Revenues from the Foods segment, which accounted for 44% of revenues, accelerated by 36% to P4.2 billion due to a 21% increase in sales volume and 12% increase in average selling prices. During the year, the segment further developed Cook's portfolio by customizing Cook's Premium Chicken products for hotels, restaurants, and institutional (HRI) clients that now account for 55% of Foods's revenue contribution up from 33% a year ago. In addition, it also strengthened

the branded retail business through *Cook's Freshly Frozen*, which saw total volume soar by 608%.

Annual dressing plant capacity increased 5% to 79,000 MT in 2021 from 75,500 MT in 2020, while production expanded 21% to 35,700 MT from 29,500 MT. As of yearend 2021, the utilization rate reached 75% from 70%, excluding dressing plant facilities owned by third parties.

The Foods segment sells chicken broilers, either as live or dressed, to HRI customers, supermarkets, and wet markets.

• Revenues from the Farms segment, which accounted for the remaining 8%, registered a 19% increase to P778.0 million. Fair value adjustments on biological assets amounting to P55.1 million was recognized as part of revenues and P78.0 million as part of cost of goods.

The Farms segment is involved in the production, sales and distribution of day-old chicks.

Outlook

The Company continues to execute on the factors it can control, including new products, improved customer satisfaction scores, enhanced processes, and engaged stakeholder relationships.

Looking ahead, management expects revenues to stay robust, but the ongoing challenges will temper the full impact of sales growth on Company earnings. Supply chain headwinds will persist and pressure the costs of raw materials and transportation. In view of these elevated input costs, we will continuously reconfigure our purchasing approach and explore new grain and protein sources to reduce dependency on corn, wheat, and soybean meal. We are positive that higher volumes, cost efficiency, and responsible price increases will help us meet our performance objectives while ensuring that our products remain affordable.

PHP millions, except per share data

						4Q	4Q		4Q	
	2021	2020	Change	2019	Change	2021	2020	Change	2019	Change
Revenues	9,704.28	7,881.92	23%	8,918.47	9%	2,393.96	2,189.76	9%	2,958.85	-19%
Operating										
income	183.99	79.01	133%	158.58	16%	(78.32)	31.45	-349%	171.59	-146%
Net										
income	89.44	9.29	863%	128.82	-31%	(91.02)	5.68	-1701%	234.42	-139%
EPS	0.029	0.003	863%	0.042	-31%	(0.030)	0.002	-1701%	0.077	-139%
EBITDA	249.66	222.49	12%	385.53	-35%	(71.03)	58.27	-222%	327.60	-122%

Fiscal Year 2020 compared to Fiscal Year 2019

Consolidated sales of goods decreased by 9% to P7.7 billion in 2020 from P8.4 billion in 2019 mainly because of unfavorable chicken prices in the market brought about by the COVID-19 pandemic and the spread of African Swine Fever (ASF).

The Company recognized a fair value adjustment on biological assets of P199.5 million in 2020 from P479.6 million in 2019.

Sales of goods per business segment:

- Foods sales dropped by 23% to P3.1 billion in 2020 from P4.0 billion in 2019 due to unfavorable selling prices of chicken brought about by the COVID-19 pandemic starting April 2020 and towards the end of the year.
- Feeds revenues increased by 4% to P4.1 billion in 2020 from P3.9 billion in 2019, despite the pandemic and ASF, due to strong sales in Visayas and Mindanao as well as higher sales from the Feeds Tie-up program in Luzon and some regions of Mindanao.
- Farms segment sales edged down by 2% to P455.0 million in 2020 from P466.1 million in 2019 as
 the poultry industry was badly affected by the unfavorable chicken prices related to the
 pandemic.

Cost of Goods Sold decreased 8% to P7.1 billion in 2020 from P7.7 billion in 2019 versus lower sales volume and lower raw material costs. There was a fair value adjustment on biological assets of P184.4 million in 2020 from P471.4 million in 2019.

Gross profit for 2020 amounted to P571.8 million, lower by 20%, or P145 million, from P717.5 million in 2019. Lower gross profits were mainly due to unfavorable selling prices for chicken brought about by the COVID-19 pandemic and the closure of HRI accounts.

Operating expenses decreased by 9% to P536.8 million in 2020 from P588.3 million in 2019 thanks to operational efficiency and cost reduction measures. Other operating income of P44 million in 2020 increased by 50% versus 2019 primarily due to rendered tolling services.

Other charges, which includes interest expenses, decreased by 67% to P57.8 million in 2020 from P176.6 million in 2019 due to lower tax settlements, interest expenses, and provisions for impairment losses on receivables. Other income recognized went down by 97% to P4.2 million in 2020 from P160.7 million in 2019 because of lower gains on fair value changes of investment properties.

Tax expenses increased by 16% to P16.1 million in 2020 from P13.9 million in 2019.

The Company posted Net Income of P9.3 million, despite being adversely affected by the pandemic and the spread of African Swine Fever in Luzon. This was down P119.5 million or 93% compared to 2019 Net Income of P128.8 million. First quarter performance provided ample buffer for net losses in the second and third quarters.

Financial Condition

As at March 31, 2025

As at March 31, 2025, total assets were ₱5.5 billion, decreased by 4.1% from ₱5.8 billion as at December 31, 2024. Current assets declined 7.4% to ₱3.0 billion due to a decrease in cash used in the settlement of trade payables. Non-current assets remain steady at ₱2.6 billion.

Total liabilities were ₹3.1 billion, down ₹480.6 million from December 31, 2024. Current liabilities decreased 14.2% to ₹2.7 billion and non-current liabilities decreased 8.9% to ₹373.3 million as the Company managed to maximize internally generated funds to settle trade payables.

Stockholders' equity increased to ₱2.5 billion, up ₱241.6 million from December 31, 2024, attributed to net income generated during the first quarter.

Net cash used in operating activities was ₱180.5 million in the first quarter of 2025, net cash provided by investing activities was ₱40.9 million, and net cash provided by financing activities was ₱15.0 million.

The Corporation's top five (5) key performance indicators are described as follows:

_	Unaudited March 2025	Unaudited March 2024	Unaudited March 2023
Revenue (₱ million) Sale of goods	₽3,045	₽2,906	₽3,356
Fair value gain/(loss) adjustment on biological	ŕ	,	,
assets Cost Contribution (₽ million)	151	31	(35)
Cost of goods sold	2,588	2,691	2,992
Gross Profit Rate (%)	19%	8%	10%
Operating Income (₽ million)	350	24	103

1) Sales Volume, Price, and Revenue Growth

Consolidated revenue composed of feeds, day-old chicks, chicken, and animal health products sales including fair value adjustment on biological assets, amounted to ₱3.2 billion, 8.8% higher than the previous year of ₱2.9 billion, attributed to high chicken prices in the market.

2) Cost Contribution

This measures the cost efficiency of the products and trends of raw materials prices, particularly importations, which involve foreign exchange exposure. Costs are analyzed on a regular basis to assist strategic management decision making regarding cost reduction and efficiency measures.

3) Gross Profit Rate

Reviews are conducted on a regular basis to check if targets are being met based on the forecasted gross profit rate and to ensure proper and immediate action can be taken.

4) Operating Margin

Operating margin is profit after operating expenses are deducted. Reviews of operating expenses are performed on a regular basis. These are analyzed and compared against the budget, previous month, and previous years, to ensure that cost reduction measures are being met and implemented.

As at December 31, 2024

As at December 31, 2024, total assets stood at ₱5.8 billion, reflecting an increase of ₱561.1 million from December 31, 2023. Current assets grew 17% to ₱3.2 billion, primarily driven by higher cash balances due delayed crediting of December disbursements caused by holiday banking schedules,

along with increases in trade receivables and livestock inventories. Non-current assets rose 4% to \$\bar{2}.6\$ billion, mainly due to a revaluation increment on property, plant and equipment, as well as the acquisition of additional transportation equipment.

Total liabilities were ₱3.5 billion, up ₱217.5 million from December 31, 2023. Current liabilities grew 4% to ₱3.1 billion, as payments to suppliers and business partners were deferred to January. Non-current liabilities rose 27% to ₱409.8 million, driven by additional retirement obligations recognized from the latest actuarial valuation and higher deferred tax liabilities related to revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment.

Stockholders' equity increased by ₱343.6 million to ₱2.2 billion from December 31, 2023, mainly due to the recognition of a record-high net income of ₱216.6 million for the year, along with a ₱127.0 million rise in other comprehensive income, primarily from the revaluation increment on property, plant, and equipment.

Net cash provided by operating activities was ₱474.6 million, while net cash used in investing activities totaled ₱80.2 million. Net cash used in financing activities reached ₱202.6 million.

The Corporation's top five (5) key performance indicators are described as follows:

	2024	2023	2022
Revenue (₽ Million):			
Sale of goods	₽12,448	₽12,544	₽11,958
Fair value adjustment on biological	92	(48)	11
assets			
Cost Contribution (₽ Million):	11,036	11,591	10,900
Cost of Goods Sold	11,030	11,391	10,300
Gross Profit Rate (%)	12%	7%	9%
Operating Margin (₽ Million)	398	11	185

1) Sales Volumes, Price, and Revenue Growth

Consolidated revenue composed of feeds, day-old chicks, and chicken and animal health products sales including fair value adjustment on biological assets, reached ₱12.539 billion, slightly surpassing the previous year's level.

2) Cost Contribution

This measures the cost efficiency of the products and trends of raw materials prices, particularly importations, which involve foreign exchange exposure. Costs are analyzed on a regular basis to assist strategic management decision making regarding cost reduction and efficiency measures.

3) Gross Profit Rate

Reviews are conducted on a regular basis to check if targets are being met based on the forecasted gross profit rate and to ensure proper and immediate action can be taken.

4) Operating Margin

Operating margin is profit after operating expenses are deducted. Reviews of operating expenses are performed on a regular basis. These are analyzed and compared against the budget, previous month, and previous years to ensure that cost reduction measures are being met and implemented.

There are no material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations), or other relationships of the company with unconsolidated entities or other persons created during the reporting period.

There are no material commitments for capital expenditures.

There is no known trend, or any demand, commitments, events, or uncertainties that will result in or that are reasonably likely to result in the Corporation's liquidity increasing or decreasing in any material way.

There are no known and/or anticipated events that will trigger direct or contingent financial obligations that are material to the Corporation, including any defaults or acceleration of an obligation.

ITEM 7. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Consolidated Audited Financial Statement of the Corporation for the year-ended December 31, 2024, including the applicable schedules listed in the accompanying index to financial statements and supplementary schedules, the 2024 Audited Financial Statements of the Parent Company are filed as part of the Corporation's SEC Form 17-A regarding its 2024 Annual Report. Attached and made an integral part of this SEC Form 20-IS is a copy of the SEC Form 17-A for the year 2024 and its attachments (Annex "C"). Attached likewise is a copy of the Corporation's SEC Form 17-Q for the 1st quarter of 2025 (Annex "G").

PART IV - EXHIBITS AND SCHEDULES

EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON SEC FORM 17-C

- (a) Exhibits: The exhibits, as indicated in the Index to Exhibits are either not applicable to the Corporation or require no answer.
- (b) Reports on SEC Form 17-C: The following are the items reported under SEC Form 17-C:

Date of Report	Remarks
2024.02.16	Resignation of Ms. Marie Angelie B. Macatual as Vice President - Marketing and Business Development Director
2024.01.02	Appointment of Ms. Carina Fabian as Vice President - Special Projects Director
2024.04.18	SEC 17-C Notice of Annual General Meeting 2024
2024.06.28	Material Related Party Transaction with Barbatos Ventures Corporation
2024.06.28	Results of 2024 Annual Shareholders Meeting
2024.07.01	Results of Organizational Meeting of Board of Directors
2024.07.29	Press Release: Vitarich Corporation press release entitled :Vitarich drives growth with expanded retail presence
2024.08.10	Press Release: Vitarich Corporation Press Release Entitled: Vitarich first-half net income rises five times to ₱167 million
2024.09.23	Press Release: Vitarich receives first Golden Arrow Award for commitment to good corporate governance
2024.11.05	Promotion of Mr. Reynaldo D. Ortega as Senior Vice President and Chief Operating Officer and Mr. Dilbert D.Tan as Senior Vice President and Chief Finance Officer
2024.11.08	Vitarich reports record net income of ₱259.1 million in nine months 2024
2024.12.18	WHISTLEBLOWER REPORTING POLICY (Revised on 18 December 2024)
2025.03.18	Vitarich Introduces NOVOgen WHITE breed featuring high egg production, feed efficiency, and adaptability

2025.03.20 MRPT with LAVI
2025.03.27 Press Release: Vitarich 2024 results: Record performance and focused plan execution for accelerated growth
2025.04.24 Vitarich Corporation Notice of Annual General Meeting
Appointment of Engr. Conrado U. Bulanhagui as Vice President and Manufacturing & Facilities Director for Vitarich
2025.05.13 Corporation
2025.05.13 Press Release: Vitarich posts record net income of ₱241.6 million in 1Q 2025

PART V - CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company complies and adheres to its Amended Manual on Corporate Governance. The Board of Directors met at least once a month to oversee the Company's operations and to assist in further improving operational efficiencies. The Board of Directors and the management, from time to time, make the necessary amendments to its policies and strategies to ensure business continuity while employing the best practices in corporate governance. Internal audit reports were made to the Board to address gaps in the Company's processes and improve operational efficiencies. On December 18, 2024, the Board of Directors approved the Revised Whistleblowing Policy of the Corporation. In addition, the members of the Board of Directors disclose any potential or actual conflict of interest they may have in a transaction presented for approval of the Board. They likewise inhibit from the discussions and voting of the said transaction. The Company continues to improve its corporate governance practices. In line with UN Sustainable Development Goal 8 (Decent Work and Economic Growth), the Company strengthened its engagements with its employees, business partners, and customers. Sometime in September 2024, the Company was named for the first time to the Institute of Corporate Directors' Golden Arrow Awards for good governance. Vitarich earned a 1-arrow recognition having scored between 80 to 89 points based on the 2023 ASEAN Corporate Governance Scorecard assessment results.

As disclosed under Item 6 of this Information Statement, each director receives a *per diem* of Php10,000.00 per Board of Directors meeting attended and a *per diem* of Php5,000.00 per board committee meeting attended. They are also given a transportation allowance of P5,000.00 for every meeting attended. Please refer to *Annex "E"* for the amounts that each director received as per diem per Board and Committee meetings attended for the last 3 consecutive years.

Moreover, in order to ensure the attendance of all the members of the Board of Directors during its monthly regular meetings, the Board of Directors set the schedule of its 2024 monthly regular meetings during its regular meeting held on December 18, 2024. For the schedule of its 2025 monthly regular meetings, the Board of Directors set the same during its regular meeting held on December 18, 2024. In addition to this, the Board of Directors allowed directors to attend the meetings remotely through video conference. Vitarich continues to commit to improve its corporate governance.

The attendance of the directors in the Annual Stockholders' Meeting on June 28, 2024 at 2:00 pm, during the regular and/or special meeting of the Board of Directors and their attendance to the meetings of the board committees from the time they were elected on June 28, 2024 up to May 15, 2025 are attached to this Preliminary Information Statement as Annexes "A" and "B".

The Corporation has a policy of on relevant annual continuing training and/or education of its directors which can be found in its Amended Manual of Corporate Governance (https://vitarich.com/wp-

content/uploads/2020/09/amendedmanualoncorporategovernance2017.pdf). However, for the year 2024, however, the directors were unable to attend to any training or seminar on corporate governance since the Board of Directors focused on risk management.

As an alternative measure, the Board of Directors also focused on the Company's ESG policies and practices as well as on overseeing the strategies that management undertook to manage risks.

As regards the appraisal and/or performance assessment for 2024, the Board regularly assesses its performance as a whole in terms of attendance, inputs, productivity and efficiency of inputs, and efficiency of its oversight functions. While the Board has not yet formalized its performance assessment, the Board periodically assesses its performance and the performance of the individual director and looks for means to continuously improve. As an alternative, the Board and its directors check their attendance and participations in the discussions during meetings from time to time, the efficiency of its own processes of approval, and give, from time to time, inputs on how they can better monitor the performance of the Corporation, management and personnel and regularly tries different means and methods of monitoring the performance of the Corporation, management and personnel.

/ - present X - absent

ATTENDANCE TO THE ANNUAL STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING AND REGULAR/SPECIAL BOARD MEETINGS:

	Jose Vicente C. Bengzon, III	Ricardo Manuel M. Sarmiento	Stephanie Nicole S. Garcia	Rogelio M. Sarmiento	Benjamin I. Sarmiento, Jr.	Lorenzo Vito M. Sarmiento, III	Juan Arturo Iluminado C. De Castro	Vicente Julian A. Sarza (Independent)	Pierre Carlo C. Curay (Independent)
June 28, 2024 (Organizational)	/	/	/	/	Х	/	/	/	/
July 18, 2024 (Regular)	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
August 8, 2024 (Special)	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
August 15, 2024 (Regular)	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
September 19, 2024 (Regular)	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
October 17, 2024 (Regular)	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
November 6, 2024 (Special)	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
November 21, 2024 (Regular)	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
December 18, 2024 (Regular)	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
January 16, 2025 (Regular)	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
February 20, 2025 (Regular)	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

March 20, 2025 (Regular)	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
April 24, 2025 (Regular)	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
May 9, 2025 (Special)	/	/	/	/	/	Х	/	/	/
May 15, 2025 (Regular)	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

ATTENDANCE TO THE MEETINGS OF THE AUDIT, RISK OVERSIGHT, AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS COMMITTEE:

	Jose Vicente C. Bengzon, III	Benjamin I. Sarmiento, Jr.	Juan Arturo Iluminado C. De Castro	Vicente Julian A. Sarza (Independent)	Pierre Carlo C. Curay (Independent)
August 8, 2024	/	/	/	/	/
October 17, 2024	/	/	/	/	/
November 6, 2024	/	/	/	/	/
March 19, 2025	/	/	/	/	/
March 20, 2025	/	/	/	/	/
May 9, 2025	/	/	/	/	/

ATTENDANCE TO THE MEETINGS OF THE NOMINATIONS, REMUNERATIONS, AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE:

	Jose Vicente C. Bengzon, III	Ricardo Manuel M. Sarmiento	Stephanie Nicole S. Garcia	Vicente Julian A. Sarza (Independent)	Pierre Carlo C. Curay (Independent)
May 9, 2025	/	/	/	/	/

ANNEXES "A" and "B"

Certification of Independent Directors

CERTIFICATION OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

- I, PIERRE CARLO C. CURAY, Filipino, of legal age and a resident of 20 Canton St. BF Homes Paranaque City, after having been duly sworn to in accordance with law do hereby declare that:
 - I am a nominee for independent director of Vitarich Corporation and have been its independent director since 24 June 2022.
 - 2. I am affiliated with the following companies or organizations:

Company/Organization	ny/Organization Position/Relationship							
Insight and Supply Chain Solutions (InsightSCS)	Co-founder and CEO	March 2019 - Present						
XVC Logistics	Director	October 2006 -Present						
Supply Chain Management Association of the Philippines	Vice President	January 2003 - Present						
Supply Chain Management of the Committee on Transport and Logistics of the Philippine Chamber of Commerce and Industry	Co-chair	February 2022 - Present						
Regulatory Reform Support Program for National Development of the University of the Philippines Public Administration and Extension Services Foundation, Inc.	Technical Consultant	March 2020 - Present						
ASEAN Mentorship for Entrepreneurs Network	Pioneer Mentor	November 2017 – present						
Department of Trade and Industry (DTI) and the Department of Agriculture (DA) at GoNegosyo	Mentor	June 2016 - present						

- I possess all the qualifications and none of the disqualifications to serve as an independent director of Vitarich Corporation, as provided for in Section 38 of the Securities Regulation Code and its Implementing Rules and Regulations and other SEC issuances.
- I am not related to any of the directors/officers/substantial shareholders of Vitarich Corporation, other than the relationship provided under Rule38.2.3 of the Securities Regulation Code.
- To the best of my knowledge, I am not the subject of any pending criminal or administrative investigation or proceeding
- (For those in government service/affiliated with a government agency or GOCC) I have the required written permission or consent from the (head of the agency/department) to be an independent director in pursuant to Office of the President Memorandum Circular No. 17 and Section 12, Rule XVIII of the Revised Civil Service Rules.

- I shall faithfully and diligently comply with my duties and responsibilities as independent director under the Securities Regulation Code and its Implementing Rules and Regulations, Code of Corporate Governance and other SEC issuances.
- I shall inform the corporate secretary of Vitarich Corporation of any changes in the abovementioned information within five days from its occurrence.

PIERRE CARLO C. CURAY

Doc. No. Page No. 19 ; Book No. 347; Series of 2025.

24542051

ATTY RAYMOND A. RAMOS

COMMUSSION NO. M-229

NOTARY PUBLIC FOR MAKATI CITY

UNTIL DECEMBER 31, 2026

2364 ANGONO STREET

HARANGAY PORLACION 1210, MAKATI CITY

SC Roll No. 62179/04-26-2013

IBP NO. 499549/01-06-2025/Pasig City

PTR NO MKT 10494504/01-22-2025/Makati City

MCLE Compliance No. VIII-0012898/04-14-2028

CERTIFICATION OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

- I, BIENVENIDO S. BAUTISTA, Filipino, of legal age, married, and a resident of 19 Libra St., Bel Air Village, Makati City, after having been duly sworn to in accordance with law do hereby declare that:
 - 1. I am a nominee for independent director of Vitarich Corporation.
 - I am affiliated with the following companies or organizations:

Company/Organization	Position/Relationship	Period of Service		
Robinsons Land Corporation	Director Chair, Third Party Related Transactions Committee Chair, Corporate Governance Committee Member, Audit Committee Member, Board Risk Oversight Committee	May 2021 - Present		
Flexo Manufacturing Corporation	Director Member, Audit Committee	2014 -Present		
Mega Sardines Philippines	Director and Consultant to the Chairperson Chair, Organization and Business Development Committee Member, Audit Committee	2019-Present		
Makati YMCA, Inc.	Director	2018 - Present		
Philippine Cancer Society, Inc.	Director	2022 - Present		
Ateneo '63 '67 Luxid Foundation, Inc.	President	2023 - Present		
The Ayala Pineridge Condominium Corporation (Baguio) Homeowners' Association	President	2024 - Present		
Institute of Corporate Directors	Fellow Member, Teaching Faculty	2019 - Present 2020 - Present		
St. Andrew the Apostie Parish	Extraordinary Minister of Holy Communion	2017 - Present		

- I possess all the qualifications and none of the disqualifications to serve as an independent director of Vitarich Corporation, as provided for in Section 38 of the Securities Regulation Code and its Implementing Rules and Regulations and other SEC issuances.
- I am not related to any of the directors/officers/substantial shareholders of Vitarich Corporation, other than the relationship provided under Rule 38.2.3 of the Securities Regulation Code.

- To the best of my knowledge, I am not the subject of any pending criminal or administrative investigation or proceeding
- (For those in government service/affiliated with a government agency or GOCC) I have the required written permission or consent from the (head of the agency/department) to be an independent director in pursuant to Office of the President Memorandum Circular No. 17 and Section 12, Rule XVIII of the Revised Civil Service Rules.
- I shall faithfully and diligently comply with my duties and responsibilities as independent director under the Securities Regulation Code and its Implementing Rules and Regulations, Code of Corporate Governance and other SEC issuances.
- I shall inform the corporate secretary of Vitarich Corporation of any changes in the abovementioned information within five days from its occurrence.

BIENVENIDO S. BAUTISTA Affiant

Doc. No. Page No. 16 Y

Series of 2025.

COMMISSION NO. M-229

MOTARY PUBLIC FOR MAKATICITY

UNTIL DECEMBER 31, 2026

2364 ANGONO STREET

BASANGAY POBLACION 1210, MAKATICITY

SC Roll No. 62179/04-26:2013 TBP NO. 499549/01-06-2025/Pasig City PTR NO. MICT 10494504/01-22-2025/Malori City MCLE Compliance No. VIII-0012898/04-14-2025

ANNEX "C"

2024 SEC 17-A with the following attachments:

- 1. 2024 Consolidated AFS
 - 2. 2024 Parent AFS
- 3. 2024 Sustainability Report



The following document has been received:

Receiving: Ma. Theresa Mabuyo

Receipt Date and Time: March 28, 2025 09:10:26 AM

Company Information

SEC Registration No.: 0000021134 Company Name: VITARICH CORP. Industry Classification: D15420 Company Type: Stock Corporation

Document Information

Document ID: OST10328202583130412
Document Type: ANNUAL_REPORT
Document Code: SEC_Form_17-A
Period Covered: December 31, 2024
Submission Type: Original Filing

Remarks: WITH FS-CONSO and FS-PARENT

Acceptance of this document is subject to review of forms and contents

COVER SHEET

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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SEC FORM 17-A

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 17 OF THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE AND SECTION 141 OF CORPORATION CODE OF THE PHILIPPINES

1. For the fiscal year ended	<u>December 31, 2024</u>		
2. SEC identification Numb	er 21134		
3. BIR Tax Identification No	o. <u>000-234-398</u>		
4. <u>VITARICH CORPORATION</u> Exact name of issuer as s	=		
5. <u>BULACAN</u> Province, country or oth	er jurisdiction of incorporation	or organization	
6. POULTRY AND LIVESTOC Industry Classification Co		(SEC Use Only)	
7. MARILAO-SAN JOSE RO Address of issuer's princ	OAD, STA. ROSA I, MARILAO, Bi cipal office	ULACAN	3019 Postal Code
8. (<u>+632) 8843-3033</u> Registrant's telephone n	number, including area code		
9. N/A Former name, former ac	ddress and former fiscal year, if	changed since last report 10.Securities reg	gistered
pursuant to Sections 4 and 8	8 of the RSA		
Title of each Class		Number of shares of common stock outstanding and amount of debt ou	itstanding
<u>Common Stock</u>		3,054,334,0	
11. Are any or all of the sec	curities listed on a Stock Exchai	nge? Yes [√]	
No If yes, state the name o	• •	class/es of securities listed therein:	
Philippine Stock Excha	nge, Inc.	<u>Common</u>	
12. Indicate by check mark	whether the registrant:		
of the RSA a	and RSA Rule 11(a)-1 thereun during the preceding twelve (1	Section 17 of the Code and SRC Rule 17 the der, and Sections 26 and 141 of the Co 2) months (or for such shorter period the r	rporation Code of the
Yes [√] No	[]		
(b) Has been subj	ect to such filing requirements	for the past ninety (90) days. Yes [] No	o [√]

 $13. \ \ The aggregate \ market \ value \ of the \ voting \ stock \ by \ non-affiliates \ of the \ registrant \ total \ to \ P414,937,637.3 \ as \ of \ December \ 31,2024$

APPLICABLE ONLY TO ISSUERS INVOLVED IN INSOLVENCY SUSPENSION OF PAYMENTS PROCEEDINGS DURING THE PRECEDING FIVE YEARS

14. Check whether the issuer has filed all documents and reports required to be filed by Section 17 of the Code subsequent to the distribution of securities under a plan confirmed by a court or the Commission. Yes [] No []
15. If any of the following documents are incorporated by reference, briefly describe them and identify the part of SEC Form 17-A into which the document is incorporated
(a) Any annual report to security holders
(b) Any information statement filed pursuant to SRC Rule 20
(c) Any prospectus filed pursuant to SRC Rule 8.1

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2024 SUSTAINABILITY REPORT

PART I – BUSINESS AND GENERAL INFORMATION

Item 1. BUSINESS

HISTORY

Vitarich Corporation ("Corporation" or "Vitarich" or "Company") was incorporated and registered with the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on July 31, 1962 to engage primarily in manufacturing, preparing, processing, mixing and dealing with feeds, foodstuffs, grains, and commodities of every description for poultry, livestock and all kinds of animal feeding. Its shares of stock were registered with the Philippine Stock Exchange on February 8, 1995. Vitarich's authorized capital stock is P1,330,000,000.00 divided into 3.5 billion shares at P0.38/share par value.

Over the years, Vitarich grew to become one of the Philippines' leading integrators. It operates on plants nationwide which produce hog, poultry, and other specialty feed requirements. It is an integrated poultry producer who oversees every aspect of the poultry production. It is involved in breeding, hatching, growing, to sales and marketing of its animals.

The Corporation's registered principal place of business is at Marilao-San Jose Road, Sta. Rosa I, Marilao, Bulacan. It also operates in Northern and Southern Luzon (Bicol and Isabela), Visayas (Iloilo and Bacolod), and Mindanao (Davao, General Santos City and Cagayan de Oro).

SUBSIDIARY

BARBATOS VENTURES CORPORATION

On October 27, 2021, Vitarich's Board of Directors approved the terms of the Memorandum of Understanding ("MOU") between Vitarich and Luzon Agriventure Inc. ("LAVI") for the acquisition of shares owned and held by LAVI in Barbatos Ventures Corporation ("BVC"), a private domestic corporation engaged in, among other activities, poultry production as well as in the processing, raising, and breeding of chickens and similar stocks. After the execution of the MOU on October 28, 2021, due diligence was conducted via external audit by MG Madrid & Company as of September 30, 2021, upon which BVC's valuation was based. Based on said due diligence, BVC's actual results of operations in October and November and the projections for December 2021 will result in a neutral Net Asset Valuation. As such, LAVI agreed to absolutely, unconditionally, and irrevocably assign and transfer all its rights, title, and interest in BVC for a consideration of P1.00 in favor of Vitarich. On December 16, 2021, the Corporation's Board of Directors approved the acquisition of 100% of the outstanding capital stock of BVC from LAVI for a consideration of P1.00. Beginning January 1, 2022, BVC operated as a wholly owned subsidiary of Vitarich. Issuance and transfer of BVC shares of stock were also duly completed in January 2022.

BUSINESS OF ISSUER

Business Segments and Product Distribution

For management purposes, the Company is organized and managed separately according to the nature of products and services provided, with each segment representing a strategic business unit that offers different products and serves different markets.

The industry segments where the Company operates are:

a. The Foods segment is engaged in the growing, production, and distribution of chicken broilers, either as live or dressed chickens. Its products are distributed to hotels, restaurants, institutional clients, wet markets, and supermarkets. Its dressed chicken products are distributed and sold under the Cook's brand and under the Fresh, Freshly Frozen, and Flavor Origins variants.

- b. The Feeds segment caters to the feed requirement of the poultry growers and livestock raisers industry. The Company manufactures and distributes animal feeds, animal health and nutritional products, and feed supplements under several lines such as Premium, Advantage Plus, Premium Plus, Professional, and Poultry Advantage. Each line has several brands and/or variants.
- c. The Farms segment is involved in the production, sales, and distribution of day-old chicks.

The Corporate and Others segment includes general and corporate income and expense items of the Company which are not specifically identifiable to a particular segment.

The relative contributions of each principal product to consolidated revenue for the years ended December 31, 2024, December 31, 2023, and December 31, 2022 are:

PHP millions

	2024	2023	Change	2022	Change
Feeds	4,507	5,128	-12%	5,199	-1%
Foods	7,438	6,944	7%	6,241	11%
Farms	594	424	40%	528	-20%
	12,539	12,496	0.35%	11,968	4%

Competition

Although the Corporation is focused on the chicken and feeds industry, it faces competition from several sources by virtue of its integrated operations. The Corporation continuously improves its objectives and strategic plans to effectively compete with other integrators not only for consumers of its products but also for production resources such as contract growers and contract breeders. The Corporation competes based on product performance.

Principal competitors of the Company are San Miguel Corporation (B-Meg), UNAHCO, Cargill, New Hope, CJ Feeds, CP Feeds, Philmico, Uno Feeds, Excell, ADM, Sunjin, Vienovo and Inoza Feeds for the feed business. Key players in poultry business are San Miguel Corporation (Magnolia), Bounty, Foster, Danway, CP, Sustamina, Gamma Foods, Chicken Essential and Leong hup.

Sources of Raw Materials

The raw material components of feeds represent the most significant cost components of the Company's operations. The major raw materials of the Company's feed business are corn, wheat, and soybean meal. The Company purchases these materials directly from either local or foreign traders. Imported materials originate from USA, Pakistan, Indonesia, Vietnam, Myanmar, and Japan. The Company is not dependent on, nor has any major existing supply contracts with, any single or limited number of its suppliers for the purchase of essential raw materials.

Customers

Vitarich has various customers from all product lines and is not dependent on any single or few customers. The loss of one or two of its customers does not have any adverse material effect on its operations. No customer of the Corporation accounts for 20% of its sales. The Corporation has existing sales contracts with business partners and customers in normal and regular business transactions.

Trademarks, Royalty, and Patents

As of 2024, the Company continued to use the following trademarks, devices, and logos, which were previously registered with the Intellectual Property Office of the Philippines ("IPOPhil") on the dates opposite to its names:

	Trademark	IPOPHIL Status	Date Filed	Date Registered
1	Vitarich Premium Plus	Registered	Thursday, November 23, 2017	Sunday, September 2, 2018
2	Vitarich Advantage Plus	Registered	Thursday, November 23, 2017	Sunday, September 2, 2018
3	Vitarich Premium Plus	Ongoing	Tuesday, April 25, 2023	Monday, March 4, 2024
4	Vitarich Advantage Plus	Ongoing	Tuesday, April 25, 2023	Monday, March 4, 2024
5	Heavy-gat	Registered	Monday, March 18, 2024	Monday, June 24, 2024
6	Vitarich Feeds	Ongoing Registration	Wednesday, August 7, 2024	Waiting for Registration Date
7	Gromax	Registered	Wednesday, February 17, 2021	Saturday, March 5, 2022
8	Vitarich Poultry Advantage	Registered	Wednesday, August 25, 2021	Thursday, December 9, 2021
9	Electore	Registered	Monday, August 30, 2021	Thursday, December 9, 2021
10	Gromaxicatin	Registered	Monday, August 30, 2021	Sunday, November 7, 2021
11	Advantage sa Mabilisang Paglaki, Plus sa Mabilisang Kita	Registered	Monday, June 25, 2018	Thursday, November 21, 2019
12	The Breakthrough Innovation in Professional Hog Raising	Registered	Monday, June 25, 2018	Sunday, June 2, 2019
13	Vitarich Professional	Registered	Fridny, March 2, 2018	Sunday, June 2, 2019
14	With Premium Quality comes Premium Performance	Registered	Monday, June 25, 2018	Thursday, May 23, 2019
15	Rich in History, Rich in Excellence	Registered	Friday, January 22, 2021	Friday, May 21, 2021
16	Building Partnerships. Growing Business	Registered	Friday, January 22, 2021	Friday, May 21, 2021
17	Alagang Vitarich Alagang Panalo	Registered	Tuesday, January 19, 2021	Friday, May 21, 2021
18	Vitarich Corporation	Registered	Friday, January 15, 2021	Friday, May 21, 2021
19	Vitarich LPP Lifetime Profitable Partnership	Registered	Saturday, June 6, 2020	Friday, April 9, 2021
20	Forging Livelihood, Nourishing Lives	Registered	Thursday, October 17, 2019	Saturday, March 14, 2020
21	Leadership with Integrity, Excellence, Care for Others	Registered	Thursday, October 17, 2019	Saturday, March 14, 2020
22	Vitanch Corporation (new logo)	Registered	Saturday, January 6, 2024	Saturday, February 17, 2024
23	Freshly Frozen	Registered	Wednesday, July 22, 2020	Sunday, October 3, 2921
24	Cook's	Registered	Friday, January 15, 2021	Friday, May 21, 2021
25	Cook's Premium Chicken The Healthyticious Option	Registered	Wednesday, February 17, 2021	Saturday, August 21, 2021
26	Cook's Flavor Origins	Registered	Thursday, August 11, 2022	Monday, January 23, 2023
27	Cook's Premium Chicken The Healthyllcious Option	Registered	Tuesday, November 14, 2023	Thursday, August 22, 2024
28	Cook's Choice Cuts	Ongoing Registration	Saturday, September 28, 2024	Waiting for Registration Date
29	Choose Cook's	Ongoing Registration	Saturday, September 28, 2024	Waiting for Registration Date
30	Cook's Rice Cooker Meal	Ongoing Registration	Saturday, September 28, 2024	Waiting for Registration Date
31	Coak's Power Origins	Ongoing Registration	Saturday, September 28, 2024	Waiting for Registration Date

The Company continues to use the above-mentioned marks and has filed the required Declaration of Actual Use with the IPOPhil as the same falls due per trademark/mark. Company does not hold any other patent, trademark, franchise, concession, or royalty agreement.

Certifications

In 2007, Vitarich further solidified its commitment to product quality and safety when its Company-owned feed mill facilities in the Visayas and Mindanao received ISO 22000:2005 certification for Food Safety Management System (FSMS). This certification, granted by the International Organization for Standardization (ISO), recognized the company's conforming feed safety management system. Vitarich has since adopted preventive measures to address physical, chemical, and biological hazards throughout the feed manufacturing process, coupled with rigorous product and process inspections. The company remains steadfast in maintaining the requirements of these standards for its Iloilo and Davao feed mill plants. In 2021, both plants successfully received ISO 22000:2018 Food Safety Management System Certifications, which are still in effect and actively implemented today.

Vitarich's food business is equally dedicated to delivering safe, high-quality food products, adhering to the Codex Alimentarius Commission's General Principles on Food Hygiene and Guidelines on Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Points (HACCP). In March 2024, the company successfully underwent a HACCP Surveillance Audit, reaffirming its HACCP Certification for the verification and delivery of raw and frozen chicken, including giblets. This certification, awarded by NQA Philippines, Inc., an accredited certifying body recognized by the United Kingdom Accreditation Service (UKAS), demonstrates Vitarich's unwavering commitment to food safety.

Looking forward, the company plans to level-up the established HACCP-based management system by adopting the ISO 9001:2015 Quality Management System, which will provide a more structured framework for policies, processes, and procedures to consistently meet customer requirements and improve operational efficiency. As an outcome of the combined Quality and Food Safety Management system we will be able to deliver quality and safe products and services to consistently meet the highest standards.

Currently, Vitarich ensures that its company-owned dressing plants in Marilao and Tugbok are both GMP- and HACCP-certified, while all its toll dressing plants hold GMP certification. Notably, the dressing plant in Tugbok, Davao earned its first HACCP Certification in October 2024. In addition, Vitarich Corporation holds an FDA License to Operate as a Food Trader, which was issued in October 2023 and remains valid until October 11, 2028.

Government Regulations and Approval

As an agri-business, the Corporation operates within a highly regulated environment governed by government standards. Adherence to environmental laws not only fosters positive relationships within communities and industries but also assures employees and the surrounding community of their health and safety. This commitment safeguards the Corporation from potential violations and penalties.

In addition to environmental compliance, the Company prioritizes ensuring the delivery of safe and high-quality products to consumers. This involves seeking government approval for its core products and services, as well as securing registration for its feed mill, accreditation for its chemical laboratory, and certification for its meat plant and cold storage facilities, in accordance with the standards set by the Bureau of Animal Industry ("BAI"), the Food and Drug Administration ("FDA") and the National Meat Inspection Services ("NMIS"). Furthermore, the Corporation diligently acquires all necessary permits from the Environmental Management Bureau ("EMB") under the Department of Environment and Natural Resources ("DENR") for its feed mill plants, dressing plants, and rendering plants.

The Company has successfully obtained all required permits, licenses, and government approvals to manufacture and distribute its products. It remains vigilant regarding any potential legislative changes that may impact its operations or financial standing, yet currently, there are no known recent or impending regulations that could significantly affect its business or financial condition.

Research and Development

The Company's research and development efforts are centrally organized under the Research and Development Department to focus on the following core activities:

- Product Quality and Innovations
- Research and Development
- Advanced Animal Nutrition

A Research and Development Manager directs these activities, which include the following:

- Advanced Animal nutrition
- Diagnostic Laboratory Services
- Feeds and Feeds Quality Control
- Poultry Genetic Research
- New Product Development
- Technical Extension Services for contract breeders, growers, and sales clients

The inauguration of the Corporation's renovated Research Center in 2001 upgraded its chemical laboratory capability and further improved the analysis procedure. The acquisition of modern laboratory equipment shortened the duration for analyzing products.

The Chemical Laboratory handles most of the laboratory services needed for feed processing, from raw material analyses to finished products tests. The Diagnostic Laboratory handles all the laboratory support related to feed and food safety as well as the surveillance, prevention, and diagnosis of diseases to ensure health maintenance of livestock.

To ensure that its edge in the reliability and accuracy of its analysis is kept, it continuously upgrades its equipment, e.g., the LECO protein analyzer, which is based on combustion, a faster way of analyzing crude protein in feedstuff; the LECO Bomb Calorimeter, which is used to measure Gross Energy in Feedstuff; and the Atomic Absorption Analyzer for macro and trace minerals, including heavy metals. The acquisition of the ICP (Inductively Coupled Plasma) allows the Company to analyze complex minerals and heavy metals simultaneously. The Gas Chromatograph is capable of accurately determining fatty acid as well as Volatile Fatty Acids and Hormones. The NIR (Near InfraRed System) is capable of performing proximate analysis, including amino acids, in a very short amount of time. The Company also upgraded its Fat Extractor, Kjel Dahl Protein Analyzer, and the Ankom Fiber Analyzer Unit. Active Water and Moisture Analyzer units are used for the stability testing of the finished product as well as the maintenance of quality for raw materials. UV-Vis equipment is used for mineral and enzyme analysis. Additional serological tests, including for Avian Influenza virus and ELISA-based Swine serology, were instituted to serve the growing expectations of the consumers.

To ensure food quality, HACCP-based quality system is being followed and adopted in the dressing plants as certified by DA-NMIS. The Company adheres to HACCP principles by identifying and monitoring Critical Control Points (CCPs), implementing corrective actions, and regularly assessing food safety hazards. Furthermore, through employee training, GMP practices focus on personal hygiene, sanitation, pest control, equipment maintenance, proper handling, supplier control, and infrastructure maintenance. Regular QA verifications and customer audits provide valuable feedback for continuous improvement. Using data-driven decisions and internal audits helps optimize processes and prevent potential issues, ensuring consistent product quality and safety. Material acceptance inspection, routine environment and product testing, lot traceability, and fostering a culture of food safety and quality among employees further support quality assurance. For research and development activities, the Corporation spent P10.8 million in 2024, P8.8 million in 2023, and P10.6 million in 2022.

Cost and Effects of Compliance with Environmental Laws

Vitarich complies with all environmental laws and regulations implemented by the EMB-DENR and invests appropriately to ensure its compliance. To ensure that its facilities stay compliant with existing environmental laws, the Company implemented the following activities:

1. Annual stack Emission Testing of boilers to ensure that all the gases being emitted during the operation of boilers and power generators are within the Standards of the Clean Air Act of the Philippines. For the Davao plant, a 3rd- party tester (Berksman) has been tapped for emissions testing of the 2 boiler units for Plant 1, the 2 boiler units for Plant 2. The most recent test was conducted on October 22-25, 2024 at a cost of Two Hundred Fifty-Seven Thousand Six Hundred Pesos (P257,600.00). The Vitarich Davao plant passed all the parameters and earned a satisfactory rating. The result was submitted to EMB as compliance to conditions for maintaining the Permit to Operate Air Pollution Sources and Control Installations ("POA") last December 20,2024. The single-unit power generator for Plant 2 will be scheduled for emission test in the first quarter of 2025.

For Iloilo, the Permit to Operate ("PTO") for the boiler was issued on November 22, 2022, with five years of validity until April 8, 2027. Annual Boiler Stack Emission Testing was done last April 08, 2024 and testing fee was Fifty Six Thousand pesos (P56,000.00). All required parameters passed the EMB-DENR standards. Subsequent annual Boiler Servicing and Emissions Testing will be carried out subject to inspection and approval by the DOLE and EMB-DENR.

2. Regular Monitoring of the final discharge of wastewater from the Corporation's plants, ensuring that water discharge from the operations is within the regulatory standards set by the Clean Water Act. The Iloilo Plant's

Wastewater Discharge Permit was issued on February 21, 2024 after passing all the test parameters for Wastewater Discharges and after submission of all relevant documents. The cost of the Laboratory Analysis fee amounted to Seven Thousand Five Hundred Pesos (P7,500.00) and the fee for the permit for processing Waste Water Discharge was Two Thousand One Hundred Twenty Three & 05/100 Pesos (P2,123.05). For the Davao plant, the Waste Water Discharge permit was issued in January 2021 with validity coverage of 5 years. The cost of acquiring the permit was Fourteen Thousand Forty Pesos (P14,040.00).

- 3. In view of the warehouse expansion projects, for its Iloilo warehouse, the Company sought an Environmental Compliance Certificate (ECC-EPRMP) from the EMB of the DENR Region 6 on August 15, 2018. Processing cost was Ten Thousand Pesos (P10,000.00). Meanwhile, the Davao plants were issued an ECC for Expansion (incorporating the 2 existing ECCs of the Davao Feed Mill and the DSFC Feed Mill). The New ECC (#ECC-OL-R11-2020-0069) issued on January 20, 2020 is still in effect and covers compliance with the Clean Air Act, Clean Water Act, Waste Management Act, and all other regulatory compliance legislation. Processing cost incurred was around Ten Thousand pesos (P10,000.00). Furthermore, the Corporation's Dressing Plant in Marilao, Bulacan, was issued an amended ECC on November 8, 2021. The cost for the amendment of the ECC was Fifty-Two Thousand Thirty pesos (P52,030.00).
- 4. Regular Repair and Maintenance of all facilities, including attached pollution control facilities, ensure good operating conditions and thereby prevent or control pollution coming from the plants.
- 5. Continuous Improvement of pollution control devices and/or equipment to meet regulatory standards.
- 6. Annual renewal of permits from DENR-EMB is secured. Cost varies for each plant ranging from One Thousand Pesos (P1,000.00) to Ten Thousand Pesos (P10,000.00).
- 7. VDAP Certificate was not renewed as there is an existing transition for veterinary product certification from BAI to FDA. For Iloilo Plant, it secured Online Hazardous Waste Generator Registration Certificate (OL-GR-R6-30-045491) issued last May 28, 2024 transitioning from manually issued Hazardous Waste Generator ID last January 5, 2017.
- 8. The Company had taken steps in 2023 to comply with RA 11898 or the Extended Producer Responsibility Act of 2022 and incurred costs amounting to at least Two Hundred Eighty-Five Thousand One Hundred Twenty Pesos (P285,120.00). It sought accreditation with Philippine Alliance for Recycling and Materials Sustainability. It had already accredited a waste diverter in Davao in is now in the process of engaging a DENR-accredited third-party auditor. Contract with waste diverter, Envirotech, was terminated last July 2024. We are now in contract with Filemon Scrap Sack Dealer, a DENR accredited entity with CNC-R11-1408-007 accreditation.

Manpower Complement

As of December 31, 2024, total headcount was 1,472 employees, including 695 regulars and 777 contractual employees from reputable service provider.

The Federation of Free Workers - Vitarich Corporation Employees / Workers Union Chapter (FFW – VEWU) is the duly authorized collective bargaining agent that represents all rank-and-file employees of the Corporation.

Pension Costs/Retirement Benefits

The Company has a partially funded, non-contributory post–employment defined benefit plan covering all of its regular full-time employees. The defined benefit plan is being administered by a trustee bank which is responsible for the administration of the plan asset. The Company's retirement benefits are based on years of service and one and one-fourth (1-1/4) month's salary for every year of continuous service.

The plan is exposed to interest rate risk and changes in the life expectancy of qualified employees. The plan is not exposed to significant concentrations of risk on the plan assets.

Actuarial valuations are made periodically to update the retirement liability and the amount of contributions. The latest actuarial valuation of the plan is as of December 31, 2024.

Financial Risk Management

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash, trade and other receivables (excluding advances to officers and employees), receivable from an insurance company, security deposits, trade and other payables (excluding statutory payables), loans payable, lease liabilities and cash bond deposits.

It is the Company's policy that no trading in financial instruments shall be undertaken. The main risks arising from the Company's financial instruments are credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. The BOD and its Audit, Risk Oversight, and Related Party Transactions Committee reviews and approves policies for managing these risks as summarized below.

Credit Risk

The Company's exposure to credit risk arises from the failure of a counterparty to fulfill its financial commitments to the Company under the prevailing contractual terms. Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to credit risk consist primarily of trade receivables and other financial assets at amortized cost. The carrying amounts of these financial assets represent its maximum credit exposure.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may not be able to settle its obligations as they fall due.

The Company monitors its risk to a shortage of funds through analyzing the maturity of its financial liabilities and cash flows from operations. The Company monitors its cash position by a system of cash forecasting, wherein all expected collections, check disbursements and other payments are determined on a timely basis to arrive at the projected cash position to cover its obligations.

The Company's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility. The Company addresses liquidity concerns primarily through cash flows from operations.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that future cash flows from a financial instrument (cash flow interest rate risk) or its fair value (fair value interest rate risk) will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The Company's loans payable to local banks are subject to fixed interest rates and are exposed to fair value interest rate risk. The re-pricing of these instruments is done on regular intervals. The Company regularly monitors interest rate movements and on the basis of current and projected economic and monetary data, decides on the best alternative to take. No sensitivity analysis is needed as management has assessed that future interest rate changes are not expected to significantly affect the Company's consolidated net income.

Foreign Currency Risk

To a certain extent, the Company has an exposure to foreign currency risks as some of its raw materials purchases are sourced outside the Philippines and are therefore denominated in foreign currencies. However, the Company has not yet experienced significant losses due to the effect of foreign currency fluctuations because purchases denominated in foreign currency are kept at a minimum.

Financial and Other Risks Relating to Livestock

The Company is exposed to various risks affecting the food industry such as food spoilage and contamination, thus, it is regulated by environmental, health and food safety organizations. The Company has processes and systems in place to monitor food safety risks in all stages of manufacturing and processing to mitigate these

risks. In addition, the livestock industry is exposed to risks associated with supply and price volatility of its inventories and livestock.

To mitigate this risk, the Company regularly monitors the supply and price of commodities and enters into supply agreements at a reasonable price.

Item 2. PROPERTIES

The Corporation operates and/or leases numerous production facilities, which include feed mills, dressing plants, and hatcheries. As of December 31, 2024, these facilities include:

	Condition	Remarks
Feed Mill		
Luzon	Good	Toll
Visayas	Good	Owned
Mindanao	Good	Owned
Dressing Plant		
Luzon	Good	Owned
Visayas	Good	Toll
Mindanao	Good	Owned
Hatchery		
Luzon	Good	Toll
Visayas	Good	Toll
Mindanao	Good	Toll

The Corporation will only consider a project that is critical to its continued operations and that will likewise generate substantial cost savings and higher returns on investment.

Item 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

In 2014, Vitarich filed a case against Charter Ping An Insurance Corporation ("Charter Ping An") before the Regional Trial Court ("RTC") of Malolos City, Bulacan, to claim insurance proceeds of Three Hundred Sixteen Million Five Hundred Sixty One Thousand, One Hundred Fifty Eight and 81/100 Pesos (P316,561,158.81) as indemnity for the damages and losses suffered by the Corporation due to typhoon Ondoy in 2009. The case was docketed as Civil Case No. 662-M-2014 and was raffled to Branch 15 of the RTC of Malolos City. Vitarich was partially paid the amount of about Fifty-Eight Million Nine Hundred Thousand Pesos (P58.9M) in 2016 when the court granted Vitarich's Motion for Summary Judgment concerning the amount admitted by Charter Ping An.

On May 31, 2023, the trial court granted Vitarich's claim and ordered Charter Ping An to pay Vitarich, among others, the amount of Two Hundred Forty Seven Million Six Hundred Twenty Thousand Five Hundred Fifty Five Pesos (P247,620,555.00), representing the actual loss of the insurance claim. On June 7, 2023, Charter Ping An appealed the case to the Court of Appeals Manila. On 02 December 2024, the Court of Appeals directed Charter Ping An to file an Appellant's Brief within 45 days from notice. On 10 February 2025, Charter Ping An sought an additional period of 45 days or until 06 April 2025 within which to submit its brief.

Management and its legal counsel believe that the ongoing litigation on the remaining claims will not result in any significant adverse impact on the Company's financial condition and results of operations.

Item 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

There were no matters submitted to a vote of security holders during the calendar year covered by this report other than those made during the Annual General Meeting of the Stockholders held on June 28, 2024. The results of the AGM were disclosed to the Philippine Stock Exchange via the PSE Edge portal on June 28, 2024 and posted on the Company's website. A copy of the draft of the Minutes of the meeting is also posted on the Company's website.

PART II – OPERATIONAL AND FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 5. MARKET PRICE OF AND DIVIDENDS ON REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

Market Information

The Company's common equity is principally traded in the Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE). The high and low sales prices for every quarter ended are:

	2023	2023		
	High	Low	High	Low
1st Quarter	0.64	0.61	0.495	0.49
2nd Quarter	0.63	0.6	0.475	0.475
3rd Quarter	0.57	0.54	0.73	0.69
4th Quarter	0.52	0.5	0.53	0.52

The closing price of the Corporation's common shares as of the last trading date, November 05, 2024, was P0.67 per share.

As of January 03, 2025 the latest trading date of the month prior to the completion of this annual report, price per share of the common stock was P0.52/share.

No securities have been issued in connection with an acquisition, business combination, or other reorganization within the last two fiscal years.

Holders

The Corporation has only one class of shares, i.e., common shares. The total number of stockholders as of December 31, 2024 was 4,095 with the total number of shares outstanding on that date of three billion fifty-four million three hundred and thirty-four thousand and fourteen shares (3,054,334,014).

	Dec 2024	Dec 2023
Number of Issued & Outstanding Shares	3,054,334,014	3,054,334,014
Number of Stockholders	4,095	4,103
Number of Shareholders owning at least one board lot each	3,094	3,102

The Company's foreign equity ownership as of December 31, 2024, is:

	No. of Shares	% Ownership
Shares owned by Filipinos	2,960,326,884	97%
Shares owned by Foreigners	94,007,130	3%
Total	3,054,334,014	100%

The top 20 stockholders of the Corporation as of December 31, 2024:

Rank	Name of Stockholders	Number of Shares	Percent to Total Outstanding Shares
1	PCD NOMINEE CORPORATION (FILIPINO)	2,940,948,252	96.29%
2	PCD NOMINEE CORPORATION (NON-FILIPINO)	93,170,630	3.05%
3	YAZAR CORPORATION	1,402,520	0.05%
4	MARIA CRISTINA GEMA ROXAS YUHICO	1,305,320	0.04%
5	JOSE M. SARMIENTO	1,305,320	0.04%
6	MA. VICTORIA M. SARMIENTO	1,305,320	0.04%
7	GLICERIA M. SARMIENTO	690,000	0.02%
8	NELIA CRUZ	527,850	0.02%
9	ROGELIO M. SARMIENTO	290,000	0.01%
10	BETINA ANGELINA I. SARMIENTO	228,510	0.01%
11	NORBERTO T. HOFELENA	220,778	0.01%
12	GLADY Y. LAO	215,000	0.01%
13	ANTONINO S. RAAGAS	210,000	0.01%
14	BERNAD SECURITIES, INC.	203,000	0.01%
15	DANIEL J. ADVINCULA	200,000	0.01%
16	RUDY A. VERANO	200,000	0.01%
17	ORLANDO P. CARVAJAL	175,000	0.01%
18	TERESITA Y. SARMIENTO	164,000	0.01%
19	LORENZO S. SARMIENTO	141,134	0.00%
20	BIENVENIDO LIM	140,000	0.00%
	Others	11,291,380	0.37%
	Total Shares Issued and Outstanding	3,054,334,014	100%

Dividends

The Corporation has not declared dividends since 1996.

Sales of Unregistered Securities

The Corporation has not sold unregistered or exempt securities within the past three (3) years. Neither has it issued securities within the past three (3) years.

Description of Shares

The securities of the Company consist entirely of common stock with a par value of P0.38 per share. All shares are equally eligible to receive dividends and repayment of capital and each share is entitled to one vote at the shareholders' meeting of the Company.

Item 6. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OR PLAN OF OPERATION

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Fiscal Year 2024 compared to Fiscal Year 2023

The Company delivered record results in 2024 with revenues of ₱12.539 billion, net income of ₱216.6 million, and earnings per share of ₱0.071.

"2024 was a banner year for VITA, marked by our highest annual profit and strong momentum in innovation," said Rocco Sarmiento, Chief Executive Officer. "We continue to enhance our competitiveness and profitability through a balanced portfolio, improved cost efficiency, and more optimized supply chain. These efforts position us well for sustained growth moving forward."

Revenues were \$\pm\$12.539 billion, slightly exceeding the historical high achieved in 2023. Growth was led by the Foods segment, benefiting from the ongoing business transformation towards modern trade and hotels, restaurants, and institutional customers, along with favorable market movements that drove volume growth and a recovery in chicken prices. This more than offset the lower revenues in the Feeds business, which remained challenged due to the reduced hog population from the African Swine Fever outbreak.

Gross profit increased 66.2% to ₱1.504 billion as cost of goods declined 4.8% to ₱11.0 billion, reflecting lower raw material prices which dropped by about 10%. As a result, gross profit margin expanded to 12.0% from 7.2% in 2023.

Operating profit rose 37 times to ₱397.8 million after administrative and selling and distribution expenses increased 23.7%, primarily due to higher costs from adding distribution channels and e-commerce. As a percentage of sales, operating expenses including growth-related investments in personnel and marketing inched up to 8.8% of revenues from 7.2% in 2023.

Net income surged 16 times to ₱216.6 million or earnings of ₱0.071 a share, with profitability in all segments of the business.

Segment highlights

- In Foods, revenues reached an all-time high of ₱7.438 billion, rising 7.1% year-on-year fueled by improvements in volume of 4.3% and pricing of 2.3%. By geography, growth was driven by Visayas and Luzon. Visayas drove volume growth with a strong double-digit increase. Luzon remained the largest market, gaining from positive pricing and volume trends. Foods comprised 59.3% of revenues from 55.6% in 2023.
- In Feeds, revenues were \$\frac{1}{2}4.507\$ billion, 12.1% lower than in the previous year due to less favorable volumes and prices, notably in Luzon and Mindanao. While total layer feed volumes rose sharply by 25.8%, the ongoing negative impact of African Swine Fever led to a reduction in demand for hog feeds. Broiler feed sales also slowed, tempered by weak farm gate chicken prices in the first four months of the year which stemmed from an oversupply in the market. Feeds accounted for 35.9% of revenues from 41.0% in 2023.
- In Farms, revenues grew to \$\infty\$594.2 million, increasing 40.0% year-on-year mostly from a higher net gain on the fair value of biological assets such as day-old chicks, in line with improved selling prices at the end of the period. Farms represented 4.7% of revenues from 3.4% in 2023.

Environment and community-focused programs

Aligned with its environmental, social, and governance (ESG) strategy, VITA continued to promote shared value creation and local impact by contributing to economic resilience across its value chain. For the year, the value distributed to stakeholders amounted to ₱12.447 billion. Of this amount, ₱10.999 billion was payments to suppliers including small- to large-scale farmers for operating costs, ₱371.4 million for employee wages and benefits, and ₱296.6 million for taxes, licenses, and fees to the national and local governments. Overall, VITA spent 95% of its total procurement budget on domestic suppliers, enabling local economic development.

Among recent highlights, VITA launched its *Sagip Kalikasan* initiative in Bulacan, a multi-year program that uses bamboo as a solution for climate change mitigation, water purification, and community development. Subject to the results of the baseline study, the program aims to (a) rehabilitate 600 meters of riverbanks to prevent erosion and restore biodiversity, (b) sequester at least 10% of carbon dioxide by planting and maintaining bamboo groves; (c) reduce toxic contaminants by 20% to improve water quality through bamboo's natural phytoremediation capabilities, (d) provide sustainability education to at least 1,500 learners to empower them to take climate action; (e) explore opportunities to generate livelihoods for local families through the development of a bamboo-based industry; and (f) strengthen the company's sustainability efforts by integrating bamboo-based solutions into its corporate social responsibility and ESG frameworks, in line with the UN Sustainable Development Goals.

2025 Outlook

To accelerate growth and improve market share, VITA remains committed to strengthening its Foods segment through the *Cook's* brand by scaling up its fresh and ready-to-cook chicken products and investing in marketing. The strategic partnership with NOVOGEN, a French leader in layer genetics, also positions the Farms segment for further growth and may generate potential benefits extending to other segments.

On a full-year basis, the company expects revenues to post double-digit growth and income to improve significantly, developing throughout the year and over the medium term as the company continues to deliver on its growth plans.

Fiscal Year 2023 compared to Fiscal Year 2022

The Company reported revenues of ₱12.5 billion in 2023, an increase of 4% year-over-year, with the following highlights:

- Foods segment was the largest contributor to revenues at 56%, growing 11% from last year to ₱6.9 billion. There was continued momentum in the business with a 14% volume expansion led by demand in Luzon and the Visayas. Pricing, however, was under pressure amid oversupply of chicken in the market.
- Feeds segment comprised 41% of revenues, which was down 1% versus the prior year to ₱5.1 billion. Pricing climbed 16% while sales volume decreased 15%. This performance was due to multiple factors, including the following: the continued gradual increase in selling prices which the Company implemented since 2022 in response to high input cost inflation; the lower demand for hog feeds due to the continued spread of African swine fever; and the depressed selling prices of chicken which dampened the demand for broiler feeds among the commercial farms.
- Farms segment accounted for 3% of revenues, reflecting a 20% decrease to ₱424.4 million as a result of overall market conditions. A fair value changes on biological assets amounting to a loss of ₱47.8 million was recognized as part of revenues based on lower estimated selling price of chicken in the market.

Gross profit was ₱904.5 million, a 19% decline from the previous year, as cost of goods rose 6% to ₱11.6 billion on higher production costs. Gross margin decreased to 7% from 9%.

Net income was ₱13.3 million with earnings per share of ₱0.004 compared with ₱89.6 million and ₱0.029 in 2022 largely due to the decline in gross profit combined with higher operating expenses mainly from increased labor costs.

The Company is implementing efforts to strengthen a more resilient business model to deliver its long-term business and financial goals. These initiatives include stronger marketing and brand support, capability investment, and increased visibility in modern trade channels which are expected to drive top-line growth and gross margin expansion.

Fiscal Year 2022 compared to Fiscal Year 2021

The Company achieved historic revenues of P12.0 billion, in 2022, an increase of 23% year-over-year, marking the first time in the company's 60-year history that annual revenues exceeded P10 billion. All business segments were

profitable with strong momentum in the Foods segment.

Rocco Sarmiento, President and CEO, said, "2022 brought many challenges to families and businesses particularly as inflation intensified and food prices rose by double digits. Despite this difficult environment, our team at VITA worked tirelessly and delivered solid revenue growth and improved net income."

Cost of goods accelerated 23% to P10.9 billion following higher sales volumes and input costs. Key raw materials including wheat, soybean, and corn, which comprised about 70% of feed costs, soared an average of 25%. In addition, price increases in fuel, energy, and labor exerted further pressure on handling costs and the return of some post- pandemic operating costs, such as travel costs.

Gross profit grew 24% to P1.1 billion and operating profit increased 21% to P223.2 million. The impact of cost inflation was partially offset by volume growth, pricing changes, and efficiencies.

Net income reached P129.0 million with earnings per share of P0.042, up 44% over the prior year.

Looking ahead, the company expects another year of strong revenue growth as well as better margins in 2023, encouraged by an expansion in its sales channels and the positive reception of the recently launched value-added products. At the same time, it remains alert in assessing the risks of persistent higher input costs and supply chain disruptions.

Segment highlights

Revenues from the Foods segment amounted to P6.2 billion, an all-time high on 48% growth, as the more
robust recovery in food services and restaurants lifted demand and the company's value-added products that were
unveiled in November provided some additional support. Volume was up 22% led by demand in Luzon and
Mindanao while average prices increased 19%, reflecting significant cost inflation. The Foods segment
comprised 52% of overall revenues.

During the year, the segment widened its operations in various areas nationwide—in Luzon: Isabela and Bicol; in Visayas: Samar and Leyte; in Mindanao: Zamboanga City, Bukidnon, Marawi, Sultan Kudarat, and Saranggani. It also launched *Cook's* Flavor Origins in November as part of its growth strategy at the retail level. Product offering includes differentiated items such as French Roast, Mediterranean Roast, and South African Roast.

• Feeds revenues grew 11% to P5.2 billion driven by pricing which increased 18% compared to the year-ago period versus input costs of 23%. As expected, price actions had an unfavorable impact on volume which declined 6%. The Feeds segment comprised 44% of revenues.

The segment made significant progress towards operational milestones by increasing the number of distributors, megadealers, and retail feed outlets across Capiz, Aklan, and Central Negros over the course of the year. It also began its multiyear campaign that will establish the brand as "The Specialist in Animal Nutrition." Another highlight of the year is the introduction of further initiatives that address sustainability opportunities. This included the transition to reusable woven feed sacks from laminated bags in order to manage its product design and lifecycle.

• Farms revenues were down 32% to P529.0 million due to the shortage of day-old chicks. A fair value adjustment on biological assets amounting to P12.1 million was recognized as part of revenues and P1.1 million as part of cost of goods. The Farms segment comprised 4% of revenues.

Fiscal Year 2021 compared to Fiscal Year 2020

Vitarich Hits Record High Revenues of P9.7 billion in 2021

The Company reports an all-time revenue record of P9.7 billion, up 23% year-over-year driven by growth in all three business segments.

"2021 not only delivered new revenue records across segments, but also pointed to higher long-term volume growth," said Rocco Sarmiento, President and CEO. "Our strategy to expand our capabilities has been validated by market trends toward rising consumption of meat products and convenience food. This formed the basis of our recent capital investments in the business, and as a result, we have good revenue visibility going into 2022."

Cost of goods increased 21% to P8.9 billion in relation to higher sales volume and prices of raw materials such as wheat, soybean, and corn which rose by an average of 12% compared to the prior year. The cost inflation was due to several factors, including logistics challenges due to COVID-19, reimposed series of quarantine measures in the third quarter, as well as supply disruptions for soybeans in the fourth quarter due to high demand from China, increasing domestic use in the U.S., and lower output from Brazil and Argentina.

Gross profit was P856.3 million, up 50% from a year ago, while operating income more than doubled to P184.0 million.

Operating expenses were maintained at 7% of revenues even as administrative and selling and distribution costs increased to ensure current and future market competitiveness and to support marketing activities for the recently launched *Freshly Frozen* line.

Net income was P89.4 million and earnings per share was P0.029, higher by nearly 10 times from P9.3 million and P0.003 in 2020, respectively.

Capital expenditure totaled P117.7 million, primarily for the construction of a new warehouse in Davao and for additional machinery and equipment in Bulacan, Iloilo, and Davao to meet strong volume demand and to upgrade bagging lines for automation.

Segment Highlights

Revenues from the Feeds segment, which accounted for 48% of total sales, were up 14% to P4.7 billion with
volumes reaching the highest levels ever for tie-up and commercial customers, such as distributors and direct
farms. Sales volume climbed 12% while average selling prices inched up modestly by 3%. Earlier in the fourth
quarter, Vitarich Poultry Advantage was launched to address the needs of backyard and general poultry
farmers. The new product line attracted an initial user base of over 100 retailers and farms.

Annual feed mill capacity increased 3% to 300,200 MT in 2021 from 290,800 MT in 2020, while production grew 8% to 226,900 MT from 209,700 MT. As of December 31, 2021, utilization rate rose to 76% from 72%.

The Feeds segment produces and markets animal feeds, health and nutritional products, and supplements to various distributors, dealers, and end users nationwide.

• Revenues from the Foods segment, which accounted for 44% of revenues, accelerated by 36% to P4.2 billion due to a 21% increase in sales volume and 12% increase in average selling prices. During the year, the segment further developed *Cook's* portfolio by customizing *Cook's Premium Chicken* products for hotels, restaurants, and institutional (HRI) clients that now account for 55% of Foods's revenue contribution up from 33% a year ago. In addition, it also strengthened the branded retail business through *Cook's Freshly Frozen*, which saw total volume soar by 608%.

Annual dressing plant capacity increased 5% to 79,000 MT in 2021 from 75,500 MT in 2020, while production expanded 21% to 35,700 MT from 29,500 MT. As of yearend 2021, the utilization rate reached 75% from 70%, excluding dressing plant facilities owned by third parties.

The Foods segment sells chicken broilers, either as live or dressed, to HRI customers, supermarkets, and wet markets.

 Revenues from the Farms segment, which accounted for the remaining 8%, registered a 19% increase to P778.0 million. Fair value adjustments on biological assets amounting to P55.1 million was recognized as part of revenues and P78.0 million as part of cost of goods.

The Farms segment is involved in the production, sales and distribution of day-old chicks.

Outlook

The Company continues to execute on the factors it can control, including new products, improved customer satisfaction scores, enhanced processes, and engaged stakeholder relationships.

Looking ahead, management expects revenues to stay robust, but the ongoing challenges will temper the full impact of sales growth on Company earnings. Supply chain headwinds will persist and pressure the costs of raw materials and transportation. In view of these elevated input costs, we will continuously reconfigure our purchasing approach and explore new grain and protein sources to reduce dependency on corn, wheat, and soybean meal. We are positive that higher volumes, cost efficiency, and responsible price increases will help us meet our performance objectives while ensuring that our products remain affordable.

PHP millions, except per share data

	2021	2020	Change	2019	Change	4Q 2021	4Q 2020	Change	4Q 2019	Change
Revenues	9,704.28	7,881.92	23%	8,918.47	9%	2,393.96	2,189.76	9%	2,958.85	-19%
Operating income	183.99	79.01	133%	158.58	16%	(78.32)	31.45	-349%	171.59	-146%
Net income	89.44	9.29	863%	128.82	-31%	(91.02)	5.68	-1701%	234.42	-139%
EPS	0.029	0.003	863%	0.042	-31%	(0.030)	0.002	-1701%	0.077	-139%
EBITDA	249.66	222.49	12%	385.53	-35%	(71.03)	58.27	-222%	327.60	-122%

Fiscal Year 2020 compared to Fiscal Year 2019

Consolidated sales of goods decreased by 9% to P7.7 billion in 2020 from P8.4 billion in 2019 mainly because of unfavorable chicken prices in the market brought about by the COVID-19 pandemic and the spread of African Swine Fever (ASF).

The Company recognized a fair value adjustment on biological assets of P199.5 million in 2020 from P479.6

million in 2019. Sales of goods per business segment:

- Foods sales dropped by 23% to P3.1 billion in 2020 from P4.0 billion in 2019 due to unfavorable selling
 prices of chicken brought about by the COVID-19 pandemic starting April 2020 and towards the end of
 the year.
- Feeds revenues increased by 4% to P4.1 billion in 2020 from P3.9 billion in 2019, despite the pandemic and ASF, due to strong sales in Visayas and Mindanao as well as higher sales from the Feeds Tie-up program in Luzon and some regions of Mindanao.
- Farms segment sales edged down by 2% to P455.0 million in 2020 from P466.1 million in 2019 as the poultry industry was badly affected by the unfavorable chicken prices related to the pandemic.

Cost of Goods Sold decreased 8% to P7.1 billion in 2020 from P7.7 billion in 2019 versus lower sales volume and lower raw material costs. There was a fair value adjustment on biological assets of P184.4 million in 2020 from P471.4 million in 2019.

Gross profit for 2020 amounted to P571.8 million, lower by 20%, or P145 million, from P717.5 million in 2019. Lower gross profits were mainly due to unfavorable selling prices for chicken brought about by the COVID-19 pandemic and the closure of HRI accounts.

Operating expenses decreased by 9% to P536.8 million in 2020 from P588.3 million in 2019 thanks to operational

efficiency and cost reduction measures. Other operating income of P44 million in 2020 increased by 50% versus 2019 primarily due to rendered tolling services.

Other charges, which includes interest expenses, decreased by 67% to P57.8 million in 2020 from P176.6 million in 2019 due to lower tax settlements, interest expenses, and provisions for impairment losses on receivables. Other income recognized went down by 97% to P4.2 million in 2020 from P160.7 million in 2019 because of lower gains on fair value changes of investment properties.

Tax expenses increased by 16% to P16.1 million in 2020 from P13.9 million in 2019.

The Company posted Net Income of P9.3 million, despite being adversely affected by the pandemic and the spread of African Swine Fever in Luzon. This was down P119.5 million or 93% compared to 2019 Net Income of P128.8 million. First quarter performance provided ample buffer for net losses in the second and third quarters.

Financial Condition

As at December 31, 2024, total assets stood at ₱5.8 billion, reflecting an increase of ₱561.1 million from December 31, 2023. Current assets grew 17% to ₱3.2 billion, primarily driven by higher cash balances due delayed crediting of December disbursements caused by holiday banking schedules, along with increases in trade receivables and livestock inventories. Non-current assets rose 4% to ₱2.6 billion, mainly due to a revaluation increment on property, plant and equipment, as well as the acquisition of additional transportation equipment.

Total liabilities were ₱3.5 billion, up ₱217.5 million from December 31, 2023. Current liabilities grew 4% to ₱3.1 billion, as payments to suppliers and business partners were deferred to January. Non-current liabilities rose 27% to ₱409.8 million, driven by additional retirement obligations recognized from the latest actuarial valuation and higher deferred tax liabilities related to revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment.

Stockholders' equity increased by ₱343.6 million to ₱2.2 billion from December 31, 2023, mainly due to the recognition of a record-high net income of ₱216.6 million for the year, along with a ₱127.0 million rise in other comprehensive income, primarily from the revaluation increment on property, plant, and equipment.

Net cash provided by operating activities was ₱474.6 million, while net cash used in investing activities totaled ₱80.2 million. Net cash used in financing activities reached ₱202.6 million.

The Corporation's key performance indicators are described as follows:

	2024	2023	2022
Revenue (₽ Million):			
Sale of goods	₽12,448	₽12,544	₽11,958
Fair value adjustment on biological assets	92	(48)	11
Cost Contribution (₽ Million):	11,036	11,591	10,900
Cost of Goods Sold	11,030	11,391	10,900
Gross Profit Rate (%)	12%	7%	9%
Operating Margin (₽ Million)	398	11	185

1) Sales Volumes, Price, and Revenue Growth

Consolidated revenue composed of feeds, day-old chicks, and chicken and animal health products sales including fair value adjustment on biological assets, reached \$\mathbb{P}12.539\$ billion, slightly surpassing the previous year's level.

2) Cost Contribution

This measures the cost efficiency of the products and trends of raw materials prices, particularly importations, which involve foreign exchange exposure. Costs are analyzed on a regular basis to assist strategic management

decision making regarding cost reduction and efficiency measures.

3) Gross Profit Rate

Reviews are conducted on a regular basis to check if targets are being met based on the forecasted gross profit rate and to ensure proper and immediate action can be taken.

4) Operating Margin

Operating margin is profit after operating expenses are deducted. Reviews of operating expenses are performed on a regular basis. These are analyzed and compared against the budget, previous month, and previous years to ensure that cost reduction measures are being met and implemented.

There are no material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations), or other relationships of the company with unconsolidated entities or other persons created during the reporting period.

There are no material commitments for capital expenditures.

There is no known trend, or any demand, commitments, events, or uncertainties that will result in or that are reasonably likely to result in the Corporation's liquidity increasing or decreasing in any material way.

There are no known and/or anticipated events that will trigger direct or contingent financial obligations that are material to the Corporation, including any defaults or acceleration of an obligation.

Item 7. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Consolidated Audited Financial Statement of the Corporation for the year-ended December 31, 2024, including the applicable schedules listed in the accompanying index to financial statements and supplementary schedules are filed as part of this form 17-A. The Parent Audited Financial Statements for the year-ended December 31, 2024 is likewise attached.

Item 8. INFORMATION ON INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT AND OTHER RELATED MATTERS

External Audit Fees and Services

Audit and Audit-Related Fees

The work of Reyes Tacandong & Co. consisted of an audit of the financial statements of the Company to enable them to express an opinion on the fair presentation, in all material respects, of the Company's statement of financial position, statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity, and statement of cash flows in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards. For the year 2024, audit fees amounted to P3.75 million, exclusive of VAT and out of pocket expenses.

All Other Fees

For the year 2024, Vitarich engaged the services of Reyes Tacandong & Co. to do transfer pricing services. The consideration for such services is P 0.5 million, exclusive of vat and out-of-pocket expenses.

There were no other services obtained from the external auditor other than those mentioned above.

Prior to the engagement of the external auditor, the Audit, Risk Oversight and Related Party Transactions Committee reviewed and confirmed the terms of engagement and the scope of services of the external auditor as endorsed by the management of the Company. Its approval policies and procedures for external auditors are:

- 1. Statutory audit of the Company's annual financial statements
 - a. The Audit, Risk Oversight, and Related Party Committee ensures that the services of the external auditor conform with the provision of the company's manual of corporate governance specifically articles 2.3.4.1, 2.3.4.3 and 2.3.4.4
 - b. The Audit, Risk Oversight, and Related Party Committee makes an assessment of the quality of the prior year audit work services, scope, and deliverables and makes a determination of the reasonableness of the audit fee based on the proposed audit plan for the current year.
- 2. For services other than annual F/S audit:
 - a. The Audit, Risk Oversight, and Related Party Committee evaluates the necessity of the proposed services presented by management taking into consideration the following:
 - i. The effectiveness of the Company's internal control and risk management arrangements, systems and procedures, and management's degree of compliance
 - ii. The effect and impact of new tax and accounting regulations and standards
 - iii. Cost benefit of the proposed undertaking
 - b. The Audit, Risk Oversight, and Related Party Committee approves and ensures that other services provided by the external auditor shall not conflict with the functions of the external auditor for the annual audit of its financial statements.

Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

For 2024, the Company's independent public accountant was Reyes Tacandong & Co. The audit of the financial statements of the Company was handled and certified by the engagement partner, Ms. Michelle R. Mendoza-Cruz. The firm complied with the Revised SRC Rule 68, paragraph 3 (b) (iv) re: seven (7) years rotation requirement for the external auditor.

Pursuant to SRC Rule 68.1 (Qualification and Reports of Independent Auditors), the Company engaged Reyes Tacandong & Co. for the audit of the Company's financial statements for the calendar year 2024. The engagement of Reyes, Tacandong & Co. and the engagement partner was approved by the Board of Directors and the stockholders of the Company.

There was no event in the last two fiscal years where the previous and current external auditors or previous and current engagement partners had any disagreements regarding any matter relating to accounting principles or practices, financial statement disclosures, or auditing scope or procedure. There were no disagreements with the external auditor of the Company on any matter of accounting and financial disclosure.

PART III - CONTROL AND COMPENSATION INFORMATION

Item 9. DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

Pursuant to the Company's Amended Articles of Incorporation dated March 25, 2021, its Board of Directors has nine (9) members, two (2) of whom are independent directors.

The directors of the Company are elected at the annual meeting of the stockholders to hold office for one (1) year until the next succeeding annual meeting of the stockholders and until the respective successors have been elected and qualified. Any vacancy shall be filled in accordance with the provisions of the Revised Corporation Code of the Philippines.

Officers are elected by the newly elected Board of Directors at the organizational meeting held right after the annual meeting of the stockholders. The Board also elects during its organizational meeting the chairman and members of the Audit, Risk Oversight, and Related Party Transactions Committee as well as the chairman and

members of the Nominations, Remunerations, and Corporate Governance Committee. The officers shall be subject to removal at any time by the Board of Directors, but all officers, unless removed, shall hold office for a term of one (1) year until their successors are appointed. If any vacancy shall occur among the officers of the Corporation, such vacancy shall be filled by the Board of Directors.

Directors and Officers

The following are the directors and officers of the Corporation for the term of one (1) year from June 30, 2024 or until their successors shall have been elected and qualified:

Jose Vicente C. Bengzon III, Filipino, 67 years old Director/Chairman of the Board

Mr. Bengzon has been Vitarich's Chairman of the Board of Directors since 2012. He has been the President & CEO of Torres Trading Company, Inc. since January 2021 to 2022 and an Independent Director of Upson International Corp. since 2022. He has been the Vice Chairman & Chairman of the Executive Committee of Commtrend Construction Corp. since 2014; Director and Treasurer of Inception Technology Philippines Corp. since 2019 to 2024 and Senior Adviser to the Board of Malayan Bank since 2018. He was Director & Chairman of the Risk Management Committee of Rizal Microbank from 2010 to 2020. He was a Consultant at SGV from 1982-1985 and Financial Planning and Projects Manager for Reuters America from 1988 to 1990. From 1991 to 1996, he was with Dole Philippines and served in various capacities as Assistant to the Country Manager, Manager in the Financial Planning Group, and Financial Analyst. He was also an Entrepreneur of Westborough Food Corporation from 1993 to 2001. Mr. Bengzon was Director of the Philippine Quality Awards Foundation from 1998 to 2011; on the Board of Trustees at the Philippine Quality and Productivity Movement, Davao Chapter, from 1998 to 1999; on the Board of Trustees of the Davao City Chamber of Commerce and Industry from 1999 to 2000; President of the Productivity Development Council in Mindanao from 1999 to 2000; and President of Abarti Artworks Corporation from 2001 to 2004. In 2005, Mr. Bengzon was the Chief Privatization Officer of the Department of Finance and Director of Panaro Minerals Phils. and the Philippine Al Amanah Islamic Bank. He was President of the Duma Group of Companies from 2006 to 2011; President of UPCC Holdings Corp until 2020; acting Chairman at the Philippine National Construction Corp. from 2012 to 2013 and its Board Member from 2005 to 2011; Director of Manila North Tollways Corp. from 2012 to 2013; Director of the South Luzon Tollways Corp. from 2011 to 2012; an Independent Director of Bermaz Auto Phil's Inc. (2017); and Director & Chairman of the Audit Committee of Century Peak Mining Corp. from 2016 to 2018. He is a Certified Public Accountant and a graduate of De La Salle University having obtained his Bachelor of Science degree in Commerce and Bachelor of Arts degree in Economics in 1980 therefrom. He earned his Master of Business Administration at the J. L. Kellogg School of Management at Northwestern University in 1988.

Ricardo Manuel M. Sarmiento, Filipino, 48 years old Director/President & Chief Executive Officer

Mr. Sarmiento is the President and Chief Executive Officer of Vitarich Corporation. He brings with him almost two decades of hands-on experience with the company. He is responsible for the overall success of the organization with primary responsibilities in setting corporate objectives and strategy, driving growth, and managing company operations towards achievement of goals.

He began his career with the company in 2005 as the Acting General Manager of Gromax and, eventually, as its General Manager. He later became its President in 2010. This was followed by his role as Vitarich's Sales and Marketing Director and his eventual promotion to Executive Vice-President and Chief Operating Officer in 2012. He is likewise the Treasurer of Precisione International Research and Diagnostic Laboratory, Inc., a position he has held since 2008.

Mr. Sarmiento is an active member of the Rotary Club of Manila, Upsilon Sigma Phi, and the Young President's Organization (YPO Philippines Chapter). He has been a panelist in various business forums including the Philippine Summit of The Asset and the Economic Forum of BusinessWorld. His team was recognized as the Executive Leadership Team of the Year and a Circle of Excellence Awardee at the Asia CEO Awards 2022. Mr. Sarmiento holds a bachelor's degree in tourism from the University of the Philippines, Diliman.

Stephanie Nicole M. Sarmiento-Garcia, Filipino, 45 years old Director/Executive Vice-President, Chief Sustainability Officer (CSO)/Corporate Management Services Director/Treasurer

Ms. Garcia is the Executive Vice President - Chief Sustainability Officer and Corporate Management Services Director of Vitarich Corporation. She carries with her more than two decades of solid hands-on experience in the integrated feeds and foods businesses of the company. In addition to her integral role in the corporation, Ms. Garcia also oversees the external activities of Vitarich Corporation and manages its various partnerships with key stakeholders and the government. She is likewise the President of Precisione International Research & Diagnostic Laboratory, Inc. Due to her deep knowledge in the poultry and feeds business, she is recognized by the Philippine Department of Agriculture as a technical resource person and is often invited to share her expertise with the government and private sector groups. She is one of the leaders of Pilipinas Kontra Gutom - a national and multi-sectoral anti-hunger movement, which aims to bring public and private organizations together on various programs with a common goal: 1 million fewer hunger Filipinos by 2022. Ms. Garcia served as the President of the Philippine Association of Feed Millers, Inc. (PAFMI) from February 2020 to February 2021. She was also PAFMI's Board Secretary and Board Member, heading the Corn Reform and Policy Committee.

Prior to Vitarich, she was a Store Manager at Le Pain Quotidien, an international chain of café-style restaurants, specializing in bakery items. Earlier on, she held a front desk position at the Ritz Carlton Hotel in San Francisco. She holds a degree in International Hospitality Management from the Glion Institute of Higher Education (formerly known as Glion Hotels School), a private, university-level Swiss hotel management school in Switzerland. Ms. Garcia joined Vitarich in October 2003.

Rogelio M. Sarmiento, Filipino, 76 years old Director

Mr. Sarmiento served the Corporation in different capacities as director (1982 to 1991; 2003 until April 29, 2021; October 15, 2021 to present), President and Chief Executive Officer (2003 to June 24, 2016), and Chairman of the Board of Directors (2003 to June 29, 2012). He was elected on October 15, 2021 as a director to fill in the vacancy that resulted from the untimely demise of Mr. Jose M. Sarmiento. He was also the President of L.S. Sarmiento & Co., Inc., Sarmiento Industries, Inc., Fortuna Mariculture Corporation, and Sarphil Corporation from 1968 to 1981. He obtained his Bachelor of Science in Business Administration degree from the University of San Francisco and his Master of Business Administration degree from the University of Santa Clara in the United States of America. He was President of the Philippine Association of Feed Millers Inc. from 1990 to 1992 and Vice-President of the Philippine Chamber of Commerce from 1988 to 1989. Formerly a member of the Interim Batasang Pambansa, he concurrently served as Minister of State for Transportation and Communications. He also served as Deputy Director General of the National Economic and Development Authority. He was a member of the House of Representatives representing the First District of the Province of Davao del Norte from 1992 to 2001.

Benjamin I. Sarmiento, Jr., Filipino, 55 years old Director

Mr. Sarmiento was elected as Vitarich's Director in 1998. He is a graduate of the University of San Francisco with a Bachelor of Arts degree in Economics. He is the Chief Executive Officer of Sarmiento Pacific Holdings and Equities (formerly Pacific Equities, Inc.) from 1989 to the present. He is also a Director of the following companies: M3 Ventures International, Inc. since 1991, and Ultra-Seer, Inc., Hillsdale Marketing Inc., Specialized Products & Services, Inc., Escotek, Inc., and Diversified Industrial Technology, Inc. since 2002. He is the Chief Executive Officer of Sarmiento Pacific Agribusiness.

Lorenzo Vito M. Sarmiento, III, Filipino, 50 years old Director

Mr. Sarmiento was elected as director on June 29, 2012. He is also the President of Lockbox Storage, Inc. He was Co-founder and Chief Operating Officer of Advanced Environmental Soil Solutions, Inc. He was President of

Davito Holdings Corporation, President of Speed Space Systems, Chairman of Emphasys Process Corporation, Investor and co-founder at South Super Sports, Team Manager under contract with the Philippine Football Federation, and Creative Director of Speed HKG. He graduated in 1999 from the University of San Francisco with a Bachelor of Science degree in Business Administration with emphasis on Marketing and International Business. He took up special courses in International Studies at the Richmond College in London, England, and Network Engineering at Herald College, San Francisco, USA.

Atty. Juan Arturo Iluminado C. De Castro, J.S.D., LL.M., Filipino, 44 years old Director

Atty. De Castro is a practicing lawyer with a Bachelor of Laws degree from the University of the Philippines College of Law, and is the first Filipino to obtain both a Doctorate in the Science of Law (J.S.D.) and a Master of Laws (LL.M.) degree at the University of California Berkeley School of Law in the USA in 2011. He authored the book on Philippine Energy Law (2012), which provides guidance for investing in the country's electric power industry. He has extensive experience in corporate rehabilitation, or Chapter 11, Bankruptcy, in the Philippines. He is also the managing partner of the De Castro & Cagampang-De Castro Law Firm, a boutique law firm in Makati. Their law practice includes civil and criminal litigation before various courts, appellate practice, real estate transactions, and cases before the Sandiganbayan, among others. He is currently also an Assistant Professorial Lecturer at the De La Salle University College of Law and a consultant at the Cybercrime Investigation and Coordinating Center (CICC).

Pierre Carlo C. Curay, Filipino, 46 years old Independent Director

Mr. Curay was first elected as Independent Director on June 24, 2022. He has never been affiliated with the Corporation prior to his nomination and election as Independent Director. He has been an entrepreneur for 23 years to date and has 17 years of experience in Logistics and Supply Chain Management, in addition to being a technology professional. He is a Co-Founder and has been the CEO of Insight and Supply Chain Solutions (InsightSCS) since March 2019, a technology logistics start-up. He is also the Director of XVC Logistics, a transport and freight forwarding company serving multinational companies for their Philippine logistics needs. He concurrently serves different organizations in various capacities - Former President and currently Vice President of the Supply Chain Management Association of the Philippines; Co-Chair for Supply Chain Management of the Committee on Transport and Logistics of the Philippine Chamber of Commerce and Industry (since February 2022); Technical Consultant for the Regulatory Reform Support Program for National Development of the University of the Philippines Public Administration and Extension Services Foundation, Inc. (since March 2020); Pioneer Mentor of ASEAN Mentorship for Entrepreneurs Network (since November 2017); and Mentor for the Department of Trade and Industry (DTI) and the Department of Agriculture (DA) at GoNegosyo (since June 2016). Mr. Curay earned his Bachelor of Science degree in Management Information Systems, Information Technology from the Ateneo de Manila University in 1999. He also attended the Training Programs on Logistics Management for the Philippines and established the Logistics Qualifications System of the Association of Overseas Technical Scholarships in Japan (2010-2012) and the Entrepreneurship Acceleration Program at The Wharton School (2019).

Vicente Julian A. Sarza, Filipino, 72 years old Independent Director

Mr. Sarza was first elected as Independent Director of the Corporation in 2016. He also serves as Independent Director of HC Consumer Finance Phils, Inc. (Home Credit), the AIB Money Market Mutual Fund, Inc., Don Tim Development Corp, and Servicio Filipino, Inc. He was a director and Chief Operating Officer of Mabuhay Capital until his retirement therefrom in 2020. However, he remains a consultant of Mabuhay Capital. Prior to joining Mabuhay Capital, Mr. Sarza was Senior Vice President, Head of institutional banking at Asia United Bank (AUB), a publicly listed company, which operates as a universal bank. Before moving to AUB, Mr. Sarza was a Principal, Head of Advisory Services, in KPMG Philippines. He was responsible for the significant expansion of market share and significant increase in recognition of KPMG Advisory as an advisory services firm in key industries, such as financial institutions, energy, water, infrastructure, insurance and in government and multilateral institutions.

Over the years, Mr. Sarza's extensive experience included successful engagements as Director to Chief Privatization Officer, rank of Undersecretary in the Privatization and Management Office

(an agency of the Department of Finance). Mr. Sarza was also a Director and Chairman of the Technical Committee on

Privatization and Office for Special Concerns for the Department of Finance (Republic of the Philippines). Mr. Sarza had various roles in the successful privatization of Maynilad, International School Manila, Philippine Telecommunications Investment Corp., Energy Development Corp., and Iloilo Airport. Mr. Sarza spent more than 25 years in banking, his stints spanning corporate, middle market, and consumer banking with added responsibilities in his last 8 years through involvement in senior functions such as Mancom, Asset and Liabilities Management, and Credit Committee duties, among others. Prior to the Department of Finance, Mr. Sarza spent a total of 14 years at United Coconut Planters Bank (UCPB) and UCPB Savings Banks as Manager to First Vice President-Head of the Commercial Credit Division and President and COO, respectively. Mr. Sarza holds an A.B. degree in Economics from the Ateneo De Manila University.

Executive Officers

Atty. Aison Benedict C. Velasco, Filipino, 47 years old Corporate Secretary

Atty. Velasco was first appointed as Corporate Secretary of the Corporation last April 26, 2019. He is presently a Partner of the Angara Abello Concepcion Regala & Cruz Law Office (ACCRALAW), the firm he joined in 2003. He obtained his bachelor's degree from the Ateneo de Manila University in 1999 and his Juris Doctor law degree from the same university in 2003 graduating with Second Honors. Presently, he acts as Corporate Secretary of several companies, including AB Mauri Philippines, Inc., ELC Beauty, Inc., Smartmatic Philippines, Inc., UBS Securities Philippines, Inc., UBS Investments Philippines, Inc., Grey Philippines, Inc., Shin Clark Power Holdings, Inc., Shin Clark Power Corporation, Makesense, Inc., Commonssense Philippines, Inc. and other Philippine companies.

Atty. Mary Christine C. Dabu-Pepito, CCO, TCS, Filipino, 39 years old Assistant Corporate Secretary/Compliance Officer/Corporate Information Officer

Atty. Dabu-Pepito was first appointed as the Corporation's Assistant Corporate Secretary/Compliance Officer/Corporate Information Officer on March 21, 2016. She obtained her Bachelor of Arts degree in Broadcast Communication from the University of the Philippines-Diliman and graduated Cum Laude in 2006. She took up her Bachelor of Laws degree at the San Beda University-Manila in 2011 and was admitted to the Bar on March 28, 2012. She is a Partner at Dabu & Associates Law Office. Her areas of practice are litigation and corporate law. This includes civil, family, criminal, commercial, administrative, employment, and labor law litigation as well as corporate and commercial services, and corporate housekeeping. She is also one of the Corporation's legal counsels. She is an alumna of the 5th cohort of the Applied Sustainability Management in Asia Pacific (ASMAP 5) held on October 2019. Organized by the Center for Social Responsibility of the University of Asia and the Pacific, ASMAP is an executive training program for linking sustainability and business performance. She is a Certified Compliance Officer and Certified Tax Compliance Specialist having completed and passed the qualifying examinations of the Certification Course for Compliance Officers and Certification Course for Tax Compliance Specialist administered by the Center for Global Best Practices on April 5, 2022 and September 22, 2023, respectively. She is also an accredited arbitrator of the Philippine International Center for Conflict Resolution, Inc.

Other Executive Officers

Reynaldo D. Ortega, Filipino, 55 years old Senior Vice President and Chief Operating Officer

Dr. Ortega is a Doctor of Veterinary Science and Medicine who obtained his degree at the Central Luzon State University in 1992. He also earned his degree in Bachelor of Science in Animal Husbandry in the same University in 1990. He completed his master's degree at the University of Asia and the Pacific in the Agribusiness Executive Program in 2018. Dr. Ortega started as Production Supervisor at Purefoods Corporation in Sto. Tomas, Batangas, and was later assigned as Veterinary Supervisor at Purefood's JMT office in Ortigas, Pasig. He joined Vitarich in 1994 as an Extension Veterinarian and, since then has handled various positions as Veterinary Services Group Head, Contract Growing

Operations Head, Technical Head, and Poultry and Livestock Division Head, until his appointment as Senior Vice President and General Manager for Poultry, Feeds, and Foods Sales Division sometime in March 2018. He was later on appointed as Senior Vice President for Poultry and Food General Manager. On 04 November 2024, Dr. Ortega was appointed as Senior Vice President and Chief Operating Officer of the Company. His training includes Poultry Tunnel Ventilation Systems, Poultry Management in Cage Systems, Immunology and Virology, and Artificial Insemination in Broiler Breeders. He attended various symposiums about Poultry production, processing, and marketing in the USA, Europe and Asia.

Alicia G. Danque, Filipino, 51 years old Senior Vice President – Chief Supply Chain Officer/Alternate Corporate Information Officer

Ms. Danque joined the company in 1995 and has held various positions such as Corporate Planning Manager, Chief of Staff, and Assistant Vice President for Animal Health Care. She was promoted to Vice President & Supply Chain Director on January 1, 2020, where she focuses on providing overall direction for the supply chain, enhancing productivity and efficiency, and minimizing costs while ensuring the procurement of high-quality materials. Ms. Danque stepped into her current role on October 1, 2022.

Her responsibilities include overseeing the procurement of raw materials and services, feed integrated planning, warehousing and logistics operations. Additionally, Ms. Danque serves as a board member of the Philippine Association of Feed Millers, Inc. (PAFMI) and is the Auditor and head of its Membership Committee. She holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Industrial Engineering from Mapua University and has completed postgraduate courses at the Philippine Women's University and the University of Asia and the Pacific.

Ms. Ma. Diana Mascardo Cuna, 66 years old Senior Vice President – Chief Human Resource Officer (SVP-CHRO) & OD Director

Ms. Cuna was appointed to her current position on December 6, 2022. She is responsible for developing and executing human resources strategy in support of the overall business plan and strategic direction of the organization, specifically in the areas of succession planning, talent management, change management, organizational and performance management, learning and development, talent acquisition and compensation. As the CHRO she provides strategic leadership by articulating HR needs and plans to the leadership council.

Ms. Cuna was a management consultant in the areas of Human Resources and Corporate Risk Management, having been a practicing professional for almost four decades. Prior to her appointment as SVP-CHRO, Ms. Cuna has been the Corporation's Executive Advisor/Human Resources and Organization Development (HR OD) since 2015.

Prior to Vitarich, Ms. Cuna provided HR consultancy to various local and international private companies as well as local government institutions. She was the VP and HR/Communications Director for San Miguel Corporation food group, HR and Risk Management expert for USAID and European Union (EU) Commission programs from 2003 to 2015. She earned both her Master's degree in Counseling and Bachelor of Science degree in Biology/FLCD from the University of the Philippines, earned units in Doctor's of Philosophy in Educational Psychology from the University of the Philippines and completed her Organization Behaviour program from INSEAD (Singapore).

Elaine C. Nantes, Filipino, 61 years old Vice President & Corporate Quality and Technical Services Director

Ms. Nantes brings over 30 years of managerial experience in the food industry, with expertise spanning food processing, production, engineering, quality management, and food safety. She has held several key roles, including Value-Added Operations Manager, Food Safety Manager, Plant Manager, and Project Manager, with a proven track record in overseeing third-party tolling plant operations.

Known as the "Food Safety Guru" of San Miguel Pure Foods Co., Ms. Nantes played a critical role in establishing and championing quality and food safety standards across the organization. She ensured that company-owned and third-party manufacturing plants adhered to all regulatory, voluntary, and industry-leading food safety standards.

Her leadership was instrumental in developing and implementing robust quality management systems for food safety and suitability. Under her direction, 43 food facilities earned GMP and HACCP certifications, while over 80 food products received HACCP certification. Additionally, six food plants achieved ISO 22000 and ISO 9001 certifications.

Ms. Nantes was also pivotal in reducing the cost of non-conformities by spearheading quality and productivity initiatives, both in her direct roles and as a consultant to industry clients.

In 2005, she served as the Chairperson of the National Meat Advisory Council of the Department of Agriculture National Meat Inspection Service (Philippines). Her professional excellence was recognized by her alma mater, University of Santo Tomas, with the prestigious Albertus Magnus Award for an alumna who excelled in the field of Microbiology.

Emmanuel S. Manalang, Filipino, 60 years old Vice President & Nutrition and Research & Development Manager

Dr. Emmanuel S. Manalang was appointed Vice President & Nutrition and Research & Development Manager on August 1, 2019. He is a graduate of Veterinary Medicine from the University of the Philippines in 1985. He started his career in Animal Nutrition working for ER Squibb and Sons Philippines as a Vitamin Mineral Specialist. He developed his skills by enriching his experience working with Ciba Geigy Philippines, and Ajinomoto, Amino Acid Department as a Technical Manager. He has been an Animal Nutritionist/Nutrition consultant for many commercial feed mills and farm operations nationwide since 1989. Dr. Manalang has a vast experience in the field of Swine and Poultry Nutrition, Aqua Nutrition and Pet Nutrition. He is also engaged in exotic bird breeding and management.

Carmencita S. Policarpio, Filipino, 61 years old Vice President & Director, Corporate Technical Services Directorate (Facilities & Project Management)

Ms. Policarpio is a Licensed Chemical Engineer and has been in the manufacturing industry for more than 30 years. On Sept. 25, 2021, Engr. Policarpio was conferred & included in the roster of ASEAN Engineering Register (AER) as ASEAN Engineer. This is under the AER Commission of the ASEAN Federation of Engineering Organizations (AFEO) among ASEAN countries. On the following year, March 27, 2022, she also received the highest level in the Chemical Engineering Profession as Internationally Recognized Chemical Engineer under PIChE (Philippine Institute of Chemical Engineers) Chemical Engineer Registry. She has extensive work experience in developing and implementing effective quality control processes, quality management, laboratory, and production/plant management. She has been with the Corporation since 10 October 2016 and as such, has been assigned in the Corporation's feed mill plants, poultry dressing operations, commercial laboratory management, and Facility/Project management. She has attended several trainings and conventions in Thailand, Malaysia, Singapore and Indonesia. Throughout her leadership, the corporation's feed mill plants experienced significant advancements in food safety. They successfully implemented and transitioned to ISO 22000:2018 Food Safety Management System, which was granted by Certification International, Philippines. This accomplishment ensures a higher level of food safety for consumers. Moreover, the corporation received the HACCP (Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Point) certification from NQA, a globally recognized Testing, Inspection, and Certification (TIC) provider, accredited by UKAS (United Kingdom Accreditation Service). This certification was awarded to their poultry dressing plant. Furthermore, the company obtained Halal Registration Certificate and Halal Dressing Plant Accreditation, showcasing their dedication to maintaining a secure and safe food production process for its poultry dressing plant, further demonstrating their commitment to maintaining a safe and secure food production process. Engr. Policarpio is presently serving as Auditor & Technical Committee Head of the Philippine Institute of Chemical Engineers - CAMANAVA Chapter. Prior to joining the Corporation, she worked as Plant Manager of Secret Recipes Foods Corp. (Subsidiary of Robinson's Group of Companies), Assistant Manufacturing Manager of Plastic Container Packaging Corp, a food packaging company, and QA Manager then promoted to Plant Manager of Vassar Industries Inc. (Food Packaging company).

On July 1, 2023, Engr. Policarpio successfully finished her master's degree in food safety management from the School of Food Science and Technology at the Philippine Women's University. She graduated with outstanding academic performance, receiving an Excellent grade for her Food Safety Management Case Study Defense. This

achievement showcases her dedication and expertise in the field of food safety.

Dilbert D. Tan, Filipino, 44 years old Senior Vice President and Chief Finance Officer

Mr. Tan was first appointed on July 11, 2022 as the Corporation's Vice President and Finance Operations Director. He is responsible for the management of the corporation's financial processes and risks. He held such position until his appointment as the Company's Senior Vice President and Chief Finance Officer effective November 4, 2024. Mr. Tan has almost 20 years of career experience, mostly in the banking and financial services industry as well as technology software and services. He led operations and support services for corporate loans, trade finance, fund transfer, treasury operations, and asset management for JP Morgan Chase Manila Corporate Center (May 2019 to July 2022), East West Banking Corporation (August 2016 to December 2018), and Deutsche Knowledge Services (January 2006 to September 2008). He has spearheaded system migration and business process transformation initiatives to upgrade efficiency, quality, and controls. He developed and implemented financial risk management policies for risk assessment, measurement, monitoring, and mitigation. In FIS (formerly SunGard Financial Systems) [November 2009 to August 2016], he managed corporate liquidity client services, market intelligence, and demand generation. Mr. Tan is a graduate of Ateneo de Manila University with a Bachelor of Science degree Major in Management and Minor in Finance.

Xerxes Noel O. Ordanez, Filipino, 41 years old Corporate Audit Manager

Mr. Ordanez serves as the Corporate Audit Manager of Vitarich since January 24, 2023. He has over 16 years of audit and finance experience with exposure to hospitality, healthcare, manufacturing, sugar milling, banking, water utilities, and shared services industries. He has covered reviews of major business process such as IT General Controls, Revenue & Collection, Procure-to-Pay, Payroll, Construction Project Management and Operations & Maintenance.

He completed his Bachelor of Science in Business Administration and Accountancy in 2006 at the University of the Philippines-Diliman and passed the CPA licensure exam in the same year. He completed his MBA degree in the same university in 2018. He holds various audit-related certifications as Certified Internal Auditor (CIA), Certified Information Systems Auditor (CISA), and Certified in Risk and Information Systems and Controls (CRISC).

He started his career in SGV & Co as an IT Auditor under IT Audit and Advisory Services. Prior to joining Vitarich Corporation, he worked for a major water utility company for 13 years heading the Internal Audit Department and, subsequently, heading the Controllership & Analysis Department.

Carina Lourdes M. Fabian, Filipino, 52 years old Vice President – Special Projects Director

Ms. Fabian was first appointed on January 2, 2024. She is a customer development professional with more than 2 decades of experience in growing multinational & family-owned corporations. Prior to her appointment with the Company, she was National Sales Manager – Non-Traditional Channel at Century Pacific Food, Inc. for 5 years. Her vast experience includes her employment stint with Pure Foods Corporation, San Miguel Corporation, and Digitel Mobile Philippines, Inc., among other companies. She is a graduate of Bachelor of Science in Business Administration at University of the Philippines, Diliman.

Significant Employees

The Corporation treats the contributions and services rendered of each employee as significant no matter how small the contributions or the work performed are.

Family Relationships

Director Rogelio M. Sarmiento is the father of Directors Ricardo Manuel M. Sarmiento and Stephanie Nicole S. Garcia.

Directors Benjamin I. Sarmiento Jr. and Lorenzo Vito M. Sarmiento III are the cousins of Directors Ricardo Manuel M. Sarmiento and Stephanie Nicole S. Garcia.

Involvement in Certain Legal Proceedings

The Company has no knowledge of any event during the past five (5) years up to the latest filing date, where any of its directors or executive officers had been or are currently involved in any criminal or bankruptcy proceedings or subject of any order or judgment of any court or quasi-judicial agency, whether local or foreign, effecting his/her involvement in business, securities, commodities or banking activities.

Item 10. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

Standard Arrangement

The members of the Board of Directors are entitled to a per diem of P10,000.00 for regular meetings whereas the members of the Audit, Risk Oversight, and Related Party Transactions Committee, and Nominations, Remunerations Committee and Corporate Governance Committee are entitled to a per diem of P5,000.00 for every meeting participation. They are also given a transportation allowance of P5,000.00 for every meeting attended.

Arrangements with Directors & Officers

The Company does not extend or grant warrants or options to its executive officers and directors. Thus, it has no obligation to disclose information pertaining to warrants and options. The market value of the shares of stock, if any, received by the Company's executives and officers approximate the compensation that they should have received had the payment been made in other form of consideration at the grant date.

Executive Compensation

The compensation of key management personnel are as follows:

	2024	2023	2022
Short-term employee benefits	₽69,911,760	₽54,914,416	₽55,480,527
Retirement benefits	4,656,828	5,238,557	5,010,571
Other employee benefits	24,276,904	19,521,032	17,133,565
	₽98,845,492	₽79,674,005	₽ 77,624,663

The aggregate compensation including other remunerations during the last two fiscal years, as well as those estimated to be paid in the ensuing fiscal year to the Corporation's Chief Executive Officer and Officers is as follows: (in millions of Pesos)

NAME & PRINCIPAL POSITION	YEAR	SALARY	Bonus & Others
1. RICARDO MANUEL M. SARMIENTO – CEO/President	2024		
STEPHANIE NICOLE S. GARCIA- EVP, CSO/CMS Director /Treasurer	2024		
3. REYNALDO D. ORTEGA – SVP & COO Sales Division	2024		
4. ALICIA G. DANQUE – SVP & Chief Supply Chain Officer/ Alternate Corporate Information Officer	2024		

5. DILBERT D. TAN - SVP & CFO	2024		
T O T A L (Estimated)	2025	19.8	-
	2024	23.58	-
	2023	19.91	-
ALL OTHER OFFICERS & DIRECTORS AS A COMPANY UNNAMED (Estimated)	2025	3.09	-
(Estimated)	2024	2.64	-
	2023	3.17	-

The following are the five highest compensated officers of the Company:

- 1. **Ricardo Manuel M. Sarmiento** CEO/President
- 2. **Stephanie Nicole S. Garcia** EVP & CSO/CMS Director/ Treasurer
- 3. **Reynaldo D. Ortega** Senior Vice President and Chief Operating Officer
- 4. **Diane M. Cuna** Chief Human Resource Officer (SVP-CHRO) & OD Director
- 5. **Alicia G. Danque** Chief Supply Chain Officer/Alternate Corporate Information Officer

Item 11. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT

Security Ownership of Certain Record and Beneficial Owners

The following are the owners of record and beneficial owners of more than 5% of the Corporation's voting securities as of December 31, 2024 are as follows:

Title of Class	Name, address of Record Owner & Relationship with Issuer	Amount & Nature of Beneficial Ownership	Citizenship	No. of Shares	Percent of Class
Common Shares	PCD NOMINEE CORPORATION (FILIPINO) 37/F The Enterprise Center, Ayala Avenue Corner, Makati City	Various Beneficial Owners	Fitipino	2,940,948,252	96.29%
	KORMASINC, INC 7th Floor, LTA Bidg., 118 Penea St. Legazpi Village, Makati City	Various Beneficial Owners	Fitipino	1,498,505,604	49.06%
	CHOCOHOLIC HOLDINGS, INC Vitarich Corporation Compound, Maritao San Jose Road Brgy, Sta Rosa I, Maritao, Bulacan	Various Beneficial Owners	Filipino	705,666,000	23.10%

Security Ownership of Management

The number of common shares beneficially owned by directors and executive officers as of December 31, 2024, is as follows:

Title of Class	Name of Beneficial Owner	Amount & Nature of Beneficial Ownership	Citizenship	Percent of Class
Common	Jose Vicente C. Bengzon III	10,000	Filipino	0.00%
Common	Ricardo Manuel M. Sarmiento	55,240,990	Filipino	1.81%
Common	Stephanie Nicole S. García	104,359	Filipino	0.00%
Common	Rogelio M. Sarmiento	6,386,320	Filipino	0.21%
Common	Benjamin I. Sarmiento Jr.	199	Filipino	0.00%
Common	Lorenzo Vito M. Sarmiento III	500	Filipino	0.00%
Common	Vicente Julian A. Sarza	1	Filipino	0.00%
Common	Pierre Carlo C. Curay	1	Filipino	0.00%
Common	Juan Arturo Iluminado C. de Castro	18,797,034	Filipino	0.65%
Common	Atty. Aison Benedict C. Velasco	0	Filipino	0.00%
Common	Atty. Mary Christine Dabu-Pepito	0	Filipino	0.00%
Common	Reynaldo D. Ortega	1,219,974	Filipino	0.04%
Common	Emmanuel S. Manalang	0	Filipino	0.00%
Common	Alicia G. Danque	0	Filipino	0.00%
Common	Elaine C. Nantes	0	Filipino	0.00%
Common	Carmencita S. Policarpio	0	Filipino	0.00%
Common	Dilbert D. Tan	0	Filipino	0.00%
Common	Ma. Diana M. Cuna	0	Filipino	0.00%
Common	Carina M. Fabian	0	Filipino	0.00%
Common	Xerxes Noel O. Ordanez	0	Filipino	0.00%

Item 12. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Group, in its regular conduct of business, has transactions with its related parties. The following tables summarize the transactions with the related parties and outstanding balance arising from these transactions.

	_	Amour	nt of Transactions	Out	tstanding Balance
Related Parties	Note Nature of Transaction	2024	2023	2024	2023
Trade and Other Receivables	6				
Entities under common control	Sales	₽732,746,539	₽623,194,605		
-	Collections	(630,384,269)	(698,063,967)	₽245,890,511	₽143,528,241
Advances to Officers	6 Advances - net of				
	collections	₽3,760,765	₽4,199,062	₽26,963,331	₽23,202,566
Trade and Other Payables	14				
Entities under common control	Purchases	₽289,661,066	₽745,005,211		
	Payments	(277,883,199)	(745,431,091)	₽15,685,403	₽3,907,536

The material related party transactions for 2024 were reported via SEC Form 17-C and Advisement Reports submitted to the SEC and PSE and posted on the Corporation's website. The list of the material related party transactions will be attached to the Annual Integrated Corporate Governance Report to be filed on or before 30 May 2025.

Trade and Other Receivables

The Group sells animal feeds, raw materials, feed supplements and dressed chicken to related parties, which are due within 90 days and are noninterest bearing. Outstanding balances of trade and other receivables from related parties are unsecured and to be settled in cash. No allowance for ECL on trade and other receivables from related parties was recognized as at December 31, 2024, and 2023 (see Note 6).

Trade and Other Payables

The Group buys raw materials and breeder flocks from related parties. These are noninterest-bearing, generally on a 90-day credit term, unsecured and to be settled in cash (see Note 14).

Advances to Officers

The Group grants unsecured, noninterest-bearing advances to its officers which are normally collected within

one year through salary deduction. The allowance for ECL on advances to officers as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 are disclosed in Note 6.

Compensation of Key Management Personnel

The compensation of key management personnel are as follows:

	2024	2023	2022
Short-term employee benefits	₽69,911,760	₽54,914,416	₽55,480,527
Retirement benefits	4,656,828	5,238,557	5,010,571
Other employee benefits	24,276,904	19,521,032	17,133,565
	₽98,845,492	₽79,674,005	₽77,624,663

Voting Trust Holders of 5% or more

The Company is not aware of any person holding more than 5% of its common shares under a voting trust or similar agreement as there has been no voting trust agreement which has been filed with the Company and the Securities and Exchange Commission, as required under the Corporation Code.

Description of any arrangement which may result in a change in control of the Corporation

There are no arrangements that will affect or change ownership.

PART IV – CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Item 13. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company complies and adheres to its Amended Manual on Corporate Governance. The Board of Directors met at least once a month to oversee the Company's operations and to assist in further improving operational efficiencies. The Board of Directors and the management, from time to time, make the necessary amendments to its policies and strategies to ensure business continuity while employing the best practices in corporate governance. Internal audit reports were made to the Board to address gaps in the Company's processes and improve operational efficiencies. On December 18, 2024, the Board of Directors approved the Revised Whistleblowing Policy of the Corporation. In addition, the members of the Board of Directors disclose any potential or actual conflict of interest they may have in a transaction presented for approval of the Board. They likewise inhibit from the discussions and voting of the said transaction. The Company continues to improve its corporate governance practices. In line with UN Sustainable Development Goal 8 (Decent Work and Economic Growth), the Company strengthened its engagements with its employees, business partners, and customers. Sometime in September 2024, the Company was named for the first time to the Institute of Corporate Directors' Golden Arrow Awards for good governance. Vitarich earned a 1-arrow recognition having scored between 80 to 89 points based on the 2023 ASEAN Corporate Governance Scorecard assessment results.

Moreover, in order to ensure the attendance of all the members of the Board of Directors during its monthly regular meetings, the Board of Directors set the schedule of its 2024 monthly regular meetings during its regular meeting held on December 14, 2024. For the schedule of its 2025 monthly regular meetings, the Board of Directors set the same during its regular meeting held on December 18, 2024. In addition to this, the Board of Directors allowed directors to attend the meetings remotely through video conference. Vitarich continues to commit to improve its corporate governance.

PART V – EXHIBITS AND SCHEDULES

Item 14. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON SEC FORM 17-C

Exhibits

The exhibits, as indicated in the Index to Exhibits, are neither applicable to the Company nor require an answer.

(b) Reports on SEC Form 17-C

The following are the items reported under SEC Form 17-C for the year 2024:

Date of Report	Remarks
2024.02.16	Resignation of Ms. Marie Angelie B. Macatual as Vice President - Marketing and Business Development Director
2024.01.02	Appointment of Ms. Carina Fabian as Vice President - Special Projects Director
2024.04.18	SEC 17-C Notice of Annual General Meeting 2024
2024.06.28	Material Related Party Transaction with Barbatos Ventures Corporation
2024.06.28	Results of 2024 Annual Shareholders Meeting
2024.07.01	Results of Organizational Meeting of Board of Directors
2024.07.29	Press Release: Vitarich Corporation press release entitled :Vitarich drives growth with expanded retail presence
2024.08.10	Press Release: Vitarich Corporation Press Release Entitled: Vitarich first-half net income rises five times to P167 million
2024.09.23	Press Release: Vitarich receives first Golden Arrow Award for commitment to good corporate governance
2024.11.05	Promotion of Mr. Reynaldo D. Ortega as Senior Vice President and Chief Operating Officer and Mr. Dilbert D.Tan as Senior Vic
2024.11.05	President and Chief Finance Officer
2024.11.08	Vitarich reports record net income of #259.1 million in nine months 2024
2024.12.18	WHISTLEBLOWER REPORTING POLICY (Revised on 18 December 2024)

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 17 of the C	ode and Section 141 of t	the Corporation Code	(now Section 177 of
the Revised Corporation Code of the Philippines),	this report is signed on	behalf of the issuer	by the undersigned,
thereunto duly authorized, in the city of	on	20	

By:

(Principal Expeditive Officer)

AVP & Controller

Stephanya Nicole S. Garcia

EVP & CSO/CMS Director/ Treasurer

(Principal Operating Officer)

Alson Benedict C. Velasco

Corporate Secretary

SVP and Chief Finance Officer

_ day of MAR 2025 20_ affiant(s) exhibiting to me his/their Valid SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this _ Identification numbers, as follows:

NAMES	VALID ID NO.	DATE OF EXPIRATION
Ricardo Manuel M. Sarmiento	Driver's License No. N03-94- 158946	January 20, 2032
Stephanie Nicole S. Garcia	Philippine Passport No. P85991758	December 28, 2031
Dilbert D. Tan	Oriver's License No. NO1-97- 218062	November 10, 2033
Marian A. Dionisio	PRC License No. 0106480	September 19, 2026
Atty. Aison Benedict C. Velasco	Passport No. P9245575A	March 13, 2028

Doc. No. Page No. Book No. 7

Series of 2025.

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



The following document has been received:

Receiving: ICTD ERMD

Receipt Date and Time: March 28, 2025 09:12:57 AM

Company Information

SEC Registration No.: 0000021134 Company Name: VITARICH CORP. Industry Classification: D15420 Company Type: Stock Corporation

Document Information

Document ID: OST10328202583130418 **Document Type:** Financial Statement

Document Code: FS

Period Covered: December 31, 2024 **Submission Type:** Consolidated

Remarks: None

Acceptance of this document is subject to review of forms and contents

COVER SHEET

for AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Name of Contact Person Email Address Telept	PAL OFFICE (No./Street/Barangay/City/Town/Province) or i I a o - S a n J o s e R o a d , S t a . a o , B u I a c a n Form Type A A C F S C R M D COMPANY INFORMATION Group's Email Address mccdabu-pepito@vitarich.com No. of Stockholders 4,095 CONTACT PERSON INFORMATION The designated contact person MUST be an Officer of the Corporation. Name of Contact Person Email Address Telephone	BPAL OFFICE (No./Screet/Barangoy/Cry/Tiswn/Province) If i I a o - S a n J o s e R o a d , S t a . R a o , B u I a c a n Department Requiring the Report C R M D COMPANY INFORMATION Group's Email Address mccdabu-pepito@vitarich.com No. of Stockholders 4,095 CONTACT PERSON INFORMATION The designated contact person MUST be an Officer of the Corporation. Name of Contact Person Email Address Telephone Number /s CONTACT PERSON INFORMATION The designated contact person MUST be an Officer of the Corporation.	A A C F S COMPANY INFORMATION Group's Email Address mccdabu-pepito@vitarich.com No. of Stockholders 4,095 CONTACT PERSON INFORMATION The designated contact person MUST be an Officer of the Corporation. Email Address Telephone Number CONTACT PERSON INFORMATION The designated contact person MUST be an Officer of the Corporation. Email Address Telephone Number	A A C F S C R M D COMPANY INFORMATION Group's Email Address mccdabu-pepito@vitarich.com No. of Stockholders A,095 CONTACT PERSON INFORMATION The designated contact person MUST be an Officer of the Corporation. Name of Contact Person Email Address Telephone Number/s Telephone Number/s Telephone Number/s	A A C F S COMPANY INFORMATION Group's Email Address mccdabu-pepito@vitarich.com No. of Stockholders A,095 CONTACT PERSON INFORMATION The designated contact person MUST be an Officer of the Corporation. Name of Contact Person Email Address Telephone Number/s CONTACT PERSON INFORMATION Telephone Number/s Telephone Number/s Telephone Number/s Telephone Number/s Telephone Number/s Telephone Number/s	A A C F S COMPANY INFORMATION Group's Email Address Mo. of Stockholders A,095 CONTACT PERSON INFORMATION The designated contact person MILST be an Officer of the Corporation. Name of Contact Person Email Address Telephone Number/s Telephone Number/s	A A C F S C R M D COMPANY INFORMATION Group's Email Address mccdabu-pepito@vitarich.com No. of Stockholders A,095 CONTACT PERSON INFORMATION The designated contact person Must be an Officer of the Corporation. Name of Contact Person Email Address Telephone Number/s Telephone Number/s	A A C F S C R M D COMPANY INFORMATION Group's Email Address Group's Email Address Mobile Number (02) 8843-3033 CONTACT PERSON INFORMATION The designated contact Person Email Address Telephone Number/s Mobile Plant CONTACT PERSON INFORMATION Telephone Number/s Mobile Plant CONTACT PERSON INFORMATION The designated contact person MMST be an Officer of the Corporation. Name of Contact Person Email Address Telephone Number/s Mobile Plant CONTACT PERSON INFORMATION The designated contact person MMST be an Officer of the Corporation. Name of Contact Person Email Address Telephone Number/s Mobile Plant Contact Person Email Address Telephone Number/s Mobile Plant Telephone Number/s	A A C F S COMPANY INFORMATION Group's Email Address mccdabu-pepito@vitarich.com No. of Stockholders A,095 Last Friday of June CONTACT PERSON INFORMATION The designated contact Person Email Address Telephone Number/s Mobile Number/s CONTACT PERSON INFORMATION CONTACT PERSON INFORMATION The designated contact person MUST be an Officer of the Corporation. Name of Contact Person Email Address Telephone Number/s Mobile Number/s Mobile Number/s Contact Person Email Address Telephone Number/s Mobile Number/s Mobile Number/s Contact Person Email Address Telephone Number/s Mobile Number/s Telephone Number/s Mobile Number/s Telephone Number/s Mobile Number/s	A A C F S COMPANY INFORMATION Group's Email Address mccdabu-pepito@vitarich.com No. of Stockholders Annual Meeting (Month / Day) Last Friday of June CONTACT PERSON INFORMATION The designated contact person MUST be an Officer of the Corporation. Name of Contact Person Telephone Number/s Mobile Number CONTACT PERSON INFORMATION The designated contact person MUST be an Officer of the Corporation. Name of Contact Person Email Address Telephone Number/s Mobile Number/s Mobile Number CONTACT PERSON INFORMATION The designated contact person MUST be an Officer of the Corporation. Telephone Number/s Mobile Number/s Mobile Number CONTACT PERSON INFORMATION The designated contact person MUST be an Officer of the Corporation. Telephone Number/s Mobile Number/s Telephone Number/s Mobile Number

NOTE 1: In case of death, resignation or cessation of office of the officer designated as contact person, such incident shall be reported to the Commission within thirty (30) calendar days from the occurrence thereof with information and complete contact details of the new contact person designated.

NOTE 2: All boxes must be properly and completely filled-up. Failure to do so shall cause the delay in updating the corporation's records with the Commission and/or non-receipt of Notice of Deficiencies. Further, non-receipt shall not excuse the corporation from liability for its deficiencies.



SEC Registration Number



Marilao-San Jose Road Sta. Rosa 1, Marilao Bulacan, Philippines 3019 Tel: (+632) 88433033 Fax: (+632) 88433033 Website: www.vitarich.coi

STATEMENT OF MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANNUAL INCOME TAX RETURN

The Management of Vitarich Corporation and Subsidiaries (the Company) is responsible for all information and representations contained in the Annual Income Tax Return for the years ended December 31, 2024. Management is likewise responsible for all information and representations contained in the financial statements accompanying the Annual Income Tax Return covering the same reporting period. Furthermore, the Management is responsible for all information and representations contained in all the other tax returns filed for the reporting period, including, but not limited, to the value added tax and/or percentage tax returns, withholding tax returns, documentary stamp tax returns, and any and all other tax returns.

In this regard, the Management affirms that the attached audited financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2024, and the accompanying Annual Income Tax Return are in accordance with the books and records of Vitarich Corporation and Subsidiaries, complete and correct in all material respects. Management likewise affirms that:

- the Annual Income Tax Return has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the National Internal Revenue Code, as amended, and pertinent tax regulations and other issuances of the Department of Finance and the Bureau of Internal Revenue;
- (b) any disparity of figures in the submitted reports arising from the preparation of financial statements pursuant to Philippine Financial Reporting Standards and the preparation of the income tax return pursuant to tax accounting rules has been reported as reconciling items and maintained in the Company's books and records in accordance with the requirements of Revenue Regulations No. 8-2007 and other relevant issuances;
- (c) Vitarich Corporation and Subsidiaries has filed all applicable tax returns, reports and statements required to be filed under Philippine tax laws for the reporting period, and all taxes and other impositions shown thereon to be due and payable have been paid for the reporting period, except those contested in good faith.

JOSE VICENTE C. BENGZON III

Charman

RICARDO MANUEL M. SARMIENTO President / Chief Executive Officer

STEPHANIE NICOLE S. GARCIA

Executive Vice President & Chief Sustainability Officer (CSO) / Corporate Management Services Director / Treasurer BUREAU OF INTERNAL REVENUE
LARGE TAXPAYERS SERVICE
MAR 2.7 2025

BY: ROSE MARCIANO
UTUCCHER PROCESSING MODULITY ASSISTANCE DIVISION

Subscribed and sworn to before me this ____ day of ___ at ___ warlac, BULACAN ___,

Affiant exhibited to me their respective government-issued ID's as competent proof of their

Affiant exhibited to me their respective government-issued ID's as competent proof of their identities and acknowledged that they executed the same freely and voluntarily, to wit:

Name	Valid ID No.	Date of Validity
Jose Vicente C. Bengzon III	PH Passport No. P7361485B	08-06-2031
Ricardo Manuel M. Sarmiento	Drivers License No. N03-94-158946	01-20-2032
Stephanie Nicole S. Garcia	PH Passport No. P8599175B	12-28-2031

Doc. No. 104.

Page No. 42.

Book No. 2.

Series of 2025.

ATTY. NENITA DC. TUAZON

NOTARY PUBLIC
FNC-113-M8-2024 UNTIL DEC. 31, 2026
SANDICO ST., POBLACION 1, MARILAO, BULACAN
18P LIFE NO 591042/BULACAN/5/19/*

PTR NO. 1175701 1/02/25 TIN NO. 170-907-664-000

MCLE EXEMPTION NO. VII-ACAD003959 UNTH 54/14/2025

FERGUER DM 19911 8 2022





Marilao-San Jose Road Sta. Rosa 1, Marilao Bulacan, Philippines 3019 Tel: [+632] 88433033 Fax: [+632] 88433033 Website: www.vitarich.coi

STATEMENT OF MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Management of Vitarich Corporation and Subsidiaries (the Company) is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements including the schedules attached therein as at and for the year ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is responsible in overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

The Board of Directors reviews and approves the financial statements including the schedules attached therein, and submits the same to the stockholders.

REYES, TACANDONG AND CO., the independent auditor appointed by the stockholders, has audited the financial statements of the Company in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing, and in its report to the stockholders, has expressed its opinion on the fairness of presentation upon completion of such audit.

JOSE VICENTE C. SENGZON III

RICARDO MANUEL M. SARMIENTO

President / Chief Executive Officer

STEPHANIE NICOLES, GARCIA

Executive Vice President & Chief Sustainability Officer (CSO) / Corporate Management Services Director / Treasurer BIJPEAU OF INTERNAL REVENUE
LARGE TAXPAYERS SERVICE
MAR 2.7 2025

BY: ROSE MARCIANO
LITHOGRAPH ROSESSING AND QUALIFIASSISSINGE SAVISCE

Subscribed and sworn to before me this ____ day 6f MAR 2025 at ____ MARILAO, BULACAN ,

Affiant exhibited to me their respective government-issued ID's as competent proof of their identities and acknowledged that they executed the same freely and voluntarily, to wit:

Name	Valid ID No.	Date of Validity
Jose Vicente C. Bengzon III	PH Passport No. P7361485B	08-06-2031
Ricardo Manuel M. Sarmiento	Drivers License No. N03-94-158946	01-20-2032
Stephanie Nicole S. Garcia	PH Passport No. P8599175B	12-28-2031

Doc. No. 107.

Page No. 23.

Book No. 3.

Series of 2025.



ATTY. NENITA DC. TUAZON

NOTARY PUBLIC
PNC-113-MB-2024 UNTIL DEC. 31, 2026

SANDICO ST., POBLACION 1, MARILAO, BULACAN
IBP LIFE NO 593042/BULACAN/5/19/2039
ATTORNEY ROLL NO. 47184
PTR NO. 1175701 1/07/25 TEN NO. 170-307-864-000
MCLE EXEMPTION NO. VIL-ACAD03959 UNTIL 64/14/2025



(74) Tanaci de Rosa Phone +6A1 6 902 NO +612 6 962 910



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Stockholders and the Board of Directors Vitarich Corporation and a Subsidiary Marilao - San Jose Road, Sta. Rosa I Marilao, Bulacan

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Vitarich Corporation and a Subsidiary (the Group), which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as at December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, consolidated statements of changes in equity and consolidated statements of cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to consolidated financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at December 31, 2024 and 2023, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS) Accounting Standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing (PSA). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants in the Philippines (Code of Ethics) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to the audit of the consolidated financial statements in the Philippines, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

The following key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Fair Valuation of Biological Assets - Livestock

The Group's biological assets - livestock, which are measured at fair value less costs to sell, amounted to P323.7 million as at December 31, 2024. The Group recognized gain on the fair value changes of biological assets - livestock amounting to \$91.8 million in 2024 (see Note 8).

> BUREAU OF INTERNAL REVENUE RSM ROSE MARCIANO LIT UT CLINEAT PRINCESSING ANGIOLOGY ASSURDACE DIVISION





-2-

The assessment of the fair valuation of biological asset is significant to our audit because of the complexity of the underlying methodologies and processes in determining the fair value. We focused our audit on the management's determination of the fair value because the process involves significant management judgment and estimates when selecting the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs used.

We obtained an understanding of the methodologies and processes developed by management in measuring the fair value of the biological assets. We reviewed the reasonableness of the inputs and assumptions used to estimate the fair value of the Group's biological assets by testing the key assumptions for the fair value measurement such as most recent selling prices less cost to sell and growing costs, hatchability and mortality rates and estimated volume of production, among others, on a sample basis. We also reviewed the appropriateness of management's disclosures in the notes to consolidated financial statements.

Valuation of Property, Plant and Equipment at Revalued Amounts

As at December 31, 2024, the Group's property, plant and equipment (excluding transportation equipment and construction in-progress) which are accounted for using the revaluation model amounted to P2,014.4 million (see Note 11). The fair value measurement is significant to our audit as the property, plant and equipment carried at revalued amounts account for 34.8% of the Group's total assets as at December 31, 2024.

We focused our audit on the management's determination of the revalued amounts of property, plant and equipment because the process involves significant management judgment when selecting the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs used to determine revalued amounts.

We have assessed the independence and competency of the appraiser engaged by the Group. We have also reviewed the reasonableness of the assumptions used to estimate the revalued amounts of its property, plant and equipment on a sample basis by: (1) testing land's value by referring to the value of similar properties in the vicinity, (2) testing reproduction costs against current market prices, and (3) verifying valuation inputs such as published market data, as applicable, to ascertain if these are reasonably appropriate.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the SEC Form 20-IS (Definitive Information Statement), SEC Form 17-A and Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2024, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The SEC Form 20-IS (Definitive Information Statement), SEC Form 17-A and Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2024 are expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditors' report.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

- 3 -

Other Matter

The consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended December 31, 2022 were audited by another auditor whose report dated April 1, 2023 expressed an unmodified opinion on those consolidated financial statements.

As part of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2023, we also audited the adjustments described in Note 4 that were applied to restate the consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2022. In our opinion, such adjustments are appropriate and have been properly applied. We were not engaged to audit, review, or apply any procedure to the Group's consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2022 other than with respect to the adjustments and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or any other form of assurance on the consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2022 taken as a whole.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with PFRS Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with PSA will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, these could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.





As part of an audit in accordance with PSA, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audits. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements.
 We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audits and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audits.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.



REYES TACANDONG & CO.



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From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report is Michelle R. Mendoza-Cruz.

REYES TACANDONG & CO.

Partner

CPA Certificate No. 97380

Tax Identification No. 201-892-183-000

BOA Accreditation No. 4782/P-011; Valid until June 6, 2026

BIR Accreditation No. 08-005144-012-2023

Valid until January 24, 2026

PTR No. 10467135

Issued January 2, 2025, Makati City

March 20, 2025 Makati City, Metro Manila



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(With Comparative Figures as at December 31, 2022)

			December 31	
				2022
				(As Restated -
	Note	2024	2023	Note 4
ASSETS				
Current Assets				
Cash	5	P590,140,410	9398,265,061	#369,416,726
Trade and other receivables	6	1,081,330,894	949,957,779	882,943,523
Inventories	7	843,784,267	924,634,088	863,367,449
Biological assets - livestock	8	323,675,626	129,394,759	116,118,755
Advances to suppliers		106,585,632	123,918,753	466,876,004
Other current assets	9	260,769,743	223,862,219	156,311,704
Total Current Assets		3,206,286,572	2,750,032,659	2,855,034,161
Noncurrent Assets			Market Harman State of the	11172-011-02-1
Receivable from an insurance company	10	70,203,810	70,203,810	70,203,810
Property, plant and equipment:	11	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		1.024-040-0
At revalued amounts		2,014,441,929	1,949,466,138	1,842,877,962
At cost		63,360,824	45,592,722	126,640,633
Investment properties	12	312,296,469	301,346,351	238,473,942
Right-of-use (ROU) assets	24	96,999,061	82,437,724	55,529,616
Other noncurrent assets	13	20,018,643	23,416,664	32,115,321
Total Noncurrent Assets	4.5	2,577,320,736	2,472,463,409	2,365,841,284
Total Worker Tell Assets		P5,783,607,308	R5,222,496,068	P5,220,875,445
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY				
Current Liabilities				
Trade and other payables	14	P2,278,474,203	₽2,066,852,350	₱2,001,706,561
Current portions of:				
Loans payable	15	752,815,730	848,476,429	985,478,495
Lease liabilities	24	31,063,007	22,442,663	15,413,841
Cash bond deposits	16	66,449,820	60,503,952	56,299,659
Total Current Liabilities		3,128,802,760	2,998,275,394	3,058,898,556
Noncurrent Liabilities				
Loans payable - net of current portion	15	47,154,760	49,642,856	49,642,856
Lease liabilities - net of current portion	24	69,907,294	61,148,857	36,885,998
Net retirement liability	23	200,999,042	180,585,650	147,057,502
Net deferred tax liabilities	25	91,788,482	31,501,233	55,355,149
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		409,849,578	322,878,596	288,941,505
Total Liabilities		3,538,652,338	3,321,153,990	3,347,840,061
Equity				
Capital stock	17	1,160,646,925	1,160,646,925	1,160,646,925
Additional paid-in capital	-	1,470,859	1,470,859	1,470,859
Retained earnings		527,942,570	303,502,861	273,417,535
Other comprehensive income		554,894,616	435,721,433	
Total Equity		2,244,954,970	1,901,342,078	437,500,065 1,873,035,384
		P5,783,607,308	P5,222,496,068	
- Investor	ALIAN MATERIA	#3,763,607,308	#3,222,49b,Ub8	₽5,220,875,445

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Field

MAR 2 7 2025

BY: ROSE MARCIANO ITOXIANT PROCESSING AND QUEITY ASSURANCE SAVISOR

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023 (With Comparative Figures for 2022)

			Years Ended Dece	ember 31
	Note	2024	2023	2022 (As Restated - Note 4)
REVENUES	18			
Net sale of goods		P12,447,519,619	P12,543,694,175	P11,957,515,851
Fair value changes on biological assets - livestock	8	91,769,612	(47,779,579)	10,936,438
		12,539,289,231	12,495,914,596	11,968,452,289
COST OF GOODS SOLD	19	(11,035,641,539)	(11,591,440,968)	(10,899,643,424)
GROSS PROFIT		1,503,647,692	904,473,628	1,068,808,865
OPERATING EXPENSES	20	(1,105,829,719)	(893,811,266)	(883,361,808)
OTHER INCOME (CHARGES)				
Interest expense	15	(79,000,617)	(75,823,288)	(40,001,976)
Net gain on fair value changes of investment		10 12 15 15	1.000	A MARKS THOU
properties	12	16,893,118	64,113,985	28,167,200
Interest income	5	1,239,715	1,536,781	2,398,459
Others - net	22	(22,566,455)	6,090,857	(32,548,040)
		(83,434,239)	(4,081,665)	(41,984,357)
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX		314,383,734	6,580,697	143,462,700
PROVISION FOR (BENEFIT FROM) INCOME TAX	25			
Current		79,849,366	22,130,289	51,302,707
Deferred		17,945,806	(28,854,508)	2,525,379
		97,795,172	(6,724,219)	53,828,086
NET INCOME		216,588,562	13,304,916	89,634,614
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME				
Not to be reclassified to profit or loss:				
Net revaluation increment on property, plant and				
equipment - net of deferred income tax	11	125,470,897	25,194,607	97,372,482
Remeasurement gain (loss) on net retirement				
liability - net of deferred income tax	23	1,553,433	(10,192,829)	31,841,070
		127,024,330	15,001,778	129,213,552
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		P343,612,892	₽28,306,694	P218,848,166
BASIC/DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE	27	P0.071	P0.004	P0.029
Record and the record of the second of the s	- CON	NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY.		10,000

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.



FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023 (With Comparative Figures for 2022)

Years Ended December 31 2022 (As Restated -2024 2023 Note 4) Note CAPITAL STOCK 17 P1,160,646,925 P1,160,646,925 P1,160,646,925 ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL 1,470,859 1,470,859 1,470,859 RETAINED EARNINGS Balance at beginning of year, as previously reported 303,502,861 275,775,940 135,021,722 36,867,910 Prior period adjustments (2,358,405)Balance at beginning of year, as restated 303,502,861 273,417,535 171,889,632 Net income 216,588,562 13,304,916 89,634,614 Transfer from revaluation surplus to retained earnings - net of deferred income tax 11 7,851,147 16,780,410 11,893,289 Balance at end of year 527,942,570 303,502,861 273,417,535 OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME REVALUATION SURPLUS ON PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT - Net of deferred income tax Balance at beginning of year, as previously reported 441,958,207 414,078,150 347,844,301 Prior period adjustments 4 19,465,860 220,516 Balance at beginning of year, as restated 441,958,207 433,544,010 348,064,817 Net revaluation increment on property, plant and equipment - net of deferred income tax 11 125,470,897 25,194,607 97,372,482 Transfer from revaluation surplus to retained earnings - net of deferred income tax 11 (7,851,147)(16,780,410) (11,893,289) Balance at end of year 559,577,957 441,958,207 433,544,010 CUMULATIVE REMEASUREMENT GAIN (LOSS) ON NET RETIREMENT LIABILITY - Net of deferred income tax 23 Balance at beginning of year (6,236,774)3,956,055 (27,885,015) Remeasurement gain (loss) - net of deferred income tax 1,553,433 (10,192,829)31,841,070 Balance at end of year (4,683,341)(6,236,774) 3,956,055 554,894,616 435,721,433 437,500,065

P2,244,954,970





P1.873,035,384

F1,901,342,078

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023 (With Comparative Figures for 2022)

			Years Ended Dece	mber 31
				2022
	Note	2024	2023	(As Restated - Note 4
				- T
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		000000000000000000000000000000000000000		
Income before income tax		P314,383,734	₽6,580,697	P143,462,700
Adjustments for:		2012/03/2017		
Depreciation and amortization	11	146,515,492	147,740,279	132,971,153
Fair value changes on biological assets -				WALKER LINE
livestock	8	(91,769,612)	47,779,579	(10,936,438
Interest expense	15	79,000,617	75,823,288	40,001,976
Provision for expected credit loss (ECL) on	2	00/20/2000	20222000	110000000000000000000000000000000000000
trade receivables	6	41,051,404	3,539,062	1,704,635
Losses on inventories and property, plant and				
equipment damaged by the typhoon	7, 11	26,408,870		
Retirement expense	23	25,361,136	22,122,540	22,336,339
Gain on collection of previously written off				
trade receivables	6	(18,152,097)	-	-
Net gain on fair value changes of investment				
properties	12	(16,893,118)	(64,113,985)	(28,167,200
Loss (gain) on disposal of property, plant and				
equipment, investment properties and	2.27	10122313131	1/222/0220	SECTION STOR
ROU assets	22	1,599,242	(523,275)	1,037,744
Interest income	5	(1,239,715)	(1,536,781)	(2,398,459
Operating income before working capital changes		506,265,953	237,411,404	300,012,450
Decrease (increase) in:		.002210.000	22200000000	0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000
Trade and other receivables		(119,208,052)	(70,553,318)	(22,646,867
Inventories and biological assets - livestock		(28,961,039)	(122,322,222)	(293,063,699)
Advances to suppliers		17,333,121	342,957,251	(290,531,942)
Other current assets		(36,907,524)	(67,550,515)	16,452,386
Other noncurrent assets related to operations		-	5,300,636	(15,705,660)
Increase in:			22 012 210	2223222
Trade and other payables Cash bond deposits		211,621,853	65,145,789	287,936,590
		5,945,868	4,204,293	8,247,570
Net cash generated from (used for) operations		556,090,180	394,593,318	(9,299,172)
Income taxes paid	20	(79,849,366)	(22,130,289)	(51,302,707)
Retirement benefits paid	23	(2,876,500)	(2,184,831)	(9,124,310)
Interest received		1,239,715	1,536,781	108,859
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		474,604,029	371,814,979	(69,617,330)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Additions to property, plant and equipment	11	(88,953,768)	(113,415,223)	(257,212,366)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and	0.0	((exc) / solution)	(40)(444)300)
equipment, investment properties and				
ROU assets		8,795,703	3,597,483	200,000
Additions to investment properties	12	0,, 53,, 03	(1,712,209)	200,000
Net cash used in investing 450 Nets OF INTERNAL		(80,158,065)	(P111,529,949)	(P257,012,366)

BY: ROSE MARCIANO (TOXINET PROTESSICAN QUALITY ASSURANCE (TASSIN)

(Forward)

			Years Ended December 31		
	Note	2024	2023	2022 (As Restated – Note 4)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Payments of loans	15	(P1,057,031,995)	(P1,877,235,724)	(¥1,819,489,528)	
Availments of loans	15	958,883,200	1,740,233,658	2,349,559,151	
Interest paid		(70,113,577)	(68,308,882)	(35,735,576)	
Payments of lease liabilities	24	(34,308,243)	(26,125,747)	(28,303,544)	
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		(202,570,615)	(231,436,695)	466,030,503	
NET INCREASE IN CASH		191,875,349	28,848,335	139,400,807	
CASH AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		398,265,061	369,416,726	230,015,919	
CASH AT END OF YEAR	5	P590,140,410	P398,265,061	P369,416,726	
NONCASH FINANCIAL INFORMATION Recognition of ROU assets and lease liabilities	24	P42,799,984	₽49,903,022	P34,331,713	

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.



NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023 (With Comparative Information for 2022)

1. General Information

Corporate Information

Vitarich Corporation (the Parent Company) was incorporated and registered with the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on July 31, 1962 to engage primarily in manufacturing, preparing, processing, mixing and dealing with feeds, foodstuffs, grains, and commodities of every description for poultry, livestock and all kinds of animal feeding. The Parent Company's shares of stock were listed with the Philippine Stock Exchange on February 8, 1995.

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Parent Company and Barbatos Ventures Corporation (BVC), a wholly-owned subsidiary engaged in the poultry dressing business as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 (collectively referred herein as "the Group"). BVC was acquired by the Parent Company effective January 1, 2022 (see Note 33).

The registered principal place of business of the Parent Company is at Marilao-San Jose Road, Sta. Rosa I, Marilao, Bulacan. The Parent Company has operating offices in Luzon, Iloilo and Davao, and maintains satellite offices in southern Philippines.

Approval of the Consolidated Financial Statements

The consolidated financial statements of the Group as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 and for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors (BOD) on March 20, 2025, as reviewed and recommended for approval by the Audit Committee on the same date.

2. Summary of Material Accounting Policy Information

The material accounting policy information used in the preparation of the financial statements have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Basis of Preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS) Accounting Standards. This financial reporting framework includes PFRS Accounting Standards, Philippine Accounting Standards (PAS) and Philippine Interpretation from International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC) issued by the Philippine Financial and Sustainability Reporting Standards Council and adopted by the SEC, including SEC pronouncements.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Philippine Peso (Peso), the Group's functional currency. All values are rounded to the nearest Peso, unless otherwise indicated.



The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for property, plant and equipment (excluding transportation equipment and construction inprogress) which are carried at revalued amounts, investment properties which are carried at fair value, biological assets - livestock which are carried at fair value less costs to sell, agricultural produce which are carried at fair value less costs to sell at point of harvest, lease liabilities which are carried at the present value of future lease payments, plan assets which are carried at fair value, and retirement liability which is carried at the present value of the defined benefit obligation. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for an asset or fair value of consideration received in exchange for incurring liability.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- · in the principal market for the asset or liability; or
- · in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a nonfinancial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group uses market observable data to the extent possible. If the fair value of an asset or a liability is not directly observable, it is estimated by the Group (working closely with external qualified valuers) using valuation techniques that maximize the use of relevant observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs (e.g. by use of the market comparable approach that reflects recent transaction prices for similar items, discounted cash flow analysis, or option pricing models refined to reflect the issuer's specific circumstances). Inputs used are consistent with the characteristics of the asset or liability that market participants would take into account.

Further information about assumptions made in measuring fair values are included in the following:

Note 3 - Significant Judgments, Accounting Estimates and Assumptions

Note 8 - Biological Assets - Livestock

Note 11 - Property, Plant and Equipment

Note 12 - Investment Properties

Note 31 - Fair Value Measurement



Fair values are categorized into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the degree to which the inputs to the measurement are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety:

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy are recognized by the Group at the end of the reporting period during which the change occurred.

Adoption of Amended PFRS Accounting Standards

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year, except for the adoption of the following amended PFRS Accounting Standards effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024:

 Amendments to PAS 7, Statement of Cash Flows and PFRS Accounting Standards 7, Financial Instrument: Disclosures - Supplier Finance Arrangements — The amendments introduced new disclosure requirements to enable users of the financial statements assess the effects of supplier finance arrangements on the liabilities, cash flows and exposure to liquidity risk. The amendments also provide transitional relief on certain aspects, particularly on the disclosures of comparative information. Earlier application is permitted.

The adoption of the foregoing amended PFRS Accounting Standards did not have any material effect on the consolidated financial statements of the Group. Additional disclosures were included in the consolidated financial statements, as applicable.

New and Amendments to PFRS Accounting Standards Already Issued But Not Yet Effective

Relevant new and amendments to PFRS Accounting Standards, which are not yet effective as at December 31, 2024 and have not been applied in preparing the consolidated financial statements, are summarized below:

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2026:

• Amendments to PFRS Accounting Standards 9, Financial Instruments, and PFRS Accounting Standards 7, Financial Instruments: Disclosures – Classification and Measurement of Financial Assets – The amendments clarify that a financial liability is derecognized when the related obligation is discharged, cancelled, expires or otherwise qualifies for derecognition (e.g. settlement date), and introduces a policy option to derecognize financial liabilities settled through an electronic payment system before settlement date if the required conditions are met. The amendments also clarify the assessment of contractual cash flow characteristics of financial assets, the treatment of non-recourse loans and contractually linked instruments, as well as require additional disclosure requirements for financial assets and liabilities with contingent features and equity instruments classified at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). Earlier application is permitted.
BUREAU OF INTERNAL REVENUE

BY: ROSE MARCIANO

- Annual Improvements to PFRS Accounting Standards Volume 11:
 - Amendments to PFRS Accounting Standards 7, Financial Instruments: Disclosures The amendments update and remove some obsolete references related to the gain or loss on derecognition on financial assets of an entity that has a continuing involvement and to the disclosure requirements on deferred differences between fair value and transaction price. The amendments also clarify that the illustrative guidance does not necessarily illustrate all the requirements for credit risk disclosure. Earlier application is permitted.
 - Amendments to PFRS Accounting Standards 9, Financial Instruments Transaction Price and Lessee Derecognition of Lease Liabilities – The amendments clarify that when a lessee has determined that a lease liability has been extinguished in accordance with PFRS Accounting Standards 9, the lessee must apply the derecognition criteria for a financial liability which requires recognition of a gain or loss in profit or loss. The amendments also replace the reference to 'transaction price as defined by PFRS Accounting Standards 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers' to 'the amount determined by applying PFRS Accounting Standards 15' to remove potential confusion. Earlier application is permitted.
 - Amendments to PFRS Accounting Standards 10, Consolidated Financial Statements Determination of a 'de facto agent' The amendments remove inconsistencies by clarifying
 that an entity must use judgment to determine whether other parties are acting as de facto
 agents. Earlier application is permitted.
 - Amendments to PAS 7, Statement of Cash Flows Cast Method The amendments replace the term 'cost method' with 'at cost' following the deletion of the definition of 'cost method'. Earlier application is permitted.

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2027:

PFRS Accounting Standards 18, Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements —
 This standard replaces PAS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements, and sets out the requirements
 for the presentation and disclosure of information to help ensure that the financial statements
 provide relevant information that faithfully represents the entity's assets, liabilities, equity,
 income and expenses. The standard introduces new categories and sub-totals in the statements
 of comprehensive income, disclosures on management-defined performance measures, and new
 principles for grouping of information, which the entity needs to apply retrospectively.
 Earlier application is permitted.

Under prevailing circumstances, the adoption of the foregoing new and amendments to PFRS Accounting Standards is not expected to have any material effect on the consolidated financial statements of the Group. Additional disclosures will be included in the consolidated financial statements, as applicable.

Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements of the Group comprise the financial statements of the Parent Company and its subsidiary. Control is achieved when the Parent Company is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee (i.e. existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee).

BY: ROSE MARQIANO

When the Parent Company has less than majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Parent Company considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- · The contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee;
- · Rights arising from other contractual arrangement; and
- · The Parent Company's voting rights and potential voting rights.

The Parent Company re-assesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control. Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Parent Company obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Parent Company loses control of the subsidiary. Assets, liabilities, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income from the date the Parent Company gains control until the date the Parent Company ceases to control the subsidiary.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income (OCI) are attributed to the equity holders of the Parent Company and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interest having a deficit balance.

Non-controlling interest represents the portion of net results and net assets not held by the Parent Company. These are presented in the consolidated statements of financial position within equity, apart from equity attributable to equity holders of the Parent Company and are separately disclosed in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Parent Company. Consolidated financial statements are prepared using uniform accounting policies for similar transactions and other events in similar circumstances. Intercompany balances and transactions, including intercompany profits and losses, are eliminated.

A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction. If the Parent Company loses control over a subsidiary, it:

- Derecognizes the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary;
- Derecognizes the carrying amount of any non-controlling interests;
- · Derecognizes the cumulative translation differences recorded in equity, if any;
- Recognizes the fair value of the consideration received;
- Recognizes the fair value of any investment retained;
- Recognizes surplus or deficit in profit or loss; and
- Reclassifies the Parent Company's share of component previously recognized in OCI to profit or loss or retained earnings, as appropriate, as would be required if the Parent Company had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

BY: ROSE MARCIANO

Financial Assets and Liabilities

Date of Recognition. The Group recognizes a financial asset or a financial liability in the consolidated statements of financial position when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of a financial instrument.

Initial Recognition and Measurement. Financial instruments are recognized initially at fair value, which is the fair value of the consideration given (in case of an asset) or received (in case of a liability). The initial measurement of financial instruments includes transaction costs.

Financial Assets at Amortized Cost. Financial assets shall be measured at amortized cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise, on specified dates, to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial recognition, financial assets at amortized cost are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less allowance for impairment, if any. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the financial assets are derecognized or impaired or through the amortization process. Financial assets at amortized cost are included under current assets if realizability or collectability is within 12 months after the reporting period. Otherwise, these are classified as noncurrent assets.

As at December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Group's cash, trade and other receivables (excluding advances to officers and employees), receivable from an insurance company and security deposits (presented under "Other Noncurrent Assets" account) are classified under this category (see Notes 5, 6, 10 and 13).

Financial Liabilities at Amortized Cost. Financial liabilities are categorized as financial liabilities at amortized cost when the substance of the contractual arrangement results in the Group having an obligation either to deliver cash or another financial asset to the holder, or to settle the obligation other than by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of its own equity instruments.

These financial liabilities are initially recognized at fair value less any directly attributable transaction costs. After initial recognition, these financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on the issue and fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognized or through the amortization process.

As at December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Group's trade and other payables (excluding statutory payables), loans payable, cash bond deposits and lease liabilities are classified under this category (see Notes 14, 15, 16 and 24).

Impairment of Financial Assets at Amortized Cost

The Group records an allowance for expected credit loss (ECL) based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive. The difference is then discounted at an approximation to the asset's original effective interest rate.

For trade receivables, the Group has applied the simplified approach and has calculated ECL based on the lifetime ECL. The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

For other financial assets measured at amortized cost, the ECL is based on the 12-month ECL, which pertains to the portion of lifetime ECL that result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. However, when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the allowance will be based on the lifetime ECL. When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition and consider reasonable and supportable information, that is available without undue cost or effort, that is indicative of significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition.

Derecognition of Financial Assets and Liabilities

Financial Assets. A financial asset (or where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognized when:

- the right to receive cash flows from the asset has expired;
- the Group retains the right to receive cash flows from the financial asset, but has assumed an
 obligation to pay them in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through"
 arrangement; or
- the Group has transferred its right to receive cash flows from the financial asset and either

 (a) has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group has transferred its right to receive cash flows from a financial asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset nor transferred control of the financial asset, the financial asset is recognized to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement in the financial asset. Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred financial asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the financial asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

Financial Liabilities. A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or has expired. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

Offsetting of Financial Assets and Liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the consolidated statements of financial position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. This is not generally the case with master netting agreements, and the related assets and liabilities are presented gross in the consolidated statements of financial position.

Classification of Financial Instrument between Liability and Equity

A financial instrument is classified as liability if it provides for a contractual obligation to:

- · Deliver cash or another financial asset to another entity;
- Exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another entity under conditions that are
 potentially unfavorable to the Group; or
- Satisfy the obligation other than by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial
 asset for a fixed number of own equity shares.

If the Group does not have an unconditional right to avoid delivering cash or another financial asset to settle its contractual obligation, the obligation meets the definition of a financial liability.

Inventories

Inventories consist of feeds, raw materials and feed supplements, supplies and animal health products, finished goods and hatching eggs. Cost is determined using the moving average method. Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value (NRV).

Feeds. Feeds include costs of raw materials and costs of direct labor and manufacturing overhead.

Raw Materials, Feed Supplements, Supplies and Animal Health Products. For these inventories, all costs directly attributable to acquisition such as the purchase price, import duties and other taxes that are not subsequently recoverable from taxing authorities are included as part of costs.

Finished Goods. Finished goods, which include fresh and frozen chicken cut-ups, include costs of direct materials, labor and overhead.

Hatching Eggs. Hatching eggs are initially measured at the fair value less estimated costs to sell at the point of harvest.

The NRV of feeds, feed supplements, animal health products, finished goods and hatching eggs are based on the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the cost of marketing and distribution, while the NRV of raw materials and supplies are the current replacement costs.

When inventories are sold, the carrying amount of those inventories is recognized as an expense in profit or loss.

Biological Assets - Livestock

This consists of biological assets such as day-old chicks after undergoing the hatching process, chicks which are grown as chicken broilers, and parent stock. These are measured on initial recognition and at the end of each reporting period at fair value less costs to sell. The Group's fair valuation takes into consideration inputs based on the hatchability rate of eggs, mortality of chicks being grown as chicken broilers and parent stock, estimated future cash flows to be incurred in hatching the eggs and growing the chicks and parent stock, among others.

Gain or loss arising on initial recognition and any changes in the fair value less costs to sell of livestock are recorded as part of "Revenues" account in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

Advances to Suppliers

Advances to suppliers are amounts paid in advance for the purchase of goods and services. These are carried in the consolidated statements of financial position at face amount and are recognized as expense in profit or loss or to the corresponding asset account when the services or goods for which the advances were made are received by and delivered to the Group with reference to percentage of completion, if any.

Advances to suppliers are classified as current assets since the corresponding goods or services are expected to be delivered or performed for no more than 12 months after the financial reporting period.

Other Current Assets

Other current assets consist of advances to contract growers and breeders, creditable withholding taxes (CWT), prepayments and input value-added taxes (VAT).

Advances to Contract Growers and Breeders. Advances to contract growers and breeders pertain to purchases of animal health products and feeds that are already paid in advance. These are expected to be received by and delivered to the Group for no more than 12 months after the financial reporting period.

CWT. CWT represent the amounts withheld at source by the Group's customers in relation to its income. These are recognized upon collection and are utilized as tax credits against income tax due as allowed by the Philippine taxation laws and regulations.

Prepayments. Prepayments represent expenses not yet incurred but already paid in cash. Prepayments are initially recorded as assets and measured at the amount of cash paid. Subsequently, these are charged to expense as these are consumed in operations or expire with the passage of time. Prepayments that are expected to be incurred no more than 12 months after the reporting date are classified as current assets. Otherwise, these are classified as noncurrent assets.

Input VAT. Revenue, expenses and assets are recognized net of the amount of VAT except in cases where VAT incurred on a purchase of assets or services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case, VAT is recognized as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item, as applicable, or receivable and payables that are stated with the amount of VAT included.

Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are initially measured at cost. The cost of property, plant and equipment consists of the purchase price, including import duties and other costs directly attributable to bring the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use. Cost also includes the cost of replacing parts of such property, plant and equipment when the recognition criteria are met and the present value of the estimated cost of dismantling and removing the asset and restoring the site where the asset is located.

Property, plant and equipment (except for transportation equipment and construction in-progress) are stated at revalued amounts as determined by an independent appraiser. Transportation equipment is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment in value, if any. Construction in-progress is stated at cost less accumulated impairment in value, if any.

Expenditures incurred after the property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs, maintenance and overhaul costs, are normally charged to operations in the year the costs are incurred. In situations where it can be clearly demonstrated that the expenditures have resulted in an increase in the future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of an item of property, plant and equipment beyond its originally assessed standard of performance, the expenditures are capitalized as additional costs of property, plant and equipment.

Subsequent to initial recognition at cost, property, plant and equipment (except for land, transportation equipment and construction in-progress) are carried at revalued amounts less any subsequent accumulated depreciation, amortization and any accumulated impairment losses. Land is carried at revalued amount less accumulated impairment losses, if any. Fair market value is determined by reference to market-based evidence, which is the amount for which the assets could be exchanged between a knowledgeable willing buyer and a knowledgeable willing seller in an arm's length transaction as at the valuation date. Any revaluation surplus is credited to "Revaluation Surplus" account presented under "Other Comprehensive Income" section of the consolidated statements of financial position. Any decrease in the revaluation surplus of the same asset is charged to other comprehensive income (OCI) to the extent of any credit balance existing in the revaluation surplus in respect of that asset and the remaining decline, if any, is recognized in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

Annually, an amount from the "Revaluation Surplus" account is transferred to "Retained Earnings" under the "Equity" section in the consolidated statements of financial position for the depreciation relating to the revaluation surplus, net of related taxes. Upon disposal, any revaluation surplus relating to the particular asset sold is transferred to "Retained Earnings". Revaluations are performed every one to two years to ensure that the carrying amount does not differ materially from that which would be determined using fair value at the end of the reporting period.

Depreciation and amortization are calculated on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Asset Type	Number of Years
Plant, machinery and equipment	10 to 20 years
Buildings	20 years
Leasehold and land improvements	2 to 5 years or lease term, whichever is shorter
Office furniture, fixtures and equipment	3 to 10 years
Transportation equipment	4 to 5 years

The estimated useful lives and depreciation and amortization method are reviewed periodically to ensure that the periods and method of depreciation and amortization are consistent with the expected pattern of economic benefits from items of property, plant and equipment.

Fully depreciated and amortized assets are retained in the account until these are no longer in use and no further charge for depreciation and amortization is made in respect to those assets.

Construction in-progress is stated at cost. This includes cost of construction and other direct costs. Construction in-progress is not depreciated until such time that the relevant assets are completed and available for operational use. An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognized.

Investment Properties

Investment properties are properties held either to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or both, but not for sale in the ordinary course of business or for administrative purposes.

The Group uses fair value model for the accounting of its investment properties. Under this method, investment properties are initially measured at cost but are subsequently remeasured at fair value at each reporting date, which reflects market conditions at the reporting date. Cost comprises the purchase price and any directly attributable costs in developing and improving the properties. Cost also includes the cost of replacing part of an existing investment property at the time that cost is incurred if the recognition criteria are met. The fair value of investment properties is determined using sales comparison approach by an independent real estate appraiser. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values of investment properties are included in profit or loss in the period in which they arise, including the corresponding tax effect. For the purposes of these consolidated financial statements, in order to avoid double counting, the fair value reported in the consolidated financial statements is reduced by the carrying amount of any accrued income resulting from the spreading of lease incentives and minimum lease payments, as applicable.

Transfers are made to investment property when, and only when, there is a change in use, evidenced by the ending of owner-occupation, commencement of an operating lease to another party or ending of the construction or development. Transfers are made from investment property when, and only when, there is a change in use, evidenced by the commencement of owner occupation or commencement of development with a view to sell.

Investment properties are derecognized when either those have been disposed of or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from its disposal. Any gain or loss on the retirement or disposal of an investment property is recognized in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income in the year of retirement or disposal.

Rental income and operating expenses from investment properties are reported as part of "Others - Net" and "Operating Expenses," respectively, in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

Other Noncurrent Assets

Other noncurrent assets consist of project development costs, security deposits classified as financial assets and computer software.

Project Development Costs. These represent costs directly attributable to the development of the Parent Company's aqua feeds and aqua culture projects. The capitalized development costs pertain to the amount of cash paid or the fair value of the other considerations given to acquire an asset at the time of its acquisition or production. Computer Software. Computer software is measured at cost of acquisition less any accumulated amortization and impairment losses, if any. Computer software is amortized on a straight-line basis over the economic useful life of three (3) years and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the computer software may be impaired. Amortization period and amortization method for computer software are reviewed at each reporting date. Any change in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset is recognized prospectively.

Impairment of Nonfinancial Assets

The carrying amounts of the Group's nonfinancial assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's net recoverable amount is estimated.

Any impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset or its cash-generating unit (CGU) exceeds its net recoverable amount. A CGU is the smallest identifiable asset group that generates cash flows that are largely independent from other assets of the Group. Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss in the period incurred.

The net recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its value in use or its fair value less costs to sell. Value in use is the present value of future cash flows expected to be derived from an asset while fair value less cost to sell is the amount obtainable from the sale of an asset in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable and willing parties less costs of disposal. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present values using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

Impairment losses recognized in prior periods are assessed at each reporting date for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss has been recognized.

Leases

A contract is, or contains, a lease when it conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time, the Group assesses whether, throughout the period of use, the customers has both of the following:

- The right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the identified asset; and
- The right to direct the use of the identified asset.

If the Group has the right to control the use of an identified asset for only a portion of the term of the contract, the contract contains a lease for that portion of the term.

The Group also assesses whether a contract contains a lease for each potential separate lease component.

The Group as Lessee

The Group recognizes right-of-use (ROU) asset and lease liability for all leases, except for leases with lease terms of 12 months or less (short-term leases) and leases for which the underlying asset is of low value, in which case the lease payments associated with those leases are recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis.

ROU Assets. At commencement date, the Group measures the ROU assets at cost. The cost comprises:

- · The amount of the initial measurement of lease liabilities:
- Any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received;
- · Any initial direct costs incurred by the Group; and
- An estimation of costs to be incurred by the Group in dismantling and removing the underlying asset, when applicable.

After the commencement date, the ROU assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of the related lease liabilities. The ROU assets are amortized over the shorter of the lease terms or the useful lives of the underlying assets ranging as follows:

Asset Type	Number of Years	
Building	2 to 5 years	
Transportation equipment	5 years	

Lease Liabilities. At commencement date, the Group measures lease liabilities at the present value of future lease payments using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. Otherwise, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of lease liabilities comprise the following:

- Fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments;
- Variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- Amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; and
- The exercise price under a purchase option that the Group is reasonably certain to exercise, lease
 payments in an optional renewal period if the Group is reasonable certain to exercise an extension
 option, and penalties for early termination of a lease unless the Group is reasonably certain not
 to terminate early.

Lease liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost. Interest on the lease liabilities and any variable lease payments not included in the measurement of lease liabilities are recognized in profit or loss unless these are capitalized as costs of another asset. Variable lease payments not included in the measurement of the lease liabilities are recognized in profit or loss when the event or condition that triggers those payments occurs.

The Group as a Lessor

Leases where the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset are classified as operating leases. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognized over the lease term on the same basis as rental income.

Equity

Capital Stock. Capital stock is measured at par value for all shares issued and outstanding.

Additional Paid-in Capital (APIC). APIC is the proceeds and/or fair value of considerations received in excess of par value of the subscribed capital stock. Incremental costs incurred directly attributable to the issuance of new shares are recognized as deduction from equity, net of any tax. Otherwise, these are recognized as expense in profit or loss.

Retained Earnings. Retained earnings represents the cumulative balance of net income or loss, net of any dividend declaration and prior period adjustments.

OCI. OCI comprises of items of income and expense that are not recognized in profit or loss in accordance with PFRS Accounting Standards. OCI of the Parent Company pertains to revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment and cumulative remeasurement gains and losses on net retirement liability.

Revenue Recognition

The Group is engaged in the manufacturing and distribution of animal feeds, animal health and nutritional products, and feed supplements. The Group is also engaged in the production of day-old chicks and in the growing, production and distribution of chicken broilers, either as live or dressed chickens.

Revenue from contract with customers is recognized when the performance obligation in the contract has been satisfied, either at a point in time or over time. Revenue is recognized over time if one of the following criteria is met: (a) the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits as the Group performs its obligations; (b) the Group's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced; or (c) the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date. Otherwise, revenue is recognized at a point in time.

The Group also assesses its revenue arrangements to determine if it is acting as a principal or as an agent. The Group has assessed that it acts as a principal in all of its revenue sources.

Revenue from the Group's sale of goods is recognized at point in time when control of the goods is transferred to the customers, which is normally upon delivery.

The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before other revenue items outside the scope of PFRS Accounting Standards 15 are recognized:

Fair Value Changes on Biological Assets - Livestock. Fair value changes on biological assets - livestock are recognized in profit or loss for the period in which it arises.

Rental Income. Rental income on leased property is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Interest Income. Revenue is recognized as interest accrues, taking into consideration the effective yield on the asset. Interest income from cash in banks are net of final tax.

Other Income. Other income is recognized when earned.

Cost and Expense Recognition

Cost and expenses are decreases in economic benefits during the accounting period in the form of outflows or depletions of assets or incurrence of liabilities that result in decreases in equity, other than those relating to distributions to equity participants.

Cost of Goods Sold. Cost of goods sold are recognized as expense when the related goods are delivered.

Operating Expenses. Operating expenses constitute cost of administering the business and cost incurred to sell and market its products. These are expensed as incurred.

Interest Expense. These are recognized in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

Other Charges. Other charges are recognized when incurred.

Employee Benefits

Short-term Benefits. The Group recognizes a liability net of amounts already paid and an expense for services rendered by employees during the accounting period. A liability is also recognized for the amount expected to be paid under short-term cash bonus or profit sharing plans if the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee, and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Short-term employee benefit liabilities are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed as the related service is provided.

Retirement Benefits. The Group has a partially funded, non-contributory defined benefit plan covering all qualified employees. The retirement benefits cost is determined using the projected unit credit method which reflects services rendered by employees to the date of valuation and incorporates assumptions concerning employees' projected salaries.

The Group recognizes service costs, comprising of current service costs, past service costs and net interest expense or income in profit or loss. Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net retirement liability or asset.

Past service costs are recognized in profit or loss on the earlier of the date of the plan amendment or curtailment, and the date that the Group recognizes restructuring-related costs.

Remeasurements pertaining to actuarial gains and losses and return on plan assets are recognized immediately in OCI in the period in which they arise. Remeasurements are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods. Plan assets are assets that are held in trust and managed by a trustee bank. Plan assets are not available to the creditors of the Group, nor can they be paid directly to the Group. The fair value of the plan assets is based on the market price information. When no market price is available, the fair value of plan assets is estimated by discounting expected future cash flows using a discount rate that reflects both the risk associated with the plan assets and the maturity or expected disposal date of those assets (or, if they have no maturity, the expected period until the settlement of the related obligations). If the fair value of the plan assets is higher than the present value of the retirement liability, the measurement of the resulting defined benefit asset is limited to the asset ceiling which is the present value of economic benefits available in the form of refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan.

The net retirement liability is the aggregate of the present value of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets against which the obligations are to be settled directly. The present value of the retirement obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows using interest rate on government bonds that have terms to maturity approximating the terms of the related retirement liability.

Actuarial valuations are made with sufficient regularity so that the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements do not differ materially from the amounts that would be determined at the reporting date.

Income Taxes

Current Tax: Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the tax authority. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred Tax. Deferred tax is provided on all temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences and carryforward benefits of unused net operating loss carryover (NOLCO) and excess minimum corporate income tax (MCIT) over regular corporate income tax (RCIT) to the extent that it is probable that taxable income will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and carryforward of unused NOLCO and excess MCIT over RCIT can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable income will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable income will allow the deferred tax assets to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are applicable to the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities. For purposes of measuring deferred tax liabilities and deferred tax assets for investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the carrying amounts of such properties are presumed to be recovered entirely through sale, unless the presumption is rebutted, that is, when the investment property is depreciable and is held within the business model whose objective is consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment property over time, rather than through sale.

Most changes in deferred tax assets or deferred tax liabilities are recognized as a component of tax expense in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in OCI or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same tax authority.

Related Party Relationships and Transactions

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability, directly and indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Parties are considered to be related these are subject to common control or common significant influence. Key management personnel are also considered as related parties.

A related party transaction is a transfer of resources, services or obligations between related parties, regardless of whether a price is charged. This is measured on an arm's-length basis in a manner similar to transactions with non-related parties.

Segment Reporting

The Group's operating businesses are organized and managed separately according to the nature of the products provided, with each segment reporting a strategic business unit that offers different products and markets. Financial information on the Group's business segments is presented in Note 32 to the consolidated financial statements.

Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are measured at the estimated expenditure required to settle the present obligation, based on the most reliable evidence available at the end of the reporting period, including risks and uncertainties associated with the present obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as an interest expense. Provisions are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

Basic and Diluted Earnings Per Share (EPS)

Basic EPS is computed by dividing the net income for the period attributable to common equity holders of the Parent Company by the weighted average number of issued, subscribed and outstanding common shares during the period, with retroactive adjustment for any stock dividends declared.

Diluted EPS is computed in the same manner, adjusted for the effects of any potentially dilutive convertible securities.

Events After the Reporting Period

Any post-year-end event that provides additional information about the Group's financial position at the end of the reporting period (adjusting event) is reflected in the consolidated financial statements. Post-year-end events that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the notes to consolidated financial statements when material.

3. Significant Judgments, Accounting Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of the Group's consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgments, accounting estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses reported in the consolidated financial statements. These are based on management's evaluation of relevant facts and circumstances as of the date of the consolidated financial statements.

While the Group believes that the assumptions are reasonable and appropriate, significant differences in the actual experience or significant changes in the assumptions may materially affect the estimated amounts. Actual results could differ from such estimates.

The accounting estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis. Changes in accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the change affects only that period or in the period of the change and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgments

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgments, apart from those involving estimations, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements.

Determining the Operating Segments. The Group's determination of the operating segments is based on the information about the components that management uses to make decisions about operating matters. Operating segments use internal reports that are regularly reviewed by the Parent Company's BOD, in order to allocate resources to the segment and assess its performance.

The Group reports separate information about an operating segment that meets any of the following quantitative thresholds:

 its reported revenue, including both sales to external customers and intersegment sales or transfers, is 10% or more of the combined revenue, internal and external, of all operating segments;

- the absolute amount of its reported profit or loss is 10% or more of the greater, in absolute
 amount, of (i) the combined reported profit of all operating segments that did not report a loss
 and (ii) the combined reported loss of all operating segments that reported a loss; and
- the assets of the segment are 10% or more of the combined assets of all operating segments.

The Group has three reportable operating segments, which are its foods, feeds and farms segments, and one geographical segment as the Group's operations are located in the Philippines. The Group operates and derives all its revenue from domestic operations.

Determining the Highest and Best Use of Investment Properties. The Group determines the highest and best use of its investment properties when measuring fair value. In making its judgment, the Group takes into account the use of the investment properties that is physically possible, legally permissible and financially feasible.

The carrying amounts of investment properties as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 are disclosed in Note 12.

Determining the Lease Commitments – The Group as a Lessor. Leases where the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset are classified as operating leases. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognized over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents, if any, are recognized as revenue in the period in which these are earned.

Rental income earned in 2024, 2023 and 2022 are disclosed in Note 24.

Determining the Lease Term and Incremental Borrowing Rate. The lease term is a significant component in the measurement of both the ROU assets and lease liabilities. Judgment is exercised in determining whether there is reasonable certainty that an option to extend the lease or purchase the underlying asset, if any, will be exercised, or an option to terminate the lease will not be exercised, when ascertaining the periods to be included in the lease term. In determining the lease term, all facts and circumstances that create an economical incentive to exercise an extension option, or not to exercise a termination option, are considered at the lease commencement date. Factors considered may include the importance of the asset to the Group's operations, comparison of terms and conditions to prevailing market rates, incurrence of significant penalties, existence of significant leasehold improvements, and the costs and disruption to replace the asset. The Group reassesses whether it is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option, or not exercise a termination option, if there is a significant event or significant change in circumstances.

Where the interest rate implicit in a lease cannot be readily determined, an incremental borrowing rate is estimated to discount future lease payments to measure the present value of the lease liabilities at the lease commencement date. Such a rate is based on what the Group estimates it would have to pay a third party to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the ROU assets, with similar terms, security and economic environment. The Group uses its general borrowing rate adjusted for the lease terms, securities of an item with the underlying nature of the leased assets and expectations of residual value, among others.

The carrying amounts of ROU assets and lease liabilities as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 are disclosed in Note 24.

Assessing Provisions and Contingencies. The Group evaluates legal and administrative proceedings to which it is involved based on analysis of potential results. Management and its legal counsels do not believe that any current proceedings will have material adverse effects on its consolidated financial position and results of operations. It is possible, however, that future results of operations could be materially affected by changes in estimates or in the effectiveness of strategies relating to these proceedings.

Accounting Estimates and Assumptions

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of reporting period that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year:

Assessing the ECL on Trade Receivables. The Group initially uses a provision matrix based on the historical default rates for trade receivables. The provision matrix specifies provision rates depending on the number of days that a receivable is past due. The Group then calibrates the provision matrix to adjust historical credit loss experience with forward-looking information on the basis of current observable data to reflect the effects of current and forecasted economic conditions, as applicable.

The Group adjusts historical default rates if forecasted economic conditions such as gross domestic product are expected to deteriorate which can lead to increased number of defaults in the industry. The Group regularly reviews the methodology and assumptions used for estimating ECL to reduce any differences between estimates and actual credit loss experience.

The determination of the correlation between historical default rates and forecasted economic conditions is a significant estimate. Accordingly, the provision for ECL of trade receivables is sensitive to changes in assumptions about forecasted economic conditions.

The amount of provision for ECL and the carrying amount of the Group's trade receivables as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 and for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 are disclosed in Note 6.

Estimating the ECL of the Receivable from an Insurance Company. The Group is currently involved in legal proceedings to pursue the collection of its remaining insurance claims for typhoon damages from an insurance company. The determination of whether the insurance claims receivable is still realizable requires consultations with legal counsel and management's estimate of the allowance for ECL based on the probability-weighted estimate of the present value of all cash shortfalls over the expected settlement of the claims.

Management and its legal counsel believe that the ongoing litigation on the remaining claims will not result to any significant adverse impact on the Group's financial condition and results of operations. Thus, no provision for ECL was recognized in 2024, 2023 and 2022.

The carrying amount of receivable from an insurance company and the allowance for ECL recognized as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 are disclosed in Note 10.

Estimating the Fair Value of Biological Assets - Livestock. The fair values of the Group's biological assets are based on the most reliable estimate of market prices at the end of the reporting period. The fair values of day-old chicks, growing broilers and parent stock were determined using the income approach which considers the net cash flows expected to be generated from the sale of day-old chicks, sale of fully-grown broilers as dressed chickens and net cash flows expected to be generated from parent stock. These are measured as Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy.

The cash flow projections include specific estimates of the hatching period, the hatchability and mortality rates, and volume of harvest. In addition, the significant unobservable inputs also include the estimated future sales price of day-old chicks, dressed chickens and parent stock, as well as the estimated costs to be incurred in the hatching, growing and dressing processes, as applicable.

Generally, the estimated fair value would increase (decrease) if the estimated future sales price, cash inflows, hatchability rates or volume of production were higher (lower). Meanwhile, the estimated fair value would increase (decrease) if the estimated costs to be incurred in the hatching, growing and dressing processes or estimated mortality rates were lower (higher).

The gain or loss on fair value changes of biological assets recognized under "Revenues" in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income in 2024, 2023 and 2022 and the carrying amount of biological assets as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 are disclosed in Note 8.

Estimating the Revalued Amounts of Property, Plant and Equipment (Excluding Transportation Equipment and CIP). The Group measures its property, plant and equipment (excluding transportation equipment and CIP) at revalued amounts with changes in fair value being recognized in OCI.

In determining the revalued amounts of property, plant and equipment (excluding transportation equipment and CIP), the Group hired independent firms of appraisers as at December 31, 2024 and 2023. In order to arrive at a reasonable valuation, the appraisers personally inspected the properties, requested information from reputable sources and considered the following: (a) utility and market value of the land; (b) cost of reproduction of the replaceable property; (c) current prices for similar-use property in the second-hand market; (d) age, condition, past maintenance, and present and prospective serviceability in comparison with new assets of similar kind; (e) accumulated depreciation; (f) lease rates; and (g) recent trends and development in the industry concerned.

The carrying amount of property, plant and equipment at revalued amounts as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 are disclosed in Note 11.

Estimating the Useful Lives of Property, Plant and Equipment. The Group reviews annually the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment based on expected asset's utilization, market demands and future technological development. It is possible that the factors mentioned may change in the future, which could cause a change in estimated useful lives. A reduction in estimated useful lives could cause a significant increase in depreciation and amortization of property, plant and equipment.

There were no changes in the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment in 2024, 2023 and 2022. The carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 are disclosed in Note 11.

Estimating the Fair Value of Investment Properties. The Group's investment properties are measured at fair values. The Group works closely with external qualified appraisers who performs the valuation using appropriate valuation techniques. The Group estimates expected future cash flows, yields, and discount rates.

The valuation techniques and inputs used in the fair value measurement of investment properties, as well as the carrying amount of investment properties as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 are disclosed in Note 12.

Assessing the Impairment of Nonfinancial Assets. The Group assesses impairment on nonfinancial assets whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. In assessing whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired, the Group considers the external and Internal sources of information. External sources of information include but are not limited to unexpected significant decline in market value and any other significant changes with an adverse effect on the Group, whether it had taken place during period or will take place in the near future in the market, economic or legal environment in which the entity operates or in the market to which the asset is dedicated. Internal sources of information include evidence of obsolescence or physical damage on an asset, significant changes with an adverse effect on the Group whether it had taken place during the period, or are expected to take place in the near future, to the extent to which, or in a manner in which, an asset is used or is expected to be used, and any other evidence that indicates that the economic performance of an asset is, or will be, worse than expected.

Whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognized. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less cost to sell and value in use. The fair value less cost to sell is the amount obtainable from the sale of an asset in an arm's length transaction while value in use is the present value of estimated future cash flows expected to arise from the continuing use of an asset and from its disposal at the end of its useful life. The estimated cash flows are projected using growth rates based on historical experience and business plans and are discounted using pretax discount rates that reflect the current assessment of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

Recoverable amounts are estimated for individual assets or, if not possible, for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

No provision for impairment loss on nonfinancial assets was recognized in 2024, 2023 and 2022.

The carrying amounts of nonfinancial assets which consists of advances to officers and employees, other current assets, property, plant and equipment, investment properties, other noncurrent assets (excluding security deposits) and ROU assets are disclosed in Notes 6, 9, 11, 12, 13 and 24.

Estimating Net Retirement Liability. The determination of the Group's obligation and cost for pension and other retirement benefits is dependent on selection of certain assumptions used by actuaries in calculating such amounts. Those assumptions are described in Note 23 to the consolidated financial statements and include among others, discount rate and salary increase rate. While the Group believes that the assumptions are reasonable and appropriate, significant differences in actual experience or significant changes in assumptions materially affect net retirement liability.

The carrying amount of net retirement liability as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 are disclosed in Note 23.

Assessing the Realizability of Deferred Tax Assets. The Group's assessment on the recognition of deferred tax assets on deductible temporary differences and carryforward benefits of unused NOLCO is based on the projected taxable income in the following periods. Based on the projection, not all future deductible temporary differences will be realized, therefore, only a portion of deferred tax assets was recognized.

The carrying amounts of recognized and unrecognized deferred tax assets as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 are disclosed in Note 25.

4. Prior Period Adjustments

The consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2022 have been restated to reflect the reclassification to property, plant and equipment of the Parent Company's investment properties which are being operated by Barbatos Ventures Corporation (BVC), as a result of the consolidation of BVC's operations to the Parent Company effective January 1, 2022 (see Note 33). Accordingly, the adjustments also included reclassifications from gain on change in fair value of investment properties in profit or loss to revaluation surplus in OCI, as well as the corresponding recognition of depreciation charges of property, plant and equipment in profit or loss, and other restatements to deferred taxes as presented in the related notes to consolidated financial statements.

The net effects of the prior period adjustments and reclassifications on the Group's consolidated financial statements as at December 31, 2022 which accounted for less than one percent of total equity are as follows (in millions):

	Assets	Liabilities	Equity	Retained Earnings	OCI
As previously reported	₱5,248.2	P3,392.2	P1,856.0	P275.8	P418.0
Prior period adjustments and					
reclassifications	(27.3)	(44.4)	17.1	(2.4)	19.5
As restated	P5,220.9	P3,347.8	P1,873.1	P273.4	P437.5

5. Cash

This account consists of:

	2024	2023
Cash on hand	P5,103,700	P6,663,187
Cash in banks	585,036,710	391,601,874
	P590,140,410	P398,265,061

Cash in banks earn interest at prevailing bank deposit rates and are immediately available for use in the current operations.

Total interest income recognized in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income pertain to the following:

Note	2024	2023	2022
	P205,324	P115,845	P108,860
6	1,034,391	1,420,936	2,289,599
	P1,239,715	P1,536,781	P2,398,459
	Note 6	F205,324 6 1,034,391	P205,324 P115,845 6 1,034,391 1,420,936

6. Trade and Other Receivables

This account consists of:

	Note	2024	2023
Trade receivables from:			
Third parties		P861,149,761	₽829,900,061
Related parties	26	245,890,511	143,528,241
Nontrade receivables		86,438,721	83,973,350
Receivable from an insurance company		35,064,371	-
Advances to officers and employees	26	26,963,331	23,202,566
Other receivables		22,459,010	24,936,968
		1,277,965,705	1,105,541,186
Allowance for ECL		196,634,811	155,583,407
		P1,081,330,894	P949,957,779

Trade receivables arising mainly from the sale of feeds, foods and livestock are generally collectible within 30 to 90 days. Overdue trade receivables bear interest ranging from 1.00% to 3.00% in 2024, 2023 and 2022. Interest income from overdue trade receivables amounted to P1.0 million in 2024, P1.4 million in 2023 and P2.3 million in 2022 (see Note 5).

Nontrade receivables comprise mainly of receivables arising from the Group's incidental income. These are unsecured, noninterest-bearing and are usually settled within 30 to 90 days.

In 2024, the Parent Company filed an insurance claim with an insurance company for the properties damaged by Typhoon Carina. Losses from inventories and property, plant and equipment damaged by the typhoon amounted to P7.3 million and P19.1 million, respectively (see Notes 7, 11 and 22). The proceeds from insurance were subsequently received in January 2025.

Advances to officers and employees include salary and other loans granted to employees which are generally noninterest-bearing in nature and collectible through salary deductions. This also includes cash advances for business purposes that are subject to liquidation.

Other receivables mainly consist of short-term rental deposits and receivables from government agencies.

Movements in the allowance for ECL account as at December 31 are shown below:

				2024		
	Note	Trade	Nontrade	Advances to Officers and Employees	Others	Total
Balance at beginning of year		P66,162,339	P74,341,929	P1,303,912	P13,775,227	P155,583,407
Provision for ECL	20	41,051,404	-	-	-	41,051,404
Balance at end of year		P107,213,743	P74,341,929	P1,303,912	P13,775,227	P196,634,811
				2023		
				Aldrew Street		
				Advances to Officers and		
	Note	Trade	Nontrade		Others	Total
Balance at beginning of year	Note	Trade. 966,028,152	Nontrade P88,156,268	Officers and	Others P13,910,259	Total #171,355,251
Balance at beginning of year Provision for ECL	Note 20			Officers and Employees		
All the second s		P66,028,152		Officers and Employees		¥171,355,251

		2022				
	Note	Trade	Nontrade	Advances to Officers and Employees	Others	Total
Balance at beginning of year	100	P64,323,517	P88,156,268	¥3,260,572	P13,910,259	R169,650,616
Provision for ECL	20	1,704,635	-	-	-	1,704,635
Balance at end of year		P66,028,152	P88,156,268	#3,260,572	P13,910,259	P171,355,251

In 2024, the Group recognized gain on collection of written off accounts amounting to ₱18.2 million (see Note 22).

In 2023, management reclassified allowance for ECL of receivables aggregating \$19.3 million to allowance for impairment losses of advances to suppliers and other current assets, as a result of the reclassification of the related gross receivables to advances to suppliers amounting to \$10.9 million and advances to contract growers and breeders amounting to \$8.4 million (see Note 9).

7. Inventories

This account consists of:

	2024	2023
At NRV -		
Feeds	P219,873,500	¥333,652,987
At cost:		
Raw materials and feeds supplements	314,682,466	324,370,311
Supplies and animal health products	128,408,276	132,401,598
Finished goods	91,728,873	74,855,683
Hatching eggs	89,091,152	59,353,509
	P843,784,267	P924,634,088
	THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN	

Inventories are valued at lower of cost and NRV as at December 31, 2024 and 2023. The cost of the feeds carried at NRV amounted to P220.8 million and P334.6 million as at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Inventories charged to cost of goods sold amounted to P9,218.0 million in 2024, P9,865.3 million in 2023 and P9,525.9 million in 2022 (see Note 19).

In 2024, the Group recognized loss on inventories damaged by the typhoon amounting to P7.3 million (see Note 22). Allowance for inventory write-down amounted to P0.9 million as at December 31, 2024 and 2023.

8. Biological Assets - Livestock

The Group's livestock consists of the following:

	2024	2023
Day-old chicks and growing broilers	P245,728,723	P89,607,344
Parent stock	77,946,903	39,787,415
	P323,675,626	P129,394,759

The movements on the Group's livestock are as follows:

	Note	2024	2023
Balance at beginning of year		P129,394,759	P116,118,755
Increase due to purchases and production		6,673,717,832	6,349,921,100
Decrease due to sales, harvest and mortality		(6,571,206,577)	(6,288,865,517)
Gain (loss) on fair value changes	18	91,769,612	(47,779,579)
Balance at end of year		P323,675,626	P129,394,759

9. Other Current Assets

This account consists of:

	Note	2024	2023
Advances to contract growers and breeders	24	P130,132,144	P86,981,489
CWT		96,487,243	112,120,283
Prepayments		52,649,590	60,397,861
Input VAT		36,623,431	19,485,251
		315,892,408	278,984,884
Allowance for impairment losses		(55,122,665)	(55,122,665)
		P260,769,743	P223,862,219
		THE RESERVE THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TRANSPORT NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO	The state of the s

Movements in the allowance for impairment losses of advances to contract growers and breeders as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

	Note	2024	2023
Balance at beginning of year		P55,122,665	P46,748,582
Reclassification	6	-	8,374,083
Balance at end of year		P55,122,665	P55,122,665

10. Receivable from an Insurance Company

The Parent Company has an outstanding insurance claim for typhoon damages from Charter Ping An Insurance Corporation (Charter Ping An). Pursuant to the Insurance Code, the Parent Company is entitled to interest on its claim at a rate twice the ceiling prescribed by the Monetary Board beginning March 12, 2010, or 90 days from the date the Parent Company filed the claim.

On August 17, 2016, the Parent Company received P58.9 million as partial settlement. On May 31, 2023, the Regional Trial Court (RTC) of Bulacan granted the claim of the Parent Company and ordered Charter Ping An to pay the insurance claim, to which Charter Ping An filed a Notice of Appeal with the Court of Appeals (CA) in Manila City. As at December 31, 2024, the case records had been transmitted to the CA. On December 2, 2024, the CA directed Charter Ping An to file an Appellant's Brief within 45 days from the date of notice. On February 10, 2025, Charter Ping An filed a Motion for Extension of Time to File Appellant's Brief with Manifestation seeking additional 45 days, or until April 6, 2025, within which to submit its Brief.

Management and its legal counsel believe that the ongoing litigation on the remaining claims will not result in any significant adverse impact on the Group's financial condition and results of operations.

The composition of the receivable as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

Cost	P141,664,583
Allowance for ECL	(71,460,773)
	P70,203,810

The Parent Company continues to legally pursue the remaining balance of the insurance claim as at December 31, 2024 and 2023. No provisions nor write-off of allowance for ECL of the receivable were recognized in 2024, 2023 and 2022.

11. Property, Plant and Equipment

At Revalued Amounts

The composition and movements of the Group's property, plant and equipment carried at revalued amounts are as follows:

	2024					
	Land	Plant, Machinery and Equipment	Buildings	Leasehold and Land Improvements	Office Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	Total
Cost			Windle St.		7	A
Salance at beginning of year	¥932,448,310	¥1,085,211,134	#424,641,584	¥99,588,491	¥106,094,574	92,647,984,093
Additions		27,523,709		20,635,743	14,073,400	62,232,852
Reclassifications	-	(6,222,781)	(105,124)	14,815,160	(\$46,359)	7,940,896
Disposals	*	(70,744,121)	(1,867,856)	*	(189,791)	(72,801,768)
Net revaluation	150,118,520	(36,006,522)	42,028,840	10,248,088	905,605	167,294,531
Balance at end of year	1,082,566,830	999,761,419	464,697,444	145,287,482	120,337,429	2,812,650,604
Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization						
Balance at beginning of year		436,336,142	105,133,158	63,130,611	93,918,044	698,517,955
Depreciation and amortization		74,112,355	19,850,369	13,745,096	7,460,919	115,168,739
Disposals	-	(14,705,387)	(786,056)	- 1000	(88,496)	(15,579,939)
Keclassification		381,545	(6,446)	-	(273,179)	101,920
Balance at end of year		496,124,655	124,191,025	76,875,707	101,017,288	798,208,675
Carrying Amount	P1,082,566,830	P503,636,764	#340,506,419	P68,411,775	P19,320,141	\$2,014,441,929

	3023					
	Land	Plant, Machinery and Equipment	Buildings	Leasehold and Land Improvements	Office Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	Total
Cost		T. V				
Balance at beginning of year	¥904,156,050	¥1,001,325,070	#323,320,085	#98.113.233	¥98,539,766	92,425,454,144
Additions	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	73,459,890	509,240	904,265	7,317,842	82,191,237
Reclassifications		921,410	106,500,000	1.812.378	427,850	109,661,638
Disposals		(2,724,911)		10000	(190.824)	(2,915,735)
Net revaluation	28,292,260	12,229,675	(5,687,741)	(1,241,385)		33,592,809
Balance at end of year	932,448,820	1,085,211,134	424,641,584	99,588,491	106,094,574	2,647,984,093
Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization						
Balance at beginning of year		357,337,651	86,242,759	53,576,563	85,419,209	582,576,182
Depreciation and amortization	-	81,723,402	18,890,199	9,554,047	8,630,737	118,798,585
Disposals	-	(2,724,911)			(131,901)	(2,856,812)
Balance at end of year		436,336,142	105,133,158	63,130,610	93,918,045	698,517,955
Carrying Amount	P932,448,310	#648,874,992	#319,508,426	¥36,457,881	¥12.176.529	F1,949,466,138

Net revaluation increment on property, plant and equipment, net of deferred income tax, amounted to P125.5 million in 2024, P25.2 million in 2023 and P97.4 million in 2022.

In 2024, the Group recorded loss on property, plant and equipment damaged by the typhoon amounting to P19.1 million (see Note 22), net of a receivable from an insurance company amounting to P35.1 million (see Note 6).

Had the above property, plant and equipment been measured using the cost model, the carrying amounts would have been as follows:

	2024	2023
Land	P355,331,190	P355,331,190
Plant, machinery and equipment	549,431,325	649,213,180
Buildings	287,633,800	308,661,367
Leasehold and land improvements	57,682,415	35,219,777
Office furniture, fixtures and equipment	18,259,256	11,763,016
	P1,268,337,986	₽1,360,188,530

The transfer from revaluation surplus to retained earnings, net of deferred income tax, amounted to P7.9 million in 2024, P16.8 million in 2023 and P11.9 million in 2022.

The Group's property, plant and equipment at revalued amounts were appraised by an independent firm of appraisers as at December 31, 2024 and 2023.

Details of the valuation techniques used in measuring fair values of property, plant and equipment classified under Levels 2 and 3 of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

			1	Range
Class of Property	Valuation Techniques	Significant Inputs	2024	2023
		Price per square meter		Total Control
	Sales comparison	(sqm)	P2,000 - P10,000	P2,995 - P10,500
Land	approach	Value adjustments	5% - 35%	5% - 35%
	Depreciated			
Plant, machinery	replacement cost	Replacement cost	P1,300.4 million	P306.4 million
and equipment	method	Remaining economic life	3 - 25 years	3 - 25 years 11.01%
	Discounted cash flow	Discount rate		F1.4 million -
	(DCF) approach	Per monthly rent	-	P4.0 million
	Depreciated			
	replacement cost	Replacement cost	P613.7 million	P176.7 million
Buildings	method	Remaining economic life	1 - 30 years	7 - 25 years 11.01%
		Discount rate		₽0.2 million -
	DCF approach	Per monthly rent	-	P1.2 million
	Depreciated			
Leasehold and	replacement cost	Replacement cost	P84.3 million	\$20.3 million
land improvements	method	Remaining economic life	1 -23 years	2 - 4 years
		Discount rate		11.01%
	DCF approach	Per monthly rent	-	P0.1 million
	Depreciated			
Office furniture, fixtures	replacement cost	Replacement cost	P14.9 million	P12.2 million
and equipment	method	Remaining economic life	2 - 4 years	2 - 4 years

The description of the valuation techniques and inputs used in the fair value measurement are as follows:

Sales Comparison Approach

Sales comparison approach involves the comparison of the Group's land to those that are more or less located within the vicinity of the appraised properties and are subject of recent sales and offerings. Adjustments were made to arrive at the market value by considering the location, size, shape, utility, desirability and time element.

The inputs to fair valuation are as follows:

- Price per sqm estimated value prevailing in the real estate market depending on the location, area, shape and time element.
- Value adjustments adjustments are made to bring the comparative values in approximation to the property taking into account the location, size and architectural features among others.

Depreciated Replacement Cost Method

Depreciated replacement cost method is used to estimate valuation of plant, machinery and equipment, buildings, leasehold and land improvements and office furniture, fixtures and equipment by computing for the replacement cost of the assets and applying appropriate adjustments for physical deterioration and functional and economic obsolescence.

Generally, significant increases (decreases) in depreciated replacement cost in isolation would result in a significantly higher (lower) fair value measurement.

Discounted Cash Flow Approach

Under the DCF approach, a property's fair value is estimated using explicit assumptions regarding the benefits and liabilities of ownership over the asset's estimated useful life including an exit or terminal value. As an accepted method within the income approach to valuation, the DCF approach involves the projection of a series of cash flows on a real property interest. An appropriate, market-derived discount rate is applied to projected cash flow series to establish the present value of the income stream associated with the property, plant and equipment.

Periodic cash flows of investment properties are typically estimated as gross income less vacancy and operating expenses. The series of periodic net operating income, along with an estimate of the terminal value anticipated at the end of the projection period, is then discounted.

The frequency of inflows and outflows are contract and market-derived. The DCF approach assumes that cash outflows occur in the same period that expenses are recorded.

Generally, significant increases (decreases) in monthly rental rate per building, leasehold and land improvements and machinery and equipment in isolation would result in a significantly higher (lower) fair value measurement. Significant increases (decreases) in discount rate in isolation would result in a significantly lower (higher) fair value measurement.

In 2024, the Group changed its valuation technique on determining the fair value of its plant, machinery and equipment, buildings, and leasehold and land improvements from DCF approach to depreciated replacement cost method.

The reconciliation of the balances of property, plant and equipment classified according to level in the fair value hierarchy is as follows:

	2024		
	Significant Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Total
Balance at beginning of year	P932,448,310	P1,017,017,828	P1,949,466,138
Additions and reclassifications	_	70,071,828	70,071,828
Depreciation and amortization	-	(115,168,739)	(115,168,739)
Disposals	-	(57,221,829)	(57,221,829)
Net revaluation increment	150,118,520	17,176,011	167,294,531
Balance at end of year	P1,082,566,830	₱931,875,099	P2,014,441,929

	2023		
	Significant Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Total
Balance at beginning of year	P904,156,050	P938,721,912	¥1,842,877,962
Additions and reclassifications	-	191,852,875	191,852,875
Depreciation and amortization	-	(118,798,585)	(118,798,585)
Disposals	-	(58,923)	(58,923)
Net revaluation increment	28,292,260	5,300,549	33,592,809
Balance at end of year	P932,448,310	£1,017,017,828	P1,949,466,138

There are no transfers between the levels of fair value hierarchy in 2024, 2023 and 2022.

At Cost
The following transportation equipment and construction in-progress (CIP) are carried at cost:

	2024		
	Transportation		
	Equipment	CIP	Total
Cost			
Balance at beginning of year	P46,127,170	P43,674,517	P89,801,687
Additions		26,720,916	26,720,916
Reclassifications	(475,627)	(7,465,269)	(7,940,896)
Disposal	(436,964)		(436,964)
Balance at end of year	45,214,579	62,930,164	108,144,743
Accumulated Depreciation			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Balance at beginning of year	44,208,965	-	44,208,965
Depreciation	1,056,505	_	1,056,505
Reclassification	(101,920)	-	(101,920)
Disposal	(379,631)	-	(379,631)
Balance at end of year	44,783,919	-	44,783,919
Carrying Amount	P430,660	P62,930,164	P63,360,824

	2023		
	Transportation Equipment	CIP	Total
Cost			
Balance at beginning of year	949,017,924	P122,736,649	P171,754,573
Additions	624,480	30,599,506	31,223,986
Reclassifications	-	(109,661,638)	(109,661,638)
Disposal	(3,515,234)	-	(3,515,234)
Balance at end of year	46,127,170	43,674,517	89,801,687
Accumulated Depreciation			
Balance at beginning of year	45,113,940	-	45,113,940
Depreciation	2,548,759	-	2,548,759
Disposal	(3,453,734)		(3,453,734)
Balance at end of year	44,208,965	-	44,208,965
Carrying Amount	P1,918,205	P43,674,517	P45,592,722

CIP represents cost of raw materials, general construction works and installation costs incurred in the construction of the Group's offices, cabling installation, piping, bagging system installation and other developments. Completed construction costs amounting to P7.5 million in 2024, P109.7 million in 2023 and P6.3 million in 2022, were reclassified to the appropriate property, plant and equipment accounts. As at December 31, 2024 and 2023, there are no significant contractual commitments entered into by the Group.

The Group sold property, plant and equipment, investment properties and ROU assets for a cash consideration resulting to a gain (loss) on disposal amounting to (P1.6 million) in 2024, P0.5 million in 2023 and (P1.0 million) in 2022 (see Note 22).

As at December 31, 2024 and 2023, fully depreciated property, plant and equipment that are still being used by the Group amounted to P453.2 million and P383.5 million, respectively.

Depreciation and amortization expense recognized in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income are as follows:

	Note	2024	2023	2022 (As restated - see Note 4)
Property, plant and equipment:				
At revaluated amounts		P115,168,739	P118,798,585	₱105,418,387
At cost		1,056,505	2,548,759	4,033,521
ROU assets	24	26,892,227	22,994,914	17,723,732
Computer software	13	3,398,021	3,398,021	5,795,513
A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH		P146,515,492	P147,740,279	P132,971,153

Depreciation and amortization expense were charged to the following:

	Note	2024	2023	(As restated - see Note 4)
Cost of goods sold	19	P103,913,052	P105,338,143	₽95,998,634
Operating expenses:	20			
Selling and distribution		24,283,391	26,754,216	21,642,518
Administrative expenses		18,319,049	15,647,920	15,330,001
		42,602,440	42,402,136	36,972,519
		P146,515,492	F147,740,279	P132,971,153

12. Investment Properties

This consists of the Group's parcels of land arising from the foreclosure of properties as settlement of its customers' liabilities to the Group, and properties which are held either to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or both, but not for sale in the ordinary course of business or for administrative purposes.

Investment properties are measured using the fair value model. The composition and movements in this account are summarized below:

		2024		
	Land	Building	Total	
Cost	W130.5			
Balance at beginning of year	P177,161,892	P15,567,585	P192,729,477	
Disposals	(5,943,000)	_	(5,943,000)	
Balance at end of year	171,218,892	15,567,585	186,786,477	
Cumulative Gain on Changes in Fair Value				
Balance at beginning of year	109,431,064	(814,190)	108,616,874	
Gain on changes in fair value	12,226,238	4,666,880	16,893,118	
Balance at end of year	121,657,302	3,852,690	125,509,992	
Carrying Amount	P292,876,194	P19,420,275	P312,296,469	
	2023			
	Land	Building	Total	
Cost				
Balance at beginning of year	P178,403,468	¥15,567,585	P193,971,053	
Additions	1,712,209	-	1,712,209	
Disposals	(2,953,785)	-	(2,953,785)	
Balance at end of year	177,161,892	15,567,585	192,729,477	
Cumulative Gain (Loss) on Changes in Fair Value				
Balance at beginning of year	45,122,474	(619,585)	44,502,889	
Gain (loss) on changes in fair value	64,308,590	(194,605)	64,113,985	
Balance at end of year	109,431,064	(814,190)	108,616,874	
Carrying Amount	P286,592,956	P14,753,395	P301,346,351	
	THE STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE P	The second secon		

The Group's investment properties were appraised by an independent firm of appraisers as at December 31, 2024 and 2023. Net gain on change in fair value amounted to P16.9 million in 2024, P64.1 million in 2023 and P28.2 million in 2022.

The Group recognized revenue from leasing operations amounting to P5.3 million in 2024, P5.3 million in 2023 and P7.8 million in 2022 (see Note 24). Direct costs related to the lease of investment properties amounted to P3.2 million in 2024, P1.0 million in 2023 and P1.1 million in 2022.

Details of the valuation techniques used in measuring fair values of classified under Level 2 and 3 of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

		_	Range		
Class of Property	Valuation Techniques	Significant Inputs	2024	2023	
Land	Sales comparison approach	Price per square meter (sqm) Value adjustments	P67 - P19,599 5% - 70%	#45 - #17,000 5% - 70%	
Buildings	DCF approach	Discount rate Per monthly rent (sqm)	12% P30 - P114	11% P63 - P72	

Sales comparison approach involves the comparison of the Group's land to those that are more or less located within the vicinity of the appraised properties and are subject of recent sales and offerings. Adjustments were made to arrive at the market value by considering the location, size, shape, utility, desirability and time element.

The significant inputs to fair valuation are as follows:

- Price per sqm estimated value prevailing in the real estate market depending on the location, area, shape and time element.
- Value adjustments adjustments are made to bring the comparative values in approximation to the investment property taking into account the location, size and architectural features among others.

Meanwhile, building was valued using DCF approach (Level 3) and utilized discount rate and monthly rental rates as significant inputs. Under the DCF approach, a property's fair value is estimated using explicit assumptions regarding the benefits and liabilities of ownership over the asset's estimated useful life including an exit or terminal value. As an accepted method within the income approach to valuation, the DCF approach involves the projection of a series of cash flows on a real property interest. An appropriate, market-derived discount rate is applied to projected cash flow series to establish the present value of the income stream associated with the investment property.

Periodic cash flows of investment properties are typically estimated as gross income less vacancy and operating expenses. The series of periodic net operating income, along with an estimate of the terminal value anticipated at the end of the projection period, is then discounted.

The frequency of inflows and outflows are contract and market-derived. The DCF approach assumes that cash outflows occur in the same period that expenses are recorded.

Generally, significant increases (decreases) in the discount rate in isolation would result in a significantly lower (higher) fair value measurement. Significant increases (decreases) in rental rate in isolation would result in a significantly higher (lower) fair value measurement.

13. Other Noncurrent Assets

This account consists of:

	Note	2024	2023
Project development costs		P31,368,395	¥31,368,395
Security deposits	24	12,928,688	12,928,688
Computer software	13.0	7,089,955	10,487,976
		51,387,038	54,785,059
Allowance for impairment losses	R31,368,395 24 12,928,688 7,089,955	(31,368,395)	
		P20,018,643	P23,416,664
			The state of the s

Project development costs represent expenses incurred on the Group's aqua feeds and aqua culture projects. These were already fully provided with valuation allowance as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 since based on management's evaluation, these costs may no longer be recoverable.

The balance and movements in computer software are as follows:

	Note	2024	2023
Cost			
Balance at beginning and end of year		P43,365,131	P43,365,131
Accumulated Amortization			
Balance at beginning of year		32,877,155	29,479,134
Amortization	11	3,398,021	3,398,021
Balance at end of year		36,275,176	32,877,155
Carrying Amount		P7,089,955	P10,487,976
		The state of the s	The second second second second second

14. Trade and Other Payables

This account consists of:

	Note	2024	2023
Trade payables:			
Third parties		P1,638,983,161	P1,642,893,759
Related parties	26	15,685,403	3,907,536
Nontrade payables		201,332,195	148,419,428
Accrued expenses:			
Selling and administrative		281,754,674	189,328,480
Outside services		59,620,661	25,503,169
Others		41,428,536	14,830,005
Statutory payables		34,653,434	27,729,615
Customers' deposits		5,016,139	14,240,358
		P2,278,474,203	₱2,066,852,350

Trade payables consist of liabilities arising from purchases of inventories in the normal course of business. These are noninterest-bearing and are generally settled within 30 to 90 days.

Nontrade payables are liabilities arising from purchases of goods other than inventories and various services giving rise to expenses such as trucking fees, utilities, security services and inspection fees, among others. These are normally settled within one year.

Accrued expenses mainly pertain to selling and administrative expenses, outside services, salaries and wages, freight and handling, outside services, taxes and licenses, commission and supplies, among others. These are normally settled within one year.

Statutory payables consist of liabilities to government agencies. These are normally settled within a month.

Customers' deposits include amounts advanced by the customers to the Group. These are normally applied within one year.

15. Loans Payable

The Group's outstanding loans payable to local banks amounted to \$800.0 million and \$898.1 million as at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The Group's short-term and long-term loans are not subject to any debt covenants.

	2024	2023
Short-term loans	P694,494,301	P823,655,000
Current portion of long-term loans	58,321,429	24,821,429
Current portion of loans payable	752,815,730	848,476,429
Noncurrent portion of loans payable	47,154,760	49,642,856
	P799,970,490	P898,119,285

Short-term Loans Payable

In 2024 and 2023, the Group obtained unsecured, Peso-denominated short-term loans from local banks to finance its working capital requirements. The Group's short-term loans mature within 90 days and bear annual interest rates ranging from 6.00% to 6.50%. Outstanding balance amounted to P694.5 million and P823.7 million as at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Long-term Loans Payable

The following are the Group's long-term loans payable:

a. P86.9 million promissory note

On October 31, 2018, the Parent Company entered into an eight-year loan agreement with China Bank Savings, Inc. ("CBS") amounting to P86.9 million, payable in 28 quarterly installments starting January 31, 2020 and bearing an interest rate of 7.875% per annum, repriced annually. Repriced interest rate is 7.875% in 2024 and 7.750% in 2023. Outstanding balance amounted to P24.8 million and P37.2 million as at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

b. P86.9 million promissory note

On December 6, 2018, the Parent Company entered into another eight-year loan agreement with CBS amounting to P86.9 million, payable in 28 quarterly installments, starting March 6, 2020 and bearing an interest rate of 8.125% per annum, repriced annually. Repriced interest rate is 8.125% in 2024 and 7.750% in 2023. Outstanding balance amounted to P24.8 million and P37.2 million as at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

c. P67.0 million promissory note

On August 22, 2024, the Parent Company entered into a two-year loan agreement with Asia United Bank ("AUB") amounting to P67.0 million, payable in 24 monthly installments, starting September 23, 2024 and bearing an interest rate of 7.75% per annum, repriced annually. Outstanding balance amounted to P55.8 million as at December 31, 2024.

Total availments of loans payable amounted to \$958.9 million in 2024, \$1,740.2 million and 2023 and \$2,349.6 in 2022. Total payments of loans payable amounted to \$1,057.0 million in 2024, \$1,877.2 million in 2023 and \$1,819.5 million in 2022 (see Note 28).

Total interest expense recognized in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income consists of the following:

	Note	2024	2023	2022
Loans payable		P70,113,577	P68,308,882	P35,735,576
Accretion of interest on				C 10 21 C 17 C 1
lease liabilities	24	8,887,040	7,514,406	4,266,400
		P79,000,617	₽75,823,288	P40,001,976

16. Cash Bond Deposits

Cash bond deposits amounting to P66.4 million and P60.5 million as at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively, mainly pertains to surety bond deposits from contract growers, contract breeders, and salesmen.

These are generally renewed on an annual basis and cash bond deposits will be refunded upon termination of the contract.

17. Equity

Capital Stock

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Parent Company has issued and outstanding common shares of 3,054,334,014 common shares at P0.38 par value equivalent to P1,160.6 million. Details of the authorized, issued and outstanding common shares as at December 31 are as follows:

	2024	2023
Authorized	3,500,000,000	3,500,000,000
Issued and outstanding	3,054,334,014	3,054,334,014
Capital stock	P1,160,646,925	P1,160,646,925

The details and movements of the common shares listed with PSE follows:

Date of SEC Approval	Authorized Shares	No. of Shares Issued
October 2, 1972	5,000,000	5,000,000
May 2, 1973	10,000,000	10,000,000
October 31, 1974	7,000,000	7,000,000
December 5, 1977	45,000,000	45,000,000
December 5, 1982	33,000,000	33,000,000
August 11, 1986	200,000,000	200,000,000
February 9, 1989	200,000,000	200,000,000
October 16, 2013	3,500,000,000	2,286,497,901
December 22, 2017	3,500,000,000	267,836,113
		3,054,334,014

The Parent Company has 4,095 and 4,113 stockholders as at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

18. Revenues

This account consists of:

	Note	2024	2023	2022
Net sales from:			The same to be a second	
Foods		P7,437,937,490	P6,943,470,958	P6,241,334,413
Feeds		4,507,108,706	5,128,051,942	5,199,285,802
Farms		502,473,423	472,171,275	516,895,636
Fair value changes on biological		12,447,519,619	12,543,694,175	11,957,515,851
assets - livestock	8	91,769,612	(47,779,579)	10,936,438
- Additional Constitution		P12,539,289,231	P12,495,914,596	THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE

19. Cost of Goods Sold

This account consists of the following:

Note	2024	2023	(As restated - see Note 4)
7	P9,217,953,017	P9,865,346,419	P9,525,944,014
24	1,224,430,993	1,125,872,634	858,830,177
	423,314,388	426,291,217	312,262,806
11	103,913,052	105,338,143	95,998,634
21	36,860,823	35,854,006	45,814,819
	29,169,266	32,738,549	60,792,974
	P11,035,641,539	P11,591,440,968	P10,899,643,424
	7 24 11	7 P9,217,953,017 24 1,224,430,993 423,314,388 11 103,913,052 21 36,860,823 29,169,266	7 P9,217,953,017 P9,865,346,419 24 1,224,430,993 1,125,872,634 423,314,388 426,291,217 11 103,913,052 105,338,143 21 36,860,823 35,854,006 29,169,266 32,738,549

Others composed of communication, light, water and repairs and maintenance.

20. Operating Expenses

This account consists of the following:

2024	2023	(As restated - see Note 4)
P692,028,637	P552,140,873	P560,014,678
413,801,082	341,670,393	323,347,130
P1,105,829,719	P893,811,266	P883,361,808
	P692,028,637 413,801,082	P692,028,637 P552,140,873 413,801,082 341,670,393

The details of operating expenses are as follows:

	Note	2024	2023	2022 (As restated - see Note 4)
Salaries and employee benefits	21	P334,547,988	₱316,880,371	P278,702,032
Freight and handling		160,632,260	151,760,387	146,989,180
Transportation and travel		138,269,694	133,116,282	145,665,808
Contractual services		83,224,292	38,187,859	26,600,604
Advertising and promotions		56,113,494	19,578,566	24,540,837
Professional fees		44,575,917	27,945,926	34,746,562
Depreciation and amortization	11	42,602,440	42,402,136	36,972,519
Representation and entertainment		42,467,984	15,475,272	36,605,488
Provision for ECL on trade receivables	6	41,051,404	3,539,062	1,704,635
Publications and subscriptions		40,083,480	40,088,981	39,323,376
Computerization project		36,607,104	28,263,914	28,826,178
Taxes and licenses		28,763,181	29,245,992	26,719,345
Supplies		11,720,939	6,549,416	6,398,714
Communications, light and water		10,761,979	9,768,329	9,687,496
Trainings and seminars		10,679,903	5,548,565	1,455,007
Rentals	24	7,169,531	10,249,091	8,269,477
Insurance		5,333,738	4,701,190	5,039,437
Repairs and maintenance		4,197,702	5,336,923	2,897,165
Others		7,026,689	5,173,004	22,217,948
		P1,105,829,719	₽893,811,266	P883,361,808

Other expenses include bank charges, association dues and inspection fees, among others.

21. Salaries and Employee Benefits

This account pertains to the following:

	Note	2024	2023	2022
Salaries and wages		P303,528,235	P297,188,485	P259,733,525
Retirement benefits	23	25,361,136	22,122,540	22,336,339
Commissions		18,360,786	16,550,520	27,560,525
Other short-term benefits		24,158,654	16,872,832	14,886,462
		P371,408,811	P352,734,377	P324,516,851

Salaries and employee benefits are allocated as follows:

	Note	2024	2023	2022
Cost of goods sold	19	P36,860,823	P35,854,006	P45,814,819
Operating expenses:	20			
Administrative		235,785,106	211,849,889	176,820,010
Selling and distribution		98,762,882	105,030,482	101,882,022
		334,547,988	316,880,371	278,702,032
	P371,408,811	P352,734,377	P324,516,851	

22. Others - net

This account consists of:

	Note	2024	2023	2022
Losses on inventories and property, plant and equipment				
damaged by the typhoon	7, 11	(P26,408,870)	P-	P-
Gain on collection of previously				
written off trade receivables	6	18,152,097	-	-
Tax settlement		(14,493,495)	(5,290,291)	(10,696,915)
Miscellaneous revenues		7,722,672	6,217,895	954,147
Rental income	24	5,321,071	5,255,468	7,837,895
Gain (loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment, investment properties and		0 - 2		,,,,,,,,,
ROU assets	11	(1,599,242)	523,275	(1,037,744)
Net foreign exchange gain (loss)		265,283	(615,490)	(28,701,581)
Others		(11,525,971)	-	(903,842)
		(P22,566,455)	P6,090,857	(P32,548,040)

Miscellaneous revenues pertain to sale of used operating supplies and other wastes from production.

Others pertain to digitalization and other miscellaneous expenses.

23. Net Retirement Liability

The Group has a partially funded, noncontributory defined benefit retirement plan covering all of its qualified employees. The defined benefit plan is being administered by a trustee bank which is responsible for the administration of the plan asset. The Group's retirement benefits are based on years of service and one and one-fourth month's salary for every year of continuous service.

The plan is exposed to interest rate risks and changes in the life expectancy of qualified employees. The plan is not exposed to significant concentrations of risk on the plan assets.

There are no unusual or significant risks to which the retirement liability exposes the Group. However, in the event a benefit claim arises under the retirement liability, the benefit shall immediately be due and payable from the Group.

The following tables summarize the components of retirement benefit costs recognized in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income based on the report of an independent actuary as at December 31, 2024.

Details of retirement expense is as follows (see Note 21):

2024	2023	2022
P14,345,412	P11,519,694	P13,896,753
11,015,724	10,602,846	8,439,586
P25,361,136	P22,122,540	P22,336,339
	P14,345,412 11,015,724	P14,345,412 P11,519,694 11,015,724 10,602,846

The amounts of net retirement liability recognized in the consolidated statements of financial position are determined as follows:

	2024	2023
Present value of DBO	P205,478,854	P184,617,101
Fair value of plan assets	(4,479,812)	(4,031,451)
	P200,999,042	P180,585,650

While there are no minimum funding requirements in the country, any size of underfunding may pose a cash flow risk in the future when a significant number of employees is expected to retire.

The movements in the present value of DBO are as follows:

	2024	2023
Balance at beginning of year	P184,617,101	₽150,989,435
Current service costs	14,345,412	11,519,694
Interest expense	11,261,643	10,886,338
Benefits paid	(2,876,500)	(2,184,831)
Remeasurement loss (gain)	(1,868,802)	13,406,465
Balance at end of year	P205,478,854	P184,617,101

The movements in the fair value of plan assets are as follows:

	2024	2023
Balance at beginning of year	P4,031,451	P3,931,933
Interest income	245,919	283,492
Remeasurement gain (loss)	202,442	(183,974)
Balance at end of year	P4,479,812	P4,031,451

The Group's plan assets are comprised of the following:

	2024	2023
Cash and cash equivalents	P123,643	P256,803
Equity instruments	693,475	502,722
Debt instruments - government bonds	3,646,567	3,257,816
Others	16,127	14,110
17.17.47.4	P4,479,812	P4,031,451
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There are no expected contributions to the Group's retirement plan in the following year.

The cumulative net remeasurement gains (losses) on net retirement liability recognized in OCI as at December 31 are as follows:

	2024		
	Cumulative Remeasurement	Deferred Tax	
	Loss	(see Note 25)	Net
Balance at beginning of year	(P8,315,699)	P2,078,925	(P6,236,774)
Remeasurement gain	2,071,244	(517,811)	1,553,433
Balance at end of year	(P6,244,455)	P1,561,114	(94,683,341)

		2023	
	Cumulative		
	Remeasurement	Deferred Tax	
	Gain (Loss)	(see Note 25)	Net
Balance at beginning of year	P5,274,740	(#1,318,685)	P3,956,055
Remeasurement loss	(13,590,439)	3,397,610	(10,192,829)
Balance at end of year	(P8,315,699)	P2,078,925	(P6,236,774)
		2022	
	Cumulative	N 20 - 25 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 1	
	Remeasurement	Deferred Tax	
	Gain (Loss)	(see Note 25)	Net
Balance at beginning of year	(¥37,180,020)	89,295,005	(P27,885,015)
Remeasurement gain	42,454,760	(10,613,690)	31,841,070
Balance at end of year	RS.274.740	(81.318.685)	R3 956 055

The principal assumptions used for the purpose of the actuarial valuation are as follows:

	2024	2023
Discount rate	6.10%	6.10%
Salary increase projection rate	5.00%	5.00%
Average remaining service years	21.9	22.4

The sensitivity analysis based on reasonable possible changes of assumptions as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 are presented below:

		Effect on Retirement Liabil	Present Value of ity (in thousands)
	Change in Assumption	Discount Rate	Salary Increase Projection Rate
December 31, 2024	+100 bps	(P15,241)	P17,497
	-100 bps	17,479	(15,529)
December 31, 2023	+100 bps	(P13,861)	P15,904
	-100 bps	15,888	(14,122)

The expected future benefit payments of the Group are as follows:

	2024	2023
Less than one year	P27,284,824	P26,011,557
Between one and five years	83,788,844	55,006,165
Beyond five years	782,323,993	737,372,323
	P893,397,661	P818,390,045

The weighted average duration of the present value of retirement benefit obligation as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 are 8.0 years and 8.1 years, respectively.

24. Significant Agreements

Operating Leases - The Group as a Lessor

The Group entered into cancellable leases covering certain production plants (i.e., dressing, rendering and ice production) which have lease terms of around two to three years and are renewable upon mutual agreement of the parties.

Total rent income from these operating leases amounted to \$\mathbb{P}5.3\$ million in 2024, \$\mathbb{P}5.3\$ million in 2023 and \$\mathbb{P}7.8\$ million in 2022 and are shown as part of "Others - Net" account in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income (see Note 22).

The Group as a Lessee - Short-term Leases

The Group leases certain warehouses under operating lease agreements for a period of one year and are renewable upon mutual agreement by the parties. Rent expense amounted to ₱7.2 million in 2024, ₱10.2 million in 2023 and ₱8.3 million in 2022 (see Note 20).

Security deposits amounted to P12.9 million as at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively (see Note 13).

The Group as a Lessee - Long-term Leases

The Group entered into lease agreements of an office space in a building and finance lease agreements for its transportation equipment for a period of more than a year. The Group recognized ROU assets and lease liabilities on these transactions using the interest rates implicit in the leases which are fixed at the contract date. The average effective interest rate approximates 7.875% to 8.125% per annum in 2024, 2023 and 2022.

ROU Assets

The movements in ROU assets are as follows:

			2024	
	20		Transportation	
	Note	Building	Equipment	Total
Cost				
Balance at beginning of year		P21,838,157	P169,050,075	P190,888,232
Additions		-	42,799,984	42,799,984
Derecognition		-	(2,801,047)	(2,801,047)
Balance at end of year		21,838,157	209,049,012	230,887,169
Accumulated Amortization				
Balance at beginning of year		14,237,521	94,212,987	108,450,508
Amortization	11	3,257,415	23,634,812	26,892,227
Derecognition		-	(1,454,627)	(1,454,627)
Balance at end of year		17,494,936	116,393,172	133,888,108
Carrying Amount		P4,343,221	P92,655,840	P96,999,061
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			2023	
			Transportation	
	Note	Building	Equipment	Total
Cost				
Balance at beginning of year		P12,065,912	P128,919,298	P140,985,210
Additions		9,772,245	40,130,777	49,903,022
Balance at end of year		21,838,157	169,050,075	190,888,232
Accumulated Amortization		4 (1/2/10/20/20/20		
Balance at beginning of year		11,341,957	74,113,637	85,455,594
Amortization	11	2,895,564	20,099,350	22,994,914
Balance at end of year		14,237,521	94,212,987	108,450,508
Carrying Amount		P7,600,636	₽74,837,088	P82,437,724

Lease Liabilities

The balance and movements in lease liabilities are as follows:

	Note	2024	2023
Balance at beginning of year		P83,591,520	P52,299,839
Additions		42,799,984	49,903,022
Accretion of interest	15	8,887,040	7,514,406
Payments		(34,308,243)	(26,125,747)
Balance at end of year		100,970,301	83,591,520
Less current portion		31,063,007	22,442,663
Noncurrent portion		P69,907,294	P61,148,857

The amounts recognized in profit or loss related to leases follow:

	Note	2024	2023	2022
Amortization of ROU ass		P26,892,227	P22,944,914	P17,723,732
Accretion of interest on liabilities	lease	9 997 040	7 514 406	4 200 400
	3.23	8,887,040	7,514,406	4,266,400
Short-term leases	20	7,169,531	10,249,091	8,269,477
		P42,948,798	P40,708,411	P30,259,609

The gross minimum lease payments and present value of future minimum lease payments as at December 31 are as follows:

		2024	2023		
	Minimum Lease Payments		Minimum Lease Payments	Present Value	
Not later than one year Later than one year but not	P37,043,196	P31,063,007	P29,168,306	P22,442,663	
more than five years	80,797,963	69,907,294	69,585,536	61,148,857	
	P117,841,159	P100,970,301	P98,753,842	P83,591,520	

Agreements with Contract Growers and Breeders

The Group has entered into various agreements with growers and breeders for the growing and breeding of livestock. These are generally renewed on an annual basis. The carrying amount of related advances to contract growers and breeders amounted to P75.0 million and P31.9 million as at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The advances to contract growers and breeders are settled upon delivery of goods to the Group (see Note 9).

Tolling Agreements

The Group has also entered into various toll arrangements, mainly for the manufacture of its feeds, hatching of eggs and dressing of poultry livestock whose services are payable through fixed amounts per unit of output.

Total services incurred from tolling arrangements amounted to P1,224.4 million in 2024, P1,125.9 million in 2023 and P858.8 million in 2022 and are recorded as part of "Outside Services" account under "Cost of Goods Sold" account in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income (see Note 19).

25. Income Tax

The components of provision for income tax are as follows:

2024	2023	(As restated - see Note 4)
P79,849,366	P21,935,240	P51,302,707
-	195,049	-
79,849,366	22,130,289	51,302,707
17,945,806	(28,854,508)	2,525,379
P97,795,172	(P6,724,219)	P53,828,086
P42,341,444	P5,000,592	(P43,071,184)
	P79,849,366 - 79,849,366 17,945,806 P97,795,172	P79,849,366 P21,935,240 - 195,049 79,849,366 22,130,289 17,945,806 (28,854,508) P97,795,172 (P6,724,219)

The components of the Group's net deferred tax liabilities are as follows:

	2024	2023
Deferred tax assets:		
Retirement liability	P50,249,761	P45,146,413
Allowance for ECL on trade and other receivables	43,250,950	32,988,099
NOLCO	16,231,570	16,231,570
Allowance for impairment loss on advances to		
contract growers and breeders	13,780,666	13,780,666
Allowance for inventory write-down	224,079	224,079
Unrealized loss on foreign exchanges	25,109	_
Fair value changes of biological assets - livestock	200000	11,944,895
	123,762,135	120,315,722
Deferred tax liabilities:		
Revaluation surplus on property,		
plant and equipment	(186,525,986)	(147,319,402)
Fair value changes of biological assets - livestock	(22,942,403)	-
Cumulative gain on fair value changes of	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	
investment properties	(5,265,173)	(3,636,703)
Excess of lease liabilities over ROU assets	(817,055)	(848,147)
Unrealized gain on foreign exchange	_	(12,703)
	(215,550,617)	(151,816,955)
Net deferred tax liabilities	(P91,788,482)	(P31,501,233)

As at December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Group did not recognize deferred tax assets relating to the following as management has assessed that these may not be realized in the future:

2024 P17,865,193	2023
917 865 193	
P17.865.193	
- mr localwan	P17,865,193
5,907,753	5,907,753
14,056,529	200000000
7,842,099	7,842,099
2,721,080	2,721,080
195,049	195,049
P48,587,703	P34,531,174
	5,907,753 14,056,529 7,842,099 2,721,080 195,049

The Group's NOLCO pertain to operating losses incurred by BVC are as follows:

Year Incurred	Valid Until	Balance as at January 1, 2024	Incurred	Applied/ Expired	Balance as at December 31, 2024
2024	2027	R-	R56,226,116	P-	P56,226,116
2023	2026	17,939,079	-	-	17,939,079
2022	2025	36,488,314	-		36,488,314
2021	2026	10,498,886	-	-	10,498,886
		P64,926,279	P56,226,116	9-	P121,152,395

On September 30, 2020, the Bureau of Internal Revenue (BIR) issued Revenue Regulations No. 25-2020 to implement Section 4 (bbbb) of Republic Act No. 11494 (Bayanihan Act to Recover as One Act), allowing the Group's net operating losses for taxable years 2021 to be carried over for the next five consecutive taxable years immediately following the year of such loss. The Group's excess MCIT over RCIT amounting to P195,049 was incurred in 2023 and will expire in 2026.

The reconciliation between the income tax based on statutory income tax rate and provision for (benefit from) income tax reported in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income is as follows:

	2024	2023	2022
Provision for income tax computed at the statutory			
Income tax rate	25.0%	25.0%	25.0%
Income tax effects of:			
Nondeductible expenses, change in unrecognized			
deferred tax assets and other adjustments	6.1%	(127.2%)	12.5%
Income already subjected to final tax	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Effective income tax rates	31.1%	(102.2%)	37.5%

The RCIT used in preparing the consolidated financial statements as at and for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 is 25%. The MCIT rate used is 2.00%, 1.50% and 1.00% for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

26. Related Party Transactions

The Group, in its regular conduct of business, has transactions with its related parties. The following tables summarize the transactions with the related parties and outstanding balance arising from these transactions.

			Amount	of Transactions	Outs	tanding Balance
Related Parties	Note	Nature of Transaction	2024	2023	2024	2023
Trade and Other Receivables	6					
Entities under common control		Sales Collections	¥732,746,539 (630,384,269)	P623,194,605 (698,063,967)	P245,890,511	#143,528,241
Advances to Officers	6	Advances - net of collections	P3,760,765	P4,199,062	P26,963,331	P23,202,566
Trade and Other Payables Entities under common control	14	Purchases Payments	9289,661,066 (277,883,199)	#745,005,211 (745,431,091)	P15,685,403	P3,907,536

Trade and Other Receivables

The Group sells animal feeds, raw materials, feed supplements and dressed chicken to related parties, which are due within 90 days and are noninterest-bearing. Outstanding balances of trade and other receivables from related parties are unsecured and to be settled in cash. No allowance for ECL on trade and other receivables from related parties was recognized as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 (see Note 6).

Trade and Other Payables

The Group buys raw materials and breeder flocks from related parties. These are noninterest-bearing, generally on a 90-day credit term, unsecured and to be settled in cash (see Note 14).

Advances to Officers

The Group grants unsecured, noninterest-bearing advances to its officers which are normally collected within one year through salary deduction. The allowance for ECL on advances to officers as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 are disclosed in Note 6.

Compensation of Key Management Personnel

The compensation of key management personnel are as follows:

	2024	2023	2022
Short-term employee benefits	P69,911,760	P54,914,416	P55,480,527
Retirement benefits	4,656,828	5,238,557	5,010,571
Other employee benefits	24,276,904	19,521,032	17,133,565
	P98,845,492	₽79,674,005	P77,624,663

27. Earnings Per Share

Basic and diluted earnings per share are computed as follows:

	Note	2024	2023	(As restated – see Note 4)
Net income		P216,588,562	P13,304,916	P89,634,614
Divided by the weighted average number of outstanding				
common shares	17	3,054,334,014	3,054,334,014	3,054,334,014
Basic and diluted earnings per shar	e	P0.071	P0.004	P0.029

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing net income for the year attributable to common equity holders of the Parent Company by the weighted average number of common shares issued and outstanding during the year.

The Parent Company does not have any dilutive common shares outstanding, thus, the basic and diluted earnings per share as at December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 are the same.

28. Reconciliation of Liabilities Arising from Financing Activities

The tables below detail the changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes:

		January 1,	Financing	Financing Cash Flows Availments Payments		December 31,
	Note	2024	Availments			2024
Loans payable	15	P898,119,285	P958,883,200	(P1,057,031,995)	P-	P799,970,490
Lease liabilities	2.4	83,591,520	_	(34,308,243)	51,687,024	100,970,301
Interest expense	15	-	-	(70,113,577)	70,113,577	-
		P981,710,805	P958,883,200	(1,161,453,815)	P121,800,601	P900,940,791

		January 1,	Financing	Cash Flows	Non-cash	December 31,
	Note	2023	Availments	Availments Payments		2023
Loans payable	15	P1,035,121,351	¥1,740,233,658	(P1,877,235,724)	P	P898,119,285
Lease liabilities	24	52,299,839	-	(26,125,747)	57,417,428	83,591,520
Interest expense	15	-	-	(68,308,882)	68,308,882	201000000000000000000000000000000000000
		P1,087,421,190	P1,740,233,658	(P1,971,670,353)	¥125,726,310	P981,710,805

29. Contingencies

The Group, in the ordinary course of business, has pending legal claims and assessments which are in various stages of discussions, protests and appeal with relevant third parties. Management, in consultation with its legal counsel, believes that the ultimate resolution of these legal claims and assessments would not have a material impact on the Group's financial position and results of operations based upon an analysis of potential results. Thus, no provision for contingencies was recognized in 2024, 2023 and 2022.

30. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

The Group's financial instruments consists of cash, trade and other receivables (excluding advances to officers and employees), receivable from an insurance company, security deposits, trade and other payables (excluding statutory payables), loans payable, lease liabilities and cash bond deposits.

It is the Group's policy that no trading in financial instruments shall be undertaken. The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. The BOD reviews and approves policies for managing these risks as summarized below.

Credit Risk

The Group's exposure to credit risk arises from the failure of a counterparty to fulfill its financial commitments to the Group under the prevailing contractual terms. Financial instruments that potentially subject the Group to credit risk consist primarily of trade receivables and other financial assets at amortized cost. The carrying amounts of these financial assets represent its maximum credit exposure.

Trade Receivables. Management has established a credit policy under which each new customer is analyzed individually for creditworthiness before the Group's standard payment and delivery terms, and conditions are offered. The Group's credit policy includes available external ratings, financial statements, credit agency information, industry information and, in some cases, bank references. Credit limits are established for each customer and reviewed on a regular basis. Any sales on credit exceeding those limits require specific approval from upper level of management. The Group limits its exposure to credit risk by transacting mainly with recognized and creditworthy customers that have undergone its credit evaluation and approval process. Historically, trade receivables are substantially collected within one (1) year. Trade receivables are closely monitored on aging of the account.

As at December 31, 2024 and 2023, there were no significant credit concentrations. The Group also requires collateral which are generally land and real estate from its customers to minimize credit risk.

Financial Assets Other than Trade Receivables. The Group's other financial assets at amortized cost are mostly composed of cash in banks, other receivables (excluding advances to officers and employees), receivable from an insurance company and security deposits.

For cash in banks, the Group limits its exposure to credit risk by investing only with banks that have good credit standing and reputation in the local and international banking industry. These instruments are graded in the top category by an acceptable credit rating agency and, therefore, are considered to be low credit risk investments.

For receivable from an insurance company, management and its legal counsel believe that the ongoing litigation on the remaining claims will not result to additional allowance for ECL (see Note 10).

For the other financial assets, credit risk is low since the Group only transacts with reputable companies and individuals with respect to this financial asset.

It is the Group's policy to measure ECL on the above instruments on a 12-month basis. However, when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since origination, the allowance will be based on the lifetime ECL. When determining if there has been a significant increase in credit risk, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort and that is relevant for the particular financial instrument being assessed such as, but not limited to, the following factors:

- Actual or expected external and internal credit rating downgrade;
- · Existing or forecasted adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions; and
- Actual or expected significant adverse changes in the operating results of the borrower.

The Group also considers financial assets that are more than 120 days past due to be the latest point at which lifetime ECL should be recognized unless it can demonstrate that this does not represent significant credit risk such as when non-payment arising from administrative oversight rather than resulting from financial difficulty of the borrower.

The tables below show the credit quality by class of financial assets based on the Group's credit rating system as at December 31:

	2024						
	5	implified Approac	h				
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total			
Cash in banks	P585,036,710	9-	P-	P\$85,036,710			
Trade and other receivables*	940,721,117	173,056,529	137,224,728	1,251,002,374			
Receivable from an insurance company	-	141,664,583	-	141,664,583			
Security deposits	12,928,688	-	-	12,928,688			
	P1,538,686,515	P314,721,112	F137,224,728	P1,990,632,355			
*Excluding advances to afficers and employees.							

	2023					
	5	implified Approach				
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total		
Cash in banks	#391,601,874	8-	9-	P391,601,874		
Trade and other receivables*	1,016,120,118	-	66,218,502	1,082,338,620		
Receivable from an insurance company	-	141,664,583	_	141,664,583		
Security deposits	12,928,688	0.0033577076F	-	12,928,688		
	P1,420,650,680	P141,664,583	₱66,218,502	P1,628,533,765		

^{*}Excluding advances to officers and employees.

For trade and other receivables, "Stage 1" pertains to those receivables from customers that always pay on time or even before the maturity date. "Stage 2" includes receivables that are collected on their due dates provided that they were reminded or followed up by the Group. Those receivables which are collected consistently beyond their due dates and require persistent effort from the Group are included under "Stage 3".

Set out below is the information about the credit risk exposure on the Group's trade receivables using a provision matrix as at December 31:

	-				202	4			
			D	ays Past Du	ie.			Accounts	Total
	Current	Less than 30 days	30-60 days	61-90 days	91-120 days	More than 120 days	Total	with full provision	
Expected credit loss rate Estimated total gross carrying amount at	0.01%	0.09%	0.41%	0.36%	2.66%	50.35%			
default (in millions) Expected credit loss	P50.04	P631.06	#189.04	P47.79	P15.54	P249.98	P1183.45	967.55	P1251.00
(in millions)	90.01	P0.55	P0.78	90.17	90.41	#125.86	P127.78	P67.55	P195.33

		2023							
			D	wys Past Du	e			Accounts with full provision	
	Current	Less than 30 days	30-60 days	61-90 days	91-120 days	More than 120 days	Total		Total
Expected credit loss rate Estimated total gross carrying amount at	0.00%	0.01%	0.30%	0.52%	0.69%	6.00%			
default (in millions) Expected credit loss	₽674.08	¥149.59	#43.56	P11.45	P3.13	927.32	P909.13	P64.30	₱973.43
(in millions)	P0.00	P0.01	90.13	₽0.06	P0.02	F1.64	P1.86	P64.30	#66.16

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group may not be able to settle its obligations as they fall due.

The table below summarizes the maturity profile of the financial liabilities of the Group based on remaining contractual undiscounted cash flows as at December 31:

			2024		
	Within			Later than	
	6 Months	6 to 12 Months	1 to 5 Years	5 Years	Total
Trade and other payables*	P2,243,820,769	P-	R-	9-	92,243,820,769
Loans payable	694,494,301	58,321,429	47,154,760	-	799,970,490
Lease liabilities	18,373,409	18,426,281	81,041,469	-	117,841,159
Cash bond deposits Future interest on long-term	-	66,449,820	-	-	66,449,820
loans payable	3,836,225	1,923,754	1,371,525	-	7,131,504
	¥2,960,524,704	P145,121,284	P129,567,754	P-	P3,235,213,742
Warner Conflict on the American State of the Conflict of the C					the state of the s

^{*}Excluding statutory payables.

	2023							
	Within			Later than				
	6 Months	6 to 12 Months	1 to 5 Years	5 Years	Total			
Trade and other payables*	P2,039,122,735	P-	R-	P-	P2,039,122,735			
Loans payable	823,655,000	24,821,429	49,642,856	-	898,119,285			
Lease liabilities	14,675,411	14,492,895	69,585,536	_	98,753,842			
Cash bond deposits Future interest on long-term	-	60,503,952	-	-	60,503,952			
loans payable	3,046,405	3,080,067	11,226,256	-	17,352,728			
	P2,880,499,551	P102,898,343	P130,454,648	9	P3,113,852,542			
# Carehadina of adaptara a manakitan			THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE		AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE			

^{*}Excluding statutory payables

The Group monitors its risk to a shortage of funds through analyzing the maturity of its financial liabilities and cash flows from operations. The Group monitors its cash position by a system of cash forecasting, wherein all expected collections, check disbursements and other payments are determined on a timely basis to arrive at the projected cash position to cover its obligations.

The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility. The Group addresses liquidity concerns primarily through cash flows from operations.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that future cash flows from a financial instrument (cash flow interest rate risk) or its fair value (fair value interest rate risk) will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The Group's loans payable to local banks are subject to fixed interest rates and are exposed to fair value interest rate risk. The re-pricing of these instruments is done on regular intervals. The Group regularly monitors interest rate movements and on the basis of current and projected economic and monetary data, decides on the best alternative to take. No sensitivity analysis is needed as management has assessed that future interest rate changes are not expected to significantly affect the Group's consolidated net income.

Financial and Other Risks Relating to Livestock

The Group is exposed to various risks affecting the food industry such as food spoilage and contamination, thus, it is regulated by environmental, health and food safety organizations. The Group has processes and systems in place to monitor food safety risks in all stages of manufacturing and processing to mitigate these risks. In addition, the livestock industry is exposed to risks associated with supply and price volatility of its inventories and livestock.

To mitigate this risk, the Group regularly monitors the supply and price of commodities and enters into supply agreements at a reasonable price.

Capital Management

The Group's capital management objectives are to ensure the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to provide an adequate return to shareholders by pricing products and services commensurate with the level of risk.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the carrying amount of equity as presented in the consolidated statements of financial position. Capital for the reporting periods is summarized as follows:

	2024	2023
Total liabilities	P3,538,652,338	P3,321,153,990
Total equity	2,244,954,970	1,901,342,078
Debt-to-equity ratio	1.58	1.75

The Group is not subject to externally imposed restrictions.

31. Fair Value Measurement

The following table presents the carrying amounts and fair values of the Group's assets and liabilities measured at fair value and for which fair values are disclosed, and the corresponding fair value hierarchy as at December 31:

	202	4	202	3
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Financial Assets at				
Amortized Cost				
Cash	P590,140,410	P590,140,410	#398,265,061	¥398,265,061
Trade and other receivables*	1,055,671,475	1,055,671,475	928,059,125	928,059,125
Receivable from an insurance				500000000000000000000000000000000000000
company	70,203,810	70,203,810	70,203,810	70,203,810
Security deposits	12,928,688	12,928,688	12,928,688	12,928,688
	P1,728,944,383	P1,728,944,383	P1,409,456,684	P1,409,456,684
Financial Liabilities at				
Amortized Cost				
Trade and other payables**	P2,243,820,769	P2,243,820,769	P2,039,122,735	P2,039,122,735
Loans payable	799,970,490	799,970,490	898,119,285	898,119,285
Lease liabilities	100,970,301	100,970,301	83,591,520	83,591,520
Cash bond deposits	66,449,820	66,449,820	60,503,952	60,503,952
	P3,211,211,380	P3,211,211,380	#3,081,337,492	P3,081,337,492

^{*}Excluding advances to officers and employees.

The following methods and assumptions were used in estimating the fair value of the Group's financial assets and liabilities:

Cash, Trade and Other Receivables (Excluding Advances to Officers and Employees), Trade and Other Payables (Excluding Statutory Payables) and Cash Bond Deposits. The carrying amounts of these financial assets and liabilities approximate their fair values due to the short-term nature of these financial instruments.

Receivable from an Insurance Company, Security Deposits, Lease Liabilities and Loans Payable. Management believes that the differences between fair values and carrying amounts are not significant.

There have been no transfers between the fair value hierarchy in 2024 and 2023.

^{**}Excluding statutory payables.

32. Operating Segment Information

The Group is organized and managed separately according to the nature of products and services provided, with each segment representing a strategic business unit that offers different products and serves different markets.

Business Segments

The Group mainly operates under the Foods, Feeds and Farms segments:

- a. The Foods segment is engaged in the growing, production and distribution of chicken broilers, either as live or dressed chickens. Its products are distributed to hotels, restaurants, institutional clients, wet markets and supermarkets.
- b. The Feeds segment caters to the feed requirement of the poultry growers' industry. It is engaged in the manufacture and distribution of animal feeds, animal health and nutritional products, and feed supplements sold to various distributors, dealers and end users.
- c. The Farms segment is involved in the production, sale and distribution of day-old chicks.

The Corporate and Others segment includes general and corporate income and expense items which are not specifically identifiable to a particular segment.

All of the assets relating to the Group's operating segments are located in the Philippines. Accordingly, reporting operating segments per geographical business operation is not required.

Segment assets, liabilities and revenue and expenses are measured in accordance with PFRS Accounting Standards. The presentation and classification of segment revenue and expenses are consistent with the consolidated statements of comprehensive income. The presentation and classification of segment assets and liabilities are consistent with the consolidated statements of financial position.

The following tables present revenues and expenses information and certain assets and liabilities information regarding the different business segments as at and for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 (in millions):

	December 31, 2024						
	Foods	Feeds	-	Corporate	4.5	120000000000000000000000000000000000000	
REVENUES	Podds	reeds	Farms	and Others	Eliminations	Consolidated	
Net sale of goods	P8,363.52	P4,507.11	P502.47	P-	*******		
Fair value changes on	P0,903.32	P4,307.11	F302.47		P925.58	P12,447.52	
biological assets - livestock	2		91.77	22		01.77	
and the same of th	8.363.52	4,507.11	594.24	-	925.58	91.77	
COSTS AND OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES	4,444.04	7,507.111	334.24		923.30	12,559.29	
Cost of goods sold, excluding							
depreciation and amortization	7,907.58	3,464.21	491.38	_	931.44	10,931,73	
Operating expenses, excluding	1000				332,44	10,531,73	
depreciation and amortization	103.20	238.14	14.12	707.77	_	1063.23	
Depreciation and amortization	24.83	98.11	23.58	-	-	146.52	
S CONTROL OF THE OWNER OF THE OWNER.	8,035.61	3,800.46	529.08	707.77	931,44	12.141.48	
SEGMENT OPERATING PROFIT (LOSS)	P327.91	9706.65	P65.16	(F707.77)	(P5.86)	#397.81	
Other income (charges) - net	7.007.000	7.700.00	700.10	(Protest)	(#3.00)	(83.43)	
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX						314.38	
Provision for income tax						97.79	
NET INCOME						9216.59	
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES						The state of the s	
Segment assets	P2,332.79	P904.60	P211.63	F2,616.60	F282.01	P5,783.61	
Segment liabilities	¥1,473.77	P579.71	P135.62	P1,676.85	¥327.30	P3,538.65	
OTHER INFORMATION							
Capital expenditures	P47.50	P33.43	p-	P4.44	p-	P85.37	
Non-cash expenses other than depreciation and amortization						7 4 4 4 4	
Provision for expected credit loss	9-	9-	9-	P41.05	9-	P41.05	
Retirement expense	-	-	-	25.36	77-	25.36	
Losses on inventories and						100,000	
property, plant and equipment							
damaged by the typhoon	-	-	-	26.41	(*)	26.41	
_			December	31, 2023			
	2000	2600	3	Corporate			
REVENUES	Foods	Feeds	Farms	and Others	Eliminations	Consolidated	
REVENUES							

	December 31, 2023						
	Foods	Feeds	Farms	Corporate and Others	Eliminations	Consolidated	
REVENUES					- Pro-time delice (C)	Lytonomicu	
Net sale of goods	¥7,528.79	#5,128.05	9472.17	1-	#585.32	P12,543.69	
Fair value changes on					FJGJJE	P14,343.03	
biological assets - livestock	-	-	(47.78)	-	_	(47.78)	
	7,528.79	5,128.05	424.39	-	585.37	12,495.91	
COSTS AND OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES					303.34	84,433-31	
Cost of goods sold, excluding							
depreciation and amortization	6,687.17	4,938.86	454.78	1.00	594.70	11,486.11	
Operating expenses, excluding		12000100	124112		334.70	11,460.11	
depreciation and amortization	110.61	185.70	11.29	543.80		851.40	
Depreciation and amortization	13.04	108.60		26.10		147,74	
	6.810.82	5,233.16	466.07	569.90	594.7	12,485.25	
SEGMENT OPERATING PROFIT			1990001	200.00	334.1	36,400,40	
(LOSS)	9717.97	(P105.11)	(#41.68)	(PS69.90)	(#9.38)	810.00	
Other income (charges) - net		17-460-14-2	(PARISON.	(4-202-30)	(F3.30)	P10.66	
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX						(4.08)	
Provision for (benefit from) income tax						6.58.	
NET INCOME						(6.72)	
THE THE PARTY OF T						¥13.30	

	December 31, 2023					
	(2,05)	55 70	2	Corporate		
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	Foods	Feeds	Farms	and Others	Eliminations	Consolidated
Segment assets	P2,066.61	¥801.21	F187.44	#2,317.53	P150.29	P5,222.50
Segment liabilities	#1,348.25	9522.71	P122.29	¥1,511.95	9184.00	\$3,321.20
OTHER INFORMATION			100000			1000 -0000
Capital expenditures	P63.10	P44.40	¥	₽5.90	P	¥113,40
Non-cash expenses other than depreciation and amortization						
Retirement expense	p-	p-	P-	#22.12	p	P22.12
Provision for expected credit loss	-		-	3.54	-	3.54
_			Decembe	r 31, 2022		
	Foods	Feeds	Farms	Corporate and Others	Eliminations	Consolidated
REVENUES	70005	76603	Carring	and Oriners	EHMINADORS	Consolidated
Net sale of goods	P6,500.78	P5,199.29	P516.90	P-	#259.45	P11,957.52
Fair value changes on					0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	100000000000000000000000000000000000000
biological assets - livestock		-	10.94	-	_	10.94
	6,500.78	5,199.29	527.84	-	259.45	11,968.46
COSTS AND OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES						
Cost of goods sold, excluding depreciation and						
amortization	5,835,94	4,773.66	466.71	-	272.67	10,803.64
Operating expenses, excluding depreciation and						
amortization	112.19	185.25	13.35	535.61	-	846.40
Depreciation and amortization	32.50	77,67	-	22.80	-	132.97
COLUMN ASSESSMENT TO SECURE	5,980.63	5,036.58	480.06	558.40	272.67	11,783.01
SEGMENT OPERATING PROFIT (LOSS)	P520.15	B1 (1.74	247.75	100000 000		
Other charges - net	F340.13	P162.71	P47,78	(P558.40)	(P13.22)	¥185.45
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX						(41.99)
Provision for income tax						143.46
NET INCOME						(53.83) P89.63
						P07.03
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES						
Segment assets	P2,103.83	¥771.30	F180.38	F2,232.43	₽67.06	P5,220.88
Segment liabilities	P1,403.49	#509.50	P119.15	#1,416.47	¥100.77	#3,347.84
OTHER INFORMATION	1760-1960	1100300-2		0.000		
Capital expenditures	P141.07	P99.34	p-	P16.80	9-	P257.21
Non-cash expenses other than depreciation and amortization						
Retirement expense	9-	9-	¥-	P22.34	#-	P22.34
Provision for expected credit loss	-	-		1.70	-	1.70

33. Business Combination

On December 16, 2021, the BOD of the Parent Company approved the acquisition of 100% of the outstanding capital stock of BVC from Luzon Agriventure, Inc. (LAVI) for a consideration of P1.00. BVC is a private domestic corporation engaged, among others, in poultry production as well as in the processing, raising and breeding of chickens and similar stocks. The registered principal place of business of the BVC is located at Marilao-San Jose Road, Sta. Rosa I, Marilao, Bulacan.

BVC operated as the Parent Company's wholly-owned subsidiary starting January 1, 2022. The assets acquired and liabilities assumed from the business combination are as follows:

₽2,751,245
11,897,011
6,535,805
6,739,713
2,200,796
P30,124,570
P30,232,590
177,040
¥30,409,630

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Flax +632 8 903 9300 Fax +632 8 903 9311 Website memorphysical distribution

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS ON SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES FOR FILING WITH THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

The Stockholders and the Board of Directors Vitarich Corporation and a Subsidiary Marilao - San Jose Road, Sta. Rosa I Marilao, Bulacan

REYES TACANDONG

We have audited in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing, the consolidated financial statements of Vitarich Corporation (the Parent Company) and a Subsidiary as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 and for the years then ended included in this Form 17-A and have issued our report thereon dated March 20, 2025. Our audits were made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the consolidated financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying supplementary schedules are the responsibility of the Group's management. These supplementary schedules include the following:

- Schedule on Financial Soundness Indicators
- Schedules as Required by Part II of the Revised Securities Regulation Code (SRC) Rule 68
- Conglomerate Map
- · Reconciliation of the Parent Company's Retained Earnings Available for Dividend Declaration

The schedule on financial soundness indicators, including their definitions, formulas, calculation, and their appropriateness or usefulness to the intended users, are the responsibility of the Group's management. These financial soundness indicators are not measures of operating performance defined by Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS) Accounting Standards and may not be comparable to similarly titled measures presented by other companies. The components of these financial soundness indicators have been traced to the Group's consolidated financial statements as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 and for the years then ended and no material exceptions were noted.

The other supplementary schedules are presented for purposes of complying with the Revised Securities Regulation Code Rule 68 and are not part of the consolidated financial statements. The information in these schedules has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic consolidated financial statements, and, in our opinion, fairly state, in all material respects, the financial data required to be set forth therein in relation to the basic consolidated financial statements taken as a whole.

REYES TACANDONG & CO.

MICHELLE R. MENDOZA CRI

Partner

CPA Certificate No. 97380

Tax Identification No. 201-892-183-000

BOA Accreditation No. 4782/P-011; Valid until June 6, 2026

BIR Accreditation No. 08-005144-012-2023

Valid until January 24, 2026

PTR No. 10467135

Issued January 2, 2025, Makati City

March 20, 2025

RSM

VITARICH CORPORATION AND A SUBSIDIARY

FINANCIAL RATIOS AS AT AND FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 and 2023

Below is a schedule showing the financial soundness indicators in the years 2024 and 2023.

	Formula	2024	2023
Current Ratio			
	Current assets	P3,206,286,572	P2,750,032,659
	Divided by: Current liabilities	3,128,802,760	2,998,275,394
	Current Ratio	1.025	0.917
Debt-to-Equity Ratio			
	Total liabilities	P3,538,652,338	P3,321,153,990
	Divided by: Total equity	2,244,954,970	1,901,324,078
	Debt-to-Equity Ratio	1.576	1.747
Asset-to-Equity Ratio			
	Total assets	P5,783,607,308	P5,222,496,068
	Divided by: Total equity	2,244,954,970	1,901,342,078
	Asset-to-Equity Ratio	2.576	2.747
Solvency Ratio			
	Net income before depreciation		
	and amortization	P363,104,054	P161,045,195
	Divided by: Total liabilities	3,538,652,338	3,321,153,990
	Solvency Ratio	0.103	0.048
Interest Rate			
Coverage Ratio	528 S.		
	Pretax income before interest	P393,384,351	P82,403,985
	Divided by: Interest expense	79,000,617	75,823,288
	Interest Rate Coverage Ratio	4.980	1.087
Profitability Ratio	1040126027101	10 ACCES (NOTON), 144090-1	332,000,000,000,000
	Net income	P216,588,562	P13,304,916
	Divided by: Total equity	2,244,954,970	1,901,342,078
	Profitability Ratio	0.096	0.007

	Formula	2024	2023
Gross Profit Margin	Control of the control of		Control of the Control
	Gross profit	P1,503,647,692	P904,473,628
	Divided by: Net sales	12,447,519,619	12,543,694,175
	Gross Profit Margin	12.080%	7.211%
Net Profit Margin	Net income	P216,588,562	P13,304,916
	Divided by: Net sales	12,447,519,619	12,543,694,175
	Net Profit Margin	1.740%	0.106%
Earnings before			
Interest, Tax, Depreciation &	Net income Add:	P216,588,562	P13,304,916
Amortization	Interest expense	79,000,617	75,823,288
(EBITDA)	Taxes	97,795,172	(6,724,219)
	Depreciation and amortization	146,515,492	147,740,279
	EBITDA	P539,899,843	P230,144,264
EBITDA Margin			
	EBITDA	P539,899,843	P230,144,264
	Divided by: Net sales	12,447,519,619	12,543,694,175
	EBITDA Margin	4.337%	1.835%
Price Earnings Ratio			
	Market value per share	0.540	0.510
	Divided by: Earnings per share	0.071	0.004
	Price Earnings Ratio	7.606	127.500
Return on Average Equity			
-4	Net income	P216,588,562	P12 204 016
	Divided by: Average total equity	2,073,148,524	P13,304,916
	Return on Average Equity	10.447%	1,887,188,731
	THE TOTAL PARTIES ENGLIS	10.447%	0.705%

	Formula	2024	202
Quick Ratio			
	Quick assets	P1,671,471,304	£1,348,222,840
	Divided by: Current liabilities	3,128,802,760	2,998,275,394
	Quick Ratio	0.534	0.450
Debt-to-EBITDA			
	Total liabilities	P3,538,652,338	P3,321,153,990
	Divided by: EBITDA	539,899,843	230,144,264
	Debt-to-EBITDA	6.554	14.431
Receivable Days			
Turnover			
	Average accounts receivable (multiplied by 365 days and divided by net sales)	P989,173,162	P852,695,286
	Receivable Days Turnover	29	25
Inventory Days Turnover			
	Average inventories and biological assets - livestock (multiplied by 365 days and divided by cost of goods sold)	P1,110,744,370	P1,016,757,526
	Inventory Days Turnover	37	32
Accounts Payable Days			
	Average accounts payable (multiplied by 365 days and divided by credit purchases	P1,570,679,698	P1,647,612,886
	Accounts Payable Days	51	52
Cash Conversion Cyc	-le		
	Days inventory outstanding	37	33
	Add: Days sales outstanding	29	32 25
	Less: Days payable	2.3	25
	outstanding	(51)	(52)
	Cash Conversion Cycle	15	
	and the state of t	13	

VITARICH CORPORATION AND A SUBSIDIARY

SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF EXTERNAL AUDITOR FEE-RELATED INFORMATION AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023

	2024	2023
Total Audit Fees	P3,750,000	P3,450,000
Non-audit services fees:		
Transfer pricing services	500,000	-
Tax compliance review	-	1,100,000
Total Non-audit Fees	500,000	1,100,000
Total Audit and Non-audit Fees	P4,250,000	P4,550,000

VITARICH CORPORATION AND A SUBSIDIARY SEC SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES AS REQUIRED BY PAR. 6 PART II OF REVISED SRC RULE 68 DECEMBER 31, 2024

Table of Contents

Finar		
	Financial Assets	N/A
Parti	Amounts Receivable from Directors, Officers, Employees, Related Parties, and Principal Stockholders (Other than Related Parties)	N/A
Amor the C	Amounts Receivable from Related Parties which are Eliminated during the Consolidation of Financial Statements	2
Long	Long-Term Debt	3
Indek	Indebtedness to Related Parties	N/A
Guar	Guarantees of Securities of Other Issuers	N/A
Capit	Capital Stock	4

Notes:

Schedule B - The Group has no receivable from directors, officers, employees, and principal stockholders of more than one P1 million or Schedule A - The Group is not required to prepare the schedule because the information requirements are not applicable to the Group.

Schedule F - The Group did not guarantee any securities of other issuers as at December 31, 2024. Schedule E - The Group has no long-term loans from related parties as at December 31, 2024.

1% of the total assets as at December 31, 2024.

VITARICH CORPORATION AND A SUBSIDIARY

SCHEDULE C - AMOUNTS RECEIVABLE FROM RELATED PARTIES WHICH ARE ELIMINATED DURING THE CONSOLIDATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Amounts in Thousands) **DECEMBER 31, 2024**

				Deductions		Ending Balanc	Balance	
Related Party	Balance as at Beginning of Year	Additions	Collections	Write Off	Amounts Written Off	Current	Noncurrent	Balance as at End of Year
Due from Related Parties Ventures Corporation	P146,115	F119,937	W29,608	-8	ď	P236,444	4	P236,444

P236,444

VITARICH CORPORATION AND A SUBSIDIARY SCHEDULE D – LONG TERM DEBT DECEMBER 31, 2024 (Amounts in Thousands)

Amount shown under caption "Long-Term Debt" in related

				staten	statement of financial position	
Title of issue and type of obligation	Amount authorized by indenture	Amount shown under caption "Current portion of long-term debt" related balance sheet	Carrying amount Interest Rates	Interest Rates	Payment Terms	Maturity Dates
Loans payable - China Bank Savines	986.900	115.014	P34 833	7.875%	28 quarterly payments of principal, monthly interest payments	ACRE OF surface Of
					28 quarterly payments	district for independent
Loans payable - China Bank Savings	86,900	12,413	24,822	8.125%	of principal, monthly interest payments	November 30, 2026
Loans payable - Asla United Bank	000'29	33,500	55,833	7.750%	c4 monthly payments of principal and interest	August 21, 2026
	9240 800	B58 323	B105.477			

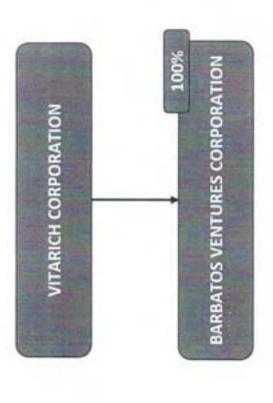
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VITARICH CORPORATION AND A SUBSIDIARY SCHEDULE G - CAPITAL STOCK DECEMBER 31, 2024 (Amounts in Thousands)

				Mumbe	umber of shares held by	
Title of issue	Number of shares authorized	Number of shares issued and outstanding as shown under the statement of financial position caption	Number of shares reserved for options, warrants, conversion & other rights	Related parties	Directors, officers and employees	Others
Common stock - P0.38 par value per share Authorized - 3,500,000,000 shares	3,500,000	3,054,334	,	2,204,172	81,759	768,403

VITARICH CORPORATION AND A SUBSIDIARY

MAP SHOWING THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN AND AMONG THE GROUP DECEMBER 31, 2024



PARENT COMPANY'S RECONCILIATION OF RETAINED EARNINGS AVAILABLE FOR DIVIDEND DECLARATION

FOR THE REPORTING PERIOD ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

VITARICH CORPORATION

Marilao - San Jose Road, Sta. Rosa I Marilao, Bulacan

		Amount
Deficit as at the beginning of reporting period Add: Category A: Items that are directly credited to unappropriated retained earnings		(\$216,530,997)
Transfer from revaluation surplus to retained earnings - net		
of deferred income tax		7,851,147
Deficit, as adjusted		(208,679,850)
Add: Net income for the current year	275,757,288	
Less: Category C.1: Unrealized income recognized in the profit or loss during the reporting period - net of deferred income tax		
Fair value changes on biological assets - livestock	(68,827,209)	
Gain on fair value changes of investment properties	(15,264,648)	
Adjusted net income		191,665,431
Add/Less: Category F: Other items that should be excluded from the determination of the amount of available for dividend distribution		
Unrealized fair value changes on biological assets - livestock		
in 2023, realized in 2024 - net of deferred income tax Net movement of unrealized foreign exchange	(35,834,684)	
- net of deferred income tax	113,433	
Net movement on set-up of ROU assets and lease liabilities		
- net of deferred income tax	93,275	
Net movement of deferred tax assets not considered in the		
reconciling items under the previous categories	(3,446,413)	(39,074,389)
Deficit as at the end of reporting period		(P56,088,808)

PARENT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



The following document has been received:

Receiving: ICTD ERMD

Receipt Date and Time: March 28, 2025 09:15:08 AM

Company Information

SEC Registration No.: 0000021134 Company Name: VITARICH CORP. Industry Classification: D15420 Company Type: Stock Corporation

Document Information

Document ID: OST10328202583130427 **Document Type:** Financial Statement

Document Code: FS

Period Covered: December 31, 2024

Submission Type: Parent

Remarks: None

Acceptance of this document is subject to review of forms and contents

COVER SHEET

for AUDITED SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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NOTE 1: In case of death, resignation or cessation of office of the officer designated as contact person, such incident shall be reported to the Commission within thirty (30) calendar days from the occurrence thereof with information and complete contact details of the new contact person designated.

NOTE 2: All baxes must be properly and completely filled-up. Fallure to do so shall cause the delay in updating the corporation's records with the Commission and/or non-receipt of Notice of Deficiencies. Further, non-receipt shall not excuse the corporation from liability for its deficiencies.



SEC Registration Number



Marilao-San Jose Road Sta. Rosa 1, Marilao Bulacan, Philippines 3019 Tel: [+632] 88433033 Fax: [+632] 88433033 Website: www.vitarich.coi

STATEMENT OF MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Management of Vitarich Corporation (the Company) is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements including the schedules attached therein as at and for the year ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is responsible in overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

The Board of Directors reviews and approves the financial statements including the schedules attached therein, and submits the same to the stockholders.

REYES, TACANDONG AND CO., the independent auditor appointed by the stockholders, has audited the financial statements of the Company in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing, and in its report to the stockholders, has expressed its opinion on the fairness of presentation upon completion of such audit.

JOSE VICENTE C. BENGZON III

Chairman

RICARDO MANUEL M. SARMIENTO President / Onef Executive Officer

STEPHANIE NICOLE S. GARCIA 2

Executive Vice President & Chief Sustainability Officer (CSO) / Corporate Management Services Director / Treasurer BY: ROSE MARCIANO

Subscribed and sworn to before me this ____ day of ____ at __MARILAO. BULACAN ___,

Affiant exhibited to me their respective government-issued ID's as competent proof of their identities and acknowledged that they executed the same freely and voluntarily, to wit:

Name	Valid ID No.	Date of Validity
Jose Vicente C. Bengzon III	PH Passport No. P7361485B	08-06-2031
Ricardo Manuel M. Sarmiento	Drivers License No. N03-94-158946	01-20-2032
Stephanie Nicole S. Garcia	PH Passport No. P8599175B	12-28-2031

Doc. No. 106

Page No. 23.

Book No. 7.

Series of 2025.

ATTY. NENITA DC. TUAZON

PNC-113-MB-2024 UNTIL DEC. 31, 2026 SANDICO ST., POBLACION 1, MARILAO, BULACAN IBP LIFE NO 591041/BULACAN/5/1 ATTORNEY BOLL NO. 47144

PTR NO. 1175701 1/07/25 TIN NO. 170-907-64-000
MCLE EXEMPTION NO. VII-ACAD003959 UNTIL 04/14/2025





Marilao-San Jose Road Sta. Rosa 1, Marilao Bulacan, Philippines 3019 Tel: (+632) 88433033 Fax: (+632) 88433033 Website: www.vitarich.coi

STATEMENT OF MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANNUAL INCOME TAX RETURN

The Management of Vitarich Corporation (the Company) is responsible for all information and representations contained in the Annual Income Tax Return for the years ended December 31, 2024. Management is likewise responsible for all information and representations contained in the financial statements accompanying the Annual Income Tax Return covering the same reporting period. Furthermore, the Management is responsible for all information and representations contained in all the other tax returns filed for the reporting period, including, but not limited, to the value added tax and/or percentage tax returns, withholding tax returns, documentary stamp tax returns, and any and all other tax returns.

In this regard, the Management affirms that the attached audited financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2024, and the accompanying Annual Income Tax Return are in accordance with the books and records of Vitarich Corporation, complete and correct in all material respects. Management likewise affirms that:

- (a) the Annual Income Tax Return has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the National Internal Revenue Code, as amended, and pertinent tax regulations and other issuances of the Department of Finance and the Bureau of Internal Revenue;
- (b) any disparity of figures in the submitted reports arising from the preparation of financial statements pursuant to Philippine Financial Reporting Standards and the preparation of the income tax return pursuant to tax accounting rules has been reported as reconciling items and maintained in the Company's books and records in accordance with the requirements of Revenue Regulations No. 8-2007 and other relevant issuances;
- (c) Vitarich Corporation has filed all applicable tax returns, reports and statements required to be filed under Philippine tax laws for the reporting period, and all taxes and other impositions shown thereon to be due and payable have been paid for the reporting period, except those contested in good faith.

JOSE VICENTE C BENGZON III

RICARDO MANUEL M. SARMIENTO President / Chief Executive Officer

STEPHANIE NICOLES GARCIA

Executive Vice President & Chief Sustainability Officer (CSO) / Corporate Management Services Director / Treasurer BUREAU OF INTERNAL REVENUE
LARGE TAXPAYERS SERVICE
MAR 2 7 2025

BY: ROSE MARCIANO
LIDICIANT PROCESSING AND QUESTI ASSENCE SUISION

Subscribed and sworn to before me this	_ day of	_at	MARILAC, BULACAN
Affiant exhibited to me their respective gov			mpetent proof of their
identities and acknowledged that they execute	cuted the same freel	y and v	oluntarily, to wit:

Name	Valid ID No.	Date of Validity
Jose Vicente C. Bengzon III	PH Passport No. P7361485B	08-06-2031
Ricardo Manuel M. Sarmiento	Drivers License No. N03-94-158946	01-20-2032
Stephanie Nicole S. Garcia	PH Passport No. P8599175B	12-28-2031

Doc. No. 102

Page No. 23.

Book No. 3.

Series of 2025.



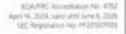
ATTY. NENITA DC. TUAZON
NOTARY PUBLIC
PNC-113-M8-2024 UNTIL DEC. 31, 2025
SANDICO ST., POBLACION 1, MARILAO, BULACAN
ISP LIFE NO 591042/BULACAN/5/10
ATTORNEY ROLL NO. 47194

CLE EXEMPTION NO. VII-ACADO03959 UNTIL 04/14/201

BUREAU OF INTERNAL REVENUE LARGE TAXPAYERS SERVICE

MAR 2 7/2025

BY: ROSE MARCIANO
UTION ANTRONES SERVICE DISCON



Maked City 1209 Philos +602 8 392 9 000 Phone

+632 8 365 977 Website

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO ACCOMPANY SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR FILING WITH THE **BUREAU OF INTERNAL REVENUE**

The Stockholders and the Board of Directors Vitarich Corporation Marilao - San Jose Road, Sta. Rosa I Marilao, Bulacan

REYES TACANDONG &

We have audited the accompanying separate financial statements of Vitarich Corporation (the Company), as at and for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, on which we have rendered our report dated March 20, 2025.

In compliance with the Revenue Regulations V-20, we are stating that no partner of our Firm is related by consanguinity or affinity to the president, manager or principal stockholders of the Company.

REYES TACANDONG & CO.

MICHELLE R. MENE

Partner

CPA Certificate No. 97380

Tax Identification No. 201-892-183-000

BOA Accreditation No. 4782/P-011; Valid until June 6, 2026

BIR Accreditation No. 08-005144-012-2023

Valid until January 24, 2026

PTR No. 10467135

Issued January 2, 2025, Makati City

March 20, 2025 Makati City, Metro Manila



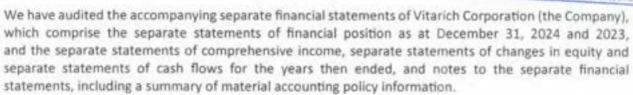


INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Stockholders and the Board of Directors Vitarich Corporation Marilao - San Jose Road, Sta. Rosa I Marilao, Bulacan

Report on the Audit of the Separate Financial Statements

Opinion



In our opinion, the separate financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the separate financial position of the Company as at December 31, 2024 and 2023, and its separate financial performance and its separate cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS) Accounting Standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing (PSA). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Separate Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants in the Philippines (Code of Ethics) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to the audit of the separate financial statements in the Philippines, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Matter

The separate financial statements of the Company as at and for the year ended December 31, 2022 were audited by another auditor whose report dated April 1, 2023 expressed an unmodified opinion on those separate financial statements.

As part of our audit of the separate financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2023, we also audited the adjustments described in Note 4 that were applied to restate the separate financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2022. In our opinion, such adjustments are appropriate and have been properly applied. We were not engaged to audit, review, or apply any procedure to the Company's separate financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2022 other than with respect to the adjustments and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or any other form of assurance on the separate financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2022 taken as a whole.



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Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Separate Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the separate financial statements in accordance with PFRS Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of separate financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the separate financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Separate Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the separate financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with PSA will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, these could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these separate financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with PSA, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audits. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the separate financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

 Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the separate financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the separate financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the separate financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audits and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audits.

Report on the Supplementary Information Required under Revenue Regulations No. 15-2010 of the Bureau of Internal Revenue

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic separate financial statements taken as a whole. The supplementary information on taxes and licenses in Note 33 to the separate financial statements is presented for purposes of filing with the Bureau of Internal Revenue and is not a required part of the basic separate financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of the management of Vitarich Corporation. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audits of the basic separate financial statements and in our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic separate financial statements taken as a whole.

REYES TACANDONG & CO.

Partner

CPA Certificate No. 97380

Tax Identification No. 201-892-183-000

BOA Accreditation No. 4782/P-011; Valid until June 6, 2026

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Valid until January 24, 2026

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Issued January 2, 2025, Makati City

BUREAU OF INTERNAL REVENUE
LARGE TAXPAYERS SERVICE
MAR 2.7 2025

BY: ROSE MARCIANO
UTDOORNET PROSESSME DUMENT ASSUMED TOTAL CO.

March 20, 2025 Makati City, Metro Manila

SEPARATE STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(With Comparative Figures as at December 31, 2022)

			December 31	
				2023
				(As Restated
	Note	2024	2023	Note 4
ASSETS				
Current Assets				
Cash	5	P585,037,297	P392,412,466	P361,660,838
Trade and other receivables	6	1,300,708,139	1,041,593,956	952,123,44
Inventories	7	837,228,253	918,860,166	858,665,136
Biological assets - livestock	8	323,675,626	129,394,759	116,118,75
Advances to suppliers		105,768,440	120,429,865	466,419,71
Other current assets	9	201,271,396	190,785,580	138,566,046
Total Current Assets		3,353,689,151	2,793,476,792	2,893,553,928
Noncurrent Assets				
Receivable from an insurance company	10	70,203,810	70,203,810	70,203,810
Property, plant and equipment:	12			
At revalued amounts		1,993,673,918	1,937,800,517	1,833,943,493
At cost		63,360,824	45,535,389	126,493,818
Investment properties	13	312,296,469	301,346,351	238,473,942
Right-of-use (ROU) assets	25	96,999,061	82,437,724	55,529,616
Other noncurrent assets	14	20,018,643	23,416,664	32,115,321
Total Noncurrent Assets		2,556,552,725	2,460,740,455	2,356,759,998
		P5,910,241,876	P5,254,217,247	P5,250,313,926
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Current Liabilities				
Trade and other payables	15	P2,289,890,155	P2,042,463,639	P1,993,164,255
Current portions of:	1000		1 414 141 143 1443	- 4,555,404,455
Loans payable	16	752,815,730	848,476,429	985,478,495
Lease liabilities	25	31,063,007	22,442,663	15,413,841
Cash bond deposits	17	66,192,780	60,306,912	56,102,618
Total Current Liabilities		3,139,961,672	2,973,689,643	3,050,159,209
Noncurrent Liabilities				
Loans payable - net of current portion	16	47,154,760	49,642,856	49,642,856
Lease liabilities - net of current portion	25	69,907,294	61,148,857	36,885,998
Net retirement liability	24	200,999,042	180,585,650	147,057,502
Net deferred tax liabilities	26	112,754,975	52,467,726	68,714,629
MET MEIGHTED TRY HADHINES				
Total Noncurrent Liabilities			343,845,089	
		430,816,071 3,570,777,743	343,845,089 3,317,534,732	302,300,985
Total Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities		430,816,071		302,300,985
Total Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities Equity	18	430,816,071 3,570,777,743	3,317,534,732	302,300,985 3,352,460,194
Total Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities Equity Capital stock		430,816,071 3,570,777,743 1,160,646,925	3,317,534,732 1,160,646,925	302,300,985 3,352,460,194 1,160,646,925
Total Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities Equity Capital stock Additional paid-in capital		430,816,071 3,570,777,743 1,160,646,925 1,470,859	3,317,534,732 1,160,646,925 1,470,859	302,300,985 3,352,460,194 1,160,646,925 1,470,859
Total Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities Equity Capital stock Additional paid-in capital Retained earnings		430,816,071 3,570,777,743 1,160,646,925 1,470,859 622,451,733	3,317,534,732 1,160,646,925 1,470,859 338,843,298	302,300,985 3,352,460,194 1,160,646,925 1,470,859 298,235,883
Total Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities Equity Capital stock Additional paid-in capital Retained earnings Other comprehensive income Total Equity	18	430,816,071 3,570,777,743 1,160,646,925 1,470,859	3,317,534,732 1,160,646,925 1,470,859	302,300,985 3,352,460,194 1,160,646,925 1,470,859 298,235,883 437,500,065 1,897,853,732

See accompanying Notes to Separate Financial Statements

BY: ROSE MARCIANO

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023 (With Comparative Figures for 2022)

Years Ended December 31 2022 (As Restated -Note 2024 2023 Note 4) REVENUES 19 P12,353,842,318 P12,485,249,526 P11,884,005,954 Net sale of goods Fair value changes on biological assets - livestock 8 91,769,612 (47,779,579) 10,936,438 12,437,469,947 12,445,611,930 11,894,942,392 COST OF GOODS SOLD 20 (10,922,169,428) (11,548,466,805) (10,821,832,970) **GROSS PROFIT** 1,523,442,502 889,003,142 1,073,109,422 **OPERATING EXPENSES** 21 (1,065,693,310) (863,572,662) (864,597,511) OTHER INCOME (CHARGES) Interest expense 16 (77,724,142)(75,823,288) (40,001,976) Net gain on fair value changes of investment properties 13 16,893,118 64,113,985 28,167,200 Interest income 5 1,234,208 1,531,588 2,394,945 Others-net 23 (24,599,916) 9,261,984 (19,626,195) (84,196,732) (915,731)(29,066,026) INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX 373,552,460 24,514,749 179,445,885 PROVISION FOR (BENEFIT FROM) INCOME TAX 26 Current 79,849,366 21,935,240 51,302,873 Deferred 17,945,806 (21, 247, 496)9,722,023 97,795,172 687,744 61,024,896 NET INCOME 275,757,288 23,827,005 118,420,989 OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME Not to be reclassified to profit or loss: Net revaluation increment on property, plant and equipment - net of deferred income tax 12 125,470,897 25,194,607 97,372,482 Remeasurement gain (loss) on net retirement liability - net of deferred income tax 24 1,553,433 (10, 192, 829)31,841,070 127,024,330 15,001,778 129,213,552 TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME P402,781,618 ¥38,828,783 P247,634,541 BASIC/DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE 28 PO.090 R0.008 P0.039

See accompanying Notes to Separate Financial Statements.



FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023 (With Comparative Figures for 2022)

			Years Ended December 31		
	Note	2024	2023	2022 (As Restated - Note 4	
CAPITAL STOCK	18	P1,160,646,925	P1,160,646,925	P1,160,646,925	
ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL		1,470,859	1,470,859	1,470,859	
RETAINED EARNINGS					
Balance at beginning of year, as previously					
reported		338,843,298	304,556,328	135,015,735	
Prior period adjustments	4	-	(6,320,445)	32,905,870	
Balance at beginning of year, as restated		338,843,298	298,235,883	167,921,605	
Net income		275,757,288	23,827,005	118,420,989	
Transfer from revaluation surplus to retained		0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	77.7500.0500.50		
earnings - net of deferred income tax	12	7,851,147	16,780,410	11,893,289	
Balance at end of year		622,451,733	338,843,298	298,235,883	
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME REVALUATION SURPLUS ON PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT - Net of deferred income tax	12				
Balance at beginning of year, as previously					
reported		441,958,207	414,078,148	347,844,301	
Prior period adjustments	4	-	19,465,862	220,516	
Balance at beginning of year, as restated Net revaluation increment on property, plant and		441,958,207	433,544,010	348,064,817	
equipment - net of deferred income tax Transfer from revaluation surplus to retained		125,470,897	25,194,607	97,372,482	
earnings - net of deferred income tax		(7,851,147)	(16,780,410)	(11,893,289	
Balance at end of year		559,577,957	441,958,207	433,544,010	
CUMULATIVE REMEASUREMENT GAIN (LOSS) ON NET RETIREMENT LIABILITY - Net of deferred income tax	24				
Balance at beginning of year	2.4	(6,236,774)	3,956,055	/27 005 D4F	
Remeasurement gain (loss) - net of		(0,230,774)	3,930,033	(27,885,015	
deferred income tax		1,553,433	(10.103.930)	21 941 070	
Balance at end of year		(4,683,341)	(10,192,829)	31,841,070	
Section of Line of Page		554,894,616	(6,236,774) 435,721,433	3,956,055 437,500,065	
		221,031,020	400,722,400	337,300,003	
		P2,339,464,133	P1,936,682,515	₱1,897,853,732	





SEPARATE STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023 (With Comparative Figures for 2022)

			Years Ended December 31		
				2022 (As Restated -	
	Note	2024	2023	Note 4)	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Income before income tax		P373,552,460	P24,514,749	P179,445,885	
Adjustments for:		13/3/332/100	F 4.7(J 4.7) 1.70	FA72,443,003	
Depreciation and amortization	12	137,921,568	140,777,962	128,886,512	
Fair value changes on biological assets - livestock	8	(91,769,612)	47,779,579	(10,936,438)	
Interest expense	16	77,724,142	75,823,288	40,001,976	
Provision for expected credit loss (ECL) on trade receivables		0.000.000.000		and the second	
Losses on inventories and property, plant and	6	41,051,404	3,539,062	1,704,635	
equipment damaged by the typhoon	7,12	26,408,870			
Retirement expense	24		32 432 540	22.225.220	
Gain on collection of previously written off trade	24	25,361,136	22,122,540	22,336,339	
receivables	6	(18,152,097)			
Net gain on fair value changes of investment		(10,132,037)			
properties	13	(16,893,118)	(64,113,985)	(28,167,200)	
Loss (gain) on disposal of property, plant and		(10,033,110)	(04,220,500)	[20,107,200]	
equipment and investment properties and ROU					
asset	23	1,599,242	(412,275)	1,037,744	
Interest income	5	(1,234,208)	(1,531,588)	(2,394,945)	
Operating income before working capital changes		555,569,787	248,499,332	331,914,508	
Decrease (increase) in:					
Trade and other receivables		(246,949,121)	(93,009,575)	(91,829,373)	
Inventories and biological assets - livestock		(28,178,947)	(121,250,613)	(288,361,386)	
Advances to suppliers		14,661,425	345,989,846	(290,075,648)	
Other current assets		(10,485,816)	(52,219,534)	34,511,580	
Other noncurrent assets related to operations		-	5,300,636	(7,773,611)	
Increase in:			12000000	23 700 100	
Trade and other payables Cash bond deposits		247,426,516	49,299,384	281,595,074	
Net cash generated from (used for) operations		5,885,868	4,204,294	8,050,529	
Income taxes paid		537,929,712	386,813,770	(21,968,327)	
Retirement benefits paid	24	(79,849,366)	(21,935,240)	(51,302,873)	
Interest received	24	(2,876,500)	(2,184,831)	(9,124,310)	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		1,234,208	1,531,588	107,932	
wet cash provided by (used in) operating activities		456,438,054	364,225,287	(82,287,578)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Additions to property, plant and equipment	12	(71,257,453)	(103,811,238)	(251,978,491)	
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and		(12,001,100)	[403,044,630]	(634,370,431)	
equipment, investment properties and ROU assets		0.720.270		200.000	
Additions to investment properties	13	8,738,370	3,486,483	200,000	
Net cash used in investing activities	13	(63 510 002)	(1,712,209)	(8055 FRO 101)	
Net cash used in investing activities	CALAR DE	(62,519,083)	(P102,036,964)	(P251,778,491)	

(Forward)



			Years Ended December 31	
	Note	2024	2023	2022 (As Restated -
	Note	2024	2023	Note 4
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Payments of loans	16	(\$1,057,031,995)	(\$1,877,235,724)	(#1,819,489,528)
Availments of loans	16	958,883,200	1,740,233,658	2,349,559,151
Interest paid		(68,837,102)	(68,308,882)	(35,735,576)
Payments of lease liabilities	25	(34,308,243)	(26,125,747)	(28,303,544)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		(201,294,140)	(231,436,695)	466,030,503
NET INCREASE IN CASH		192,624,831	30,751,628	131,964,434
CASH AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		392,412,466	361,660,838	229,696,404
CASH AT END OF YEAR	5	P585,037,297	P392,412,466	P361,660,838
NONCASH FINANCIAL INFORMATION				
Recognition of ROU assets and lease liabilities	25	P42,799,984	P49,903,022	P34,331,713

See accompanying Notes to Separate Financial Statements.



NOTES TO SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023 (With Comparative Information for 2022)

1. General Information

Corporate Information

Vitarich Corporation (the Company) was incorporated and registered with the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on July 31, 1962 to engage primarily in manufacturing, preparing, processing, mixing and dealing with feeds, foodstuffs, grains, and commodities of every description for poultry, livestock and all kinds of animal feeding. The Company's shares of stock were listed with the Philippine Stock Exchange on February 8, 1995.

The registered principal place of business of the Company is at Marilao-San Jose Road, Sta. Rosa I, Marilao, Bulacan. The Company has operating offices in Luzon, Iloilo and Davao and maintains satellite offices in southern Philippines.

Approval of the Separate Financial Statements

The separate financial statements as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 and for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors (BOD) on March 20, 2025, as reviewed and recommended for approval by the Audit Committee on the same date.

2. Summary of Material Accounting Policy Information

The material accounting policy information used in the preparation of the separate financial statements have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Basis of Preparation

The separate financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS) Accounting Standards. This financial reporting framework includes PFRS Accounting Standards, Philippine Accounting Standards (PAS) and Philippine Interpretation from International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee issued by the Philippine Financial and Sustainability Reporting Standards Council and adopted by the SEC, including SEC pronouncements.

The Company also prepares consolidated financial statements for the same year in accordance with PFRS Accounting Standards for the Company and its Subsidiary (collectively referred to as the Group). Users of these separate financial statements should read them together with the consolidated financial statements in order to obtain full information on the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Group as a whole. The consolidated financial statements may be obtained at the registered office address of the Company or at the SEC.

The separate financial statements are presented in Philippine Peso (Peso), the Company's functional currency. All values are rounded to the nearest Peso, unless otherwise indicated.



The separate financial statements of the Company have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for property, plant and equipment (excluding transportation equipment and construction in-progress) which are carried at revalued amounts, investment properties which are carried at fair value, biological assets - livestock which are carried at fair value less costs to sell, agricultural produce which are carried at fair value less costs to sell at point of harvest, lease liabilities which are carried at the present value of future lease payments, plan assets which are carried at fair value, and retirement liability which is carried at the present value of the defined benefit obligation. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for an asset or fair value of consideration received in exchange for incurring liability.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- in the principal market for the asset or liability; or
- in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a nonfinancial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company uses market observable data to the extent possible. If the fair value of an asset or a liability is not directly observable, it is estimated by the Company (working closely with external qualified valuers) using valuation techniques that maximize the use of relevant observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs (e.g. by use of the market comparable approach that reflects recent transaction prices for similar items, discounted cash flow analysis, or option pricing models refined to reflect the issuer's specific circumstances). Inputs used are consistent with the characteristics of the asset or liability that market participants would take into account.

Further information about assumptions made in measuring fair values are included in the following:

Note 3 - Significant Judgments, Accounting Estimates and Assumptions

Note 8 - Biological Assets - Livestock

Note 12 - Property and Equipment

Note 13 - Investment Properties

Note 32 - Fair Value Measurement

BUREAU OF INTERNAL REVENUE
LARGE TAXPAYERS SERVICE
MAR 2.7 2025

BY: ROSE MARCIANO
LITRODENTRICESSING MOQUUTY AND MARCIANO

Fair values are categorized into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the degree to which the inputs to the measurement are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety:

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy are recognized by the Company at the end of the reporting period during which the change occurred.

Adoption of Amended PFRS Accounting Standards

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year, except for the adoption of the following amended PFRS Accounting Standards effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024:

 Amendments to PAS 7, Statement of Cash Flows and PFRS Accounting Standards 7, Financial Instrument: Disclosures - Supplier Finance Arrangements — The amendments introduced new disclosure requirements to enable users of the financial statements assess the effects of supplier finance arrangements on the liabilities, cash flows and exposure to liquidity risk. The amendments also provide transitional relief on certain aspects, particularly on the disclosures of comparative information. Earlier application is permitted.

The adoption of the foregoing amended PFRS Accounting Standards did not have any material effect on the separate financial statements of the Company. Additional disclosures were included in the separate financial statements, as applicable.

New and Amendments to PFRS Accounting Standards in Issue But Not Yet Effective

Relevant new and amendments to PFRS Accounting Standards, which are not yet effective as at December 31, 2024 and have not been applied in preparing the separate financial statements, are summarized below:

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2026 -

Amendments to PFRS Accounting Standards 9, Financial Instruments, and PFRS Accounting Standards 7, Financial Instruments: Disclosures – Classification and Measurement of Financial Assets – The amendments clarify that a financial liability is derecognized when the related obligation is discharged, cancelled, expires or otherwise qualifies for derecognition (e.g. settlement date), and introduces a policy option to derecognize financial liabilities settled through an electronic payment system before settlement date if the required conditions are met. The amendments also clarify the assessment of contractual cash flow characteristics of financial assets, the treatment of non-recourse loans and contractually linked instruments, as well as require additional disclosure requirements for financial assets and liabilities with contingent features and equity instruments classified at fair value through the recomprehensive income (FVOCI). Earlier application is permitted.

BY: ROSE MARCIANO

- Annual Improvement to PFRS Accounting Standards Volume 11:
 - Amendments to PFRS Accounting Standards 7, Financial Instruments: Disclosures The amendments update and remove some obsolete references related to the gain or loss on derecognition on financial assets of an entity that has a continuing involvement and to the disclosure requirements on deferred differences between fair value and transaction price. The amendments also clarify that the illustrative guidance does not necessarily illustrate all the requirements for credit risk disclosure. Earlier application is permitted.
 - Amendments to PFRS Accounting Standards 9, Financial Instruments Transaction Price and Lessee Derecognition of Lease Liabilities The amendments clarify that when a lessee has determined that a lease liability has been extinguished in accordance with PFRS Accounting Standards 9, the lessee must apply the derecognition criteria for a financial liability which requires recognition of a gain or loss in profit or loss. The amendments also replace the reference to 'transaction price as defined by PFRS Accounting Standards 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers' to 'the amount determined by applying PFRS Accounting Standards 15' to remove potential confusion. Earlier application is permitted.
 - Amendments to PAS 7, Statement of Cash Flows Cost Method The amendments replace the term 'cost method' with 'at cost' following the deletion of the definition of 'cost method'. Earlier application is permitted.

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2027 -

PFRS Accounting Standards 18, Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements —
This standard replaces PAS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements, and sets out the requirements
for the presentation and disclosure of information to help ensure that the financial statements
provide relevant information that faithfully represents the entity's assets, liabilities, equity,
income and expenses. The standard introduces new categories and sub-totals in the statements
of comprehensive income, disclosures on management-defined performance measures, and new
principles for grouping of information, which the entity needs to apply retrospectively.
Earlier application is permitted.

Under prevailing circumstances, the adoption of the foregoing new and amendments to PFRS Accounting Standards is not expected to have any material effect on the separate financial statements of the Company. Additional disclosures will be included in the separate financial statements, as applicable.

Financial Assets and Liabilities

Date of Recognition. The Company recognizes a financial asset or a financial liability in the separate statements of financial position when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of a financial instrument.

Initial Recognition and Measurement. Financial instruments are recognized initially at fair value, which is the fair value of the consideration given (in case of an asset) or received (in case of a liability). The initial measurement of financial instruments includes transaction costs.



Financial Assets at Amortized Cost. Financial assets shall be measured at amortized cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise, on specified dates, to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial recognition, financial assets at amortized cost are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less allowance for impairment, if any. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the financial assets are derecognized or impaired or through the amortization process. Financial assets at amortized cost are included under current assets if realizability or collectability is within 12 months after the reporting period. Otherwise, these are classified as noncurrent assets.

As at December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company's cash, trade and other receivables (excluding advances to officers and employees), receivable from an insurance company and security deposits (presented under "Other Noncurrent Assets" account) are classified under this category (see Notes 5, 6, 10 and 14).

Financial Liabilities at Amortized Cost. Financial liabilities are categorized as financial liabilities at amortized cost when the substance of the contractual arrangement results in the Company having an obligation either to deliver cash or another financial asset to the holder, or to settle the obligation other than by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of its own equity instruments.

These financial liabilities are initially recognized at fair value less any directly attributable transaction costs. After initial recognition, these financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on the issue and fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognized or through the amortization process.

As at December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company's trade and other payables (excluding statutory payables), loans payable, lease liabilities and cash bond deposits are classified under this category (see Notes 15, 16, 17 and 25).

Impairment of Financial Assets at Amortized Cost

The Company records an allowance for expected credit loss (ECL) based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive. The difference is then discounted at an approximation to the asset's original effective interest rate.

For trade receivables, the Company has applied the simplified approach and has calculated ECL based on the lifetime ECL. The Company has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

For other financial assets measured at amortized cost, the ECL is based on the 12-month ECL, which pertains to the portion of lifetime ECL that result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. However, when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the allowance will be based on the lifetime ECL. When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Company compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition and consider reasonable and supportable information, that is available without undue cost or effort, that is indicative of significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition.

Derecognition of Financial Assets and Liabilities

Financial Assets. A financial asset (or where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognized when:

- · the right to receive cash flows from the asset has expired;
- the Company retains the right to receive cash flows from the financial asset, but has assumed an obligation to pay them in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; or
- the Company has transferred its right to receive cash flows from the financial asset and either

 (a) has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
 (b) has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Company has transferred its right to receive cash flows from a financial asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset nor transferred control of the financial asset, the financial asset is recognized to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement in the financial asset. Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred financial asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the financial asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Company could be required to repay.

Financial Liabilities. A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or has expired. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the separate statements of comprehensive income.

Offsetting of Financial Assets and Liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the separate statements of financial position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. This is not generally the case with master netting agreements, and the related assets and liabilities are presented gross in the separate statements of financial position.

Classification of Financial Instrument between Liability and Equity

A financial instrument is classified as liability if it provides for a contractual obligation to:

- Deliver cash or another financial asset to another entity;
- Exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another entity under conditions that are potentially unfavorable to the Company; or
- Satisfy the obligation other than by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial
 asset for a fixed number of own equity shares.

If the Company does not have an unconditional right to avoid delivering cash or another financial asset to settle its contractual obligation, the obligation meets the definition of a financial liability.

Inventories

Inventories consist of feeds, raw materials and feed supplements, supplies and animal health products, finished goods and hatching eggs. Cost is determined using the moving average method. Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value (NRV).

Feeds. Feeds include costs of raw materials and costs of direct labor and manufacturing overhead.

Raw Materials, Feed Supplements, Supplies and Animal Health Products. For these inventories, all costs directly attributable to acquisition such as the purchase price, import duties and other taxes that are not subsequently recoverable from taxing authorities are included as part of costs.

Finished Goods. Finished goods, which include fresh and frozen chicken cut-ups, include costs of direct materials, labor and overhead.

Hatching Eggs. Hatching eggs are initially measured at the fair value less estimated costs to sell at the point of harvest.

The NRV of feeds, feed supplements, animal health products, finished goods and hatching eggs are based on the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the cost of marketing and distribution, while the NRV of raw materials and supplies are the current replacement costs.

When inventories are sold, the carrying amount of those inventories is recognized as an expense in profit or loss.

Biological Assets - Livestock

This consists of biological assets such as day-old chicks after undergoing the hatching process, chicks which are grown as chicken broilers, and parent stock. These are measured on initial recognition and at the end of each reporting period at fair value less costs to sell. The Company's fair valuation takes into consideration inputs based on the hatchability rate of eggs, mortality of chicks being grown as chicken broilers and parent stock, estimated future cash flows to be incurred in hatching the eggs and growing the chicks and parent stock, among others.

Gain or loss arising on initial recognition and any changes in the fair value less costs to sell of livestock are recorded as part of "Revenues" in the separate statements of comprehensive income.

Advances to Suppliers

Advances to suppliers are amounts paid in advance for the purchase of goods and services. These are carried in the separate statements of financial position at face amount and are recognized as expense in profit or loss or to the corresponding asset account when the services or goods for which the advances were made are received by and delivered to the Company with reference to percentage of completion, if any.

Advances to suppliers classified as current assets since the corresponding goods or services are expected to be delivered or performed for no more than 12 months after the financial reporting period.

Other Current Assets

Other current assets consist of advances to contract growers and breeders, creditable withholding taxes (CWT), prepayments and input value-added taxes (VAT).

Advances to Contract Growers and Breeders. Advances to contract growers and breeders pertain to purchases of animal health products and feeds that are already paid in advance. These are expected to be received by and delivered to the Company for no more than 12 months after the financial reporting period.

CWT. CWT represent the amounts withheld at source by the Company's customers in relation to its income. These are recognized upon collection and are utilized as tax credits against income tax due as allowed by the Philippine taxation laws and regulations.

Prepayments. Prepayments represent expenses not yet incurred but already paid in cash. Prepayments are initially recorded as assets and measured at the amount of cash paid. Subsequently, these are charged to expense as these are consumed in operations or expire with the passage of time. Prepayments that are expected to be incurred no more than 12 months after the reporting date are classified as current assets. Otherwise, these are classified as noncurrent assets.

Input VAT. Revenue, expenses and assets are recognized net of the amount of VAT except in cases where VAT incurred on a purchase of assets or services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case, VAT is recognized as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item, as applicable, or receivable and payables that are stated with the amount of VAT included.

Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are initially measured at cost. The cost of property, plant and equipment consists of the purchase price, including import duties and other costs directly attributable to bring the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use. Cost also includes the cost of replacing parts of such property, plant and equipment when the recognition criteria are met and the present value of the estimated cost of dismantling and removing the asset and restoring the site where the asset is located.

Property, plant and equipment (except for transportation equipment and construction in-progress) are stated at revalued amounts as determined by an independent appraiser. Transportation equipment is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment in value, if any. Construction in-progress is stated at cost less accumulated impairment in value, if any.

Expenditures incurred after the property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs, maintenance and overhaul costs, are normally charged to operations in the year the costs are incurred. In situations where it can be clearly demonstrated that the expenditures have resulted in an increase in the future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of an item of property, plant and equipment beyond its originally assessed standard of performance, the expenditures are capitalized as additional costs of property, plant and equipment.

Subsequent to initial recognition at cost, property, plant and equipment (except for land, transportation equipment and construction in-progress) are carried at revalued amounts less any subsequent accumulated depreciation, amortization and any accumulated impairment losses. Land is carried at revalued amount less accumulated impairment losses, if any. Fair market value is determined by reference to market-based evidence, which is the amount for which the assets could be exchanged between a knowledgeable willing buyer and a knowledgeable willing seller in an arm's length transaction as at the valuation date. Any revaluation surplus is credited to "Revaluation Surplus" account presented under "Other Comprehensive Income" section of the separate statements of financial position. Any decrease in the revaluation surplus of the same asset is charged to other comprehensive income (OCI) to the extent of any credit balance existing in the revaluation surplus in respect of that asset and the remaining decline, if any, is recognized in the separate statements of comprehensive income.

Annually, an amount from the "Revaluation Surplus" account is transferred to "Retained Earnings" under the "Equity" section in the separate statements of financial position for the depreciation relating to the revaluation surplus, net of related taxes. Upon disposal, any revaluation surplus relating to the particular asset sold is transferred to "Retained Earnings". Revaluations are performed every one to two years to ensure that the carrying amount does not differ materially from that which would be determined using fair value at the end of the reporting period.

Depreciation and amortization are calculated on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Asset Type	Number of Years		
Plant, machinery and equipment	10 to 20 years		
Buildings	20 years		
Leasehold and land improvements	2 to 5 years or lease term, whichever is shorter		
Office furniture, fixtures and equipment	3 to 10 years		
Transportation equipment	4 to 5 years		

The estimated useful lives and depreciation and amortization method are reviewed periodically to ensure that the periods and method of depreciation and amortization are consistent with the expected pattern of economic benefits from items of property, plant and equipment.

Fully depreciated and amortized assets are retained in the account until these are no longer in use and no further charge for depreciation and amortization is made in respect to those assets.

Construction in-progress is stated at cost. This includes cost of construction and other direct costs. Construction in-progress is not depreciated until such time that the relevant assets are completed and available for operational use. An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognized.

Investment Properties

Investment properties are properties held either to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or both, but not for sale in the ordinary course of business or for administrative purposes.

The Company uses fair value model for the accounting of its investment properties. Under this method, investment properties are initially measured at cost but are subsequently remeasured at fair value at each reporting date, which reflects market conditions at the reporting date. Cost comprises the purchase price and any directly attributable costs in developing and improving the properties. Cost also includes the cost of replacing part of an existing investment property at the time that cost is incurred if the recognition criteria are met. The fair value of investment properties is determined using sales comparison approach by an independent real estate appraiser. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values of investment properties are included in profit or loss in the period in which they arise, including the corresponding tax effect. For the purposes of these separate financial statements, in order to avoid double counting, the fair value reported in the separate financial statements is reduced by the carrying amount of any accrued income resulting from the spreading of lease incentives and minimum lease payments, as applicable.

Transfers are made to investment property when, and only when, there is a change in use, evidenced by the ending of owner-occupation, commencement of an operating lease to another party or ending of the construction or development. Transfers are made from investment property when, and only when, there is a change in use, evidenced by the commencement of owner occupation or commencement of development with a view to sell.

Investment properties are derecognized when either those have been disposed of or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from its disposal. Any gain or loss on the retirement or disposal of an investment property is recognized in the separate statements of comprehensive income in the year of retirement or disposal.

Rental income and operating expenses from investment properties are reported as part of "Others - net" and "Operating Expenses," respectively, in the separate statements of comprehensive income.

Other Noncurrent Assets

Other noncurrent assets consist of project development costs, security deposits classified as financial assets and computer software.

Project Development Costs. These represent costs directly attributable to the development of the Company's aqua feeds and aqua culture projects. The capitalized development costs pertain to the amount of cash paid or the fair value of the other considerations given to acquire an asset at the time of its acquisition or production.

Computer Software. Computer software is measured at cost of acquisition less any accumulated amortization and impairment losses, if any. Computer software is amortized on a straight-line basis over the economic useful life of three (3) years and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the computer software may be impaired. Amortization period and amortization method for computer software are reviewed at each reporting date. Any change in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset is recognized prospectively.

Impairment of Nonfinancial Assets

The carrying amounts of the Company's nonfinancial assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's net recoverable amount is estimated.

Any impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset or its cash-generating unit (CGU) exceeds its net recoverable amount. A CGU is the smallest identifiable asset Company that generates cash flows that are largely independent from other assets of the Company. Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss in the period incurred.

The net recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its value in use or its fair value less costs to sell. Value in use is the present value of future cash flows expected to be derived from an asset while fair value less cost to sell is the amount obtainable from the sale of an asset in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable and willing parties less costs of disposal. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present values using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

Impairment losses recognized in prior periods are assessed at each reporting date for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss has been recognized.

Leases

A contract is, or contains, a lease when it conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time, the Company assesses whether, throughout the period of use, the customers has both of the following:

- · The right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the identified asset; and
- The right to direct the use of the identified asset.

If the Company has the right to control the use of an identified asset for only a portion of the term of the contract, the contract contains a lease for that portion of the term.

The Company also assesses whether a contract contains a lease for each potential separate lease component.

The Company as Lessee

The Company recognizes right-of-use (ROU) asset and lease liability for all leases, except for leases with lease terms of 12 months or less (short-term leases) and leases for which the underlying asset is of low value, in which case the lease payments associated with those leases are recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis.

ROU Assets. At commencement date, the Company measures the ROU assets at cost. The cost comprises:

- The amount of the initial measurement of lease liabilities;
- Any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received;
- · Any initial direct costs incurred by the Company; and
- An estimation of costs to be incurred by the Company in dismantling and removing the underlying asset, when applicable.

After the commencement date, the ROU assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of the related lease liabilities. The ROU assets are amortized over the shorter of the lease terms or the useful lives of the underlying assets ranging as follows:

Asset Type	Number of Years		
Building	2 to 5 years		
Transportation equipment	5 years		

Lease Liabilities. At commencement date, the Company measures lease liabilities at the present value of future lease payments using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. Otherwise, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of lease liabilities comprise the following:

- Fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments;
- Variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- Amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; and
- The exercise price under a purchase option that the Company is reasonably certain to exercise, lease payments in an optional renewal period if the Company is reasonable certain to exercise an extension option, and penalties for early termination of a lease unless the Company is reasonably certain not to terminate early.

Lease liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost. Interest on the lease liabilities and any variable lease payments not included in the measurement of lease liabilities are recognized in profit or loss unless these are capitalized as costs of another asset. Variable lease payments not included in the measurement of the lease liabilities are recognized in profit or loss when the event or condition that triggers those payments occurs.

The Company as a Lessor

Leases where the Company retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset are classified as operating leases. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognized over the lease term on the same basis as rental income.

Equity

Capital Stock. Capital stock is measured at par value for all shares issued and outstanding.

Additional Paid-in Capital (APIC). APIC is the proceeds and/or fair value of considerations received in excess of par value of the subscribed capital stock. Incremental costs incurred directly attributable to the issuance of new shares are recognized as deduction from equity, net of any tax. Otherwise, these are recognized as expense in profit or loss.

Retained Earnings. Retained earnings represents the cumulative balance of net income or loss, net of any dividend declaration and prior period adjustments.

OCI. OCI comprises of items of income and expense that are not recognized in profit or loss in accordance with PFRS Accounting Standards. OCI of the Company pertains to revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment and cumulative remeasurement gains and losses on net retirement liability.

Revenue Recognition

The Company is engaged in the manufacturing and distribution of animal feeds, animal health and nutritional products, and feeds supplements. The Company is also engaged in the production of day-old chicks and in the growing, production and distribution of chicken broilers, either as live or dressed chickens.

Revenue from contract with customers is recognized when the performance obligation in the contract has been satisfied, either at a point in time or over time. Revenue is recognized over time if one of the following criteria is met: (a) the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits as the Company performs its obligations; (b) the Company's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced; or (c) the Company's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Company and the Company has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date. Otherwise, revenue is recognized at a point in time.

The Company also assesses its revenue arrangements to determine if it is acting as a principal or as an agent. The Company has assessed that it acts as a principal in all of its revenue sources.

Revenue from the Company's sale of goods is recognized at point in time when control of the goods is transferred to the customers, which is normally upon delivery.

The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before other revenue items outside the scope of PFRS Accounting Standards 15 are recognized:

Fair Value Changes on Biological Assets - Livestock. Fair value changes on biological assets - livestock are recognized in profit or loss for the period in which it arises.

Rental Income. Rental income on leased property is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Interest Income. Revenue is recognized as interest accrues, taking into consideration the effective yield on the asset. Interest income from cash in banks are net of final tax.

Other Income. Other income is recognized when earned.

Cost and Expense Recognition

Cost and expenses are decreases in economic benefits during the accounting period in the form of outflows or depletions of assets or incurrence of liabilities that result in decreases in equity, other than those relating to distributions to equity participants.

Cost of Goods Sold. Cost of goods sold are recognized as expense when the related goods are delivered.

Operating Expenses. Operating expenses constitute cost of administering the business and cost incurred to sell and market its products. These are expensed as incurred.

Interest Expense. These are recognized in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

Other Charges. Other charges are recognized when incurred.

Employee Benefits

Short-term Benefits. The Company recognizes a liability net of amounts already paid and an expense for services rendered by employees during the accounting period. A liability is also recognized for the amount expected to be paid under short-term cash bonus or profit-sharing plans if the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee, and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Short-term employee benefit liabilities are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed as the related service is provided.

Retirement Benefits. The Company has a partially funded, non-contributory defined benefit plan covering all qualified employees. The retirement benefits cost is determined using the projected unit credit method which reflects services rendered by employees to the date of valuation and incorporates assumptions concerning employees' projected salaries.

The Company recognizes service costs, comprising of current service costs, past service costs and net interest expense or income in profit or loss. Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net retirement liability or asset.

Past service costs are recognized in profit or loss on the earlier of the date of the plan amendment or curtailment, and the date that the Company recognizes restructuring-related costs.

Remeasurements pertaining to actuarial gains and losses and return on plan assets are recognized immediately in OCI in the period in which they arise. Remeasurements are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.

Plan assets are assets that are held in trust and managed by a trustee bank. Plan assets are not available to the creditors of the Company, nor can they be paid directly to the Company. The fair value of the plan assets is based on the market price information. When no market price is available, the fair value of plan assets is estimated by discounting expected future cash flows using a discount rate that reflects both the risk associated with the plan assets and the maturity or expected disposal date of those assets (or, if they have no maturity, the expected period until the settlement of the related obligations). If the fair value of the plan assets is higher than the present value of the retirement liability, the measurement of the resulting defined benefit asset is limited to the asset ceiling which is the present value of economic benefits available in the form of refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan.

The net retirement liability is the aggregate of the present value of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets against which the obligations are to be settled directly. The present value of the retirement obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows using interest rate on government bonds that have terms to maturity approximating the terms of the related retirement liability.

Actuarial valuations are made with sufficient regularity so that the amounts recognized in the separate financial statements do not differ materially from the amounts that would be determined at the reporting date.

Income Taxes

Current Tax. Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the tax authority. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred Tax. Deferred tax is provided on all temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable income will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable income will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable income will allow the deferred tax assets to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are applicable to the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities. For purposes of measuring deferred tax liabilities and deferred tax assets for investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the carrying amounts of such properties are presumed to be recovered entirely through sale, unless the presumption is rebutted, that is, when the investment property is depreciable and is held within the business model whose objective is consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment property over time, rather than through sale.

Most changes in deferred tax assets or deferred tax liabilities are recognized as a component of tax expense in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in OCI or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same tax authority.

Related Party Relationships and Transactions

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability, directly and indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Parties are considered to be related these are subject to common control or common significant influence. Key management personnel are also considered as related parties.

A related party transaction is a transfer of resources, services or obligations between related parties, regardless of whether a price is charged. This is measured on an arm's-length basis in a manner similar to transactions with non-related parties.

Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are measured at the estimated expenditure required to settle the present obligation, based on the most reliable evidence available at the end of the reporting period, including risks and uncertainties associated with the present obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as an interest expense. Provisions are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

Basic and Diluted Earnings per Share (EPS)

Basic EPS is computed by dividing the net income for the period attributable to common equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of issued, subscribed and outstanding common shares during the period, with retroactive adjustment for any stock dividends declared.

Diluted EPS is computed in the same manner, adjusted for the effects of any potentially dilutive convertible securities.

Events After the Reporting Period

Any post-year-end event that provides additional information about the Company's financial position at the end of the reporting period (adjusting event) is reflected in the separate financial statements. Post-year-end events that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the notes to separate financial statements when material.

3. Significant Judgments, Accounting Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of the Company's separate financial statements requires management to make judgments, accounting estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses reported in the separate financial statements. These are based on management's evaluation of relevant facts and circumstances as of the date of the separate financial statements.

While the Company believes that the assumptions are reasonable and appropriate, significant differences in the actual experience or significant changes in the assumptions may materially affect the estimated amounts. Actual results could differ from such estimates.

The accounting estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis. Changes in accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the change affects only that period or in the period of the change and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgments

In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, management has made the following judgments, apart from those involving estimations, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the separate financial statements.

Determining the Highest and Best Use of Investment Properties. The Company determines the highest and best use of its investment properties when measuring fair value. In making its judgment, the Company takes into account the use of the investment properties that is physically possible, legally permissible and financially feasible.

The carrying amounts of investment properties as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 are disclosed in Note 13.

Determining the Lease Commitments – The Company as a Lessor. Leases where the Company retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset are classified as operating leases. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognized over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents, if any, are recognized as revenue in the period in which these are earned.

Rental income earned in 2024, 2023 and 2022 are disclosed in Note 25.

Determining the Lease Term and Incremental Borrowing Rate. The lease term is a significant component in the measurement of both the ROU assets and lease liabilities. Judgment is exercised in determining whether there is reasonable certainty that an option to extend the lease or purchase the underlying asset, if any, will be exercised, or an option to terminate the lease will not be exercised, when ascertaining the periods to be included in the lease term. In determining the lease term, all facts and circumstances that create an economical incentive to exercise an extension option, or not to exercise a termination option, are considered at the lease commencement date. Factors considered may include the importance of the asset to the Company's operations, comparison of terms and conditions to prevailing market rates, incurrence of significant penalties, existence of significant leasehold improvements, and the costs and disruption to replace the asset. The Company reassesses whether it is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option, or not exercise a termination option, if there is a significant event or significant change in circumstances.

Where the interest rate implicit in a lease cannot be readily determined, an incremental borrowing rate is estimated to discount future lease payments to measure the present value of the lease liabilities at the lease commencement date. Such a rate is based on what the Company estimates it would have to pay a third party to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the ROU assets, with similar terms, security and economic environment. The Company uses its general borrowing rate adjusted for the lease terms, securities of an item with the underlying nature of the leased assets and expectations of residual value, among others.

The carrying amounts of ROU assets and lease liabilities as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 are disclosed in Note 25.

Assessing Provisions and Contingencies. The Company evaluates legal and administrative proceedings to which it is involved based on analysis of potential results. Management and its legal counsels do not believe that any current proceedings will have material adverse effects on its separate financial position and results of operations. It is possible, however, that future results of operations could be materially affected by changes in estimates or in the effectiveness of strategies relating to these proceedings.

Accounting Estimates and Assumptions

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of reporting period that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year:

Assessing the ECL on Trade Receivables. The Company initially uses a provision matrix based on the historical default rates for trade receivables. The provision matrix specifies provision rates depending on the number of days that a receivable is past due. The Company then calibrates the provision matrix to adjust historical credit loss experience with forward-looking information on the basis of current observable data to reflect the effects of current and forecasted economic conditions, as applicable.

The Company adjusts historical default rates if forecasted economic conditions such as gross domestic product are expected to deteriorate which can lead to increased number of defaults in the industry. The Company regularly reviews the methodology and assumptions used for estimating ECL to reduce any differences between estimates and actual credit loss experience.

The determination of the correlation between historical default rates and forecasted economic conditions is a significant estimate. Accordingly, the provision for ECL of trade receivables is sensitive to changes in assumptions about forecasted economic conditions.

The amount of provision for ECL and the carrying amount of the Company's trade receivables as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 and for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 are disclosed in Note 6.

Estimating the ECL of Receivable from an Insurance Company. The Company is currently involved in legal proceedings to pursue the collection of its remaining insurance claims for typhoon damages from an insurance company. The determination of whether the insurance claims receivable is still realizable requires consultations with legal counsel and management's estimate of the allowance for ECL based on the probability-weighted estimate of the present value of all cash shortfalls over the expected settlement of the claims.

Management and its legal counsel believe that the ongoing litigation on the remaining claims will not result to any significant adverse impact on the Company's financial condition and results of operations. Thus, no provision for ECL was recognized in 2024, 2023 and 2022.

The carrying amount of receivable from an insurance company and the allowance for ECL recognized as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 are disclosed in Note 10.

Estimating the Fair Value of Biological Assets - Livestock. The fair values of the Company's biological assets are based on the most reliable estimate of market prices at the end of the reporting period. The fair values of day-old chicks, growing broilers and parent stock were determined using the income approach which considers the net cash flows expected to be generated from the sale of day-old chicks, sale of fully-grown broilers as dressed chickens and cash flows expected to be generated from parent stock. These are measured as Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy.

The cash flow projections include specific estimates of the hatching period, the hatchability and mortality rates, and volume of harvest. In addition, the significant unobservable inputs also include the estimated future sales price of day-old chicks, dressed chickens and parent stock, as well as the estimated costs to be incurred in the hatching, growing and dressing processes, as applicable.

Generally, the estimated fair value would increase (decrease) if the estimated future sales price, cash inflows, hatchability rates or volume of production were higher (lower). Meanwhile, the estimated fair value would increase (decrease) if the estimated costs to be incurred in the hatching, growing and dressing processes or estimated mortality rates were lower (higher).

The gain or loss on fair value changes of biological assets recognized under "Revenues" in the separate statements of comprehensive income in 2024, 2023 and 2022 and the carrying amount of biological assets as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 are presented in Note 8.

Estimating the Revalued Amounts of Property, Plant and Equipment (Excluding Transportation Equipment and CIP). The Company measures its property, plant and equipment (excluding transportation equipment and CIP) at revalued amounts with changes in fair value being recognized in OCI.

In determining the revalued amounts of property, plant and equipment (excluding transportation equipment and CIP), the Company hired independent firms of appraisers as at December 31, 2024 and 2023. In order to arrive at a reasonable valuation, the appraisers personally inspected the properties, requested information from reputable sources and considered the following: (a) utility and market value of the land; (b) cost of reproduction of the replaceable property; (c) current prices for similar-use property in the second-hand market; (d) age, condition, past maintenance, and present and prospective serviceability in comparison with new assets of similar kind; (e) accumulated depreciation; (f) lease rates; and (g) recent trends and development in the industry concerned.

The carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment at revalued amounts as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 are disclosed in Note 12.

Estimating the Useful Lives of Property, Plant and Equipment. The Company reviews annually the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment based on expected asset's utilization, market demands and future technological development. It is possible that the factors mentioned may change in the future, which could cause a change in estimated useful lives. A reduction in estimated useful lives could cause a significant increase in depreciation and amortization of property, plant and equipment.

There were no changes in the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment in 2024, 2023 and 2022. The carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 are disclosed in Note 12.

Estimating the Fair Value of Investment Properties. The Company's investment properties are measured at fair values. The Company works closely with external qualified appraisers who performs the valuation using appropriate valuation techniques. The Company estimates expected future cash flows, yields, and discount rates.

The valuation techniques and inputs used in the fair value measurement of investment properties, as well as the carrying amounts of investment properties as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 are disclosed in Note 13.

Assessing the Impairment of Nonfinancial Assets. The Company assesses impairment on nonfinancial assets whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. In assessing whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired, the Company considers the external and internal sources of information. External sources of information include but are not limited to unexpected significant decline in market value and any other significant changes with an adverse effect on the Company, whether it had taken place during period or will take place in the near future in the market, economic or legal environment in which the entity operates or in the market to which the asset is dedicated. Internal sources of information include evidence of obsolescence or physical damage on an asset, significant changes with an adverse effect on the Company whether it had taken place during the period, or are expected to take place in the near future, to the extent to which, or in a manner in which, an asset is used or is expected to be used, and any other evidence that indicates that the economic performance of an asset is, or will be, worse than expected.

Whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognized. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less cost to sell and value in use. The fair value less cost to sell is the amount obtainable from the sale of an asset in an arm's length transaction while value in use is the present value of estimated future cash flows expected to arise from the continuing use of an asset and from its disposal at the end of its useful life. The estimated cash flows are projected using growth rates based on historical experience and business plans and are discounted using pretax discount rates that reflect the current assessment of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

Recoverable amounts are estimated for individual assets or, if it is not possible, for the cashgenerating unit to which the asset belongs.

No provision for impairment loss on nonfinancial assets was recognized in 2024, 2023 and 2022.

The carrying amounts of nonfinancial assets which consists of advances to officers and employees, other current assets, investment in a subsidiary, property, plant and equipment, investment properties, other noncurrent assets (excluding security deposits), and ROU assets are disclosed in Notes 6, 9, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 25.

Estimating Net Retirement Liability. The determination of the Company's obligation and cost for pension and other retirement benefits is dependent on selection of certain assumptions used by actuaries in calculating such amounts. Those assumptions are described in Note 24 to the separate financial statements and include among others, discount rate and salary increase rate. While the Company believes that the assumptions are reasonable and appropriate, significant differences in actual experience or significant changes in assumptions materially affect net retirement liability.

The carrying amounts of net retirement liability as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 are disclosed in Note 24.

Assessing the Realizability of Deferred Tax Assets. The Company's assessment on the recognition of deferred tax assets on deductible temporary differences and carryforward benefits of unused NOLCO is based on the projected taxable income in the following periods. Based on the projection, not all future deductible temporary differences will be realized, therefore, only a portion of deferred tax assets was recognized.

The carrying amounts of recognized and unrecognized deferred tax assets as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 are disclosed in Note 26.

4. Prior Period Adjustment

The separate financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2022 have been restated to reflect the reclassification to property, plant and equipment of the Company's investment properties which are being operated by Barbatos Ventures Corporation (BVC), as a result of the consolidation of BVC's operations to the Company effective January 1, 2022 (see Note 12). Accordingly, the adjustments also included reclassifications from gain on change in fair value of investment properties in profit or loss to revaluation surplus in OCI, as well as the corresponding recognition of depreciation charges of property, plant and equipment in profit or loss, and other restatements to deferred taxes as presented in the related notes to separate financial statements.

The net effects of the prior period adjustments and reclassifications on the Company's separate financial statements as at December 31, 2022 which accounted for less than one percent of total equity are as follows (in millions):

	Retained				
	Assets	Liabilities	Equity	Earnings	OCI
As previously reported	₽5,277.6	¥3,392.9	P1,884.7	P304.5	P418.0
Prior period adjustments and					
reclassifications	(27.3)	(40.4)	13.2	(6.3)	19.5
As restated	P5,250.3	P3,352.5	P1,897.9	P298.2	P437.5

5. Cash

This account consists of:

2024	2023
₽4,793,448	P6,434,159
580,243,849	385,978,307
P585,037,297	P392,412,466
	¥4,793,448 580,243,849

Cash in banks earn interest at the prevailing bank deposit rates and are immediately available for use in current operations.

Total interest income recognized in the separate statements of comprehensive income pertain to the following:

	Note	2024	2023	2022
Cash in banks		₽199,817	P110,652	P107,932
Trade receivables	6	1,034,391	1,420,936	2,287,013
		P1,234,208	P1,531,588	₽2,394,945

Trade and Other Receivables

This account consists of:

	P851,151,057	₽776,988,988
27	240,722,831	143,528,241
27	241,309,205	145,089,993
	79,534,584	82,960,117
	35,064,371	_
	26,380,471	22,856,692
	7,332,272	9,905,173
	1,481,494,791	1,181,329,204
	(180,786,652)	(139,735,248)
	P1,300,708,139	P1,041,593,956
		27 240,722,831 27 241,309,205 79,534,584 35,064,371 26,380,471 7,332,272 1,481,494,791 (180,786,652)

Trade receivables arising mainly from the sale of feeds, food and livestock are generally collectible within 30 to 90 days. Overdue trade receivables bear interest ranging from 1.00% to 3.00% in 2024, 2023 and 2022. Interest income earned from overdue trade receivables amounted to P1.0 million in 2024, P1.4 million in 2023 and P2.3 million in 2022 (see Note 5).

Nontrade receivables comprise mainly of receivables arising from the Company's incidental income. These are unsecured, noninterest-bearing and are usually settled within 30 to 90 days.

In 2024, the Company filed an insurance claim with an insurance company for the properties damaged by Typhoon Carina. Losses from inventories and property, plant and equipment damaged by the typhoon amounted to P7.3 million and P19.1 million, respectively (see Notes 7, 12 and 23). The proceeds from insurance were subsequently received in January 2025.

Advances to officers and employees include salary and other loans granted to employees which are generally noninterest-bearing in nature and collectible through salary deductions. This also includes cash advances for business purposes that are subject to liquidation.

Other receivables mainly consist of short-term rental deposits and receivables from government agencies.

Movements in the allowance for ECL as at December 31 are shown below:

				2024		
	Note	Trade	Nontrade	Advances to Officers and Employees	Others	Total
Balance at beginning of year		P56,754,714	P74,341,929	P1,303,912	P7,334,693	P139,735,248
Provision for ECL	21	41,051,404	_		-	41,051,404
Balance at end of year		P97,806,118	P74,341,929	P1,303,912	P7,334,693	P180,786,652

				2023		
	More	Trade	Nontrade	Advances to Officers and	Others	Total
	Note			Employees		Total
Balance at beginning of year		#56,620,527	P88,156,268	P3,260,572	P7,469,725	¥155,507,092
Provision for ECL	21	3,539,062	-	-	-	3,539,062
Reclassification		(3,404,875)	(13,814,339)	(1,956,660)	(135,032)	[19,310,906]
Balance at end of year		P56,754,714	P74,341,929	P1,303,912	P7,334,693	P139,735,248
				2022		
				Advances to		
	722700	0.00		Officers and		
	Note	Trade	Nontrade	Employees	Others	Total
Balance at beginning of year		P54,915,892	P88,156,268	P3,260,572	P7,469,725	P153,802,457
Provision for ECL	21	1,704,635		-	-	1,704,635
Balance at end of year		\$56,620,527	PSS.156.268	P3.260.572	97.469.725	#155.507.092

In 2024, the Company recognized gain on collection of written off accounts amounting to P18.2 million (see Note 23).

In 2023, management reclassified allowance for ECL of receivables aggregating P19.3 million to allowance for impairment losses of advances to suppliers and other current assets, as a result of the reclassification of the related gross receivables to advances to suppliers amounting to P10.9 million and advances to contract growers and breeders amounting to P8.4 million (see Note 9).

7. Inventories

This account consists of:

	2024	2023	
At NRV -			
Feeds	P219,873,500	₽333,652,987	
At cost:			
Raw materials and feed supplements	314,682,466	324,370,311	
Supplies and animal health products	121,852,262	126,627,676	
Finished goods	91,728,873	74,855,683	
Hatching eggs	89,091,152	59,353,509	
	P837,228,253	P918,860,166	

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and NRV as at December 31, 2024 and 2023. The cost of feeds carried at NRV amounted to P220.8 million and P334.6 million as at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Inventories charged to cost of goods sold amounted to P9,112.7 million in 2024, P9,828.7 million in 2023 and P9,451.5 million in 2022, respectively (see Note 20).

In 2024, the Company recognized loss on inventories damaged by the typhoon amounting to P7.3 million (see Note 23). Allowance for inventory write-down amounted to P0.9 million as at December 31, 2024 and 2023.

8. Biological Assets - Livestock

This Company's livestock consists of the following:

	2024	2023
Day-old chicks and growing broilers	P245,728,723	P89,607,344
Parent stock	77,946,903	39,787,415
	P323,675,626	P129,394,759

Movements of the Company's livestock are as follows:

Note	2024	2023
	P129,394,759	P116,118,755
	6,673,717,832	6,349,921,100
	(6,571,206,577)	(6,288,865,517)
19	91,769,612	(47,779,579)
	₽323,675,626	P129,394,759
		P129,394,759 6,673,717,832 (6,571,206,577) 19 91,769,612

9. Other Current Assets

This account consists of:

	Note	2024	2023
Advances to contract growers and breeders	25	P133,468,144	P86,981,489
CWT		69,420,671	98,857,610
Prepayments		48,736,834	56,550,210
Input VAT		1,676,880	427,404
Resource Dates		253,302,529	242,816,713
Allowance for impairment losses		(52,031,133)	(52,031,133)
		P201,271,396	P190,785,580

Movements in the allowance for impairment losses of advances to contract growers and breeders as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

	Note	2024	2023
Balance at beginning of year		P52,031,133	P43,657,050
Reclassification	6	_	8,374,083
Balance at end of year		P52,031,133	P52,031,133

10. Receivable from an Insurance Company

The Company has an outstanding insurance claim for typhoon damages from Charter Ping An Insurance Corporation (Charter Ping An). Pursuant to the Insurance Code, the Company is entitled to interest on its claim at a rate twice the ceiling prescribed by the Monetary Board beginning March 12, 2010, or 90 days from the date the Company filed the claim.

On August 17, 2016, the Company received P58.9 million as partial settlement. On May 31, 2023, the Regional Trial Court (RTC) of Bulacan granted the claim of the Company and ordered Charter Ping An to pay the insurance claim, to which Charter Ping An filed a Notice of Appeal with the Court of Appeals (CA) in Manila City. As at December 31, 2024, the case records had been transmitted to the CA. On December 2, 2024, the CA directed Charter Ping An to file an Appellant's Brief within 45 days from the date of notice. On February 10, 2025, Charter Ping An filed a Motion for Extension of Time to File Appellant's Brief with Manifestation seeking additional 45 days, or until April 6, 2025, within which to submit its Brief.

Management and its legal counsel believe that the ongoing litigation on the remaining claims will not result in any significant adverse impact on the Company's financial condition and results of operations.

The composition of the receivable as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

Cost	P141,664,583
Allowance for ECL	(71,460,773)
Balance at end of year	₽70,203,810

The Company continues to legally pursue the remaining balance of the insurance claim as at December 31, 2024 and 2023. No provisions nor write-off of allowance for ECL of the receivable were recognized in 2024, 2023 and 2022.

11. Investment in a Subsidiary

On December 16, 2021, the Company's BOD approved the acquisition of 100% of the outstanding capital stock of BVC from Luzon Agriventure, Inc. (LAVI) for a consideration of P1.00. BVC is a private domestic corporation engaged, among others, in poultry production as well as in the processing, raising and breeding of chickens and similar stocks. The registered principal place of business of the Company is located at Marilao-San Jose Road, Sta. Rosa I, Marilao, Bulacan.

Beginning January 1, 2022, BVC operated as the Company's wholly-owned subsidiary.

As at December 31, 2024 and 2023, the investment in BVC accounted using the cost method has been provided with full allowance as BVC is in a deficit position.

12. Property, Plant and Equipment

At Revalued Amounts

The composition and movements of the Company's property, plant and equipment carried at revalued amounts are as follows:

				2024		
	Land	Plant, Machinery and Equipment	Buildings	Leasehold and Land Improvements	Office Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	Total
Cost	Tomas or a					
Balance at beginning of year	#932,446,310	F1,068,273,302	#424,641,584	P65,806,373	#103,092,969	¥2,594,262,538
Additions		17,044,112	-	14,706,903	12,785,522	44,536,537
Réclassifications		(6,222,781)	(105,124)	14,815,160	(546,359)	7,940,896
Disposals		(70,721,233)	{1,867,856}		(171,451)	(72,760,580
Net Revaluation	150,118,520	(36,006,522)	42,028,840	10,248,088	905,605	167,294,531
Balance at end of year	1,082,566,830	972,366,878	464,697,444	105,376,524	115,065,246	2,741,273,922
Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization						
Balance at beginning of year	-	427,233,902	105,133,158	32,210,574	91,884,387	656,462,021
Depreciation		68,153,094	19,850,369	11,708,761	6,862,591	106,574,815
Reclassification	-	381,545	(6,446)	200	(273,180)	101,919
Disposals		(14,682,499)	(786,056)		(70,196)	(15,538,751
Balance at end of year	Charles Strate	481,086,042	124,191,025	43,919,335	58,403,602	747,600,004
Carrying Amount	P1,082,566,830	#491,280,836	P340.506,419	P61,657,189	P17,662,644	¥1,993,673,918

2025					
Land	Plant, Machinery and Equipment	Buildings	Leasehold and Land Improvements	Office Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	Total
4,156,050	#988,045,020	#323,320,085	#67,083,453	#96,007,055	R2.378,611,663
-	67,077,197	509,240	(1.848,073)	6,848,888	72.587,252
-	921,410	106,500,000	1,812,378	427,650	109.661.638
		-	-	(190,824)	(190,824)
8,292,260	12,229,675	(5,687,741)	(1,241,385)	-	33,592,809
2,448,310	1.068,273,302	424,641,584	65,806,373	103,092,969	2,594,262,538
Section Section		- 100 months		700	
-	350,486,485	86,242,759	24,057,372	83,881,556	544,668,172
-	76,747,417	18,890,399	8.153.202	8.134,732	111,925,750
-	0.000		- Address	(131,901)	(131,901)
-	427,233,902	105,133,158	32,210,574	91,884,387	656,462,021
2,448,310	P641,039,400	#319,508,426	#33,595,799	¥11,208,582	¥1,937,800,517
	8,292,260 2,448,310	Land and Equipment 4,156,050 #988,045,020 - 67,077,197 - 921,410 - 8,292,260 12,229,675 2,448,310 1,068,273,302 - 350,485,485 - 76,747,417 - 427,233,902	Land and Equipment Buildings 4,156,050 P988,045,020 P323,320,085 - 67,077,197 509,240 - 921,410 106,500,000 8,292,260 12,229,675 (5,687,741) 2,448,310 1,068,273,302 424,641,584 - 350,486,485 85,242,759 - 76,747,417 18,890,399 - 427,233,902 305,133,158	Plant, Machinery Leasehold and Land Improvements	Plant, Machinery Buildings Description Fixtures, and Equipment Buildings P67,083,453 P96,007,055

Net revaluation increment on property, plant and equipment, net of deferred income tax, amounted to P125.5 million in 2024, P25.2 million in 2023 and P97.4 million in 2022.

In 2024, the Company recorded loss on property, plant and equipment damaged by the typhoon amounting to P19.1 million (see Note 23), net of a receivable from an insurance company amounting to P35.1 million (see Note 6).

Had the above property, plant and equipment been measured using the cost model, the carrying amounts would have been as follows:

	2024	2023
Land	P355,331,190	P355,331,190
Plant, machinery and equipment	537,075,397	641,377,588
Buildings	287,633,800	308,661,367
Leasehold and land improvements	50,927,829	32,357,696
Office furniture, fixtures and equipment	16,601,759	10,795,068
2-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1	P1,247,569,975	P1,348,522,909

The transfer from revaluation surplus to retained earnings, net of deferred income tax, amounted to P7.9 million in 2024, P16.8 million in 2023 and P11.9 million in 2022.

The Company's property, plant and equipment at revalued amounts were appraised by an independent firm of appraisers as at December 31, 2024 and 2023.

Details of the valuation techniques used in measuring fair values of property, plant and equipment classified under Levels 2 and 3 of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

				Range
Class of Property	Valuation Techniques	Significant Inputs	2024	2023
Land	Sales comparison approach	Price per square meter (sqm. Value adjustments	P2,000 - P10,000 5% - 35%	P2,995 - P10,500 5% - 35%
Plant, machinery and	Depreciated	Replacement cost	₱1,300.4 million	P306.4 million
equipment	replacement cost method	Remaining economic life	3 - 25 years	3 - 25 years
	Discounted cash flow	Discount rate		11.01%
	(DCF) approach	Per monthly rent		P1.4 million -
			-	84.0 million
Buildings	Depreciated	Replacement cost	P613.7 million	P176.7 million
	replacement cost method	Remaining economic life	1 - 30 years	7 - 25 years
	DCF approach	Discount rate		11.01%
		Per monthly rent		90.2 million -
			-	P1.2 million
Leasehold and	Depreciated	Replacement cost	P84.3 million	₱20,3 million
land improvements	replacement cost method	Remaining economic life	1 -23 years	2 - 4 years
	DCF approach	Discount rate		11.01%
		Per monthly rent	-	PO.2 million
Office furniture, fixtures and	Depreciated	Replacement cost	P14.9 million	P12.2 million
equipment	replacement cost method	Remaining economic life	2-4 years	2 - 4 years

The description of the valuation techniques and inputs used in the fair value measurement are as follows:

Sales Comparison Approach

Sales comparison approach involves the comparison of the Company's land to those that are more or less located within the vicinity of the appraised properties and are subject of recent sales and offerings. Adjustments were made to arrive at the market value by considering the location, size, shape, utility, desirability and time element.

The inputs to fair valuation are as follows:

- Price per sqm estimated value prevailing in the real estate market depending on the location, area, shape and time element.
- Value adjustments adjustments are made to bring the comparative values in approximation to the property taking into account the location, size and architectural features among others.

Depreciated Replacement Cost Method

Depreciated replacement cost method is used to estimate valuation of plant, machinery and equipment, buildings, leasehold and land improvements and office furniture, fixtures and equipment by computing for the replacement cost of the assets and applying appropriate adjustments for physical deterioration and functional and economic obsolescence.

Generally, significant increases (decreases) in depreciated replacement cost in isolation would result in a significantly higher (lower) fair value measurement.

Discounted Cash Flow Approach

Under the DCF approach, a property's fair value is estimated using explicit assumptions regarding the benefits and liabilities of ownership over the asset's estimated useful life including an exit or terminal value. As an accepted method within the income approach to valuation, the DCF approach involves the projection of a series of cash flows on a real property interest. An appropriate market-derived discount rate is applied to projected cash flow series to establish the present value of the income stream associated with the property, plant and equipment.

Periodic cash flows of investment properties are typically estimated as gross income less vacancy and operating expenses. The series of periodic net operating income, along with an estimate of the terminal value anticipated at the end of the projection period, is then discounted.

The frequency of inflows and outflows are contract and market-derived. The DCF approach assumes that cash outflows occur in the same period that expenses are recorded.

Generally, significant increases (decreases) in monthly rental rate per building, leasehold and land improvements and machinery and equipment in isolation would result in a significantly higher (lower) fair value measurement. Significant increases (decreases) in discount rate in isolation would result in a significantly lower (higher) fair value measurement.

In 2024, the Company changed its valuation technique on determining the fair value of its plant, machinery and equipment, buildings, and leasehold and land improvements from DCF approach to depreciated replacement cost method.

The reconciliation of the balances of property, plant and equipment classified according to level in the fair value hierarchy is as follows:

		2024	
	Significant Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Total
Balance at beginning of year	P932,448,310	P1,005,352,207	P1,937,800,517
Additions and reclassifications	-	52,375,514	52,375,514
Depreciation and amortization	-	(106,574,815)	(106,574,815)
Disposals	-	(57,221,829)	(57,221,829)
Net revaluation increment	150,118,520	17,176,011	167,294,531
Balance at end of year	P1,082,566,830	P911,107,088	P1,993,673,918

	2023		
	Significant Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Total
Balance at beginning of year	P904,156,050	₽929,787,441	P1,833,943,491
Additions and reclassifications	-	182,248,890	182,248,890
Depreciation and amortization	-	(111,925,750)	(111,925,750)
Disposals	-	(58,923)	(58,923)
Net revaluation increment	28,292,260	5,300,549	33,592,809
Balance at end of year	P932,448,310	P1,005,352,207	P1,937,800,517

There are no transfers between the levels of fair value hierarchy in 2024, 2023 and 2022.

<u>At Cost</u>

The following transportation equipment and construction in-progress (CIP) are carried at cost:

Transportation Equipment P45,690,206 — (475,627)	CIP P43,674,517 26,720,916	Total
₽45,690,206 - (475,627)	P43,674,517	
(475,627)		P89,364,723
(475,627)		P89,364,723
	26,720,916	
		26,720,916
	(7,465,269)	(7,940,896)
45,214,579	62,930,164	108,144,743
43,829,334	2	43,829,334
1,056,505	_	1,056,505
(101,920)	-	(101,920)
44,783,919	-	44,783,919
P430,660	P62,930,164	₽63,360,824
	2023	
Transportation	0.0000	
Equipment	CIP	Total
₽48,580,960	P122,736,649	P171,317,609
624,480	30,599,506	31,223,986
-	(109,661,638)	(109,661,638)
(3,515,234)	_	(3,515,234)
45,690,206	43,674,517	89,364,723
The state of the s		
44,823,791	-	44,823,791
2,459,277	_	2,459,277
(3,453,734)	-	(3,453,734)
43,829,334	-	43,829,334
P1,860,872	₽43,674,517	P45,535,389
	1,056,505 (101,920) 44,783,919 P430,660 Transportation Equipment P48,580,960 624,480 - (3,515,234) 45,690,206 44,823,791 2,459,277 (3,453,734) 43,829,334	43,829,334 - 1,056,505 - (101,920) - 44,783,919 - P430,660 P62,930,164 2023 Transportation Equipment CIP P48,580,960 P122,736,649 624,480 30,599,506 - (109,661,638) (3,515,234) - 45,690,206 43,674,517 44,823,791 - 2,459,277 - (3,453,734) - 43,829,334 -

CIP represents cost of raw materials, general construction works and installation costs incurred in the construction of the Company's offices, cabling installation, piping, bagging system installation and other developments. Completed construction costs amounting to P7.5 million in 2024, P109.7 million in 2023 and P6.3 million in 2022, were reclassified to the appropriate property, plant and equipment accounts. As at December 31, 2024 and 2023, there are no significant contractual commitments entered into by the Company.

The Company sold property, plant and equipment, investment properties and ROU assets for a cash consideration resulting to a gain (loss) on disposal amounting to (P1.6 million) in 2024, P0.4 million in 2023 and (P1.0 million) in 2022 (see Note 23).

As at December 31, 2024 and 2023, fully depreciated property, plant and equipment that are still being used by the Company amounted to P416.2 million and P351.9 million, respectively.

Depreciation and amortization expense recognized in the separate statements of comprehensive income are as follows:

	Note	2024	2023	2022
Property, plant and equipment:				
At revaluated amounts		P106,574,815	P111,925,750	P101,423,228
At cost		1,056,505	2,459,277	3,944,039
ROU assets	25	26,892,227	22,994,914	17,723,732
Computer software	14	3,398,021	3,398,021	5,795,513
		P137,921,568	P140,777,962	P128,886,512

Depreciation and amortization expense were charged to the following:

	Note	2024	2023	2022
Cost of goods sold	20	P95,659,467	P98,961,312	P92,613,365
Operating expenses:	21			
Selling and distribution		26,625,124	26,384,795	21,233,128
Administrative expenses		15,636,977	15,431,855	15,040,019
		42,262,101	41,816,650	36,273,147
		P137,921,568	P140,777,962	P128,886,512

13. Investment Properties

This consists of the Company's parcels of land arising from the foreclosure of properties as settlement of its customers' liabilities to the Company, and properties which are held either to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or both, but not for sale in the ordinary course of business or for administrative purposes.

Investment properties are measured using the fair value model. The composition and movements in this account are summarized below:

		2024	
	Land	Building	Total
Cost			
Balance at beginning of year	P177,161,892	P15,567,585	P192,729,477
Disposals	(5,943,000)	_	(5,943,000)
Balance at end of year	171,218,892	15,567,585	186,786,477
Cumulative Gain on Changes in	7, 4 (6-4,4-4)		
Fair Value			
Balance at beginning of year	109,431,064	(814,190)	108,616,874
Gain on changes in fair value	10,379,238	6,513,880	16,893,118
Balance at end of year	119,810,302	5,699,690	125,509,992
Carrying Amount	P291,029,194	P21,267,275	P312,296,469
		2023	
	Land	Building	Total
Cost	NO. NO. NO. NO. NO. NO. NO. NO.		
Balance at beginning of year	P178,403,468	P15,567,585	P193,971,053
Additions	1,712,209	2	1,712,209
Disposals	(2,953,785)	-	(2,953,785)
Balance at end of year	177,161,892	15,567,585	192,729,477
Cumulative Gain (Loss) on Changes in Fair Value			
Balance at beginning of year	45,122,474	(619,585)	44,502,889
Gain (loss) on changes in fair value	64,308,590	(194,605)	64,113,985
Balance at end of year	109,431,064	(814,190)	108,616,874
Carrying Amount	¥286,592,956	P14,753,395	P301,346,351

The Company's investment properties were appraised by an independent firm of appraisers as at December 31, 2024 and 2023. Net gain on change in fair value amounted to P16.9 million in 2024, P64.1 million in 2023 and P28.2 million in 2022.

The Company recognized revenue from leasing operations amounting to P10.8 million in 2024, P14.1 million in 2023 and P19.9 million in 2022 (see Note 25). Direct costs related to the lease of investment properties amounted to P3.2 million in 2024, P1.0 million in 2023 and P1.1 million in 2022.

Details of the valuation techniques used in measuring fair values of classified under Level 2 (land) and Level 3 (buildings) of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

		_	Range		
Class of Property	Valuation Techniques	Significant Inputs	2024	2023	
Land	Sales comparison approach	Price per square meter (sqm) Value adjustments	P67 - P19,599 5% - 70%	P45 - P17,000 5% - 70%	
Buildings	DCF approach	Discount rate	12%	11%	
		Per monthly rent (sqm)	P30 - P114	P63 - R72	

Sales comparison approach involves the comparison of the Company land to those that are more or less located within the vicinity of the appraised properties and are subject of recent sales and offerings. Adjustments were made to arrive at the market value by considering the location, size, shape, utility, desirability and time element.

The significant inputs to fair valuation are as follows:

- Price per sqm estimated value prevailing in the real estate market depending on the location, area, shape and time element.
- Value adjustments adjustments are made to bring the comparative values in approximation to the investment property taking into account the location, size and architectural features among others.

Meanwhile, building was valued using DCF approach (Level 3) and utilized discount rate and monthly rental rates as significant inputs. Under the DCF approach, a property's fair value is estimated using explicit assumptions regarding the benefits and liabilities of ownership over the asset's estimated useful life including an exit or terminal value. As an accepted method within the income approach to valuation, the DCF approach involves the projection of a series of cash flows on a real property interest. An appropriate, market-derived discount rate is applied to projected cash flow series to establish the present value of the income stream associated with the investment property.

Periodic cash flows of investment properties are typically estimated as gross income less vacancy and operating expenses. The series of periodic net operating income, along with an estimate of the terminal value anticipated at the end of the projection period, is then discounted.

The frequency of inflows and outflows are contract and market-derived. The DCF approach assumes that cash outflows occur in the same period that expenses are recorded.

Generally, significant increases (decreases) in the discount rate in isolation would result in a significantly lower (higher) fair value measurement. Significant increases (decreases) in rental rate in isolation would result in a significantly higher (lower) fair value measurement.

14. Other Noncurrent Assets

This account consists of:

	Note	2024	2023
Project development costs	10.7	P31,368,395	₽31,368,395
Security deposits	25	12,928,688	12,928,688
Computer software		7,089,955	10,487,976
NAME OF THE PARTY		51,387,038	54,785,059
Allowance for impairment losses		(31,368,395)	(31,368,395)
		P20,018,643	P23,416,664

Project development costs represent expenses incurred on the Company's aqua feeds and aqua culture projects. These were already fully provided with valuation allowance as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 since based on management's evaluation, these costs may no longer be recoverable.

The balance and movements in computer software are as follows:

	Note	2024	2023
Cost			
Balance at beginning and end of year		P43,365,131	P43,365,131
Accumulated Amortization			
Balance at beginning of year		32,877,155	29,479,134
Amortization	12	3,398,021	3,398,021
Balance at end of year		36,275,176	32,877,155
Carrying Amount		P7,089,955	P10,487,976

15. Trade and Other Payables

The account consists of the following:

	Note	2024	2023
Trade payables:			
Third parties		P1,523,892,950	¥1,572,615,025
Related parties	27	89,804,756	41,902,024
Nontrade payables		261,374,486	158,419,428
Accrued expenses:			
Selling and administrative		281,701,186	189,328,480
Outside services		59,620,661	25,503,169
Others		41,383,995	14,785,463
Statutory payables		27,095,982	25,759,692
Customers' deposits		5,016,139	14,150,358
		P2,289,890,155	P2,042,463,639

Trade payables consist of liabilities arising from purchases of inventories in the normal course of business. These are noninterest-bearing and are generally settled within 30 to 90 days.

Nontrade payables are liabilities arising from purchases of goods other than inventories and various services giving rise to expenses such as trucking fees, utilities, security services and inspection fees, among others. These are normally settled within one year.

Accrued expenses mainly pertain to selling and administrative expenses, outside services, salaries and wages, freight and handling, outside services, taxes and licenses, commissions and supplies, among others. These are normally settled within one year.

Statutory payables consist of liabilities to government agencies. These are normally settled within a month.

Customers' deposits include amounts advanced by customers to the Company. These are normally applied within one year.

16. Loans Payable

The Company's outstanding loans payable to local banks amounted to P800.0 million and P898.1 million as at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The Company's short-term and long-term loans are not subject to any debt covenants.

	2024	2023
Short-term loans	P694,494,301	P823,655,000
Current portion of long-term loans	58,321,429	24,821,429
Current portion of loans payable	752,815,730	848,476,429
Noncurrent portion of loans payable	47,154,760	49,642,856
	P799,970,490	₽898,119,285

Short-term Loans Payable

In 2024 and 2023, the Company obtained unsecured, Peso-denominated short-term loans from local banks to finance its working capital requirements. The Company's short-term loans mature within 90 days and bear annual interest rates ranging from 6.00% to 6.50%. Outstanding balance amounted to \$694.5 million and \$823.7 million as at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Long-term Loans Payable

The following are the Company's long-term loans payable:

a. \$86.9 million promissory note

On October 31, 2018, the Company entered into an eight-year loan agreement with China Bank Savings, Inc. ("CBS") amounting to P86.9 million, payable in 28 quarterly installments starting January 31, 2020 and bearing an interest rate of 7.875% per annum that is repriced annually. Repriced interest rate is 7.875% in 2024 and 7.750% in 2023. Outstanding balance amounted to P24.8 million and P37.2 million as at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

b. P86.9 million promissory note

On December 6, 2018, the Company entered into another eight-year loan agreement with CBS amounting to P86.9 million, payable in 28 quarterly installments, starting March 6, 2020 and bearing an interest rate of 8.125% per annum that is repriced annually. Repriced interest rate is 8.125% in 2024 and 7.750% in 2023. Outstanding balance amounted to P24.8 million and P37.2million as at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

c. P67.0 million promissory note

On August 22, 2024, the Company entered into another two-year loan agreement with Asian United Bank ("AUB") amounting to P67.0 million, payable in 24 monthly installments, starting September 23, 2024 and bearing an interest rate of 7.75% per annum, repriced annually. Outstanding balance amounted to P55.8 million as at December 31, 2024.

Total availments of loans payable amounted to P958.9 million in 2024 and P1,740.2 million in 2023 and P2,349.6 in 2022. Total payments of loans payable amounted to P1,057.0 million in 2024, P1,877.2 million in 2023 and P1,819.5 million in 2022 (see Note 29).

Total interest expense recognized in the separate statements of comprehensive income consists of the following:

	Note	2024	2023	2022
Loans payable		P68,837,102	P68,308,882	P35,735,576
Accretion of interest on lease	25			
liabilities		8,887,040	7,514,406	4,266,400
11661111098		P77,724,142	P75,823,288	P40,001,976

17. Cash Bond Deposits

Cash bond deposits amounting to P66.2 million and P60.3 million as at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively, mainly pertains to surety bond deposits from contract growers, contract breeders, and salesmen.

These are generally renewed on an annual basis and cash bond deposits will be refunded upon termination of the contract.

18. Equity

Capital Stock

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company has issued and outstanding common shares of 3,054,334,014 common shares at P0.38 par value equivalent to P1,160.6 million. Details of the authorized, issued and outstanding common shares as at December 31 are as follows:

	2024	2023
Authorized	3,500,000,000	3,500,000,000
Issued and outstanding	3,054,334,014	3,054,334,014
Capital stock	P1,160,646,925	P1,160,646,925

The details and movements of the common shares listed with PSE follows:

Date of SEC Approval	Authorized Shares	No. of Shares Issued
October 2, 1972	5,000,000	5,000,000
May 2, 1973	10,000,000	10,000,000
October 31, 1974	7,000,000	7,000,000
December 5, 1977	45,000,000	45,000,000
December 5, 1982	33,000,000	33,000,000
August 11, 1986	200,000,000	200,000,000
February 9, 1989	200,000,000	200,000,000
October 16, 2013	3,500,000,000	2,286,497,901
December 22, 2017	3,500,000,000	267,836,113
		3,054,334,014

The Company has 4,095 and 4,113 stockholders as at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

19. Revenues

This account consists of:

Note	2024	2023	2022
	P7,344,260,189	P6,885,026,308	P6,167,824,514
	4,507,108,706	5,128,051,943	5,199,285,804
	502,473,423	472,171,275	516,895,636
	12,353,842,318	12,485,249,526	11,884,005,954
8	91,769,612	(47,779,579)	10,936,438
	P12,445,611,930	P12,437,469,947	P11,894,942,392
		P7,344,260,189 4,507,108,706 502,473,423 12,353,842,318 8 91,769,612	P7,344,260,189 P6,885,026,308 4,507,108,706 5,128,051,943 502,473,423 472,171,275 12,353,842,318 12,485,249,526

20. Cost of Goods Sold

This account consists of the following:

423,314,388	426,291,217	312,262,806
	1,125,872,634	858,830,177
The second secon	2023 P9.828.749.087	see Note 4) 99,451,518,829
	P9,112,734,492	P9,112,734,492 P9,828,749,087

Others is composed of communication, light and water and repairs and maintenance.

21. Operating Expenses

This account consists of the following:

	2024	2023	2022 (As restated - see Note 4)
Administrative expenses	₽671,386,785	P533,461,349	P540,091,031
Selling and marketing	394,306,525	330,111,313	324,506,480
	P1,065,693,310	₽863,572,662	₽864,597,511

The details of operating expenses are as follows:

	Note	2024	2023	2022 (As restated - see Note 4)
Salaries and employee benefits	22	P323,928,242	P308,581,992	P272,738,179
Freight and handling		154,767,048	148,731,729	146,844,467
Transportation and travel		137,230,191	132,325,449	144,431,202
Contractual services		75,043,755	31,401,421	21,765,940
Advertising and promotions		56,113,494	19,578,566	24,540,837
Professional fees		42,782,839	25,298,863	34,081,084
Representation and entertainment		42,513,698	15,144,162	36,233,011
Depreciation and amortization	12	42,262,101	41,816,650	36,273,147
Provision for ECL on trade receivables	6	41,051,404	3,539,062	1,704,635
Publications and subscriptions		40,083,480	40,088,981	39,323,376
Computerization project		36,562,175	28,263,914	28,826,178
Taxes and licenses		24,999,810	24,432,892	25,266,950
Trainings and seminar		10,467,495	5,343,021	1,455,007
Communications, light and water		9,976,368	9,108,921	9,205,922
Rentals	25	7,169,531	10,249,091	8,269,477
Supplies		5,246,668	4,488,954	4,496,766
Insurance		5,215,068	4,701,190	4,157,408
Repairs and maintenance		4,148,153	5,336,923	2,897,165
Others		6,131,790	5,140,881	22,086,760
		P1,065,693,310	₽863,572,662	P864,597,511

Other expenses include bank charges, association dues and inspection fees, among others.

22. Salaries and Employee Benefits

This account pertains to the following:

	Note	2024	2023	2022
Salaries and wages		P294,635,366	P288,890,106	P253,870,375
Retirement benefits	24	25,361,136	22,122,540	22,336,339
Commissions		18,360,786	16,550,520	27,560,525
Other short-term benefits		22,431,777	16,872,832	14,785,759
		P360,789,065	P344,435,998	P318,552,998
		The Chicago and Addison to Delignate the Annual Contract of the Contract of th	Comment of the Commen	and the second second second second second second second

Salaries and employee benefits is allocated as follows:

	Note	2024	2023	2022
Cost of goods sold	20	P36,860,823	P35,854,006	P45,814,819
Operating expenses:	21			
Administrative		217,031,922	205,996,289	176,820,010
Selling and distribution		106,896,320	102,585,703	95,918,169
		323,928,242	308,581,992	272,738,179
		¥360,789,065	₽344,435,998	P318,552,998

23. Others - net

This account consists of:

	Note	2024	2023	2022
Losses on inventories and property, plant and equipment				
damaged by the typhoon	7,12	(P26,408,870)	P-	₽-
Gain on collection of previously				
written off trade receivables	6	18,152,097	-	-
Tax settlement		(14,493,495)	(4,586,382)	(10,696,915)
Rental income	25	10,786,031	14,051,581	19,877,100
Gain (loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment, investment properties and				
ROU assets	12	(1,599,242)	412,275	(1,037,744)
Net foreign exchange gain (loss)		265,283	(615,490)	(28,701,581)
Others		(11,301,720)		932,945
		(P24,599,916)	P9,261,984	(P19,626,195)

Others pertain to digitalization expenses and other miscellaneous income.

24. Net Retirement Liability

The Company has a partially funded, noncontributory defined benefit retirement plan covering all of its qualified employees. The defined benefit plan is being administered by a trustee bank which is responsible for the administration of the plan asset. The Company's retirement benefits are based on years of service and one and one-fourth month's salary for every year of continuous service.

The plan is exposed to interest rate risks and changes in the life expectancy of qualified employees. The plan is not exposed to significant concentrations of risk on the plan assets.

There are no unusual or significant risks to which the retirement liability exposes the Company. However, in the event a benefit claim arises under the retirement liability, the benefit shall immediately be due and payable from the Company.

The following tables summarize the components of retirement benefit costs recognized in the separate statements of comprehensive income based on the report of an independent actuary as at December 31, 2024.

Details of retirement expense is as follows (see Note 22):

2024	2023	2022
P14,345,412	P11,519,694	P13,896,753
11,015,724	10,602,846	8,439,586
P25,361,136	₽22,122,540	P22,336,339
	P14,345,412 11,015,724	P14,345,412 P11,519,694 11,015,724 10,602,846

The amounts of net retirement liability recognized in the separate statements of financial position are determined as follows:

	2024	2023
Present value of DBO	P205,478,854	P184,617,101
Fair value of plan assets	(4,479,812)	(4,031,451)
	P200,999,042	P180,585,650

While there are no minimum funding requirements in the country, any size of underfunding may pose a cash flow risk in the future when a significant number of employees is expected to retire.

The movements in the present value of DBO are as follows:

	2024	2023
Balance at beginning of year	P184,617,101	P150,989,435
Current service costs	14,345,412	11,519,694
Interest expense	11,261,643	10,886,338
Benefits paid	(2,876,500)	(2,184,831)
Remeasurement loss (gain)	(1,868,802)	13,406,465
Balance at end of year	P205,478,854	P184,617,101
Committee of the commit	and the state of t	

The movements in the fair value of plan assets are as follows:

2024	2023
P4,031,451	₽3,931,933
245,919	283,492
202,442	(183,974)
P4,479,812	P4,031,451
	P4,479,812

The Company's plan assets are comprised of the following:

	2024	2023
Cash and cash equivalents	P123,643	P256,803
Equity instruments	693,475	502,722
Debt instruments - government bonds	3,646,567	3,257,816
Others	16,127	14,110
	P4,479,812	P4,031,451

There are no expected contributions to the Company's retirement plan in the following year.

The cumulative net remeasurement gains (losses) on net retirement liability recognized in OCI as at December 31 are as follows:

	2024		
	Cumulative Remeasurement	Deferred Tax	
	Loss	(see Note 26)	Net
Balance at beginning of year	(98,315,699)	P2,078,925	(P6,236,774)
Remeasurement gain	2,071,244	(517,811)	1,553,433
Balance at end of year	(P6,244,455)	P1,561,114	(P4,683,341)
			The second secon

		2023	
	Cumulative Remeasurement Gain (Loss)	Deferred Tax (see Note 26)	Net
Balance at beginning of year	P5,274,740	(P1,318,685)	P3,956,055
Remeasurement loss	(13,590,439)	3,397,610	(10,192,829)
Balance at end of year	(P8,315,699)	P2,078,925	(P6,236,774)
		2022	
	Cumulative		
	Remeasurement	Deferred Tax	
	Gain (Loss)	(see Note 26)	Net
Balance at beginning of year	(P37,180,020)	P9,295,005	(P27,885,015)
Remeasurement gain	42,454,760	(10,613,690)	31,841,070
Balance at end of year	P5,274,740	(P1,318,685)	P3,956,055

The principal assumptions used for the purpose of the actuarial valuation are as follows:

	2024	2023
Discount rate	6.10%	6.10%
Salary increase projection rate	5.00%	5.00%
Average remaining service years	21.9	22.4

The sensitivity analysis based on reasonable possible changes of assumptions as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 are presented below:

		Retirement Liability (in thousands		
	-3		Salary Increase	
	Change in Assumption	Discount Rate	Projection Rate	
December 31, 2024	+100 bps	(P15,241)	P17,497	
	-100 bps	17,479	(15,529)	
December 31, 2023	+100 bps	(P13,861)	P15,904	
	-100 bps	15,888	(14,122)	

The expected future benefit payments of the Company are as follows:

	2024	2023
Less than one year		
Between one and five years	P27,284,824	P26,011,557
TO 1871, FOR SOME SERVICE AND SERVICE SERVICES AND SERVIC	83,788,844	55,006,165
Beyond five years	782,323,993	737,372,323
	₽893,397,661	₽818,390,045

The weighted average duration of the present value of retirement benefit obligation as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 are 8.0 years and 8.1 years, respectively.

25. Significant Agreements

Operating Leases - The Company as a Lessor

The Company entered into cancellable leases covering certain production plants (i.e., dressing, rendering and ice production) which have lease terms of around two to three years and are renewable upon mutual agreement of the parties.

Total rent income from these operating leases amounted to P10.8 million in 2024, P14.1 million in 2023 and P19.9 million in 2022 and are shown as part of "Others - net" account in the separate statements of comprehensive income (see Note 23).

The Company as a Lessee - Short-term Leases

The Company leases certain warehouses under operating lease agreements for a period of one year and are renewable upon mutual agreement by the parties. Rent expense amounted to P7.2 million in 2024, P10.2 million in 2023 and P8.3 million in 2022, respectively (see Note 21).

Security deposits amounted to P12.9 million as at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively (see Note 14).

The Company as a Lessee - Long-term Leases

The Company entered into lease agreements of an office space in a building and finance lease agreements for its transportation equipment for a period of more than a year. The Company recognized ROU assets and lease liabilities on these transactions using the interest rates implicit in the leases which are fixed at the contract date. The average effective interest rate approximates 7.875% to 8.125% per annum in 2024, 2023 and 2022.

ROU Assets

The movements in ROU assets are as follows:

			2024	
		Transportation		
-	Note	Building	Equipment	Total
Cost				
Balance at beginning of year		P21,838,157	P169,050,075	P190,888,232
Additions			42,799,984	42,799,984
Derecognition		-	(2,801,047)	(2,801,047)
Balance at end of year		21,838,157	209,049,012	230,887,169
Accumulated Amortization		3,700		
Balance at beginning of year		14,237,521	94,212,987	108,450,508
Amortization	12	3,257,415	23,634,812	26,892,227
Derecognition		_	(1,454,627)	(1,454,627)
Balance at end of year		17,494,936	116,393,172	133,888,108
Carrying Amount		P4,343,221	P92,655,840	P96,999,061

		2023				
	Note	Building	Equipment	Total		
Cost			Last Control Control Control	A TOTAL TO LOW HOST CO.		
Balance at beginning of year		P12,065,912	P128,919,298	₽140,985,210		
Additions		9,772,245	40,130,777	49,903,022		
Balance at end of year		21,838,157	169,050,075	190,888,232		
Accumulated Amortization						
Balance at beginning of year		11,341,957	74,113,637	85,455,594		
Amortization	12	2,895,564	20,099,350	22,994,914		
Balance at end of year		14,237,521	94,212,987	108,450,508		
Carrying Amount		₽7,600,636	P74,837,088	P82,437,724		

<u>Lease Liabilities</u>
The balance and movements in lease liabilities are as follows:

Note	2024	2023
	M-0-M-1	2023
	P83,591,520	P52,299,839
	42,799,984	49,903,022
16	8,887,040	7,514,406
	(34,308,243)	(26,125,747)
	100,970,301	83,591,520
	31,063,007	22,442,663
	P69,907,294	P61,148,857
	16	42,799,984 8,887,040 (34,308,243) 100,970,301 31,063,007

The amounts recognized in profit or loss related to leases follow:

	Note	2024	2023	2022
Amortization of ROU assets Accretion of interest on lease		P26,892,227	P22,994,914	P17,723,732
liabilities		8,887,040	7,514,406	4,266,400
Short-term leases	21	7,169,531	10,249,091	8,269,477
		P42,948,798	P40,758,411	P30,259,609

The gross minimum lease payments and present value of future minimum lease payments as at December 31 are as follows:

	2024		202	23
	Minimum Lease Payments	Present Value	Minimum Lease Payments Present V	
Not later than one	100000000000000000000000000000000000000			
year	P37,043,196	P31,063,007	P29,168,306	P22,442,663
Later than one year			1 - 1	
but not more than				
five years	80,797,963	69,907,294	69,585,536	61,148,857
	P117,841,159	P100,970,301	₽98,753,842	₽83,591,520

Agreements with Contract Growers and Breeders

The Company has entered into various agreements with growers and breeders for the growing and breeding of livestock. These are generally renewed on an annual basis. The carrying amount of related advances to contract growers and breeders amounted to \$81.4 million and \$35.0 million as at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The advances to contract growers and breeders are settled upon delivery of goods to the Company (see Note 9).

Tolling Agreements

The Company has also entered into various toll arrangements, mainly for the manufacture of its feeds, hatching of eggs and dressing of poultry livestock whose services are payable through fixed amounts per unit of output.

Total services incurred from tolling arrangements amounted to P1,224.4 million in 2024, P1,125.9 million in 2023 and P858.8 million in 2022 and are recorded as part of "Outside Services" account under "Cost of Goods Sold" account in the separate statements of comprehensive income (see Note 20).

26. Income Tax

The components of provision for income tax are as follows:

Reported in OCI - Deferred	P42,341,444	P5,000,592	(P43,071,184)
	P97,795,172	₽687,744	P61,024,896
Deferred	17,945,806	(21,247,496)	9,722,023
Current	₽79,849,366	₱21,935,240	₽51,302,873
Reported in profit or loss:			
	2024	2023	2022 (As restated - see Note 4)

The components of the Company's net deferred tax liabilities are as follows:

	2024	2023
Deferred tax assets:		
Retirement liability	P50,249,761	P45,146,413
Allowance for ECL on trade and other receivable	39,288,910	29,026,059
Allowance for impairment loss on advances to		
contract growers and breeders	13,007,783	13,007,783
Allowance for inventory write-down	224,079	224,079
Unrealized loss on foreign exchange	25,109	-
Fair value changes of biological assets - livestock	-	11,944,895
	102,795,642	99,349,229
Deferred tax liabilities:		
Revaluation surplus on property,		
plant and equipment	(186,525,986)	(147,319,402)
Fair value changes of biological assets - livestock	(22,942,403)	
Cumulative gain on fair value changes of investment		
properties	(5,265,173)	(3,636,703)
Excess of lease liabilities over ROU assets	(817,055)	(848,147)
Unrealized gain on foreign exchange	_	(12,703)
	(215,550,617)	(151,816,955)
	(P112,754,975)	(P52,467,726)

As at December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company did not recognize deferred tax assets relating to the following as management has assessed that these may not be realized in the future:

	2024	2023
Allowance for ECL on:		
Receivable from an insurance company	P17,865,193	P17,865,193
Trade and other receivables	5,907,753	5,907,753
Allowance for impairment loss on:	150000000000000000000000000000000000000	
Project development costs	7,842,099	7,842,099
Advances to suppliers	2,743,206	2,734,206
	7,842,099	P34,349,251

The reconciliation between the income tax based on statutory income tax rate and provision for (benefit from) income tax reported in the separate statements of comprehensive income is as follows:

2024	2023	2022
	1070	
25.0%	25.0%	25.0%
1.2%	(32.9%)	9.0%
		-
0.0%	(0.0%)	(0.0%)
	150000	
0.0%	10.7%	-
26.2%	2.8%	34.0%
	25.0% 1.2% 0.0%	2024 2023 25.0% 25.0% 1.2% (32.9%) 0.0% (0.0%) 0.0% 10.7%

The RCIT used in preparing the separate financial statements as at and for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 is 25%. The MCIT rate used is 2.00%, 1.50% and 1.00% for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

27. Related Party Transactions

The Company, in its regular conduct of business, has transactions with its related parties. The following tables summarize the transactions with the related parties and outstanding balance arising from these transactions.

		Nature of	Amount of Transactions		Outs	Outstanding Balance	
Related Parties	Note	Transaction	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Trade and Other	2100	- Sherry and Albander			752.000		
Receivables	. 6						
Entitles under common							
control		Sales	¥732,746,538	¥701,153,353			
		Collections	(630,384,268)	(698,063,966)	P245,890,511	¥143,528,241	
Subsidiary		Sales	119,541,550	87,851,522	- Problems	The state of the s	
and the same of th		Collections	(28,490,018)		236,141,525	145.089,993	
		Sales	P852,288,088	¥789,004,875	orani suote sate		
		Collections	(658,874,286)	(718,784,244)	P482,032,036	P288,618,234	
Trade and Other Payables	15						
Subsidiary		Purchases	¥1,017,946,812	₱974,120,210			
		Payments	(981,821,947)	(869,005,473)	P74,119,353	#37,994,488	
Entitles under common			400000000000000000000000000000000000000		000000000000000000000000000000000000000	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	
control		Purchases	289,661,066	657,164,684			
		Payments	(277,883,199)	(724,710,813)	15,685,403	3,907.536	
		Purchases	P1,307,607,878	P1,631,284,894			
		Payments	(1,259,705,146)	(1,593,716,286)	P89,804,756	941,902,024	
4.2	6	Advances - net of					
Advances to Officers		collections	P3,523,779	#3,853,188	P26,380,471	\$22,856,692	

Trade and Other Receivables

The Company sells animal feeds, raw materials, feed supplements and dressed chicken to related parties, which are due within 90 days and are noninterest-bearing. Outstanding balances of trade and other receivables from related parties are unsecured and to be settled in cash. No allowance for ECL on trade and other receivables from related parties was recognized as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 (see Note 6).

Trade and Other Payables

The Company buys raw materials and breeder flocks from related parties. These are noninterestbearing, generally on a 30 to 90-day credit term, unsecured and to be settled in cash (see Note 15).

Advances to Officers

The Company grants unsecured, noninterest-bearing advances to its officers which are normally collected within one year through salary deduction. The allowance for ECL on advances to officers as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 are disclosed in Note 6.

Compensation of Key Management Personnel

The compensation of key management personnel are as follows:

2024	2023	2022
P69,911,760	₽54,914,416	P55,480,527
4,656,828	5,238,557	5,010,571
24,276,904	19,521,032	17,133,565
P98,845,492	₽79,674,005	P77,624,663
	P69,911,760 4,656,828 24,276,904	P69,911,760 P54,914,416 4,656,828 5,238,557 24,276,904 19,521,032

28. Earnings Per Share

Basic and diluted earnings per share were computed as follows:

	Note	2024	2023	2022
Net income Divided by the weighted average number of outstanding		P275,757,288	P23,827,005	₽118,420,989
common shares	18	3,054,334,014	3,054,334,014	3,054,334,014
Basic and diluted earnings per share	9	P0.090	P0.008	P0.039

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing net income for the year attributable to common equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of common shares issued and outstanding during the year.

The Company does not have any dilutive common shares outstanding as at December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022.

29. Reconciliation of Liabilities Arising from Financing Activities

The tables below detail the changes in the Company's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes:

		January 1,	Financing	Financing Cash Flows		December 31,
	Note	2024	Availments	Payments	Changes	2024
Loans payable	16	P898,119,285	P958,883,200	(P1,057,031,995)	P-	₽799,970,490
Lease liabilities	25	83,591,520	-	(34,308,243)	51,687,024	100,970,301
Interest expense	16	-	-	(68,837,102)	68,837,102	
		P981,710,805	P958,883,200	(P1,160,177,340)	P120,524,126	P900,940,791
		January 1,	Financing	Cash Flows	Non-cash	December 31,
	Note	2023	Availments	Payments	Changes	2023
Loans payable	16	P1,035,121,351	P1,740,233,658	(P1,877,235,724)	P-	P898,119,285
Lease liabilities	25	52,299,839	-	(26,125,747)	57,417,428	83,591,520
Interest expense	16	_	-	(68,308,882)	68,308,882	_
		F1,087,421,190	P1,740,233,658	(P1,971,670,353)	₽125.726.310	P981.710.805

30. Contingencies

The Company, in the ordinary course of business, has pending legal claims and assessments which are in various stages of discussions, protests and appeals with relevant third parties. Management, in consultation with its legal counsel, believes that the ultimate resolution of these legal claims and assessments would not have a material impact on the Company's financial position and results of operations based upon an analysis of potential results. Thus, no provision for contingencies was recognized in 2024, 2023 and 2022.

31. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash, trade and other receivables (excluding advances to officers and employees), receivable from an insurance company, security deposits, trade and other payables (excluding statutory payables), loans payable, lease liabilities and cash bond deposits.

It is the Company's policy that no trading in financial instruments shall be undertaken. The main risks arising from the Company's financial instruments are credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. The BOD reviews and approves policies for managing these risks as summarized below.

Credit Risk

The Company's exposure to credit risk arises from the failure of a counterparty to fulfill its financial commitments to the Company under the prevailing contractual terms. Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to credit risk consist primarily of trade receivables and other financial assets at amortized cost. The carrying amounts of these financial assets represent its maximum credit exposure.

Trade Receivables. Management has established a credit policy under which each new customer is analyzed individually for creditworthiness before the Company's standard payment and delivery terms, and conditions are offered. The Company's credit policy includes available external ratings, financial statements, credit agency information, industry information and, in some cases, bank references. Credit limits are established for each customer and reviewed on a regular basis. Any sales on credit exceeding those limits require specific approval from upper level of management. The Company limits its exposure to credit risk by transacting mainly with recognized and creditworthy customers that have undergone its credit evaluation and approval process. Historically, trade receivables are substantially collected within one (1) year. Trade receivables are closely monitored on aging of the account.

As at December 31, 2024 and 2023, there were no significant credit concentrations. The Company also requires collateral which are generally land and real estate from its customers to minimize credit risk.

Financial Assets Other than Trade Receivables. The Company's other financial assets at amortized cost are mostly composed of cash in banks, other receivables (excluding advances to officers and employees), receivable from an insurance company and security deposits.

For cash in banks, the Company limits its exposure to credit risk by investing only with banks that have good credit standing and reputation in the local and international banking industry. These instruments are graded in the top category by an acceptable credit rating agency and, therefore, are considered to be low credit risk investments.

For receivable from an insurance company, management and its legal counsel believe that the ongoing litigation on the remaining claims will not result to additional allowance for ECL (see Note 10).

For the other financial assets, credit risk is low since the Company only transacts with reputable companies and individuals with respect to this financial asset.

It is the Company's policy to measure ECL on the above instruments on a 12-month basis. However, when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since origination, the allowance will be based on the lifetime ECL. When determining if there has been a significant increase in credit risk, the Company considers reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort and that is relevant for the particular financial instrument being assessed such as, but not limited to, the following factors:

- Actual or expected external and internal credit rating downgrade;
- · Existing or forecasted adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions; and
- Actual or expected significant adverse changes in the operating results of the borrower.

The Company also considers financial assets that are more than 120 days past due to be the latest point at which lifetime ECL should be recognized unless it can demonstrate that this does not represent significant credit risk such as when non-payment arising from administrative oversight rather than resulting from financial difficulty of the borrower.

The tables below show the credit quality by class of financial assets based on the Company's credit rating system as at December 31:

2024			
Simplified Approach			
Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
P580,243,849	P-	9-	P580,243,849
933,480,534	384,409,058	137,224,728	1,455,114,320
-	141,664,583	-	141,664,583
12,928,688	-	_	12,928,688
P1,526,653,071	P526,073,641	P137,224,728	P2,189,951,440
	Stage 1 P580,243,849 933,480,534 - 12,928,688	Simplified Approach Stage 1 Stage 2 P580,243,849 P- 933,480,534 384,409,058 - 141,664,583 12,928,688 -	Simplified Approach Stage 1 Stage 2 Stage 3 P580,243,849 P- P- 933,480,534 384,409,058 137,224,728 - 141,664,583 - 12,928,688 -

*Excluding advances to officers and employees.

	2023			
	Simplified Approach			
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Cash in banks	P385,978,307	P-	R-	¥385,978,307
Trade and other receivables*	1,124,344,773	-	34,127,739	1,158,472,512
Receivable from an insurance company	-	141,664,583	-	141,664,583
Security deposits	12,928,688		-	12,928,688
	P1,523,251,768	P141,664,583	#34,127,739	¥1,699,044,090

*Excluding advances to officers and employees.

For trade and other receivables, "Stage 1" pertains to those receivables from customers that always pay on time or even before the maturity date. "Stage 2" includes receivables that are collected on their due dates provided that they were reminded or followed up by the Company. Those receivables which are collected consistently beyond their due dates and require persistent effort from the Company are included under "Stage 3".

Set out below is the information about the credit risk exposure on the Company's trade receivables using a provision matrix as at December 31:

					202	4			
			D	eys Past Du	ie.			Accounts	
	Current	Less than 30 days	30-60 days	61-90 days	91-120 days	More than 120 days	Total	with Full Provision	Total
Expected credit loss rate Estimated total gross carrying amount at	0.01%	0.09%	0.39%	0.71%	2.66%	26.71%			
default (in millions) Expected credit loss	P50.04	P644.60	P197.59	P24.38	P15.55	P471.25	P1403.41	PS1.70	P1455.11
(in millions)	P0.00	P0.55	90.77	P0.18	P0.42	P125.86	P127.78	P51.70	P179.48

				202	3			
-	4-18-5	D	ays Past Du	e.	Water Transfer		Accounts	
Current	Less than 30 days	30-60 days	61-90 days	91-120 days	More than 120 days	Total	with Full Provision	Total
0.00%	0.01%	0.32%	0.53%	0.33%	6.46%			
P643.68	¥149.75	#31,13	₱11.33	#3.07	#26.64	PB65.60	954.90	P920.50
P0.00	90.01	PO.10	P0.06	90.01	P1.72	¥1.90	₹54.90.	₽56.80
	0.00% P643.68	Current 30 days 0.00% 0.01% P643.68 P149.75	Less than 30-60 30 days days 0.00% 0.01% 0.32%	Current 0.00% Less than 30-60 days days days 61-90 days days days 0.00% 0.01% 0.32% 0.53% P643.68 P149.75 P31.13 P11.33	Days Past Due	Less than 30-60 G1-90 91-120 More than 30 days days days days 120 days 0.00% 0.01% 0.32% 0.53% 0.33% 6.46% P643.68 P149.75 P31.13 P11.33 P3.07 P26.64	Days Past Due	Days Past Due Accounts

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may not be able to settle its obligations as they fall due.

The table below summarizes the maturity profile of the financial liabilities of the Company based on remaining contractual undiscounted cash flows as at December 31:

	2024					
	Within 6 Months	6 to 12 Months	1 to 5 Years	Later than 5 Years	Total	
Trade and other payables*	¥2,262,794,173	9-	9-	P-	P2,262,794,173	
Loans payable	694,494,301	58,321,429	47,154,760	_	799,970,490	
Lease liabilities	18,373,409	18,426,281	81,041,469	_	117,841,159	
Cash bond deposits Future interest on long-term	-	66,192,780	-	~	66,192,780	
loans payable	3,836,225	1,923,754	1,371,525	-	7,131,504	
	F2,979,498,108	P144,864,244	P129,567,754	p-	¥3,253,930,106	

*Excluding statutory payables.

	2023				
	Within 6 Months	6 to 12 Months	1 to 5 Years	Later than 5 Years	Total
Trade and other payables*	P2,016,703,947	P-	P-	9-	#2,016,703,947
Loans payable	823,655,000	24,821,429	49,642,856	-	898,119,289
Lease liabilities	14,675,411	14,492,895	69,585,536	-	98,753,842
Cash bond deposits Future interest on long-term		60,306,912		~	60,306,912
loans payable	3,046,405	3,080,067	11,226,256	_	17,352,728
A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	P2,858,080,763	P102,701,303	P130,454,648	P-	¥3,091,236,714
#25 melting from a trade of the confidence for land					

The Company monitors its risk to a shortage of funds through analyzing the maturity of its financial liabilities and cash flows from operations. The Company monitors its cash position by a system of cash forecasting, wherein all expected collections, check disbursements and other payments are determined on a timely basis to arrive at the projected cash position to cover its obligations.

The Company's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility. The Company addresses liquidity concerns primarily through cash flows from operations.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that future cash flows from a financial instrument (cash flow interest rate risk) or its fair value (fair value interest rate risk) will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The Company's loans payable to local banks are subject to fixed interest rates and are exposed to fair value interest rate risk. The re-pricing of these instruments is done on regular intervals. The Company regularly monitors interest rate movements and on the basis of current and projected economic and monetary data, decides on the best alternative to take. No sensitivity analysis is needed as management has assessed that future interest rate changes are not expected to significantly affect the Company's separate net income.

Financial and Other Risks Relating to Livestock

The Company is exposed to various risks affecting the food industry such as food spoilage and contamination, thus, it is regulated by environmental, health and food safety organizations. The Company has processes and systems in place to monitor food safety risks in all stages of manufacturing and processing to mitigate these risks. In addition, the livestock industry is exposed to risks associated with supply and price volatility of its inventories and livestock.

To mitigate this risk, the Company regularly monitors the supply and price of commodities and enters into supply agreements at a reasonable price.

Capital Management

The Company's capital management objectives are to ensure the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and to provide an adequate return to shareholders by pricing products and services commensurate with the level of risk.

The Company monitors capital on the basis of the carrying amount of equity as presented in the separate statements of financial position. Capital for the reporting periods is summarized as follows:

	2024	2023
Total liabilities	P3,570,777,743	P3,317,534,732
Total equity	2,339,464,133	1,936,682,515
Debt-to-equity ratio	1.53	1.71

The Company is not subject to externally imposed restrictions.

32. Fair Value Measurement

The following table presents the carrying amounts and fair values of the Company's assets and liabilities measured at fair value and for which fair values are disclosed, and the corresponding fair value hierarchy as at December 31:

	202	4	2023		
	Carrying Amounts	Fair Values	Carrying Amounts	Fair Values	
Financial Assets at					
Amortized Cost					
Cash	¥585,037,297	P585,037,297	P392,412,466	P392,412,466	
Trade and other receivables*	1,275,631,580	1,275,631,580	1,020,041,176	1,020,041,176	
Receivable from an insurance					
company	70,203,810	70,203,810	70,203,810	70,203,810	
Security deposits	12,928,688	12,928,688	12,928,688	12,928,688	
	P1,943,801,375	P1,943,801,375	¥1,495,586,140	#1,495,586,140	
Financial Liabilities at					
Amortized Cost					
Trade and other payables**	¥2,262,794,173	P2,262,794,173	P2,016,703,947	P2,016,703,947	
Loans payable	799,970,490	799,970,490	898,119,285	898,119,285	
Lease liabilities	100,970,301	100,970,301	83,591,520	83,591,520	
Cash bond deposits	66,192,780	66,192,780	60,306,912	60,306,912	
The state of the s	P3,229,927,744	¥3,229,927,744	P3,058,721,664	P3,058,721,664	

^{*}Excluding advances to officers and employees.

The following methods and assumptions were used in estimating the fair value of the Company's financial assets and liabilities:

Cash, Trade and Other Receivables (Excluding Advances to Officers and Employees), Trade and Other Payables (Excluding Statutory Payables) and Cash Bond Deposits. The carrying amounts of these financial assets and liabilities approximate their fair values due to the short-term nature of these financial instruments.

Receivable from an Insurance Company, Security Deposits, Lease Liabilities, Loans Payable. Management believes that the differences between fair values and carrying amounts are not significant.

There have been no transfers between the fair value hierarchy in 2024 and 2023.

^{**}Excluding statutory payables.

33. Supplementary Information Required Under Revenue Regulations No. 15-2010 of the Bureau of Internal Revenue (BIR)

The information for the taxable year 2024 required by the above regulation is presented below.

Output VAT

Output VAT declared by the Company for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the revenues upon which the same was based consist of:

	Gross Amount of Revenues	Output VAT
Exempt sales	P12,352,435,866	
VATable sales	187,214,005	₽22,465,681
Total	12,539,649,871	22,465,681
Less: Applied Input VAT		18,408,423
VAT payments		4,057,258
		P-

The Company has exempt sales from the sale of animal feeds and live poultry pursuant to Section 109 of the National Internal Revenue Code (NIRC), as amended by Republic Act No. 12066.

Input VAT

The movements in input VAT claimed by the Company for the year ended December 31, 2024 are shown below.

Beginning balance	P427,404
Add: current year's purchases/payments for goods other	
than capital goods	184,280,486
Less input tax allocable to exempt sales	164,622,587
Total input VAT	20,085,303
Less applied against output VAT	18,408,423
Balance at the end of the year	P1,676,880

All Other Local and National Taxes

The Company's local and national taxes for the year ended December 31, 2024 consist of:

	P24,999,810
Others	3,238,847
Fringe benefit tax	3,450,245
Real property tax	6,145,449
Business permits and licenses	P12,165,269

The above local and national taxes were presented as part of "Taxes and Licenses" under "Operating Expenses" in the separate statements of comprehensive income.

Withholding Taxes

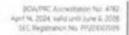
Withholding taxes paid and accrued by the Company as at and for the year ended December 31, 2024 consist of:

	Paid	Accrued	Total
Expanded withholding tax	P116,052,445	P17,784,595	P133,837,040
Withholding tax on compensation	22,165,855	3,055,275	25,221,130
	₽138,218,300	P20,839,870	P159,058,170

Withholding taxes payable is classified as "Statutory Payables" under "Trade and Other Payables" account in the separate statements of financial position.

Tax Assessment and Cases

The Company has no pending tax assessment and cases from the BIR, in courts, or in other regulatory bodies as at December 31, 2024.



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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO ACCOMPANY SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR FILING WITH THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

The Stockholders and the Board of Directors Vitarich Corporation Marilao – San Jose Road, Sta. Rosa I Marilao, Bulacan

REYES TACANDONG &

We have audited the accompanying separate financial statements of Vitarich Corporation (the Company), as at and for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, on which we have rendered our report dated March 20, 2025.

In compliance with Revised Securities Regulation Code Rule 68, we are stating that the Company has 4,084 stockholders owning one hundred (100) or more shares each.

REYES TACANDONG & CO.

Partner

CPA Certificate No. 97380

Tax Identification No. 201-892-183-000

BOA Accreditation No. 4782/P-011; Valid until June 6, 2026

BIR Accreditation No. 08-005144-012-2023

Valid until January 24, 2026

PTR No. 10467135

Issued January 2, 2025, Makati City

March 20, 2025 Makati City, Metro Manila

800 Siners Wers 8141 Feets de Roses Mines Cify 508 Philophres Phone +612 8 952 95

Fax +612 8 902 900 Walsate www.inyestatantang.com



REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS ON SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF RETAINED EARNINGS AVAILABLE FOR DIVIDEND DECLARATION

The Stockholders and the Board of Directors Vitarich Corporation Marilao - San Jose Road, Sta. Rosa I Marilao, Bulacan

We have audited in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing, the separate financial statements of Vitarich Corporation (the Company) as at and for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 and have issued our report thereon dated March 20, 2025. Our audits were made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic separate financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying supplementary Schedule of Retained Earnings Available for Dividend Declaration as at December 31, 2024 are the responsibility of the Company's management.

This schedule is presented for purposes of complying with the Revised Securities Regulation Code Rule 68 Part II, and are not part of the separate financial statements. This information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the separate financial statements, including comparing such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the separate financial statements or to the separate financial statements themselves. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respect in relation to the separate financial statements taken as a whole.

REYES TACANDONG & CO.

Partner

CPA Certificate No. 97380

Tax Identification No. 201-892-183-000

BOA Accreditation No. 4782/P-011; Valid until June 6, 2026

BIR Accreditation No. 08-005144-012-2023

Valid until January 24, 2026

PTR No. 10467135

Issued January 2, 2025, Makati City

March 20, 2025 Makati City, Metro Manila

PARENT COMPANY'S RECONCILIATION OF RETAINED EARNINGS AVAILABLE FOR DIVIDEND DECLARATION FOR THE REPORTING PERIOD ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

VITARICH CORPORATION

Marilao - San Jose Road, Sta. Rosa I Marilao, Bulacan

Deficit as at the end of reporting period		(P56,088,808)
reconciling items under the previous categories	(3,446,413)	(39,074,389)
Net movement of deferred tax assets not considered in the		
- net of deferred income tax	93,275	
Net movement on set-up of ROU assets and lease liabilities		
- net of deferred income tax	113,433	
Net movement of unrealized foreign exchange		
in 2023, realized in 2024 - net deferred income tax	(35,834,684)	
Unrealized fair value changes on biological assets - livestock		
distribution		
determination of the amount of available for dividend		
Add/Less: Category F: Other items that should be excluded from the		TANK OF SHORT STATES
Adjusted net income		191,665,431
Net gain on fair value changes of investment properties	(15,264,648)	
Fair value changes on biological assets - livestock	(68,827,209)	
loss during the reporting period - net of tax		
Less: Category C.1: Unrealized income recognized in the profit or	10	
Add: Net income for the current year	275,757,288	10.000000000000000000000000000000000000
Deficit, as adjusted		(208,679,850)
net of deferred income tax		7,851,147
Transfer from revaluation surplus to retained earnings -		
retained earnings		
Add: Category A: Items that are directly credited to unappropriated		1. 220,230,331
Deficit as at the beginning of reporting period		(P216,530,997
		Amount
		Amount

VITARICH CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF EXTERNAL AUDITOR FEE-RELATED INFORMATION FOR THE REPORTING PERIOD ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023

	2024	2023
Total Audit Fees	P3,750,000	₽3,450,000
Non-audit services fees:		
Transfer pricing services	500,000	-
Tax compliance review	-	1,100,000
Total Non-audit Fees	500,000	1,100,000
Total Audit and Non-audit Fees	P4,250,000	\$4,550,000

2024 SUSTAINABILITY REPORT

2024 SUSTAINABILITY REPORT VITARICH CORPORATION

Contextual Information

Company Details	
Name of Organization	Vitarich Corporation (PSE: VITA)
Location of Headquarters	Marilao-San Jose Road, Sta. Rosa I, Marilao, Bulacan
Location of Operations	Principal Office: Marilao-San Jose Road, Sta. Rosa I, Marilao, Bulacan
	Other offices:
	Units 6 & 7, 16 th Floor, IBP Building, Exchange Road, Ortigas Center, San Antonio, Pasig City
	#8 C. Building, Maharlika Highway, San Fermin, Cauayan City, Isabela
	Zone 4, San Isidro, Poblacion, Magarao, Camarines Sur
	Brgy. Mali-ao, Pavia, Iloilo
	Luzuriaga Ext., Reclamation Area, Brgy. 13, Bacolod City
	Km. 14, Panacan, Davao City
	Unit A, Warehouse 3, Neo Central Arcade, Cugman, Cagayan De Oro City
	Doors C, D and E, FMUFASCO Building, National Highway, Brgy. Sinawal, Gen. Santos City
	Feed Mill Plants owned and operated by VITA:
	Brgy. Mali-ao, Pavia, Iloilo Km. 14, Panacan, Davao City
	VITA has also operations with its Toll Mill Partner in 105 Barrio Bagbaguin, Sta. Maria, Bulacan
	Dressing Plants owned by VITA and operated by its subsidiary, Barbatos Ventures Corporation ("BVC"):

	Cta Dass I Marilea Dulassa	
	Sta. Rosa I, Marilao, Bulacan	
	Purok 12 Quarry, Tugbok, Davao City	
Report Boundary: Legal entities (e.g. subsidiaries) included in this report*	Except as otherwise reported and/or stated, the report covers only VITA and the feed mill plants it operates and excludes: (a) the operations in VITA's dressing plants in Marilao, Bulacan and Tugbok, Davao City; and (b) operations of BVC. Some disclosures were made in general terms so as to avoid disclosing proprietary or confidential information, business strategies, or even trade secrets.	
Business Model, including Primary Activities, Brands, Products, and Services	Please see Annex "A" FORENCE LIVELINGOD ROUGHDERNOS LIVES FORENCE LIVELINGOD ROUGHDERNOS LIVELINGOD ROUGHDERNOS LIVES FORENCE LIVELINGOD ROUGHDERNOS LIVELINGOD ROUGHDERNO	
Reporting Period	January 1, 2024 to December 31, 2024	
Highest Ranking Person responsible for this report	Atty. Mary Christine C. Dabu-Pepito (Assistant Corporate Secretary/Compliance Officer/Corporate Information Officer)	

^{*}If you are a holding company, you could have an option whether to report on the holding company only or include the subsidiaries. However, please consider the principle of materiality when defining your report boundary.

Materiality Process

Explain how you applied the materiality principle (or the materiality process) in identifying your material topics.¹

The data and information necessary for the report were collated from the different departments of VITA. Some of the information came from reports that are also submitted to government agencies like the BIR, DOLE and DENR-EMB. Some were based on the results of engagement with different stakeholders such as the employees, business partners, dealers, and customers. Based on these existing data, the material topics for the report were analyzed using the Materiality Matrix. Per assessment, the following are the topics material to Vitarich:

(a) Direct Economic Value Generated and Distributed

¹ See *GRI 102-46* (2016) for more guidance.

- (b) Climate Related Risks and Opportunities
- (c) Proportion of Spending on Local Suppliers
- (d) Resource Management except Ecosystems and Biodiversity as the Corporation does not operate within or adjacent to protected areas and areas of high biodiversity value outside protected areas
- (e) Environmental Impact Management
- (f) Environmental Compliance
- (g) Employee Management
- (h) Occupational Health and Safety
- (i) Relationship with Community, except those pertaining to IPs
- (j) Customer Management, except Customer Privacy

The topics that are not material were left in blank/unanswered.

ECONOMIC

Economic Performance

Direct Economic Value Generated and Distributed

	Disclosure	Amount (2024)	Amount (2023)	Amount (Restated 2022)	Units
Direct	economic value	12,571,724,786	12,509,448,015.00	11,978,605,046.00	PhP
genera	ted (revenue)				
Direct	economic value				
distribu	uted:				
a.	Operating costs	10,998,780,719	11,555,586962.00	10,853,828,605.00	PhP
b.	Employee wages and benefits	371,408,811	352,734,377.00	324,516,851.00	PhP
C.	Payments to suppliers, other operating costs	701,467,146	544,145,841.00	576,235,796.00	Php
d.	Dividends given to stockholders and interest payments to loan providers	Interest payments only – 78,590,474	Interest payments only – 75,423,301 (restated; previous disclosure: 75,823,288.00)	Interest payments only – 39,673,099.00 (restated; previous disclosure: 40,001,976.00)	PhP
e.	Taxes given to government	296,598,293.00	242,259,018.00	244,056,997.00	PhP
f.	Investments to community (e.g. donations, CSR)	396,606.00	0.00	0.00	PhP

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's	Which stakeholders are	Management Approach
involvement in the impact?	affected?	
VITA generated a total consolidated revenue of Php12,571,724,786.00 in 2024, driven by its business operations, strategic initiatives, and other contributing factors. This was higher than the total consolidated revenue in 2023, primarily due to a Php91.8 million fair value gain on biological assets. Revenue also surpassed 2022 levels, fueled by the expansion of the Foods segment, which recorded a 19% growth in sales volume. VITA's revenue allowed it to fund its operating costs and pay its suppliers, employees, creditors and the government (taxes and licenses). Operating costs for 2024 were lower than in 2023, primarily due to a decline in feed sales volume and lower raw material costs. However, operating costs were slightly higher than that in 2022, due to expansion of the Foods segment, which saw a 19% increase in sales volume. This growth resulted in higher manpower requirements for internal farms, as well as increased contract growing and dressing fees. Interest payments for 2024 took into consideration the accretion of interest to right-of-use ("ROU") buildings. For consistency, the interest payments for 2023 were restated to consider accretion of interest to ROU buildings. VITA's CSR activities in 2024 consisted of Marilao river clean-up and tree planting activity, donation drive to aid to employees who were badly hit by typhoon Carina, relief goods operation drive for the victims of typhoons Kristine and Leon, outreach program at BJMP SJDM female dorm, blood letting activity in coordination with Red Cross Philippines in Bulacan and Iloilo, and dressed chicken donation in Iloilo.	 ➤ Employees ➤ Creditors ➤ Suppliers ➤ Community ➤ Shareholders ➤ Investors 	The management continuously evaluates its strategies and modifies them as may be necessary to adapt to the changing landscapes, provide solutions to challenges encountered, and pioneer innovations. Organizational changes are also made from time to time to make operations more efficient and productive. Costs and market volatility are closely monitored to effectively manage the same. The monthly results of operations as well as the business outlook for the succeeding months are reported to the Board of Directors, who give insights to aid the management achieve its targets. VITA faithfully complies with its contractual obligations to its stakeholders. VITA's cashflow, including collections and disbursements, are closely monitored and managed. There are also internal control systems and processes in place to manage business operations and finances.

VITA's consolidated net income before tax in 2024 was at Php314,383,734.00.		
What are the Risk/s Identified?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
Financial, liquidity, and operational risks brought about by: (a) animal diseases like African Swine Flu (ASF) or Avian Influenza (AI); (b) high operating costs brought about by increasing prices of raw materials; (c) increasing foreign exchange rates in relation to imported raw materials; (d) rising costs of fuel; (e) increasing interest rates; and (f) low selling price of chicken due to market oversupply.	 Employees Business partners Customers Creditors 	VITA closely monitored its cash flow and disbursements, continuously improved its inventory levels, innovated strategies to manage costs and cash flow, and constantly communicated and negotiated with suppliers and with creditors as regards debts and interest rates.
What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?		Management Approach
 The availability of multiple sales channels for VITA's products continue to present an opportunity to continuously innovate. The innovations and strategies done in 2024 to manage costs also continue to present an opportunity to manage production costs without affecting the quality of VITA's products. 		In addition to the foregoing management approaches, VITA commits to continue improving its operations and business strategies to allow expansion of its businesses.

Climate-related risks and opportunities²

Governance	Strategy	Risk Management	Metrics and Targets
Disclose the organization's governance around climate-related risks and opportunities	Disclose the actual and potential impacts ³ of climate-related risks and opportunities on the organization's businesses, strategy, and financial planning where such information is material	Disclose how the organization identifies, assesses, and manages	Disclose the metrics and targets used to assess and manage relevant climate-related risks and opportunities where such information is material

² Adopted from the Recommendations of the Task Force on Climate-Related Financial Disclosures. The TCFD Recommendations apply to non-financial companies and financial-sector organizations, including banks, insurance companies, asset managers and asset owners.

³ For this disclosure, impact refers to the impact of climate-related issues on the company.

Recommended Disclosures			
a) Describe the board's oversight of climate-related risks and opportunities	a) Describe the climate- related risks and opportunities the organization has identified over the short, medium and long term	a) Describe the organization's processes for identifying and assessing climate-related risks	a) Disclose the metrics used by the organization to assess climate-related risks and opportunities in line with its strategy and risk management process
The President and/or department heads report to the Board of Directors how floods or extreme weather conditions affect or impact VITA's business as well as the measures undertaken/to be undertaken to minimize the impacts and/or maximize the benefits.	VITA is exposed to the following climate-related risks: i. Physical Risks of flooding and land subsidence (Bulacan), typhoons and inland flooding (Isabela and Bicol), coastal erosion and urban flooding (Iloilo, Cebu, and Bacolod), heat waves and urban drainage issues (Davao, CDO), extreme weather events, and biosecurity and disease control. ii. Operational Risks such as disruption of feed ingredient supply, and transport disruptions. iii. Credit and Liquidity risks affecting VITA's financial performance and access to capital. iv. Regulatory risks relative to the impact of its emissions to air and water quality as well as plastic consumption's threat to marine life. Risks that may occur over the short-term period are the physical risks of	VITA identifies and assesses climate-related risks through any or all of the following methods: (a) continuous analysis of its business processes and finding the factors that could affect its processes and targeted goals; (b) reviewing past negative experiences or negative results and finding out the root cause; and/or (c) continuous research and benchmarking with other companies in the same industry.	VITA's metrics in assessing its climate-related risk management and strategy are: (a) cost efficiency of its strategy; (b) quality of feeds, animal health, dressed chicken and value-added products; (c) ability to meet customers' demands; and (d) customer satisfaction.

typhoons and inland flooding. Those that may occur over the short to medium term period are the physical risks of flooding and land subsidence, extreme weather events, biosecurity and disease control, and disruptions on transportation and feed ingredient supply. Those that may occur over the medium term are the physical risks of coastal erosion and urban flooding. The risks that may occur over the longterm period are heat waves and urban drainage issues as well as air and water quality and plastic consumption's threat to marine life.

VITA's continued use of solar energy in its Iloilo Feed Mill plant in its 2024 operations as well as its other sustainability upgrades in its production/dressing plant present an opportunity for VITA to counter the climaterelated risks. e. VITA also allowed its employees to plant within company premises and share with one another their produce (Green Sanctuary Program) provides an avenue for employees to contribute to VITA's sustainability practices. In addition, the climate-related risks identified above present

	opportunities to develop climate-resilient feed formulations and to rehabilitate the riverbank stability as well as soil and air qualities in the areas of its operations, as may be necessary. The development of climate-resilient feed formulations may be done over the short-term period while the rehabilitation of riverbank stability and soil and air quality as well as sustainability upgrades in the plants can be done over the long-term period. VITA launched its Sagip Kalikasan initiative in Bulacan in February 2025, a program that uses bamboo as a solution for climate change		
b) Describe management's role in assessing and managing climate- related risks and opportunities	b) Describe the impact of climate-related risks and opportunities on the organization's businesses, strategy and financial planning.	b) Describe the organization's processes for managing climate-related risks	b) Describe the targets used by the organization to manage climate-related risks and opportunities and performance against targets
The management regularly assesses impacts of predictable climate-related risks, such as extreme rains, extreme humidity, or even flooding, to its operations and makes	The climate-related risks identified above are seen to have the following impacts: a. Flooding and land subsistence: high impact on facilities and logistics,	To manage the climate-related risks, VITA monitors the temperature in the farms, increases cooling systems in farms, as may be necessary, and/or re-	VITA's target in managing its climate-related risk management and strategy is to continue to deliver on time the agreed volume or agreed

the appropriate adjustments in its strategies. The unpredictable climaterelated risks like earthquake as well as measures undertaken/to be undertaken to minimize the adverse impacts are discussed bν the management and reported to the Board as happens. VITA's strategies take into account the climaterisks related and opportunities that are material to it.

which may increase insurance and disruption mitigation costs.

- b. Typhoons and inland flooding: high impact on supply chain and production, which will likely cause business interruption and repair costs.
- c. Coastal erosion and urban flooding: medium impact on operations, causing erosion-related asset damage and urban disruption.
- d. Heat waves and urban drainage issues: low to medium impact on workforce and infrastructure, in addition to causing heat stress in animals, affecting their health, growth, and productivity. These risks may likely reduce productivity while increasing cooling costs. These may also cause reduced overall performance in poultry and livestock and higher feed conversion ratios, impacting overall live cost.
- e. Air and water quality and plastic consumption's threat to marine life: may likely subject VITA to fines or market penalties for non-compliance.
- f. Extreme weather event:
 high impact on
 production and logistics
 and will likely to increase
 costs for feeds and animal
 health care. It may also
 cause disruption in supply

formulates its feeds as may be necessary to adapt to maintain the same quality while adapting to the environment. It also biosecurity has protocols in place. VITA also benchmarks and conducts continuous consultations and research and development to maintain the quality of feeds despite using alternative raw materials. Likewise. VITA ensures the diversity of its supply chain to address and manage impacts of climate-related risks. VITA also conducts regular trainings on biosecurity measures to help its business partners in terms of productivity.

VITA's Iloilo Feed Mill plant continued the use of solar energy. It also allowed the employees to continue the Green Sanctuary Program, which helps absorbs carbon emissions.

Apart from this, VITA also regularly maintains and upgrades its equipment to comply with DENR standards as well as to maintain and improve operational efficiencies.

reduced volume of feeds and chicken to its customers without sacrificing quality, and without incurring too much costs.

- chains, causing feed shortages, and impacting animal health.
- g. Biosecurity and disease control: high impact on livestock health and revenue as VITA will likely incur costs associated with disease outbreaks and loss of livestock.
- h. Disruption of feed ingredient supply: likely to affect grains quality as it may cause infestation, thereby incurring higher raw material costs resulting in higher feed costs.
- i. Transport disruptions: affect the timely delivery of raw materials and finished goods, leading to stock shortages and increased transportation costs. These, in turn, translate to higher raw material costs, resulting in higher feeds costs. These may also result in starvation in farms due to delay in feeds delivery.

On the other hand, the following are the identified impacts of the climate-related opportunities disclosed above:

- a. Continued use of solar energy in the Iloilo Feed Mill plant resulted in reducing the GHG emissions in the plant.
- b. Development of climate-resilient feed formulations may likely improve performance of

flock during the summer season, reducing mortality. c. Rehabilitation of riverbank stability, soil and air quality in the areas of operations may likely reduce material costs while enhancing brand image and market access. It may also open up avenues to secure government incentives. d. Sustainability upgrades in the plants will likely result in long-term cost savings and regulatory compliance, thereby avoiding unnecessary costs due to penalties. e. The continued permission for employees to plant within company premises (Green Sanctuary Program) helps absorb carbon emissions, which, in turn, helps minimize VITA's adverse		
impacts on the environment.		
c) Describe the resilience of the organization's strategy, taking into consideration different climate-related scenarios including a 2°C or lower scenario	c) Describe how processes for identifying, assessing, and managing climate-related risks are integrated into the organization's overall risk management	
VITA's climate-related risk management continues to prove to be resilient as evidenced by its continued financial and operational stability.	As can be seen above, changes and modifications are made in VITA's business processes and feed formulation to mitigate	

	of climate- risks and adapt
	traints brought
	by climate-
related	risks and
events.	

Procurement Practices

Proportion of spending on local suppliers

Disclosure	Quantity (2024)	Quantity (2023)	Units
Percentage of procurement budget used for significant	Nationwide:	Nationwide:	%
locations of operations that is spent on local suppliers	96.27%	92.07%	
	Luzon – 42.98%	Luzon – 48.26%	
	Visayas –	Visayas –	
	19.58%	12.29%	
	Mindanao –	Mindanao –	
	33.71%	31.52%	

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
For the year 2024, 96.27% of VITA's procurement budget was spent on local suppliers, 4.2% higher than that in 2023. These suppliers include only suppliers of raw and other trade materials and exclude service providers such as consultants and contractors. Local sourcing of raw and other trade materials had been favorable in 2024 since the price against imported raw materials was relatively at par with the budget. In addition, VITA opted to source locally given the higher risks involved for importation.	Domestic companies especially the MSMEs, and farmers.	VITA manages its supply chain by increasing allocation of budget on local suppliers. Its procurement policies and strategies were crafted, reviewed, revised and implemented in a manner consistent with the company's vision of being the backbone of every Filipino farmer's success and mission of building partnerships with its suppliers, among others. Its procurement policies and strategies are periodically reviewed in order to continuously improve the company's buying plans, strategies and timings.
What are the Risk/s Identified?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
 Operational risks include uncertainty in market supply, off specification with 		In addition to the foregoing, VITA streamlines its supplier base to

- VITA's acceptance standards, animal diseases as well as weather disturbance.
- Financial risks due to inflation in prices and regulatory changes.
- Legal, operational, financial and reputational risks due to regulatory changes, and delayed or non-payment of suppliers.

What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?

- In terms of market opportunities, there is an opportunity to partner with local farmers to secure stable supply chains and rendering support to smallholder farmers by providing technical assistance, training, and market access.
- The availability of long-term contracts with suppliers will allow better terms with local raw materials suppliers.
- The availability of reliable local suppliers can ensure operational efficiencies despite weather conditions.
- The availability of raw materials and other input goods and services all year round can minimize increase in costs despite sudden or significant increase in prices of goods and services.

- Customers
- Creditors
- Shareholders
- Investors

reduce costs and improve quality. It accredits additional suppliers, or it reformulates feeds as may be necessary without sacrificing the quality of feeds.

It minimizes exposure to foreign exchange rate volatility.

VITA also conducts regular trainings on biosecurity measures to help its business partner—farmers in terms of productivity.

VITA makes payment allocations to suppliers, especially major raw materials suppliers and ensure better raw materials cost and continuity of operations.

As disclosed above, VITA closely monitors and manages its cash flow and disbursements to ensure liquidity.

In line with UN SDG 2 (Zero Hunger), VITA continuously increases the availability of reliable local suppliers, help in the livelihoods of the community in the areas where it operates, and strengthens its support to local agriculture.

Anti-corruption

Training on Anti-corruption Policies and Procedures

Disclosure	Quantity	Units
Percentage of employees to whom the organization's anti-		%
corruption policies and procedures have been communicated to		
Percentage of business partners to whom the organization's		%
anti-corruption policies and procedures have been		
communicated to		
Percentage of directors and management that have received		%
anti-corruption training		
Percentage of employees that have received anti-corruption		%
training		

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
What are the Risk/s Identified?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach

Incidents of Corruption

Disclosure	Quantity	Units
Number of incidents in which directors were removed or		#
disciplined for corruption		
Number of incidents in which employees were dismissed or		#
disciplined for corruption		
Number of incidents when contracts with business partners		#
were terminated due to incidents of corruption		

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
What are the Risk/s Identified?	Which stakeholders are	Management Approach
	affected?	
What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach

ENVIRONMENT

Resource Management

Energy consumption within the organization:

Disclosure	Quantity (2024)	Quantity (2023)	Units
Energy consumption (renewable sources)	Visayas – 166,309	Visayas – 195,626	Kwh
Energy consumption (SFO ⁴)	Visayas – 5,347	Visayas – 4,464.97	GJ
Energy consumption (gasoline)	Luzon – 51,072.21 Visayas – 4,717.56	Luzon – 44,041.90 Visayas – 2,410.17	Liters
(gasonne)	Mindanao – 16,523.26	Mindanao – 9,907.69	
Energy consumption (LPG)	Visayas – 200	Visayas – 180	KG
Energy consumption	Luzon – 14,780 liters (for	Luzon – 96,167.72	Liters
(diesel)	forklift); 126,374.21 (for fleet)	Visayas – 44,889.01	or GJ
	Visayas – 14,800 liters (for	Mindanao – 88,718.74	
	boiler & forklift); 60,752.68		
	liters (for fleet)		
	Mindanao – 333,742.41 liters		
	(for boilers); 115,889.11 liters		
	(for fleet)		
Energy consumption	Luzon – 1,233 kwh (office);	Luzon – 1,287 (Marilao office only);	kWh
(electricity)	3,876,315 (dressing plant)	3,973,922	
	Luzon Warehouse – 153,712	Luzon Warehouse – 156,555	
	Visayas – 1,449,400 (ILECO),	Visayas – 1,304,800 (Iloilo); 11,598	
	11,086 (Bacolod Satellite	(Bacolod Satellite Warehouse); 1,285	
	Warehouse)	(Cebu Satellite Warehouse)	
	Mindanao – 2,970,069.20	Mindanao – 3,787,487.85 (Davao);	
	(Panacan, Davao), 7,710 (CDO	6,836 (CDO Satellite Warehouse)	
	Satellite Warehouse)		

Reduction of energy consumption

Disclosure	Quantity (2024)	Quantity (2023)	Units
Energy consumption	Visayas – 29, 317	Visayas – 1,947	KWH
(renewable sources)			
Energy reduction			GJ
(SFO)			
Energy reduction			GJ
(gasoline)			

⁴ Special fuel oil

-

Energy reduction (LPG)		Visayas – 20	GJ
Energy reduction (diesel)		Visayas – 2.22 Mindanao – 2,130.94	Liters
Energy reduction (electricity)	Luzon – 54 (Marilao office); 97,607 (DP); 2,843 (Luzon warehouse) Visayas – 512 (Bacolod Satellite) Mindanao – 817,418.65 (Panacan, Davao)		kWh

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
The data above was primarily based from VITA's Iloilo and Davao feed mill plants as well as the electricity consumption in the principal office (Marilao, Bulacan) and satellite warehouses in Luzon, Bacolod, and CDO. The electricity consumption disclosed for the Iloilo feed mill plant is separate and distinct from the renewable source consumption from the said plant. The data on gasoline came from consumption on VITA's fleet. The reductions on renewable sources consumption in Visayas was primarily due to the decrease in production volume, in addition to the defective inverter that is due for replacement by the supplier. The decrease in electricity consumption in the Marilao office was due to typhoon Carina as there was a week-long power interruption in the area due to the said typhoon. The decrease in electricity consumption in the Luzon warehouse was due to the closure of the external warehouse in Bocaue, Bulacan. The decrease in the electricity consumption in CDO	Communities where VITA operates.	VITA complies with laws relating to environment, energy consumption and efficiency. VITA continued using solar energy in its lloilo feed mill plant and solar perimeter lights in its Davao feed mill plant. The proposed solar project in VITA's Davao feed mill plant is still in process, with the project currently undergoing a review by the Engineering team. In addition, it conducts regular preventive maintenance of all its equipment. In line with UN SDG 12 (Responsible Production and Consumption), it continuously improves its processes to ensure operational efficiencies, which, in turn, helps in the efficient energy consumption.

was due to the additional installation of air conditioning units for AHC storage rooms.

The impact is on the environment as the use of renewable sources of energy decreases GHG emissions while the use of non-renewable sources results in emissions that could be harmful to the environment. There is also an impact on the supply chain because the use of non-renewable sources could deplete these sources.

The use of solar energy in the Iloilo feed mill plant resulted in reduction of VITA's GHG emissions in 2024 by: (a) 250,764.93 kg in terms of CO₂ emissions; (b) 134.51 kg. in terms of NO_x emissions; and (c) 2.82 kg. in terms of SO₂ emissions. These reductions were lower than those avoided in 2023. It should be, however, noted that VITA's solar capacity is only around 10% of the plant's electrical power requirement versus the 15% to 20% capacity in 2023. Thus, the electricity consumption from ILECO was still higher than that from solar energy. The electricity supplied by ILECO helps run the machineries and utilities in the plant.

The use of solar lights in Davao plant's perimeter allowed the Corporation to save a total of 51,840 kw of energy in 2024.

What are the Risk/s Identified?

Climate change brought about by increase in air emissions and pollutions due to the use of non-renewable sources of energy.

* W	Depletion or shortage of non- renewable sources of energy. /hat are the Opportunity/ies Identified?
*	The continued use of solar energy in the Iloilo feed mill plant gives the opportunity to further increase efficient consumption of energy. The positive impact on the environment of the use of solar energy in the Iloilo feed mill plant presents an opportunity to further lawar MTA's CHO
*	to further lower VITA's GHG emissions in the Davao feed mill plant. The solar project in Davao is still an opportunity to further improve VITA's efficiencies.

Water consumption within the organization

Disclosure	Quantity (2024)	Quantity (2023)	Units
Water	Visayas – 3,902 (Iloilo)	Visayas – 4,317 (Iloilo)	Cubic
withdrawal	Mindanao – 5,984 (Davao)	Mindanao – 5,842 (Davao)	meters
Water	Visayas – 3,902 (Iloilo); 135	Luzon warehouse – 138.69	Cubic
consumption	(Bacolod Satellite		meters
	Warehouse)	Visayas – 4,317 (Iloilo); 120 (Bacolod	
		Satellite Warehouse); 32 (Cebu Satellite	
	Mindanao – 5,984 (Davao);	Warehouse)	
	111 (CDO Satellite		
	Warehouse)	Mindanao – 5,842 (Davao); 129 (CDO	
		Satellite Warehouse)	
Water recycled	Visayas – 0	Visayas – 0	Cubic
and reused	Mindanao – 0	Mindanao – 0	meters

0	What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach

The data above were based on the water and/or consumption withdrawal in VITA's satellite warehouse in Luzon, feed mill plant and office in Iloilo, satellite warehouse in Bacolod, feed mill plant and office in Davao, and satellite warehouse in CDO. The data were based on the consumption reflected in VITA's water billings.

In Iloilo, water consumption and withdrawal in 2024 decreased by 415 cubic meters. The repair of the steam lines contributed to the decrease in water consumption. The decrease resulted in a savings of about P49K, more or less. On the other hand, the water consumption in Bacolod satellite increased by 15 cubic meters.

In Davao, the slight increase in water consumption and withdrawal in 2024 by 142 cubic meters was due to the product mix in production. However, water consumption in CDO warehouse slightly decreased by 18 cubic meters in 2024.

In both the Iloilo and Davao feed mill plants, the water is used only for steam generation.

What are the Risk/s Identified?

- Climate change
- Depletion or shortage of water

What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?

VITA could explore rainwater harvesting in the feed mill Communities where VITA complies with all laws VITA operates regulations pertaining to water an

Government

regulations pertaining to water and it continuously improves the operational efficiencies in order to maintain efficient water consumption. It also conducts regular preventive maintenance of its equipment and replaces the same with more efficient and more technologically advanced equipment as may be necessary.

plants in order to further	
reduce its water withdrawals.	

Materials used by the organization

Disclosure	Quantity (2024)	Quantity (2023)	Units
Materials used by weight or volume			
• Renewable	Luzon – 94,176,250 Visayas – 48,895,450 Mindanao – 74,977,575	Luzon – 105,856,129 Visayas – 41,498,250 Mindanao – 75,358,100	kg
• non-renewable	Luzon – 2,030,488 Visayas – 125,210 Mindanao – 599,820.60 Plastic Packaging (Unaudited data) – 636,374.36 (Feeds); 152,554.92 (Foods)	Luzon – 2,050,221 Visayas – 104,890.14 Mindanao – 526,895 Plastic Packaging (Unaudited data) – 661,529.40 (Feeds); 169,485.86 (Foods)	Kg
Percentage of recycled input materials used to manufacture the organization's primary products and services	0	0	%

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
The renewable materials disclosed	Suppliers	VITA complies with laws relative to
above are the raw materials used or	Communities where	materials consumption and conservation.
consumed by VITA for 2024.	VITA operates	It also shifted from the use of laminated
Renewable materials used and/or	Government	sack to a reusable woven sack for its feeds.
consumed in 2024 in Luzon and	Customers	Re-using the woven sacks helps reduce
Mindanao decreased by 11,679,879		waste and pollution. It continuously
kg. and 380,525 kg., respectively,		improves its inventory management to

while the renewable materials used and/or consumed in 2024 in Visayas increased by 7,397,200 kg. The increase in renewable resources used in Visayas in 2024 was due to the 18% increase in production volume while the decrease in renewable sources consumption in Luzon and Mindanao in 2024 was due to a decrease in the production volume in said areas. The nonrenewable materials are the energy consumed. The Corporation's plastic footprint for 2024, which consist of plastic packaging materials, are still unaudited.

The decrease in the non-renewable materials used in 2024 by 19,733 kg. in Luzon was due to a decrease in production volume while the increase of 20,319.86 kg. and 72,925.60 kg. in the non-renewable materials used in 2024 in Visayas and Mindanao, respectively, were due to the increase in production volume.

The impact is on the environment as VITA, although on a minimal level only, continues to contribute to waste generation and pollution as a necessary consequence of its operations.

What are the Risk/s Identified?

The continuous demand for nonrenewable materials increases VITA's contribution to pollution and waste and it increases the possibility of shortage of nonrenewable materials.

What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?

have higher recovery/conversion of materials to finished products.

VITA has also taken steps to address waste and pollution generated and contributed. In compliance with the EPR Act, VITA sought accreditation with an organization that can help it develop, implement and monitor its compliance with the EPR Act and it had engaged an accredited waste diverter in Mindanao. It is in the process of accrediting a third-party auditor to audit its disclosures in compliance with the said law. VITA continuously reduces its plastic waste through its accredited waste diverter.

In line with UN SDG 12 [Responsible Production and Consumption], VITA continuously improves its processes to ensure operational efficiencies, which, in turn, helps in the efficient resource management.

Reduction in waste and pollution	
contribution through the use of	
renewable, reusable and recyclable	
materials in the production of	
feeds.	

Ecosystems and biodiversity (whether in upland/watershed or coastal/marine)

Disclosure	Quantity	Units
Operational sites owned, leased, managed in, or adjacent to,	(identify all sites)	
protected areas and areas of high biodiversity value outside		
protected areas		
Habitats protected or restored		На
IUCN ⁵ Red List species and national conservation list species with	(list)	
habitats in areas affected by operations		

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
What are the Risk/s Identified?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
		Management Approach

Environmental impact management

Air Emissions GHG

Disclosure	Quantity (2024)	Quantity	Units
		(2023)	

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⁵ International Union for Conservation of Nature

Direct (Scope 1) GHG Emissions	Iloilo Feedmill – 39	Iloilo Feedmill – 204	mg/Nm³
	Davao Feedmill (CO emission only)	Davao Feedmill (CO emission only)	
	Boiler Yinchen A – 48.1 Boiler Yinchen B – 53.8 Boiler Devotion – 40.8 Boiler Enertech – 59.5	Boiler 1A – 129.0 Boiler 1B – 121.0 Boiler 2A – 109.2 Boiler 2B – 89.3	
Energy indirect (Scope 2) GHG Emissions	0	0	Tonnes CO₂e
Emissions of ozone-depleting substances (ODS)	0	0	Tonnes

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
The data above were based on the emission testing conducted by a DENR-EMB accredited third party company on VITA's Davao and Iloilo feed mill plants. The decrease in the emissions in	VITA operates Government Public in general	VITA complies with all laws relative to the environment, including the Clean Air Act. It also regularly conducts preventive maintenance on its equipment, regular repair of its facilities, including pollution control facilities, to ensure not only good operating conditions but also compliance
lloilo feed mill plant by 165 mg/Nm3 was due to the rehabilitation of boiler in March 2024 and the use of solar energy. The emissions in the Davao feed mill also decreased by 202.2 mg/Nm3.	; ;	with the environmental laws and regulations. VITA also ensures that its operations are efficient in order to keep its emissions low against the DENR-EMB standards.
While VITA has neither indirect GHG emissions nor ozone depleting substances emissions, its feed mill operations in Iloilo and Davao contribute to GHG emissions as a necessary consequence of its	 	VITA rehabilitated its boiler equipment in the Iloilo feed mill plant in March 2024, thus, increasing efficiency of the equipment, and further reducing VITA's emissions in said plant. VITA continued its use of solar energy in its Iloilo feed mill plant. It has also completed the
operations, albeit in a low level only. What are the Risk/s Identified?	 	installation of and started using perimeter solar lights in its Davao feed mill plant. The plan to use solar energy in its Davao feed mill plant is still a work in progress.

- Operational risks due to climate change brought about by the emissions and continuous contribution to air pollution.
- Health risks on the communities where VITA operates as well as the public in general due to the continuous GHG emissions.

What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?

- The continuous operation and use of as well as the possibility of increase in capacity of the solar energy in the Iloilo feed mill plant will mitigate and reduce VITA's GHG emissions.
- The use of solar energy in the Davao feed mill plant is an opportunity that VITA can explore to reduce its GHG emissions.
- The continuation of the Green Sanctuary Program can also benefit the environment as plants can help reduce GHG emissions.

It had also joined the Iloilo province wide clean up drive in its perimeter areas in order to help lessen its GHG emissions.

In addition, by allowing the employees to plant within its plant premises (Green Sanctuary Program), VITA helps mitigate its GHG emissions as plants help reduce these emissions.

VITA has Pollution Control Officers ("PCO") who monitor and ensure compliance with laws and regulations relating to the environment and its conservation.

Air pollutants

Disclosure	Quantity (2024)	Quantity (2023)	Units
NO _x	Iloilo Feed mill –	Iloilo Feedmill –	ave. concentration in
	169	86.774	mg/Nm³
	Davao Feed mill	Davao Feedmill	
	Boiler Yinchen A –	Boiler 1-A – 33.2	
	14.1	Boiler 1-B – 44.6	
	Boiler Yinchen B –	Boiler 2-A – 21.3	
	5.7	Boiler 2-B – 24.5	
	Boiler Devotion –	Genset – 343.3	
	6.0		
	Boiler Enertech –		
	25.0		

SO _x	Iloilo Feed mill – 1,461 Davao Feed mill Boiler Yinchen A – 1.8 Boiler Yinchen B – 1.6 Boiler Devotion – 10.2 Boiler Enertech – 2.7	Iloilo Feedmill – 1 Davao Feedmill Boiler 1-A – 8.3 Boiler 1-B – 25.5 Boiler 2-A – 32.4 Boiler 2-B – 5.6	ave. concentration in mg/Nm ³
Persistent organic pollutants (POPs)	0	0	Kg
Volatile organic compounds (VOCs)	0	0	Kg
Hazardous air pollutants (HAPs)	0	0	Kg
Particulate matter (PM)	Iloilo Feed mill – 123.6 Davao Feed mill Boiler Yinchen A – 7.4 Boiler Yinchen B – 33 Boiler Devotion – 33 Boiler Enertech – 6.9	Iloilo Feedmill – 53 Davao Feedmill Boiler 1-A – 11.9 Boiler 1-B – 18.7 Boiler 2-A – 29.8 Boiler 2-B – 21.9	ave. concentration in mg/Nm ³

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
The data were based on the		VITA complies with all laws relative to the
emission testing conducted by a	VITA operates	environment, including the Clean Air Act.
DENR-EMB accredited third party	Government	It regularly conducts preventive
company on VITA's Iloilo and Davao	Public in general	maintenance on its equipment, and
feed mill plants.		regular repair of its facilities, including
·		pollution control facilities, to ensure not
The increase in the NOx in the Iloilo		only good operating conditions but also
feed mill plant in 2024 by 82.226		compliance with the environmental laws
mg/Nm3, increase in the SO _x in the		and regulations. VITA also ensures that its
Iloilo feed mill plant in 2024 by		operations are efficient in order to keep its

1,460 mg/Nm3, and increase in the particulate matter in the Iloilo feed mill plant in 2024 by 70.6 mg/Nm3 were primarily due to the lower efficiency of the boiler due to its old age.

The decrease in the NO_x in the Davao feed mill plant in 2024 by 72.8 mg/Nm3, decrease in the SO_x in the Davao feed mill plant in 2024 by 55.5 mg/Nm3, and the slight decrease in the particulate matter in the Davao feed mill plant in 2024 by 2 mg/Nm3 were primarily due to decrease in production volume in 2024.

While these pollutants/emissions are low as against DENR thresholds, they still contribute to GHG emissions and air pollution generation.

What are the Risk/s Identified?

- Operational risks due to climate change brought about by contribution to air pollution.
- Health risks on the communities where VITA operates as well as the public in general due to the continuous air pollution contribution.

What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?

The continuous operation and use of as well as the possibility of increase in capacity of the solar energy in the Iloilo feed mill plant will mitigate and reduce VITA's air pollutant emissions. emissions low against the DENR-EMB standards.

VITA's continued use of solar energy in 2024 in its Iloilo feed mill plant, which helped avoided these emissions: (a) 250,764.93 kg CO₂; (b) 134.51 NO_x; and (c) 2.82 SO₂. Moreover, by allowing the employees to plant within its plant premises (Green Sanctuary Program), VITA helps mitigate its air pollutant emissions as plants help reduce these emissions. VITA has been using perimeter solar lights in its Davao feed mill since 2023.

VITA has PCOs who monitor and ensure compliance with laws and regulations relating to the environment and its conservation.

Further, in March 2024, VITA rehabilitated its boiler equipment in its lloilo plant.

*	The use of solar energy in the	
	Davao feed mill plant is an	
	opportunity that VITA can	
	explore to reduce its air	
	pollutant emissions.	
*	The continuation of the Green	
	Sanctuary Program can also	
	benefit the environment as	
	plants can help reduce GHG	
	emissions.	

<u>Solid and Hazardous Wastes</u> <u>Solid Waste</u>

Disclosure	Quantity (2024)	Quantity (2023)	Units
Total solid waste generated	Luzon – 1,900/month	Visayas – 1,600/month	Kg
	Visayas – 1,700/month	Mindanao – 2,350/month	
	Mindanao – 2,350/month		
Reusable	Visayas – 250/month	Visayas – 200/month	Kg
	Mindanao – 450/month	Mindanao – 450/month	
Recyclable	Visayas – 250/month	Visayas – 250/month	Kg
	Mindanao – 300/month	Mindanao – 300/month	
Composted	Visayas – 200/month	Visayas – 200/month	Kg
	Mindanao – 600/month	Mindanao – 600/month	
Incinerated	Visayas – 0	Visayas – 0	Kg
	Mindanao – 0	Mindanao – 0	
Residuals/Landfilled	Visayas – 1,000/month	Visayas – 950/month	Kg
	Mindanao – 1,000/month	Mindanao – 1000/month	

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
The data above were based on the monthly estimated solid waste collected by third party solid waste collectors from the Iloilo and Davao feed mill plants as reported by VITA's PCOs to the government. The data in Luzon came from MENRO, the one collecting the garbage in the Marilao, Bulacan office. Total solid waste generated in Visayas increased by 100 kg/month	 Communities where VITA operates Public in general Government 	VITA has a properly labelled Materials Recovery Facility in its Iloilo and Davao feed mill plants for the proper segregation, storage, and disposal of these wastes. It also hired a third-party solid waste collector to properly dispose its solid wastes. VITA has PCOs who monitor compliance with laws and regulations relating to the environment and its conservation, including waste segregation and proper

mainly due to the increase in production.

While VITA has recyclable and reusable solid wastes, about 50% of the estimated monthly solid wastes generated still go into the landfills.

What are the Risk/s Identified?

- Increase in pollution due to increase in residual solid wastes.
- Health risks on the employees and communities where VITA operates and the public in general due to the increase in solid waste pollution.
- Regulatory and legal risks due to non-compliance with the FPR Act.

What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?

The government's completion of the IRR of the EPR Act presents an opportunity for VITA to comply and even go beyond compliance with the EPR Act by not only re-using and recycling its solid wastes but also in recovering its solid wastes, thus, reducing its residual solid wastes, which, in turn would reduce the solid wastes going into the landfills. waste disposal. It also continuously reiterated and strengthened its campaign and practice for waste segregation and proper waste disposal.

It collects sweepings (assorted wastes collected through the process of sweeping) to be reprocessed/included in the formulation of feeds, reuses and recycles all that may be reused or recycled, as the case may be, and keeps its residual solid wastes within the allowed threshold. lt regularly evaluates sweepings to make sure that it would not cause infections. VITA also provides the employees with PPEs and biosecurity measures in place are strictly implemented.

In compliance with the EPR Act, VITA engaged an accredited waste diverter in Mindanao. In Marilao, VITA's wastes go to the LGU's MRF. It is continuously developing its program for the recovery of its plastic wastes.

Hazardous Waste

Disclosure	Quantity (2024)	Quantity (2023)	Units
Total weight of hazardous waste generated	Visayas:	Visayas:	
	Used oil – 115 liters/year Busted lamps – 5 kg/year	Used oil – 250/year Busted lamps – 45/year	liters or kg
	Mindanao:	Mindanao:	

	Busted lamps – 20 kg/year	Used oil – 0/year Busted lamps – 20/year	
Total weight of hazardous waste transported	Visayas: 0	Visayas: 0	
	Mindanao: 0	Mindanao: 0	liters

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
The data above were based on the report that VITA's PCOs in the Iloilo and Davao feed mill plants submitted to the DENR-EMB. The hazardous wastes that VITA generated for both plants are low or minimal only. Thus, there was no need to transport the same. The used oil generated in the Iloilo feed mill plant decreased in 2024 by 135 liters. In addition, busted lamps in the Iloilo feed mill plant decreased by 40 kg.	 Communities where VITA operates Public in general Government 	VITA has a designated and properly labelled Materials Recovery Facility to properly store used oil and busted lamps. It has PCOs in its Iloilo and Davao feed mill plants to ensure that the proper waste disposals prescribed under existing laws and regulations are strictly followed. It continuously improves its preventive maintenance program/schedule in order to minimize used oil. VITA's use of LED lights instead of fluorescent ones proved to be efficient in terms of energy use and in terms of costs.
What are the Risk/s Identified?		In addition to the foregoing, VITA monitors the consumption of oils and
Improper disposal may lead to environmental risks as well as health risks on the employees, the communities where VITA operates and the public in general. It may also lead into fire and pollution. What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?		lamps so that the waste is kept within threshold and that these hazardous wastes are segregated from the non-hazardous wastes. It participated in Iloilo's province wide clean-up drive in March 2024. It also strictly implements its "No Smoking" policy and provides employees with PPEs, which they are also required to
The regular preventive maintenance conducted on VITA's equipment to ensure operational efficiencies also helps in reducing hazardous wastes, thereby reducing environmental and health		wear within the premises.

	risks. It also has the potential	
	to avoid fire and decrease in	
	contribution to pollution.	
*	Avoidance of fire and	
	decrease in contribution to	
	pollution.	

<u>Effluents</u>

Disclosure	Quantity (2024)	Quantity (2023)	Units
Total volume of water discharges	Visayas – 60/month	Visayas – 60/month	Cubic meters
	Mindanao – 0	Mindanao – 0	
Percent of wastewater recycled	Visayas – 0	Visayas – 0	%
	Mindanao – 0	Mindanao – 0	

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
The data were based on the water discharges and waste water recycled in the Iloilo and Davao feed mill plants as reported to the DENR. There was no water discharge in the Davao feed mill plant since the waste water goes into a separate container, which eventually dries up or evaporates. Thus, the same are not discharged in the public drainages. VITA's water discharges are minimal or very low as against DENR standards. However, it still impacts the environment, particularly the water bodies. What are the Risk/s Identified? Increase in water pollution contribution due to increase in waste water.	VITA operates ➤ Government	VITA monitors the final discharge of waste water to ensure that its operations are within the Clean Water Act and other regulatory standards. It complies with the proper waste water disposal prescribed under the law and regulations. VITA has waste water treatment facilities in its dressing plants although it is not the one operating the same. VITA has a PCO that monitors and ensures compliance with laws and regulations relative to water use, water discharge and proper waste water disposal.

W	hat are the Opportunity/ies Identified?
*	Presence of technologies that
	can help improve waste water
	treatment in the feed mills.
**	The proper disposal of waste
	water as well as waste water
	treatment present an
	opportunity to mitigate and
	decrease water pollution
	contribution.

Environmental compliance
Non-compliance with Environmental Laws and Regulations

Disclosure	Quantity	Units
Total amount of monetary fines for non-compliance with	0	PhP
environmental laws and/or regulations		
No. of non-monetary sanctions for non-compliance with	None	#
environmental laws and/or regulations		
No. of cases resolved through dispute resolution mechanism	None	#

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
VITA was neither penalized nor complained for violation or noncompliance with environmental laws and regulations in 2024. Having complied with environmental laws and regulations, VITA maintained its contribution to pollution as a necessary consequence of its operations at a minimal level — within DENR thresholds.	 Communities where VITA operates Business partners Customers Employees Investors Shareholders Directors Officers 	VITA strictly monitors compliance with environmental laws and regulations, including securing all permits and licenses needed for the continued operation of its business. It continuously upgrades and regularly maintains its facilities to ensure efficiencies and maintain pollution contribution to a minimum. VITA incorporates in its contracts with suppliers and partners the obligation to comply with all existing laws and regulations. This includes the duty to comply with said laws and regulations and
What are the Risk/s Identified?		there are sanctions for breach of this obligation.
Legal, financial, operational and environmental risks due to non-compliance with laws and		

regulations protecting the	In addition, in Mindanao, the company
environment.	submits a quarterly self-monitoring report
	to the EMB.
What are the Opportunity/ies	
Identified?	
Business continuity and minima	
pollution contribution due to	
compliance with laws and	
regulations protecting the	
environment.	

SOCIAL

Employee Management

Employee Hiring and Benefits Employee data

Disclosure	Quantity (2024)	Quantity (2023)	Units
Total number of employees ⁶	695	672	
a. Number of female employees	269	262	#
b. Number of male employees	426	410	#
Attrition rate ⁷	6.92%	0.62%	Rate
Ratio of lowest paid employee against minimum wage	None	None	Ratio

Employee benefits

		2024		2023	
List of Benefits	Y/N	% of female employees who availed for the year	% of male employees who availed for the year	% of female employees who availed for the year	% of male employees who availed for the year
SSS	Υ	12.16%	6.67%	11.45%	6.10%
PhilHealth	Υ	1.85%	0.80%	3.05%	4.15%
Pag-ibig	Υ	20.94%	15.60%	21.37%	19.51%
Parental leaves	Υ	4.58%	1.01%	6.49%	2.44%

⁶ Employees are individuals who are in an employment relationship with the organization, according to national law or its application (GRI Standards 2016 Glossary)

Standards 2016 Glossary)

7 Attrition are = (no. of new hires – no. of turnover)/(average of total no. of employees of previous year and total no. of employees of current year)

Vacation leaves	Υ	65.16%	35.89%	73.28%	65.85%
Sick leaves	Υ	53.58%	29.13%	53.44%	38.78%
Medical benefits (aside from PhilHealth))	Υ	41.24%	24.32%	16.41%	16.10%
Housing assistance (aside from Pag-ibig)	N	0	0	0	0
Retirement fund (aside from SSS)	Y	0%	0.11%	0	0.24%
Further education support	N	0%	0%	0	0
Company stock options	N	0%	0%	0	0
Telecommuting	Υ	43.79%	6.65%	37.40%	8.29%
Flexible-working Hours	Υ	14.9%	7.93%	17.56%	25.61%
(Others)	Υ	0	0	0	0

What is the impact and where does it occur? What	
is the organization's involvement in the impact?	

Management Approach

The data above includes only the regular and organic VITA provides benefits on top of the governmentemployees of VITA. With operations in Luzon, Visayas mandated benefits, such as providing them and/or and Mindanao, it contributes to labor and their qualified dependents medical benefits other employment. It also helps promote local employment than PhilHealth benefits, PPEs, uniform, rice in Bulacan, Iloilo, Davao and all other provinces wheresubsidy, seniority pay, transportation and meal it holds its operations. The number of regular allowances when applicable, mortuary benefits, employees increased in 2024 mainly due to the hazard pay to qualified employees. It also engaged growing operational requirements driven by the the services of a physician who can conduct addition of new products and the expansion in thephysical examinations distribution of network. The attrition rate increased in employees and who goes to the office and plants 2024, where the topmost reason for leaving the so that his/her services will be more accessible to company was due to personal reasons followed by althe transfer to a company or location with a greener telecommuting and flexible working hours to its pasteur.

What are the Risk/s Identified?

VITA recognizes that poor over-all well-being of the employees, unsecured workplace, low morale on the VITA continuously engaged with its employees employees' part, or uncompetitive compensation and through webinars and seminars on wellness and benefits package may result in higher turn-over rate of health, physical activities like Zumba and sportsthe employees, thereby increasing its attrition rate. An related activities, safety seminars and trainings, increase in attrition rate may, in turn, affect VITA's emergency preparedness, and ensuring that the productivity outputs.

employees. VITA likewise employees. It ensures that safety measures are not only in place but are also consistently and strictly implemented to prevent accidents and illnesses from happening or spreading.

and

workplace is safe. It also recognized employees' services, milestones, and breakthroughs through service awards.

What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	Management Approach
There is still an opportunity for sustained engagement in with the employees to increase their involvement, the morale, and over-all well-being, and maintain as harmonious working environment.	n addition to the foregoing, VITA regularly checks he laws and regulations on the minimum wage and benefits set by the government as well as industry standards and it benchmarks on similar companies within the industry to evaluate the need to update and increase its compensation and benefit package to ensure that the same is competitive, if not better, than the companies

Employee Training and Development

Disclosure	Quantity (2024)	Quantity (2023)	Units
Total training hours provided to employees			
a. Female employees	4,489	6,922.67	Hours
b. Male employees	3,289.50	5,965.63	Hours
Average training hours provided to			
employees			
a. Female employees	5.71	9.60	hours/employee
b. Male employees	4.19	6.50	hours/employee

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?	Management Approach
VITA's training and development programs for its	VITA maintains a training calendar per region
employees, whether internal or external, contribute to	where Vitarich operates. Unless the relevant
the employees' personal and professional growth and	department requests differently, the trainings
efficiency in the performance of their tasks.	take place once a month. The majority of the
	trainings are focused and specifically tailored to
In 2024, there was a total of 7,778.50 training hours	the needs and demands of the departments and
provided to employees. Some of these trainings were	personnel. Based on the manner in which the
conducted in-house and some were conducted by	training was delivered, VITA conducts a
third-party service providers and consultants.	comprehensive post-training evaluation and
	feedback. In addition, it regularly assesses
Compliance trainings were conducted to maintain ISO,	employees' work to gauge their development and
FSMS, and HACCP certifications across the regions.,	progress.
Additionally, skills upgrading trainings and CPD	
training credits were made available to PRC-licensed	

employees for further career development and continuous learning. Personal development, soft skills, and conflict management trainings were likewise conducted to enhance collaboration and teamwork across departments.

In 2024, a decrease of about 40% of overall training hours for the year versus 2023 data was observed. The focus for 2024 was more on leadership development programs for key managers as well as upper management. In addition, a decrease in training hours was observed as virtual trainings were now limited due to employees' preference for onsite learning instead of virtual sessions for overall program effectiveness and achievement of learning outcomes.

What are the Risk/s Identified?

Management Approach

Failure to give trainings and/or to send employees to In addition to the above, VITA has a database of relevant trainings may result in career stagnancy oftrainings already provided and trainings that may demoralization employees, and inefficiency, and non-growth of employees due to non-the trainings remain to be relevant and effective. upgrading of skills. This may likewise lead to an<mark>lt also ensures that trainings attended by</mark> increase in employee turnover. Less skilled andsupervisors and up are cascaded to their teams demotivated employees may also result in non-within three months from the end of the training attainment of targets. Lack of knowledge transfer and to ensure that all trainings benefit everyone in the application may also affect succession planning and team. manpower building. Another risk identified is the failure of employees to return investment on trainings It also ensures that most, if not all, the trainings due to their eventual resignation.

What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?

Investing on employees' trainings and development Disprz, to enhance the learning experience and will result in the professional and personal growth of drive the employees, which, in turn, may yield to higher development of VITA's employees. The results of employee retention and better productivity results. this partnership shall be realized further in 2025. Faculty development of key members of the organization to equip, mentor and coach the growing number of employees. Cultivating a coaching and learning culture may open doors for improved productivity, spark innovation, and organizational growth.

demotivation, still be provided to the employees to ensure that

are industry-related. VITA also commits to institutionalizing a continuous learning program for its employees and has partnered with a Learning Management System (LMS) provider, further professional growth

<u>Labor-Management Relations</u>

Disclosure	Quantity	Units
% of employees covered with Collective Bargaining		%
Agreements		
Number of consultations conducted with employees		#
concerning employee-related policies		

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?	Management Approach
What are the Risk/s Identified?	Management Approach
What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	Management Approach

Diversity and Equal Opportunity

Disclosure	Quantity	Units
% of female workers in the workforce		%
% of male workers in the workforce		%
Number of employees from indigenous communities and/or		#
vulnerable sector*		

^{*}Vulnerable sector includes, elderly, persons with disabilities, vulnerable women, refugees, migrants, internally displaced persons, people living with HIV and other diseases, solo parents, and the poor or the base of the pyramid (BOP; Class D and E).

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?	Management Approach
What are the Risk/s Identified?	Management Approach
What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	Management Approach
what are the opportunity/ies identified:	Wallagement Approach

Workplace Conditions, Labor Standards, and Human Rights Occupational Health and Safety

Disclosure	Quantity (2024)	Quantity (2023)	Units
Safe Man-Hours	Luzon – 551,939.50	Luzon – 845,100	Man-hours
	Visayas – 302,984	Visayas – 340,544	

	Mindanao – 640,398	Mindanao – 432,879	
		Total: 1,618,523	
No. of work-related injuries	Luzon – 0	0	#
	Visayas – 0		
	Mindanao – 8		
No. of work-related fatalities	Luzon – 0	0	#
	Visayas – 0		
	Mindanao – 0		
No. of work-related ill-health	Luzon – 0	0	#
	Visayas – 0		
	Mindanao – 0		
No. of safety drills	Luzon – 3	Luzon – 2	#
	Visayas – 2	Visayas - 2	
	Mindanao – 4	Mindanao – 3	

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?	Management Approach
Based on the data recorded by VITA's Safety Officer, there was a total of 551,939.50 safe man-hours on its plants. The decrease in the safe man-hours was primarily due to the work-related injuries in 2024.	implementation of which is being monitored by a
The 8 work-related injuries in 2024 happened in VITA's Mindanao operations and these resulted in physical injuries to the workers involved. In addition, there were 3 safety drills held in Luzon – 2 fire drills and 1 emergency preparedness seminar/drill. In Visayas, there were 2 safety drills conducted in 2024	implements all sanitary and biosecurity measures in place. In addition, VITA provides safety-related trainings and PPEs to its employees detailed in the plants. The Safety Officers also regularly sent the employees safety reminders by e-mails, especially during long weekends.
 1 fire drill and 1 earthquake drill. In Mindanao, there were a total of 4 safety drills conducted – 2 fire drills, 1 earthquake drill, and 1 vehicular drill. 	
What are the Risk/s Identified?	subject to applicable policies and procedures. VITA has also an emergency response team, first aiders,
Work-related hazards that may cause work-related injuries, fatalities or ill-health include ergonomic hazards (lifting and prolonged sitting), dust and chemical exposure, computer radiation, moving machines, and equipment inside the plant.	officers.

What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	unsafe acts & conditions, and compliance with
	safety rules. It also regularly checks its machines,
The identified risks present an opportunity to continuously engage with employees through trainings to develop awareness and education to certain safety procedures as well as inculcate in them the importance of compliance with all safety procedures as well as reporting hazards and participating in health awareness and safety initiatives	Identification, Risk Assessment, and Control (HIRAC) tool. It also implements appropriate mitigations to address any identified hazard and risk.
The consistency of e-mail and visual reminders, enhancement of health and safety protocols, and continuous and regular fire and earthquake drills can help sustain the absence of work-related injuries, ill-health and fatalities	

Labor Laws and Human Rights

Disclosure	Quantity	Units
No. of legal actions or employee grievances involving forced		#
or child labor		

Do you have policies that explicitly disallows violations of labor laws and human rights (e.g. harassment, bullying) in the workplace?

Topic	Y/N	If Yes, cite reference in the company policy
Forced labor		
Child labor		
Human Rights		

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?	Management Approach
What are the Risk/s Identified?	Management Approach
What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	Management Approach

Supply Chain Management

Do you	i have a suppl	lier accreditat	ion policy? I	f yes, ple	ease attach	the policy	or link to	the policy	1

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Do you consider the following sustainability topics when accrediting suppliers?

Topic	Y/N	If Yes, cite reference in the supplier policy
Environmental performance		
Forced labor		
Child labor		
Human rights		
Bribery and corruption		

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?	Management Approach
What are the Risk/s Identified?	Management Approach
What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	Management Approach

Relationship with Community

Significant Impacts on Local Communities

Operations with significant (positive or negative) impacts on local communities (exclude CSR projects; this has to be business operations)	Location	Vulnerable groups (if applicable)*	Does the particular operation have impacts on indigenous people (Y/N)?	Collective or individual rights that have been identified that or particular concern for the community	Mitigating measures (if negative) or enhancement measures (if positive)
Feed mill operations	Iloilo		N	As discussed above, VITA	As mentioned above, VITA
	Davao		N	contributes to local employment and job creation. However, in the pursuit of its operations, it is unfortunate that it also contributes to pollution	regularly conducts preventive maintenance of its equipment to minimize its emissions. It also ensures that all wastes are properly segregated. VITA also

			through its GHG emissions, air pollutants, solid, water and hazardous wastes.	complies with all environmental laws and regulations.
Research and	Nueva Ecija	N	While VITA's R	
Development	San Jose Del	N	& D farm	that all wastes
Farm	Monte,		operations	are properly
Operations	Bulacan		contribute to	segregated.
			local	VITA also
			employment	complies with all
			and job	environmental
			creation, it also	laws and
			contributes to	regulations,
			pollution	including safety
			through its air	measures in
			pollutants,	place.
			solid, water	
			and hazardous	
			wastes.	

^{*}Vulnerable sector includes children and youth, elderly, persons with disabilities, vulnerable women, refugees, migrants, internally displaced persons, people living with HIV and other diseases, solo parents, and the poor or the base of the pyramid (BOP; Class D and E)

For operations that are affecting IPs, indicate the total number of Free and Prior Informed Consent (FPIC) undergoing consultations and Certification Preconditions (CPs) secured and still operational and provide a copy or link to the certificates if available: ______

Certificates	Quantity	Units
FPIC process is still undergoing		#
CP secured		#

What are the Risk/s Identified?	Management Approach
What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	Management Approach

Customer Management

<u>Customer Satisfaction</u>

Disclosure	Score (2024)	Score (2023)	Did a third party conduct the customer satisfaction study
			(Y/N)?

		T	<u> </u>
Customer satisfaction	Feeds:	July 2023 (Feeds	
		only):	
			N
	Overall rating	Overall rating	
	•	(nationwide) – 4/5	
	4.7/5	(nationwide) i/3	
	Product (color,	Droduct (color	
	· ·		
		size, texture, odor,	
		weight, price) –	
	price) –	4/5.0	
	4.68/5.0		
	Performance	Performance of	
	of feeds –	feeds – 4/5	
	4.54/5	, -	
	1.5 1/5		
	Salos convicos	Sales services –	
	4.8/5	4.30/5	
	Marketing	Marketing services	
	services -	- 4.10/5	
	4.76/5		
	Foods:	For Foods: Based	
		on the customer	
	Overall rating	satisfaction survey	
	(nationwide) –	conducted in	
	l -		
	3.5/5 or very		
	satisfied	overall rating is	
		3.73/5.0.	

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the erganization's involvement in the impact?	Management Approach
is the organization's involvement in the impact?	
Based on the customer satisfaction survey conducted	VITA regularly engages with its customers, the
for feeds, VITA's over-all rating is 4.7/5, slightly higher	manner and frequency of which depend on the
than that in 2023. On the other hand, the customer	type of product and customer needs and
satisfaction survey conducted for foods nationwide	expectations. For feeds, VITA conducts annual or
showed that VITA's over-all rating is 3/5. This,	bi-annual customer satisfaction surveys to assess
however, may not necessarily be lower than the rating	how VITA can improve its products, services, and
in 2023 considering that the survey in 2023 was only	processes. For distributors, feedbacks are usually
conducted in Central Luzon. However, in 2024, it was	given during the annual trade partners' night and
conducted nationwide.	quarterly business reviews. For key customers,
	VITA conducts bi-annual business reviews with
These surveys impact VITA's operations considering	them, where they also give feedback to VITA. It
that quality products and excellent customer service	continuously collects customers' feedback
translate to customer satisfaction, which in turn,	through survey, reviews, and direct interactions

contributes to VITA's revenues. They create higher through regular customer visits. It personalizes its demand for VITA's products and services, thus, interactions and anticipates certain needs which necessitating additional manpower. It also contributes can create a strong emotional connection with our to the growth of its business partners.

customers.

What are the Risk/s Identified?

Unsatisfied customers are less likely to return, since delays or failure to resolve customer diminishing customer retention and repeat business, complaints can escalate dissatisfaction. VITA which can be more expensive to replace than acknowledges and addresses issues as soon as maintaining existing relationships.

Higher operational costs and strain on customer service resources when there is a high number of complaints, returns, and issues that need to be resolved.

What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?

Based on the survey, there is an opportunity to improve VITA's ability to meet due dates and be at par, if not better, than the competitors. Aligning with the timeliness that the clients set is crucial as it will maintain positive relationships and build a reputation for being reliable and professional.

There is still an opportunity for sustained and continuous customer satisfaction surveys for both feeds and foods to gauge and further improve VITA's brand offering based on its customer needs and expectations. In addition, there is still an opportunity to streamline the feedback mechanism for both feeds and foods products of VITA.

VITA ensures that complaints are addressed the soonest possible time and within a 24-hour cycle they arise and the same are treated with utmost importance.

Health and Safety

Disclosure	Quantity (2024)	Quantity (2023)	Units
No. of substantiated complaints on product or service health and safety*	2	0	#
No. of complaints addressed	2	0	#

^{*}Substantiated complaints include complaints from customers that went through the organization's formal communication channels and grievance mechanisms as well as complaints that were lodged to and acted upon by government agencies.

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?

Management Approach

For 2024, there were 2 valid complaints relative to the VITA takes into consideration the health and safety safety of VITA's foods segment products. They were of its feeds for consumption of poultry and already resolved.

These complaints raised risks in the food safety and poultry. It has Quality Assurance team that food defense programs of VITA as well as gaps in the ensures a secure and compliant food production food safety culture.

What are the Risk/s Identified?

products exposes VITA to legal, reputational and financial risks.

What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?

Keeping and ensuring the products' health and safety to avoid legal, operational, reputational and financial risks.

The regular assessment and enhancement of VITA's HACCP plans, food safety programs, food defense, and process monitoring and verification system ensures that VITA's products and services are healthy and safe

livestock. It also requires its growers and breeders to follow the best practices in growing and raising environment in all the dressing plant sites whether it is owned or tolled. The team continuously provide trainings to production employees in both food safety and food defense policies. Food safety Failure to maintain the health and safety of itsand defense measures such as sanitation and operational, hygiene as well as a more stringent security protocol to avoid adulterations align with VITA's efforts to prevent intentional and unintentional contamination. Moreover, both food safety and food defense require detailed documentation and traceability for products in case of contamination or tampering.

> VITA's dressing plant operated by third parties and VITA's toll partners are NMIS accredited. Good Manufacturing Practices and Food Safety Systems are being implemented and safely and strictly followed. Some of VITA's plants are HACCPcertified, which is a testament that VITA's production process and food safety program are at par with internally recognized standards. Moreover, VITA's Iloilo and Davao feed mill plants are FSMS ISO 22000:2018 certified, meaning that the food safety management systems in place in these plants passed internationally recognized standards. VITA's dressed chicken are likewise Halal certified, meaning that the products were processed following Islamic law. Likewise, established environmental monitoring product testing are being done to ensure and verify the safety of the product. VITA continuously holds trainings related to food safety to comply and maintain with regulatory, statutory, and customer specifications and requirements.

> In 2024, VITA evaluated, reviewed, and filled in the gaps in its HACCP plans, food safety programs, and food defenses. It also improved strengthened its process monitoring and verification system and

employee training in order to have a more mature	
food safety culture and ensure that the incidents	
shall not happen again in the future.	

Marketing and labelling

Disclosure	Quantity (2024)	Quantity (2023)	Units
No. of substantiated complaints on	2	1	#
marketing and labelling*			
No. of complaints addressed	2	1	#

^{*}Substantiated complaints include complaints from customers that went through the organization's formal communication channels and grievance mechanisms as well as complaints that were lodged to and acted upon by government agencies.

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?	Management Approach
The complaints impacted both operations and finance.	not only the health and safety of its products but also the proper packaging and labeling of each item. In 2024, VITA implemented and used its improved woven sacks which has better print quality and specification. Further, prior to launching and using a particular packaging for a product, internal surveys among the employees are conducted to test run the intended packaging. These surveys are signed-off
What are the Risk/s Identified?	VITA commits to continuously enhance its quality
Faded label prints may give an impression that VITA's products are old/expired. In addition, loose seals of the sacks expose the feeds to infestation. Both the foregoing may negatively impact VITA's branding and sales.	control by improving production line checks and staff training to prevent packaging issues. It also commits to proactively communicate with
Loose, or open, or easily opened seals expose VITA's Cook's products to the following risks: contamination, spoilage, ice crystallization, dehydration (freezer bun),	feeds packaging materials prior to use, ensuring
What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	

Sustained and increased customer satisfaction through the sustained and continued improvement of the packaging materials for both feeds and foods.

There is an opportunity to continuously improve its packaging, emphasizing product freshness and quality.

Strengthening customer loyalty through transparent updates and incentives will build long-term trust while showcasing these proactive measures will enhance the brand's reputation and position it as a commitment to excellence.

Organic marketing through the brand advocacy of satisfied customers on account of increased customer engagement as well as customer reassurance and quality assurance messaging of VITA.

<u>Customer privacy</u>

Disclosure	Quantity	Units
No. of substantiated complaints on customer privacy*		#
No. of complaints addressed		#
No. of customers, users and account holders whose		#
information is used for secondary purposes		

^{*}Substantiated complaints include complaints from customers that went through the organization's formal communication channels and grievance mechanisms as well as complaints that were lodged to and acted upon by government agencies.

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?	Management Approach
What are the Risk/s Identified?	Management Approach
What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	Management Approach

Data Security

Disclosure	Quantity	Units
No. of data breaches, including leaks, thefts and losses	0	#
of data		

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?	Management Approach
·	maintaining the integrity and security of data stored electronically as well as the maintenance and security of all computers used by the employees. It has also developed a safe-keeping system of all its contracts, records, and important
What are the Risk/s Identified?	allowed access to the said records, contracts, or documents and the information contained in
'	
What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	implemented a single sign on application.
The development and implementation of the active directory in Visayas and Mindanao operations will give the same protection as the data in Luzon.	
VITA still sees opportunities to increase its data security through: (a) improved e-mail security; and (b) use of additional security measures, such as two-factor authentication, to prevent unauthorized access to data.	

UN SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS

Product or Service Contribution to UN SDGs

Key products and services and its contribution to sustainable development.

Key Products and Services	Societal Value / Contribution to UN SDGs	Potential Negative Impact of Contribution	Management Approach to Negative Impact
Animal Feeds	SDG Goal 2: Zero Hunger	1. Shortage of natural	As disclosed in the
		resources.	previous topics, VITA
Animal Health Care	1. Continuous provision of		continuously evaluates
	healthy and safe feeds for	2. Waste generation.	its strategies and

Chicken (Dressed and Value-Added Products under the flagship brand "Cook's") animals and foods for people.

- 2. Lifetime Profitable Partnerships with its business partners, suppliers, customers and employees.
- 3. Higher allocation of VITA's procurement budget to local suppliers.
- 4. Increased and strengthened support to local agriculture.
- 4. Continuation of the Green Sanctuary Program.

SDG Goal 8: Decent Work and Economic Growth

- 1. Continued economic growth of VITA and contribution to its stakeholders' economic growth.
- 2. Job creation, competitive compensation packages, and career growth opportunities.
- 3. Full, productive, efficient, healthy and safe workplace.
- 4. Continuation of the Green Sanctuary program.5. Higher allocation of VITA's procurement budget to local suppliers.

SDG Goal 12: Responsible Production and Consumption

- 1. Efficient use and management of natural and non-natural resources.
- 2. Compliance with environmental laws and

3. Pollution contribution.

4. Contribution to Climate Change.

modifies them as may be necessary to adapt to the changing landscapes, provide solutions to challenges encountered, and innovations. pioneer VITA operates within the parameters of regulations, its ECC and it shall continue to look for solutions to further mitigate, manage, and reduce its contributions to pollution and climate change as well as to further reduce the wastes it generates/produces from its operations. It shall continue regularly maintain and upgrade its equipment and facilities.

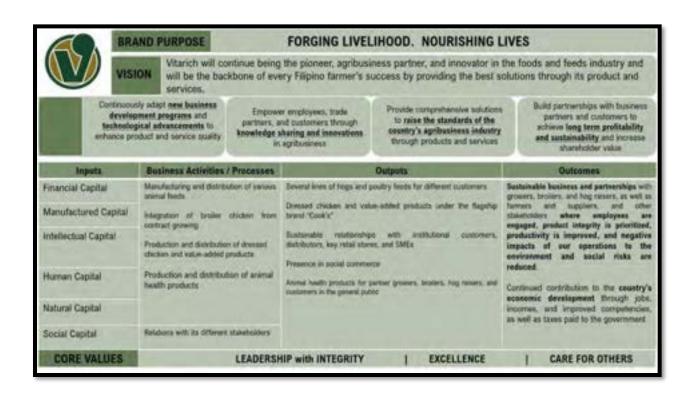
VITA is continuously improving and innovating its operations and processes to manage its negative impacts to the economy, environment, and society as well as to have continuous LPPs with its stakeholders.

VITA launched its *Sagip Kalikasan* initiative in Bulacan in February 2025, a program that uses bamboo as a solution for climate change mitigation.

compliance with EPR Act. 3. Continued use of Solar Energy Project in Iloilo feed mill. 4. About 96.27% of procurement budget was spent on local suppliers. 5. Healthy and safe feeds and food.
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^{*} None/Not Applicable is not an acceptable answer. For holding companies, the services and products of its subsidiaries may be disclosed.

ANNEX "A"



ANNEX "D"

Advisement Report (20 August 2024)

COVER SHEET

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Fisca	al Ye	ar																									
								Sec	ond	ary L	icen	se T	уре.	If Ap	plica	able											
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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SEC FORM 17-C

OF THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE AND SRC RULE 17.2(c) THEREUNDER

1.	20 August 2024
	Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported)
2.	SEC Identification Number 21134
3.	BIR Tax Identification No. 000-234-398
4.	VITARICH CORPORATION Exact name of issuer as specified in its charter
5.	Bulacan, Philippines 6. (SEC Use Only) Province, country or other jurisdiction of incorporation 6. Industry Classification Code:
7.	Marilao San Jose Road, Sta. Rosa I, Marilao, Bulacan Address of principal office 3019 Postal Code
8.	(+632) 8843-3033 Issuer's telephone number, including area code
9.	Not applicable Former name or former address, if changed since last report
10	. Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 12 of the SRC or Sections 4 and 8 of the RSA
	Title of Each Class Number of Shares of Common Stock Outstanding and Amount of Debt Outstanding
	Common Stock 3,054,334,014 Total Shares Issued and Outstanding
11	. Indicate the item numbers reported herein: Item 9. Other Events

Item 9. Other Events

Vitarich Corporation respectfully submits the attached Advisement Reports on its Material Related Party Transactions with Luzon Agriventure Inc. and Barbatos Ventures Corporation.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the Issuer has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

Registrant - VITARICH CORPORATION

By:

ATTY. MARY CHRISTINE DABU-PEPITO
Assistant Corporate Secretary, Corporate
Information Officer and Compliance Officer

Date: 20 August 2024



ADVISEMENT REPORT ON MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Reporting PLC: Vitarich Corporation	SEC Identification Number: 21134
Name of Related Party: Barbatos Ventures Corporation	Execution Date of Transaction: August 19, 2024
Relationship between the Parties including financial/non-financial interest:	Parent-Subsidiary (Related Party is a wholly-owned subsidiary of the PLC)

Type/Nature of Transaction and Description of Assets Involved	Terms and Conditions	Rationale for Entering into the Transaction	Total Assets ¹ of Reporting PLC	Amount/ Contract Price	Percentage of the Contract Price to the Total Assets of the Reporting PLC	Carrying Amount of Collateral, if any	Approving Authority ²
A. Contract Growing (Marilao)	A. Barbatos Ventures Corporation ("BVC") shall produce chicken and poultry products for Vitarich Corporation ("VITA"), including the service of broiler, which is packaged	These contracts were entered into for the efficient production of poultry – from raising/growing broilers to processing dressed chickens - to ensure that VITA's poultry requirements are met while managing costs, thereby	Php5,222,496,068.00 *per Consolidated AFS as of 31 December 2023	With this, the estimated total amount of the transactions with BVC over a 12-month period based on all the contracts, taken together, is about Php1 billion, more or less.	Estimated at 20%, more or less, over a 12-month period	The transactions do not involve any collateral.	As disclosed by VITA last 28 June 2024, the voting requirement of the affirmative votes of at least 2/3 of the members of the Board of Directors of VITA were not attained due to the abstention of Directors

¹ Total assets shall pertain to consolidated assets if the reporting PLC is a parent company.

² The information shall include the names of directors present, names of directors who approved the Material Related Party Transaction and the corresponding voting percentage obtained.

	T			
with dressing				Rogelio M.
and processing	profitability	of		Sarmiento,
poultry,	both parties.			Ricardo
including the				Manuel M.
weighing,				Sarmiento,
killing,				Stephanie
dressing,				Nicole S.
scalding, cut-				Garcia, and
_				Juan Arturo
				Iluminado C.
and				De Castro ³ .
packaging.				Thus, the
				contracts were
				subjected to the
Pending the				approval of the
_				stockholders
				during the
of BVC's				annual
growing				stockholders'
~				meeting on 28
Mindanao, the				June 2024 at
Agreement				2:00 pm. As
between the				previously
parties pertain				disclosed last
				28 June 2024
				also, the
				stockholders
				owning or
· ·				holding
_				2,269,139,622
				or 72.79% of
•				the
				Corporation's
	poultry, including the weighing, killing, dressing, scalding, cutups, marinating, and packaging. Pending the complete establishment of BVC's growing operations in Mindanao, the Agreement	and processing poultry, including the weighing, killing, dressing, scalding, cutups, marinating, and packaging. Pending the complete establishment of BVC's growing operations in Mindanao, the Agreement between the parties pertain to the dressing and processing poultry by BVC to VITA, including the weighing, killing, dressing,	and processing poultry, including the weighing, killing, dressing, scalding, cutups, marinating, and packaging. Pending the complete establishment of BVC's growing operations in Mindanao, the Agreement between the parties pertain to the dressing and processing poultry by BVC to VITA, including the weighing, killing, dressing,	and processing poultry, including the weighing, killing, dressing, salding, cutups, marinating, and packaging. Pending the complete establishment of BVC's growing operations in Mindanao, the Agreement between the parties pertain to the dressing and processing poultry by BVC to VITA, including the weighing, killing, dressing,

³ They inhibited from the discussion and voting/approval of the contracts considering that they are directors/officers of both corporations.

ups, and packaging. The transaction pricing under both contracts varies depending on the service actually rendered. However, it is definitely much lower (20% to 30% lower) than the costs of tolling with other dressing plant operators. Both contracts			outstanding capital stock approved the contracts between VITA and BVC.
have a 5-year term and shall be effective			
until 30 June 2029.			

----SIGNATURE PAGE FOLLOWS---

Pursuant to the requirements of the Commission, the company has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

VITARICH CORPORATION

BARBATOS VENTURES CORPORATION

MARY CHRISTINE C. DABU-PEPITO

Assistant Corporate Secretary

ELAINE C. NANTES

VP & General Manager

REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES)
QUEZON CITY) S.S.

SECRETARY'S CERTIFICATE

I, Mary Christine C. Dabu-Pepito, of legal age, Filipino, with postal address at c/o Vitarich Corporation, Marilao-San Jose Road, Sta. Rosa I, Marilao, Bulacan, after having been duly sworn in accordance with law, depose, state and certify that:

- I am the duly elected and incumbent Assistant Corporate Secretary of Vitarich Corporation (the "Corporation"), a corporation duly organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the Republic of the Philippines, with principal office at Marilao-San Jose Road, Sta. Rosa I, Marilao, Bulacan.
- 2. At the regular meeting of the Board of Directors of the Corporation held on 30 June 2023 at Royal Woods Resort, Ilang-Ilang Extension, Sta. Rosa II, Marilao, Bulacan, where a quorum was present and acting all throughout, the following resolution was approved and adopted:

RESOLUTION NO. 2023-63

"RESOLVED AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation amend as it hereby amends Resolution No. 2019-40 approved on 23 August 2019 as follows:

"RESOLVED, AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED,

that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes any one (1) of the following officers to prepare, sign, execute, and submit the Advisement Report in such form as the Securities and Exchange Commission may require, containing the required disclosures under the Rules on Material Related Party Transactions for Publicly Listed Companies for every material related party transaction entered into by the Corporation:

- Atty. Aison Benedict C. Velasco Corporate Secretary;
- Atty. Mary Christine C. Dabu-Pepito Assistant Corporate Secretary/Compliance Officer/Corporate Information Officer; or
- Ms. Alicia G. Danque Senior Vice President and General Manager, Feeds Business Unit/Alternate Corporate Information Officer"

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hands this 3rd day of July 2023 at Quezon City, Philippines.

MARY CHRISTINE C. DABU-PEPITO

Assistant Corporate Secretary

ATTESTED:

JOSE VICENTE C. BENGZON, III Chairman of the Board SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO BEFORE ME, a Notary Public for and in Quezon City this 3rd day of July 2023, affiant exhibiting to me her Driver's License No. NO1-06-010601 valid until 01 October 2032 as competent evidence of identity.

Doc. No. 133; Page No. 27; Book No. 302; Series of 2023.

ATTY JASON G. DE BELEN
Roll No. 36259
Adm No. NP-970 Notary Public
Notary Public for Quezon City
My Commission expires on December 31, 2023
No. 7M Sct. Borromeo St. cor. Panay Ave., Q.C.
IBP No. 259495; Q.C.; 1-3-2023
PTR No. 4007196; Q.C.; 1-3-2023
MCLE VII-0019570; 5-30-22

SECRETARY'S CERTIFICATE

- I, JUAN ARTURO ILUMINADO C. DE CASTRO, of legal age, Filipino and with address at 7th Floor, LTA Building, 118 Perea St. Legaspi Village, Makati City, after having been duly sworn in accordance with law, hereby certify that:
- I am the duly appointed and incumbent Corporate Secretary of Barbatos Ventures Corporation (the "Corporation"), a corporation duly organized and existing under Philippine laws, with address at Vitarich Corporation Compound, Marilao-San Jose Road, Brgy. Sta. Rosa 1, Marilao, Bulacan.
- The following is a true and correct copy of the resolution unanimously adopted and approved by the Board of Directors of the Corporation in a meeting duly called and held on August 14, 2024:

Board of Directors Resolution No. 2024-14

"RESOLVED, that the Board of Directors of BARBATOS VENTURES CORPORATION ("Corporation") hereby designates Ms. Elaine C. Nantes as its duly authorized signatory of the Advisement Report and any other reportorial requirements of the Corporation with the Securities and Exchange Commission"

The foregoing resolution is in accordance with and form part of the Corporation's records in my custody and has neither been amended nor revoked.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this MAKATI CITY.

1 5 AUG 2024

JUAN ARTURO ILUMINADO DE CASTRO
Corporate Secretary

1 5 AUG 2024

W03-97-

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO before me this

, Metro Manila, affiant exhibited to me his Driver's License No.

241693 issued on 24May2018 in Makati City.

Doc. No. 479; Page No. 97; Book No. XXXXX

Series of 2024.

...A. ESIVIENALDA R. CUNANAP'
Notary Public for and in Mehani City
Until Detember 31, 2025

Until December 31, 2005
April No. M4613 (2004-2025) Attend Ch.
Alternay's Rell No. 34562
4010 Few Plance No. VII-0004085/vsild until 4446.5**

Fin No. 10., 4081/2-2-2024/Maketi Cr Let 1.15 and Member No. 05413 E/F Designation Compark I, Defa Rose I tegrani Virgon, Maketi City



ADVISEMENT REPORT ON MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Reporting PLC: Vitarich Corporation	SEC Identification Number: 21134
Name of Related Party: Luzon Agri Venture, Inc.	Execution Date of Transaction: 31 August 2024 ¹
Relationship between the Parties including financial/non-financial interest:	Affiliates (The parties have interlocking directors and/or officers)

Type/Nature of Transaction and Description of Assets Involved	Terms and Conditions	Rationale for Entering into the Transaction	Total Assets ² of Reporting PLC	Amount/ Contract Price	Percentage of the Contract Price to the Total Assets of the Reporting PLC	Carrying Amount of Collateral, if any	Approving Authority ³
A. Contract to Buy – Broiler (Initial disclosure on 05 July 2023; This disclosure covers the renewal for 2024, effective until 31 December 2024)	A. Luzon Agriventure, Inc. ("LAVI") shall buy day- old-chicks from Vitarich Corporation ("VITA"). VITA shall sell and supply to LAVI the	These contracts were entered into to undertake complementary operations and ensure the quality of the products produced and purchased by and from each other.	Php5,222,496,068.00 *per Consolidated AFS as of 31 December 2023	Total transactions with LAVI over a 12-month period based on all the contracts, taken together, are estimated to reach about Php800 million, more or less, which	Estimated at 15%, more or less	The transactions do not involve any collateral.	The authority to enter into the Contracts to Buy with LAVI was approved by the Board of Directors of VITA on 30 June 2023. The directors present were: 1. Jose Vicente Bengzon, III 2. Ricardo Manuel M. Sarmiento 3. Rogelio M. Sarmiento 4. Stephanie Nicole S. Garcia

¹ Date when the 10% materiality threshold will likely be reached.

² Total assets shall pertain to consolidated assets if the reporting PLC is a parent company.

³ The information shall include the names of directors present, names of directors who approved the Material Related Party Transaction and the corresponding voting percentage obtained.

£ 1 .	<u> </u>	1 41	5 I V'. M
feeds		was lower than	5. Lorenzo Vito M.
requirements.		the previous	Sarmiento, III
LAVI will		contracts.	6. Benjamin I. Sarmiento, Jr.
grow the day-			7. Juan Arturo Iluminado C.
old-chicks			De Castro
and provide			8. Pierre Carlo C. Curay
quality and			(independent)
healthy			9. Vicente J.A. Sarza
broilers,			(independent)
which VITA			
shall buy.			The following directors
			inhibited in the discussion and
Changes in			approval of the transactions as
the contracts:			they are also
the contracts.			stockholders/directors/officers
1. Committed			of LAVI:
monthly			of LAVI.
volume of the			1. Ricardo Manuel M.
DOCs			Sarmiento
supplied was			2. Rogelio M. Sarmiento
reduced from			3. Stephanie Nicole S. Garcia
300,000			
heads to			The following directors
240,000			approved the transaction
heads			unanimously:
2. Class A			1. Jose Vicente Bengzon, III
quality was			2. Lorenzo Vito M.
set to 38 to			Sarmiento, III
45 grams per			3. Benjamin I. Sarmiento, Jr.
head from 38			4. Juan Arturo Iluminado C.
to 42 grams			De Castro
per head.			5. Pierre Carlo C. Curay
			(independent)
			(mark shapity)

T	,			
	3. Price of			6. Vicente J.A. Sarza
	feeds that			(independent)
	LAVI shall			
	pay VITA			The transactions were
	fixed at			approved unanimously by 2/3
	Php2,119.81			of the members of the Board
	delivered			of Directors.
	price from			of Birectors.
	Php2,099.81			
	pick-up price.			
D.C. 4.44	D 1/1/TA 1 11			
B. Contract to	B. VITA shall			
Buy - Breeder	sell and LAVI			
(Initial	shall buy			
disclosure on	from VITA			
05 July 2023;	its feeds			
This	requirements			
disclosure	in its breeder			
covers the	farm in			
renewal for	Lucban,			
2024,	Quezon.			
effective until	LAVI shall			
31 December	use the feeds			
2024)	brought from			
= 0 = 1)	VITA in			
	raising the			
	breeder			
	chicken for			
	them to			
	produce			
	hatching eggs			
	in accordance			
	with the Cobb			
	standard in			
	Philippine			

setting. LAVI				
shall sell and				
supply to				
VITA the				
hatching eggs				
produced at				
the said farm.				
DOC				
production				
capacity is				
estimated at				
10,154,463,				
which was				
lower than the				
previous				
contract,				
which				
estimated				
DOC				
capacity to				
15,559,567.				

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Commission, the company has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

VITARICH CORPORATION

LUZON AGRIVENTURE INC.

MARY CHRISTINE C. DABU-PEPITO

Assistant Corporate Secretary4

ISABELLA VICTORIA M. SARMIENTO

President³

³ Proof of authority must be attached to the Advisement Report.

REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES)
QUEZON CITY) S.S.

SECRETARY'S CERTIFICATE

I, Mary Christine C. Dabu-Pepito, of legal age, Filipino, with postal address at c/o Vitarich Corporation, Marilao-San Jose Road, Sta. Rosa I, Marilao, Bulacan, after having been duly sworn in accordance with law, depose, state and certify that:

- I am the duly elected and incumbent Assistant Corporate Secretary of Vitarich Corporation (the "Corporation"), a corporation duly organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the Republic of the Philippines, with principal office at Marilao-San Jose Road, Sta. Rosa I, Marilao, Bulacan.
- 2. At the regular meeting of the Board of Directors of the Corporation held on 30 June 2023 at Royal Woods Resort, Ilang-Ilang Extension, Sta. Rosa II, Marilao, Bulacan, where a quorum was present and acting all throughout, the following resolution was approved and adopted:

RESOLUTION NO. 2023-63

"RESOLVED AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation amend as it hereby amends Resolution No. 2019-40 approved on 23 August 2019 as follows:

"RESOLVED, AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED,

that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes any one (1) of the following officers to prepare, sign, execute, and submit the Advisement Report in such form as the Securities and Exchange Commission may require, containing the required disclosures under the Rules on Material Related Party Transactions for Publicly Listed Companies for every material related party transaction entered into by the Corporation:

- Atty. Aison Benedict C. Velasco Corporate Secretary;
- Atty. Mary Christine C. Dabu-Pepito Assistant Corporate Secretary/Compliance Officer/Corporate Information Officer; or
- Ms. Alicia G. Danque Senior Vice President and General Manager, Feeds Business Unit/Alternate Corporate Information Officer"

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hands this 3rd day of July 2023 at Quezon City, Philippines.

MARY CHRISTINE C. DABU-PEPITO

Assistant Corporate Secretary

ATTESTED:

JOSE VICENTE C. BENGZON, III
Chairman of the Board

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO BEFORE ME, a Notary Public for and in Quezon City this 3rd day of July 2023, affiant exhibiting to me her Driver's License No. NO1-06-010601 valid until 01 October 2032 as competent evidence of identity.

Doc. No. 133; Page No. 27; Book No. 302; Series of 2023.

ATTY JASON G. DE BELEN
Roll No. 36259
Adm No. NP-070 Notary Public
Notary Public for Quezon City
My Commission expires on December 31, 2023
No. 7M Sct. Borromeo St. cor. Panay Ave., Q.C.
IBP No. 259495; Q.C.; 1-3-2023
PTR No. 4007196; Q.C.; 1-3-2023
MCLE VII-0019570; 5-30-22

REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES)
QUEZON CITY) S.S

SECRETARY'S CERTIFICATE

 MARY CHRISTINE C. DABU-PEPITO, Filipino, of legal age, married and with address at Unit A-20, 3rd Floor, Francesca Tower, EDSA corner Scout Borromeo, Quezon City, after having been duly sworn to in accordance with law, hereby certify that:

- I am the duly appointed and incumbent Corporate Secretary of LUZON AGRIVENTURE INC. ("Corporation"), a corporation duly organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the Philippines, with principal office at 2/F A-7 Bldg., #140 Floro Subd., Zigzag Hills, Malhacan, Meycauayan, Bulacan.
- 2. Based on the records of the Corporation in my possession, the following is a true and correct copy of Resolution No. 2023-17 approved by at least a majority of the Board of Directors during its regular meeting held on 21 June 2023 at the Iron Room, 2nd Floor, Precisione Building, Marilao-Sta. Rosa Rd., Sta. Rosa I, Marilao, Bulacan:

RESOLUTION NO. 2023-17

"RESOLVED AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Corporation authorize as it hereby authorizes any one (1) of the following officers to prepare, sign, execute, and submit the Advisement Report in such form as the Securities and Exchange Commission may require, containing the required disclosures under the Rules on Material Related Party Transactions for Publicly Listed Companies for every material related party transaction entered into by the Corporation with a publicly listed corporation:

- Ms. Isabella Victoria M. Sarmiento President;
- Ms. Mylene Joy E. Angeles General Manager."

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 26th day of June 2023 here at Quezon City.

MARY CHRISTINE C. DABU-PEPITO

Corporate Secretary

ATTESTED:

ISABELLA VICTORIA M. SARMIENTO

President

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO before me, a Notary Public for and in Quezon City, this 26th day of June 2023 at Quezon City, affiant exhibiting to me her Driver's License No. NO1-06-010601, valid until 01 October 2032.

Page No. 726 Book No. 111 Series of 2023.

NOTARY PUBLIC UNTIL DECEMBER 31, 2023 ROLL NO. 13003

ADM. NO. NP-148 (Z022-2023)
IBP NO. 0289409 / 01-17-2023 / PASIG CITY
PTR NO. 2130125 / 01-16-2023 / CT. CITY
MCLE NO. VII-0019901 / 05-04-2022 / PASIG CITY
RGH BLDG. TIMOG COR. PANAY AVE. 0.05, 1 of 1



CERTIFICATION

- I, Mary Christine C. Dabu-Pepito, the Assistant Corporate Secretary/Compliance Officer/Corporate Information Officer of Vitarich Corporation, a corporation duly registered under and by virtue of the laws of the Republic of the Philippines, with SEC registration number 21134 and with principal office at Marilao-San Jose Road, Sta. Rosa I, Marilao, Bulacan, do hereby certify and state that:
- I have caused this SEC Form 17-C to be prepared on behalf of Vitarich Corporation.
- I have read and understood its contents, which are true and correct based on my own personal knowledge and/or authentic records.
- 3) The company, Vitarich Corporation, will comply with the requirements set forth in SEC Notice dated 12 May 2021 for a complete and official submission of reports and/or documents through electronic mail.
- 4) I am fully aware that submitted documents which require pre-evaluation and/or payment of processing fee shall be considered complete and officially received only upon payment of a filing fee.
- The e-mail account designated by the company pursuant to SEC Memorandum Circular No. 28, series of 2020 shall be used by the company in its online submissions to the CGFD.

In witness whereof, I have hereto set my hands this 20th day of August 2024 at Quezon City.

MARY CHRISTINE C. DABU-PEPITO

Assistant Corporate Secretary, Corporate Information Officer and Compliance Officer

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me, a Notary Public for and in Quezon City, this 20th day of August 2024 at Quezon City, affiant exhibiting to me her Driver's License No. NO1-06-010601, valid until 01 October 2032 as competent evidence of identity.

Doc. No. /82 ;

Page No. 37 ; Book No. 405 ;

Series of 2024.

ATTY. JASON G. DE BELEN Roll No. 36259

Asm. No. NP-008 Notary Public Notary Public for Quezon Gry

My Commission expires on December 31, 2025

No. 7M Panay Ave. cor. Sct. Borromeo St., Q.C.

IBP No. 385735; Q.C.; 1-2-2024 PTR No. 5554846; Q.C.; 1-2-2024

MCLE VII-0019570; 5-30-22

ANNEX "E"

Amount of per diem received by directors for per Board or Committee meetings for the last 3 consecutive years

		202	4			202	23			202	2	
	Total amount of	Total amount	Total number	Total Amount	Total amount of	Total amount	Total number		Total amount of	Total amount	Total	Total
	per diem	of <i>per diem</i>		of per diem	per diem	of per diem	of Corp. Gov.		per diem		number of	Amount of
	received for	received for	Committee	received	received for	received for		per diem	received for		Corp. Gov.	per diem
	Regular, Special,		meetings	*net of	Regular,	Audit	meetings	received	Regular,	Audit	Committee	received
	& Organizational		attended	withholding	Special, &	Committee	attended	*net of	Special, &		meetings	*net of
	Meetings	Meetings	*net of	tax	Organizational	Meetings			Organizational	3 -	attended	withholding
	attended	attended	withholding		Meetings	attended	withholding	tax	Meetings	attended	*net of	tax
	*net of	*net of	tax		attended	*net of	tax		attended		withholding	
	withholding tax	Ü	(Php5,000.00)		*net of	withholding	(Php5,000.00		*net of		tax	
	(Php10,000.00)	tax			withholding tax	(Dha = 000 00))		withholding tax		(Php5,000.0	
		(Php5,000.00)			(Php10,000.00)	(PHp5,000.00)			(Php10,000.00)	(PHp5,000.00)	0)	
Jose Vicente C. Bengzon, III	160,000.00	30,000.00	5,000.00	195,000.00	150,000.00	35,000.00	5,000.00	190,000.00	160,000.00	40,000.00	10,000.00	210,000.00
Rogelio M. Sarmiento	160,000.00			160,000.00	130,000.00			130,000.00	160,000.00			160,000.00
Ricardo Manuel M. Sarmiento	150,000.00		5,000.00	155,000.00	150,000.00		5,000.00	155,000.00	170,000.00		10,000.00	180,000.00
Stephanie Nicole S. Garcia	160,000.00		5,000.00	165,000.00	150,000.00		5,000.00	155,000.00	150,000.00		10,000.00	160,000.00
Benjamin I. Sarmiento, Jr.	140,000.00	30,000.00		170,000.00	150,000.00	40,000.00		190,000.00	160,000.00	35,000.00		195,000.00
Lorenzo Vito M. Sarmiento, III	150,000.00			150,000.00	140,000.00			140,000.00	170,000.00			170,000.00
Atty. Juan Arturo Iluminado C. De Castro	160,000.00	25,000.00		185,000.00	150,000.00	40,000.00		190,000.00	170,000.00	40,000.00		210,000.00
Vicente Julian A. Sarza (Independent)	160,000.00	30,000.00		190,000.00	150,000.00	40,000.00	5,000.00	195,000.00	170,000.00	40,000.00	10,000.00	220,000.00
Pierre Carlo C. Curay (Independent) *became a director only on 24 June 2022	160,000.00	30,000.00	5,000.00	195,000.00	140,000.00	40,000.00	5,000.00	185,000.00	120,000.00	10,000.00	5,000.00	135,000.00

ANNEX "F"

Certification dated 28 June 2024

Vitarich Corporation

Annual Stockholders' Meeting 28 June 2024 at 2:00 P.M.

Grand Centro Events Place, 2nd Floor, Centro Marilao, Duhat Street cor.
Patubig Road, Barangay Patubig, Marilao, Bulacan.

ATTENDANCE REPORT

PROXIES (Tabulated by CORSEC)

ATTENDANCE

TOTAL PROXIES AND ATTENDANCE

| No. of Shares | Percentage | 71. J% | 71. J% | 72. 72 | 72. 72 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74.29 | 74

TOTAL ISSUED & OUTSTANDING SHARES

3,054,334,014

Certified by:

STOCK TRANSFER SERVICE, INC.

RICARDO D. REGALA, JR. General Manager

Stock Transfer Service, Inc.

34-D Rufino Pacific Tower, 6784 Ayala Avenue, Makati City

Telephone Nos.: 8403-2410 / 8403-2412

Fax No.: 8403-2414

ANNEX "G"

2025 SEC 17-Q for the 1st quarter



The following document has been received:

Receiving: Ma. Theresa Mabuyo

Receipt Date and Time: May 14, 2025 09:18:51 AM

Company Information

SEC Registration No.: 0000021134 Company Name: VITARICH CORP. Industry Classification: D15420 Company Type: Stock Corporation

Document Information

Document ID: OST10514202583320117

Document Type: Quarterly Report
Document Code: SEC_Form_17-Q
Period Covered: March 31, 2025
Submission Type: Original Filing

Remarks: None

Acceptance of this document is subject to review of forms and contents

COVER SHEET

for UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	SEC Registration Number																																					
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NOTE 1: In case of death, resignation or cessation of office of the officer designated as contact person, such incident shall be reported to the Commission within thirty (30) calendar days from the occurrence thereof with information and complete contact details of the new contact person designated.

Marilao - San Jose Road, Sta. Rosa I, Marilao, Bulacan

NOTE 2: All boxes must be properly and completely filled-up. Failure to do so shall cause the delay in updating the corporation's records with the Commission and/or non-receipt of Notice of Deficiencies. Further, non-receipt shall not excuse the corporation from liability for its deficiencies.

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SEC FORM 17-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 17 OF THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE AND SRC RULE 17(2)(b) THEREUNDER

1.	For the quarterly period ended March 31,	2025	
2.	Commission identification number 21134	3. BIR Tax Identification No.	000-234-398
4.	Exact name of issuer as specified in its cha	arter VITARICH CORPORATION	<u>I</u>
5.	Province, country or other jurisdiction of in	corporation or organization BUL/	ACAN
6.	Industry Classification Code:	(SEC Use Only)	
7.	Address of issuer's principal office		Postal Code
	MARILAO-SAN JOSE ROAD, STA. ROS	SA I, MARILAO, BULACAN	<u>3019</u>
8.	Issuer's telephone number, including area	code	
	<u>(+632) 8843-3033</u>		
9.	Former name, former address and former	fiscal year, if changed since last	report
	<u>N/A</u>		
10.	Securities registered pursuant to Sections	s 8 and 12 of the Code, or Section	ns 4 and 8 of the RSA
	Title of each Class	Number of shares of stock outstanding and amount	
	Common Stock	<u>3,054,334,014</u>	<u>4</u>
11.	Are any or all of the securities listed on a	Stock Exchange?	
	Yes [√] No []		
	If yes, state the name of such Stock Exch	nange and the class/es of securition	es listed therein:
	Philippine Stock Exchange, Inc.	<u>C</u>	<u>ommon</u>
12.	Indicate by check mark whether the regist	trant:	
	 (a) has filed all reports required to thereunder or Sections 11 of the and 141 of the Corporation Coo months (or for such shorter period 	RSA and RSA Rule 11(a)-1 there de of the Philippines, during the	eunder, and Sections 26 e preceding twelve (12
	Yes [√] No []		
	(b) has been subject to such filing re	equirements for the past ninety (90	0) days.
	Yes [] No [√]		

Annex A	١
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SEC	NUMBER	<u>21134</u>
File	Number	

VITARICH CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
(Company's Full Name)
Marilao-San Jose Road, Sta. Rosa I, Marilao, Bulacan
(Company's Address)
(+632) 8843-30-33
(Telephone Number)
Quarterly Consolidated Unaudited Financial Statement
Form Type
Amendment Designation (if applicable)
March 31, 2025
Period Ended Date

(Secondary License Type and File Number)

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1 - Financial Statements

The unaudited financial statements of Vitarich Corporation and its subsidiaries as at and for the period ended March 31, 2025 (with comparative figures as of December 31, 2024) and for the period ended March 31, 2024 and Selected Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements are filed as part of this form 17-Q as Annex "A".

Item 2 - Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The information required by Part III, Paragraph (A) (2) (B) of "Annex C" is attached hereto as Annex "B".

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Vitarich Corporation and its subsidiaries may, at its option, report under this item any information not previously reported in a report on SEC Form 17-C. If disclosure if such information is made under this Part II, it need not be repeated in a report on Form 17-C, which would otherwise be required to be filed with respect to such information, or in a subsequent report on Form 17-Q.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Registrant - VITARICH CORPORATION

By:

STEPHANTE NICOLE S. GARCIA EVP & Chief Sustainability Officer (CSO)/

Corporate Management Services Director/Treasurer ATTY. MARY CHRISTINE DABU-PEPITO

Assistant Corporate Secretary, Corporate Information Officer and Compliance Officer

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Vitarich Corporation (the Parent Company) was incorporated and registered with the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on July 31, 1962, to engage primarily in manufacturing, preparing, processing, mixing, and dealing with feeds, foodstuffs, grains, and commodities of every description for poultry, livestock, and all kinds of animal feeding. The Parent Company's shares of stock were listed with the Philippine Stock Exchange on February 8, 1995.

Barbatos Ventures Corporation (BVC) is a wholly-owned subsidiary engaged in the poultry dressing business. BVC was acquired by the Parent Company effective January 1, 2022.

The registered principal place of business of the Parent Company is at Marilao-San Jose Road, Sta. Rosa I, Marilao, Bulacan. The Parent Company has operating offices in Luzon, Iloilo, and Davao, and maintains satellite offices in southern Philippines.

Results of Operations

Vitarich Corporation a leading poultry integrator and manufacturer of animal feeds and food products in the Philippines, reported a strong start to the year with revenues of ₱3.196 billion, net income of ₱241.6 million, and earnings per share of ₱0.079 for the first quarter ended March 31, 2025.

"VITA delivered record net income and margin performance, outperforming our expectations," said Rocco Sarmiento, Chief Executive Officer. "This performance boosts our outlook and reinforces our confidence in navigating an evolving macroeconomic environment. As we move through the year, short-term disruptions such as the shortage of day-old chicks may continue but we remain focused on pursuing a range of opportunities that we believe will further strengthen our business and fuel sustained growth in the years ahead. Based on current visibility, we have scheduled additional breeder orders for the second and third quarters to manage supply disruptions. We also expect to increase capital expenditure over the course of the year related to our investments in poultry houses, in line with our strategic priorities."

Revenues grew 8.8% year-over-year to \$\frac{1}{2}3.196\$ billion, primarily driven by higher nationwide pricing of chicken products and the addition of a new revenue stream from day-old pullets. This growth was partially offset by lower volumes sold and reduced pricing for feeds due to the limited supply of day-old chicks in the market.

Gross profit rose to ₱607.5 million, about 2.5 times higher than the ₱246.0 million in the prior year. This improvement led to a gross profit margin of 19.0%, up from 8.4%, supported by higher pricing and a 3.8% decrease in the cost of goods sold as a result of lower volumes and raw material costs, which declined14%.

Operating profit surged to ₱349.8 million, an increase of 14.5 times from the ₱24.1 million in the prior year. Operating expenses inched up to 8.1% of revenues from 7.6%, mainly reflecting higher freight and handling costs, merchandiser salaries, and training and marketing expenses. Operating margin improved to 10.9% from 0.8% on strong gross margins, effective cost management, and operational efficiencies at the farm and plant levels.

Net income reached ₱241.6 million with earnings per share of ₱0.079, rising 389 times over the prior year and marking a record quarter that exceeded the company's internal forecasts.

Segment highlights

- In Foods, revenues accelerated 26.9% to \$\frac{1}{2}.222\$ billion, reflecting higher prices amid the ongoing supply challenges for day-old chicks that impacted volumes. Foods comprised 62.8% of revenues from 59.6% in the prior year.
- In Feeds, revenues were down 4.7% to ₱1.017 billion, with lower pricing and flat comparable sales volumes. Feeds accounted for 28.7% of revenues from 36.3%.
- In Farms, revenues more than doubled to \$301.7 million, benefiting from the introduction of day-old pullets from NOVOgen, a French leader in layer genetics, as well as a higher net gain on the fair value of biological assets, in line with improved selling prices at the end of the period. Farms now represent 8.5% of revenues from 4.1%.

Financial Condition

As at March 31, 2025, total assets were ₱5.5 billion, decreased by 4.1% from ₱5.8 billion as at December 31, 2024. Current assets declined 7.4% to ₱3.0 billion due to a decrease in cash used in the settlement of trade payables. Non-current assets remain steady at ₱2.6 billion.

Total liabilities were ₱3.1 billion, down ₱480.6 million from December 31, 2024. Current liabilities decreased 14.2% to ₱2.7 billion and non-current liabilities decreased 8.9% to ₱373.3 million as the Company managed to maximize internally generated funds to settle trade payables.

Stockholders' equity increased to ₱2.5 billion, up ₱241.6 million from December 31, 2024, attributed to net income generated during the first quarter.

Net cash used in operating activities was ₱180.5 million in the first quarter of 2025, net cash provided by investing activities was ₱40.9 million, and net cash provided by financing activities was ₱15.0 million.

The Corporation's top key performance indicators are described as follows:

	Unaudited March 2025	Unaudited March 2024	Unaudited March 2023
Revenue (₱ million)			
Sale of goods	₽3,045	₽2,906	₽3,356
Fair value gain/(loss) adjustment on biological			
assets	151	31	(35)
Cost Contribution (₽ million)			
Cost of goods sold	2,588	2,691	2,992
Gross Profit Rate (%)	19%	8%	10%
Operating Income (₽ million)	350	24	103

1) Sales Volume, Price, and Revenue Growth

Consolidated revenue composed of feeds, day-old chicks, chicken, and animal health products sales including fair value adjustment on biological assets, amounted to ₱3.2 billion, 8.8% higher than the previous year of ₱2.9 billion, attributed to high chicken prices in the market.

2) Cost Contribution

This measures the cost efficiency of the products and trends of raw materials prices, particularly importations, which involve foreign exchange exposure. Costs are analyzed on a regular basis to assist strategic management decision making regarding cost reduction and efficiency measures.

3) Gross Profit Rate

Reviews are conducted on a regular basis to check if targets are being met based on the forecasted gross profit rate and to ensure proper and immediate action can be taken.

4) Operating Margin

Operating margin is profit after operating expenses are deducted. Reviews of operating expenses are performed on a regular basis. These are analyzed and compared against the budget, previous month, and previous years, to ensure that cost reduction measures are being met and implemented.

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	Note	March 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash	4	₽353,799,487	₽590,140,410
Trade and other receivables	5	949,936,643	1,081,330,894
Inventories	6	879,297,232	843,784,267
Biological assets - livestock	7	234,509,433	323,675,626
Advances to suppliers		308,253,539	106,585,632
Other current assets	8	241,880,167	260,769,743
Total Current Assets		2,967,676,501	3,206,286,572
Noncurrent Assets			
Receivable from an insurance company	9	70,203,810	70,203,810
Property, plant and equipment:	10	2, 22,2	-,,-
At revalued amounts		2,006,657,462	2,014,441,929
At cost		62,234,023	63,360,824
Investment properties	11	321,524,173	312,296,469
Right-of-use (ROU) assets	23	96,609,261	96,999,061
Other noncurrent assets	12	19,734,293	20,018,643
Total Noncurrent Assets		2,576,963,022	2,577,320,736
		₽5,544,639,523	₽5,783,607,308
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Current Liabilities			
Trade and other payables	13	₽1,775,008,412	₽2,278,474,203
Current portion of:	10	. 2,773,000,122	1 2,27 3, 17 1,203
Loans payable	14	809,869,658	752,815,730
Lease liabilities	23	34,330,515	31,063,007
Cash bond deposits	15	65,600,847	66,449,820
Total Current Liabilities	-	2,684,809,432	3,128,802,760
Noncurrent Liabilities			
Loans payable - net of current portion	14	7,752,975	47,154,760
Lease liabilities - net of current portion	23	66,523,824	69,907,294
Net retirement liability	22	193,002,073	200,999,042
Net deferred tax liabilities	24	105,980,767	91,788,482
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		373,259,639	409,849,578
Total Liabilities		3,058,069,071	3,538,652,338
Equity			
Capital stock	16	1,160,646,925	1,160,646,925
Additional paid-in capital		1,470,859	1,470,859
Retained earnings		769,558,052	527,942,570
<u> </u>		554,894,616	554,894,616
Other comprehensive income	16	334,634,616	334,634,010
Total Equity	16	2,486,570,452	2,244,954,970

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

		Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited
	Note	Jan-Mar 2025	Jan-Mar 2024	Jan-Mar 2023
REVENUES	4-		DO 006 407 400	
Net sale of goods	17	₽3,044,760,977	₽2,906,407,103	₽3,356,320,286
Fair value changes on biological assets - livestock	7	151,135,221	30,813,944	(35,177,158)
		3,195,896,198	2,937,221,047	3,321,143,128
COST OF GOODS SOLD	18	(2,588,364,557)	(2,691,235,068)	(2,992,458,620)
GROSS PROFIT		607,531,641	245,985,979	328,684,508
OPERATING EXPENSES	19	(257,715,780)	(221,874,361)	(225,675,590)
		(===,===,===,===	(===,:::, ,,,,,	(===,===,===)
OTHER INCOME (CHARGES)		(00 (00 00)	(40 505 000)	(40.007.075)
Interest expenses	14	(22,153,725)	(18,505,339)	(18,297,275)
Interest income	4 21	52,925	399,084	441,511
Others - net	21	(3,970,871)	4,287,426 (13,818,829)	1,099,174 (16,756,590)
		. , , ,	, , ,	, , ,
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX		323,744,190	10,292,789	86,252,328
PROVISION FOR (BENEFIT FROM) INCOME TAX	24			
Current		67,936,423	4,342,024	30,595,133
Deferred		14,192,285	5,329,806	(12,284,621)
		82,128,708	9,671,830	18,310,512
NET INCOME		241,615,482	620,959	67,941,816
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)				
Not to be reclassified to profit or loss:				
Revaluation increment on property, plant and				
equipment - net of deferred income tax	10	_	_	_
Remeasurement gain (loss) on net retirement				
liability - net of deferred income tax	22	_	_	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		₽241,615,482	₽620,959	₽67,941,816
BASIC/DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE	26	₽0.079	₽0.0002	₽0.022

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

		Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited
	Note	Jan-Mar 2025	Jan-Mar 2024	Jan-Dec 2024
CAPITAL STOCK	16	₽1,160,646,925	₽1,160,646,925	₽1,160,646,925
ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL		1,470,859	1,470,859	1,470,859
RETAINED EARNINGS		· ·	· ·	
Balance at beginning of year		527,942,570	303,502,861	303,502,861
Net income		241,615,482	620,959	216,588,562
Transfer from revaluation surplus to retained		241,013,402	020,333	210,300,302
earnings - net of deferred income tax	16	_	_	7,851,147
Balance at end of year		769,558,052	304,123,820	527,942,570
,				•
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)				
REMEASUREMENT GAIN (LOSS) ON NET				
RETIREMENT LIABILITY – net of				
deferred income tax				
Balance at beginning of year		(4,683,341)	(6,236,774)	(6,236,774)
Remeasurement gain - net of		()/- /	(-,, ,	(-,,
deferred income tax	22	_	_	1,553,433
Balance at end of year		(4,683,341)	(6,236,774)	(4,683,341)
REVALUATION SURPLUS ON PROPERTY, PLANT				
AND EQUIPMENT – net of				
deferred income tax				
Balance at beginning of year		559,577,957	441,958,207	441,958,207
Revaluation increment on property, plant and		-		
equipment - net of deferred income tax	10		_	125,470,897
Transfer from revaluation surplus to retained		-		
earnings - net of deferred income tax	16			(7,851,147)
Balance at end of year		559,577,957	441,958,207	559,577,957
		554,894,616	435,721,433	554,894,616
		₽2,486,570,452	₽1,901,963,037	₽2,244,954,970

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the Three Months Ended

	For the Three Months Ended			
		Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited
	Note	March 2025	March 2024	March 2023
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Income before income tax		₽323,744,190	₽10,292,789	₽86,252,328
Adjustments for:				
Fair value changes on biological assets	7	(151,135,221)	(30,813,944)	35,177,158
Depreciation and amortization	10	41,798,178	29,972,965	26,295,891
Interest expense	14	22,153,725	18,505,339	18,297,275
Provision for expected credit loss on trade				
receivables	5	2,646,799	702,243	_
Interest income	4	(52,925)	(399,084)	(441,511)
Retirement expense	22	18,352	765,087	145,000
Loss on disposal of property, plant and				
equipment and investment properties	21	_	395,662	
Operating income before working capital changes		239,173,098	29,421,057	165,726,141
Decrease (increase) in:				
Trade and other receivables		128,747,452	(90,704,620)	(1,820,552)
Inventories and biological assets - livestock		204,788,449	136,862,630	(123,732,715)
Advances to suppliers		(201,667,907)	63,833,071	1,319,784
Other current assets		18,324,421	(38,481,364)	177,287,524
Increase (decrease) in:				
Trade and other payables		(493,097,795)	10,213,133	(11,922,790)
Cash bond deposits		(848,973)	(1,624,144)	2,361,136
Net cash generated from (used in) operations		(104,581,254)	109,519,763	209,218,528
Income taxes paid		(67,936,423)	(4,342,024)	(30,595,133)
Retirement benefits paid	22	(8,015,321)	(1,558,000)	(837,000)
Interest received		52,925	399,084	19,707
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(₱180,480,073)	₽104,018,823	₽177,806,102

(Forward)

		For the Three Months Ended		
		Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited
	Note	March 2025	March 2024	March 2023
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Additions to property, plant and equipment, ROU				
and vehicles	10	(₱31,647,605)	(₽37,421,104)	(₽35,971,776)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and				
equipment and investment properties		_	1,654,314	_
Additions to investment properties	11	(9,227,704)	_	(8,416,438)
Net cash used in investing activities		(40,875,309)	(35,766,790)	(44,388,214)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Availments of loans payable	14	357,726,800	162,987,015	528,777,595
Payments of loans	14	(340,074,657)	(246,623,458)	(634,832,003)
Interest paid	14	(22,153,725)	(16,929,379)	(13,419,537)
Payments of lease liabilities	23	(10,483,958)	(7,392,581)	(9,344,495)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		(14,985,540)	(107,958,403)	(128,818,440)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH		(236,340,922)	(39,706,370)	4,599,448
CASH AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		590,140,410	398,265,061	369,416,726
CASH AT END OF YEAR		₽353,799,487	₽358,558,691	₽374,016,174
NONCACH FINANCIAL INFORMATION				
NONCASH FINANCIAL INFORMATION	23	P10 022 222	P10 007 969	P12 220 200
Recognition of ROU assets		₽19,822,222	₽19,007,868	₽13,228,300
Recognition of lease liabilities	23	19,822,222	19,007,868	13,228,300

NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE QUARTER ENDED MARCH 31, 2024 and 2023

1. General Information

Corporate Information

Vitarich Corporation (the Parent Company) was incorporated and registered with the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on July 31, 1962 to engage primarily in manufacturing, preparing, processing, mixing and dealing with feeds, foodstuffs, grains, and commodities of every description for poultry, livestock and all kinds of animal feeding. The Parent Company's shares of stock were listed with the Philippine Stock Exchange on February 8, 1995.

The interim consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Parent Company and Barbatos Ventures Corporation (BVC), a wholly-owned subsidiary engaged in the poultry dressing business as at December 31, 2023 and 2022 (collectively referred herein as "the Group"). BVC was acquired by the Parent Company effective January 1, 2022 (see Note 33).

The registered principal place of business of the Parent Company is at Marilao-San Jose Road, Sta. Rosa I, Marilao, Bulacan. The Parent Company has operating offices in Luzon, Iloilo and Davao, and maintains satellite offices in southern Philippines.

Approval of the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

The interim consolidated financial statements of the Group as at March 31, 2025 and 2024 and for the quarter ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors (BOD) on May 9, 2025, as reviewed and recommended for approval by the Audit Committee on May 9, 2025.

2. Summary of Material Accounting Policy Information

Basis of Preparation

The interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS) Accounting Standards. This financial reporting framework includes PFRS Accounting Standards, Philippine Accounting Standards (PAS) and Philippine Interpretation from International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC) issued by the Philippine Financial and Sustainability Reporting Standards Council and adopted by the SEC, including SEC pronouncements.

The interim consolidated financial statements are presented in Philippine Peso (Peso), the Group's functional and presentation currency. All values are stated in absolute amounts, unless otherwise indicated. The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for property, plant and equipment (excluding transportation equipment and construction in-progress) which are carried at revalued amounts, investment properties which are carried at fair value, biological assets - livestock which are carried at fair value less costs to sell, agricultural produce which are carried at fair value less costs to sell at point of harvest, lease liabilities which are carried at the present value of future lease payments, plan assets which are carried at fair value and retirement liability which is carried at the present value of the defined benefit obligation. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for an asset or fair value of consideration received in exchange for incurring liability.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- in the principal market for the asset or liability; or
- in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a nonfinancial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group uses market observable data to the extent possible. If the fair value of an asset or a liability is not directly observable, it is estimated by the Group (working closely with external qualified valuers) using valuation techniques that maximize the use of relevant observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs (e.g. by use of the market comparable approach that reflects recent transaction prices for similar items, discounted cash flow analysis, or option pricing models refined to reflect the issuer's specific circumstances). Inputs used are consistent with the characteristics of the asset or liability that market participants would take into account.

Further information about assumptions made in measuring fair values are included in the following:

Note 3 - Significant Judgments, Accounting Estimates and Assumptions

Note 7 - Livestock

Note 10 - Property, Plant and Equipment

Note 11 - Investment Properties

Note 30 – Fair Value Measurement

Fair values are categorized into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the degree to which the inputs to the measurement are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety:

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy are recognized by the Group at the end of the reporting period during which the change occurred.

Adoption of Amendments to PFRS Accounting Standards

The adoption of the amendments to PFRS Accounting Standards did not materially affect the interim consolidated financial statements of the Group. Additional disclosures were included in the notes to interim consolidated financial statements, as applicable.

Amendments to PFRS Already Issued But Not Yet Effective

Under prevailing circumstances, the relevant amendments to PFRS Accounting Standards already issued but which are not yet effective as at March 31, 2024 and have not been applied in preparing the interim consolidated financial statements are not expected to have any material effect on the interim consolidated financial statements of the Group. Additional disclosures will be included in the interim consolidated financial statements, as applicable.

Financial Assets and Liabilities

Date of Recognition. The Group recognizes a financial asset or a financial liability in the interim consolidated statements of financial position when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of a financial instrument. In the case of a regular way purchase or sale of financial assets, recognition and derecognition, as applicable, is done using settlement date accounting.

Initial Recognition and Measurement. Financial instruments are recognized initially at fair value, which is the fair value of the consideration given (in case of an asset) or received (in case of a liability). The initial measurement of financial instruments, except for those designated at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL), includes transaction costs.

Classification. The Group classifies its financial assets at initial recognition under the following categories: (a) financial assets at FVPL, (b) financial assets at amortized cost and (c) financial assets at FVOCI. Financial liabilities, on the other hand, are classified as either financial liabilities at FVPL or financial liabilities at amortized cost. The classification of a financial instrument largely depends on the Group's business model and its contractual cash flow characteristics.

As at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Group does not have financial assets at FVOCI and financial assets and liabilities at FVPL.

Financial Assets at Amortized Cost. Financial assets shall be measured at amortized cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise, on specified dates, to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial recognition, financial assets at amortized cost are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less allowance for impairment, if any. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the financial assets are derecognized and through amortization process. Financial assets at amortized cost are included under current assets if realizability or collectability is within 12 months after the reporting period. Otherwise, these are classified as noncurrent assets.

As at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Group's cash, trade and other receivables (excluding advances to officers and employees), receivable from an insurance company and security deposits are classified under this category (see Notes 4, 5, 9 and 12).

Financial Liabilities at Amortized Cost. Financial liabilities are categorized as financial liabilities at amortized cost when the substance of the contractual arrangement results in the Group having an obligation either to deliver cash or another financial asset to the holder, or to settle the obligation other than by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of its own equity instruments.

These financial liabilities are initially recognized at fair value less any directly attributable transaction costs. After initial recognition, these financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on the issue and fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognized or through the amortization process.

As at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Group's trade and other payables (excluding statutory payables), loans payable, cash bond deposits and lease liabilities are classified under this category. (see Notes 13, 14, 15 and 23)

Impairment of Financial Assets at Amortized Cost

The Group records an allowance for expected credit loss (ECL) based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive. The difference is then discounted at an approximation to the asset's original effective interest rate.

For trade receivables, the Group has applied the simplified approach and has calculated ECL based on the lifetime ECL. The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

For other financial assets measured at amortized cost, the ECL is based on the 12-month ECL, which pertains to the portion of lifetime ECL that result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. However, when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the allowance will be based on the lifetime ECL. When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition and consider reasonable and supportable information, that is available without undue cost or effort, that is indicative of significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition.

Derecognition of Financial Assets and Liabilities

Financial Assets. A financial asset (or where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognized when:

• the right to receive cash flows from the asset has expired;

- the Group retains the right to receive cash flows from the financial asset, but has assumed an obligation to pay them in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; or
- the Group has transferred its right to receive cash flows from the financial asset and either (a) has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group has transferred its right to receive cash flows from a financial asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset nor transferred control of the financial asset, the financial asset is recognized to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement in the financial asset. Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred financial asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the financial asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

Financial Liabilities. A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or has expired. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

Inventories

Inventories consist of feeds, raw materials and feeds supplements, supplies and animal health products, hatching eggs and finished goods. Cost is determined using the moving average method. Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value (NRV).

Feeds. Feeds include costs of raw materials and costs of direct labor and manufacturing overhead.

Raw Materials, Feeds Supplements, Supplies and Animal Health Products. For these inventories, all costs directly attributable to acquisition such as the purchase price, import duties and other taxes that are not subsequently recoverable from taxing authorities are included as part of costs.

Hatching Eggs. Hatching eggs are initially measured at the fair value less estimated costs to sell at the point of harvest.

Finished Goods. Finished goods, which include fresh and frozen chicken cut-ups, are initially measured at the fair value less estimated costs to sell at the point of harvest and costs of direct materials, labor and overhead.

The NRV of feeds, animal health products and finished goods is based on the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the cost of marketing and distribution, while the NRV of raw materials and supplies is the current replacement cost.

When inventories are sold, the carrying amount of those inventories is recognized as an expense in profit or loss.

Biological assets - livestock

Livestock consist of biological assets such as day-old chicks after undergoing the hatching process, chicks which are grown as chicken broilers, and parent stock. Livestock are measured on initial recognition and at the end of each reporting period at fair value less costs to sell. The Group's fair valuation takes into consideration inputs based on the hatchability rate of eggs, mortality of chicks being grown as chicken broilers and parent stock, estimated future cash flows to be incurred in hatching the eggs and growing the chicks and parent stock, among others.

Gain or loss arising on initial recognition and any changes in the fair value less costs to sell of livestock are recorded as adjustment to "Net Sale of Goods" in the interim consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

Advances to Suppliers

Advances to suppliers are amounts paid in advance for the purchase of goods and services. These are carried in the interim consolidated statements of financial position at face amount and are recognized as expense in profit or loss or to the corresponding asset account when the services or goods for which the advances were made are received by and delivered to the Group with reference to percentage of completion, if any.

Advances to suppliers are classified as current assets since the corresponding goods or services are expected to be delivered or performed for no more than 12 months after the financial reporting period.

Other Current Assets

Other current assets consist of creditable withholding taxes (CWT), advances to contract growers and breeders, prepayments and input value-added taxes (VAT).

CWT. CWT represent the amounts withheld at source by the Group's customers in relation to its income. These are recognized upon collection and are utilized as tax credits against income tax due as allowed by the Philippine taxation laws and regulations.

Advances to Contract Growers and Breeders. Advances to contract growers and breeders pertain to purchases of animal health products and feeds that are already paid in advance. These are expected to be received by and delivered to the Group for no more than 12 months after the financial reporting period.

Prepayments. Prepayments represent expenses not yet incurred but already paid in cash. Prepayments are initially recorded as assets and measured at the amount of cash paid. Subsequently, these are charged to expense as these are consumed in operations or expire with the passage of time. Prepayments that are expected to be incurred no more than 12 months after the reporting date are classified as current assets. Otherwise these are classified as noncurrent assets.

Input VAT. Revenue, expenses and assets are recognized net of the amount of VAT except in cases where VAT incurred on a purchase of assets or services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case, VAT is recognized as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item, as applicable, or receivable and payables that are stated with the amount of VAT included.

Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are initially measured at cost. The cost of property, plant and equipment consists of the purchase price, including import duties and other costs directly attributable

to bring the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use. Cost also includes the cost of replacing parts of such property, plant and equipment when the recognition criteria are met and the present value of the estimated cost of dismantling and removing the asset and restoring the site where the asset is located.

Property, plant and equipment (except for transportation equipment and construction in-progress) are stated at revalued amounts as determined by an independent appraiser. Transportation equipment and construction in-progress is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment in value, if any.

Expenditures incurred after the property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs, maintenance and overhaul costs, are normally charged to operations in the year the costs are incurred. In situations where it can be clearly demonstrated that the expenditures have resulted in an increase in the future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of an item of property, plant and equipment beyond its originally assessed standard of performance, the expenditures are capitalized as additional costs of property, plant and equipment.

Subsequent to initial recognition at cost, property, plant and equipment (except for land, transportation equipment and construction in-progress) are carried at revalued amounts less any subsequent accumulated depreciation, amortization and any accumulated impairment losses. Land is carried at revalued amount less accumulated impairment losses, if any. Fair market value is determined by reference to market-based evidence, which is the amount for which the assets could be exchanged between a knowledgeable willing buyer and a knowledgeable willing seller in an arm's length transaction as at the valuation date. Any revaluation surplus is credited to "Revaluation surplus" account presented under "Other Comprehensive Income" section of the interim consolidated statements of financial position. Any decrease in the revaluation surplus of the same asset is charged to OCI to the extent of any credit balance existing in the revaluation surplus in respect of that asset and the remaining decline, if any, is recognized in the interim consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

Annually, an amount from the "Revaluation Surplus" account is transferred to "Retained Earnings" under the "Equity" section in the interim consolidated statements of financial position for the depreciation relating to the revaluation surplus, net of related taxes. Upon disposal, any revaluation surplus relating to the particular asset sold is transferred to "Retained Earnings". Revaluations are performed every one to two years to ensure that the carrying amount does not differ materially from that which would be determined using fair value at the end of the reporting period.

Depreciation and amortization are calculated on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Asset Type	Number of Years
Plant, machinery and equipment	10 to 20 years
Buildings	20 years
Leasehold and land improvements	2 to 5 years or lease term, whichever is shorter
Office furniture, fixtures and equipment	3 to 10 years
Transportation equipment	4 to 5 years

The estimated useful lives and depreciation and amortization method are reviewed periodically to ensure that the periods and method of depreciation and amortization are consistent with the expected pattern of economic benefits from items of property, plant and equipment.

Fully depreciated assets are retained in the account until they are no longer in use and no further charge for depreciation and amortization is made in respect to those assets.

Construction in-progress is stated at cost. This includes cost of construction and other direct costs. Construction in-progress is not depreciated until such time that the relevant assets are completed and available for operational use.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognized.

Investment Properties

Investment properties are properties held either to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or both, but not for sale in the ordinary course of business or for administrative purposes.

The Group uses fair value model for the accounting of its investment properties. Under this method, investment properties are initially measured at cost but are subsequently remeasured at fair value at each reporting date, which reflects market conditions at the reporting date. Cost comprises the purchase price and any directly attributable costs in developing and improving the properties. Cost also includes the cost of replacing part of an existing investment property at the time that cost is incurred if the recognition criteria are met. The fair value of investment properties is determined using Sales Comparison approach by an independent real estate appraiser. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values of investment properties are included in profit or loss in the period in which they arise, including the corresponding tax effect. For the purposes of these interim consolidated financial statements, in order to avoid double counting, the fair value reported in the interim consolidated financial statements is reduced by the carrying amount of any accrued income resulting from the spreading of lease incentives and minimum lease payments, as applicable.

Transfers are made to investment property when, and only when, there is a change in use, evidenced by the ending of owner-occupation, commencement of an operating lease to another party or ending of the construction or development. Transfers are made from investment property when, and only when, there is a change in use, evidenced by the commencement of owner occupation or commencement of development with a view to sell.

Investment properties are derecognized when either those have been disposed of or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from its disposal. Any gain or loss on the retirement or disposal of an investment property is recognized in the interim consolidated statements of comprehensive income in the year of retirement or disposal.

Rental income and operating expenses from investment properties are reported as part of "Other Income" and "Operating Expenses," respectively, in the interim consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

Other Noncurrent Assets

Other noncurrent assets consist of project development costs, security deposits classified as financial assets and computer software.

Project Development Costs. These represent costs directly attributable to the development of the Parent Company's aqua feeds and aqua culture projects. The capitalized development costs pertain to the amount of cash paid or the fair value of the other considerations given to acquire an asset at the time of its acquisition or production.

Computer Software. Computer software is measured at cost of acquisition less any accumulated amortization and impairment losses, if any. Computer software is amortized on a straight-line basis over the economic useful life of three years and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the computer software may be impaired. Amortization period and amortization method for computer software are reviewed at each reporting date. Any change in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset is recognized prospectively.

Impairment of Nonfinancial Assets

The carrying amounts of the Group's nonfinancial assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's net recoverable amount is estimated.

Any impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset or its cash-generating unit (CGU) exceeds its net recoverable amount. A CGU is the smallest identifiable asset group that generates cash flows that are largely independent from other assets of the Group. Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss in the period incurred.

The net recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its value in use or its fair value less costs to sell. Value in use is the present value of future cash flows expected to be derived from an asset while fair value less cost to sell is the amount obtainable from the sale of an asset in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable and willing parties less costs of disposal. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present values using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

Impairment losses recognized in prior periods are assessed at each reporting date for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss has been recognized.

Leases

A contract is, or contains, a lease when it conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time, the Group assesses whether, throughout the period of use, the customers has both of the following:

- The right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the identified asset; and
- The right to direct the use of the identified asset.

If the Group has the right to control the use of an identified asset for only a portion of the term of the contract, the contract contains a lease for that portion of the term.

The Group also assesses whether a contract contains a lease for each potential separate lease component.

The Group as Lessee

The Group recognizes right-of-use (ROU) asset and lease liability for all leases, except for leases with lease terms of 12 months or less (short-term leases) and leases for which the underlying asset is of low value, in which case the lease payments associated with those leases are recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis.

ROU Asset. At commencement date, the Group measures the ROU asset at cost. The cost comprises:

- The amount of the initial measurement of lease liabilities;
- Any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received;
- Any initial direct costs incurred by the Group; and
- An estimation of costs to be incurred by the Group in dismantling and removing the underlying asset, when applicable.

The ROU assets are recognized under the same basis with property and equipment at the present value of the liability at the commencement date of the lease, adding any directly attributable costs. After the commencement date, the ROU assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of the related lease liabilities. The ROU assets are amortized over the shorter of the lease terms or the useful lives of the underlying assets ranging as follows:

Asset Type	Number of Years
Building	2 to 5 years
Transportation equipment	5 years

Lease liabilities. At commencement date, the Group measures lease liabilities at the present value of future lease payments using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. Otherwise, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of lease liabilities comprise the following:

- Fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments;
- Variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- Amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; and
- The exercise price under a purchase option that the Group is reasonably certain to exercise, lease payments in an optional renewal period if the Group is reasonable certain to exercise an extension option, and penalties for early termination of a lease unless the Group is reasonably certain not to terminate early.

Lease liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost. Interest on the lease liabilities and any variable lease payments not included in the measurement of lease liabilities are recognized in profit or loss unless these are capitalized as costs of another asset. Variable lease payments not included in the measurement of the lease liabilities are recognized in profit or loss when the event or condition that triggers those payments occurs.

If there is a change in the lease term or if there is a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset, the lease liabilities are remeasured using a revised discount rate considering the revised lease payments on the basis of the revised lease term or reflecting the change in amounts payable under the purchase option. The lease liabilities are also remeasured using the revised lease payments if there is a change in the amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee or a change in future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or a rate used to determine those payments.

The Group as a Lessor

Leases where the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset are classified as operating leases. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognized over the lease term on the same basis as rental income.

Equity

Capital Stock. Capital stock is measured at par value for all shares issued.

Additional Paid-in Capital (APIC). APIC is the proceeds and/or fair value of considerations received in excess of par value of the subscribed capital stock. Incremental costs incurred directly attributable to the issuance of new shares are recognized as deduction from equity, net of any tax. Otherwise, these are recognized as expense in profit or loss.

Retained Earnings. Retained earnings represents the cumulative balance of net income or loss, net of any dividend declaration and prior period adjustments.

OCI. OCI comprises of items of income and expense that are not recognized in profit or loss in accordance with PFRS Accounting Standards. OCI of the Parent Company pertains to revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment and accumulated remeasurement gains and losses on net retirement liability.

Revenue Recognition

The Group is engaged in the manufacturing and distribution of animal feeds, animal health and nutritional products, and feeds supplements. The Group is also engaged in the production of day-old chicks and in the growing, production and distribution of chicken broilers, either as live or dressed chickens.

Revenue from contract with customers is recognized when the performance obligation in the contract has been satisfied, either at a point in time or over time. Revenue is recognized over time if one of the following criteria is met: (a) the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits as the Group performs its obligations; (b) the Group's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced; or (c) the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date. Otherwise, revenue is recognized at a point in time.

The Group also assesses its revenue arrangements to determine if it is acting as a principal or as an agent. The Group has assessed that it acts as a principal in all of its revenue sources.

Revenue from the Group's sale of goods is recognized at point in time when control of the goods is transferred to the customers.

The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before other revenue items outside the scope of PFRS Accounting Standards 15 are recognized:

Rental Income. Rental income on leased property is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Interest Income. Revenue is recognized as interest accrues, taking into consideration the effective yield on the asset.

Other Income. Other income is recognized when earned.

Cost and Expense Recognition

Cost and expenses are decreases in economic benefits during the accounting period in the form of outflows or depletions of assets or incurrence of liabilities that result in decreases in equity, other than those relating to distributions to equity participants.

Cost of Goods Sold. Cost of goods sold are recognized as expense when the related goods are delivered.

Operating Expenses. Operating expenses constitute cost of administering the business and cost incurred to sell and market its products. These are expensed as incurred.

Interest Expense. These are recognized in profit or loss using the effective interest method. *Other Charges*. Other charges are recognized when incurred.

Employee Benefits

Short-term Benefits. The Group recognizes a liability net of amounts already paid and an expense for services rendered by employees during the accounting period. A liability is also recognized for the amount expected to be paid under short-term cash bonus or profit sharing plans if the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee, and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Short-term employee benefit liabilities are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed as the related service is provided.

Retirement Benefits. The Group has a partially funded, non-contributory defined benefit plan covering all qualified employees. The retirement benefits cost is determined using the projected unit credit method which reflects services rendered by employees to the date of valuation and incorporates assumptions concerning employees' projected salaries.

The Group recognizes service costs, comprising of current service costs, past service costs and net interest expense or income in profit or loss. Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net retirement liability or asset.

Past service costs are recognized in profit or loss on the earlier of the date of the plan amendment or curtailment, and the date that the Group recognizes restructuring-related costs.

Remeasurements pertaining to actuarial gains and losses and return on plan assets are recognized immediately in OCI in the period in which they arise. Remeasurements are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.

Plan assets are assets that are held in trust and managed by a trustee bank. Plan assets are not available to the creditors of the Group, nor can they be paid directly to the Group. The fair value of the plan assets is based on the market price information. When no market price is available, the fair value of plan assets is estimated by discounting expected future cash flows using a discount rate that reflects both the risk associated with the plan assets and the maturity or expected disposal date of those assets (or, if they have no maturity, the expected period until the settlement of the related obligations). If the fair value of the plan assets is higher than the present value of the retirement liability, the measurement of the resulting defined benefit asset is limited to the asset ceiling which is the present value of economic benefits available in the form of refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan.

The net retirement asset (liability) is the aggregate of the present value of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets against which the obligations are to be settled directly, adjusted for any effect of asset ceiling. The present value of the retirement obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows using interest rate on government bonds that have terms to maturity approximating the terms of the related retirement liability.

Actuarial valuations are made with sufficient regularity so that the amounts recognized in the interim consolidated financial statements do not differ materially from the amounts that would be determined at the reporting date.

Income Taxes

Current Tax. Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the tax authority. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred Tax. Deferred tax is provided on all temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences and carryforward benefits of unused net operating loss carryover (NOLCO) and minimum corporate income tax (MCIT) to the extent that it is probable that taxable income will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and carryforward of unused NOLCO and excess MCIT over RCIT can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable income will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable income will allow the deferred tax assets to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are applicable to the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities. For purposes of measuring deferred tax liabilities and deferred tax assets for investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the carrying amounts of such properties are presumed to be recovered entirely through sale, unless the presumption is rebutted, that is, when the investment property is depreciable and is held within the business model whose objective is consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment property over time, rather than through sale.

Most changes in deferred tax assets or deferred tax liabilities are recognized as a component of tax expense in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same tax authority.

Segment Reporting

The Group's operating businesses are organized and managed separately according to the nature of the products provided, with each segment reporting a strategic business unit that offers different products and markets. Financial information on the Group's business segments is presented in Note 31 to the interim consolidated financial statements.

Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are measured at the estimated expenditure required to settle the present obligation, based on the most reliable evidence available at the end of the reporting period, including risks and uncertainties associated with the present obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as an interest expense. Provisions are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

Basic and Diluted Earnings (Loss) per Share

Basic earnings (loss) per share is computed by dividing the net income (loss) for the period attributable to common equity holders of the Parent Company by the weighted average number of issued, subscribed and outstanding common shares during the period, with retroactive adjustment for any stock dividends declared.

Diluted earnings (loss) per share is computed in the same manner, adjusted for the effects of any potentially dilutive convertible securities.

Events After the Reporting Period

Any post-year-end event that provides additional information about the Group's financial position at the end of the reporting period (adjusting event) is reflected in the interim consolidated financial statements. Post-year-end events that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the notes to interim consolidated financial statements when material.

3. Significant Judgments, Accounting Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of the Group's interim consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgments, accounting estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses reported in the interim consolidated financial statements. These are based on management's evaluation of relevant facts and circumstances as of the date of the interim consolidated financial statements.

While the Group believes that the assumptions are reasonable and appropriate, significant differences in the actual experience or significant changes in the assumptions may materially affect the estimated amounts. Actual results could differ from such estimates.

The accounting estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis. Changes in accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the change affects only that period or in the period of the change and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgments

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgments, apart from those involving estimations, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the interim consolidated financial statements.

Determining the Operating Segments. The Group's determination of the operating segments is based on the information about the components that management uses to make decisions about operating matters. Operating segments use internal reports that are regularly reviewed by the Group's chief operating decision maker, which is defined to be the Parent Company's BOD, in order to allocate resources to the segment and assess its performance.

The Group reports separate information about an operating segment that meets any of the following quantitative thresholds:

- its reported revenue, including both sales to external customers and intersegment sales or transfers, is 10% or more of the combined revenue, internal and external, of all operating segments;
- the absolute amount of its reported profit or loss is 10% or more of the greater, in absolute amount, of (i) the combined reported profit of all operating segments that did not report a loss and (ii) the combined reported loss of all operating segments that reported a loss; and
- the assets of the segment are 10% or more of the combined assets of all operating segments.

The Group has three reportable operating segments which are its foods, feeds and farms segments, and one geographical segment as the Group's operations are located in the Philippines. The Group operates and derives all its revenue from domestic operations.

Classifying the Property, Plant and Equipment and Investment Properties. The Group determines whether a property qualifies as an investment property or an item of property, plant and equipment.

In making its judgment, the Group considers whether the property is held primarily to earn rentals or capital appreciation or both, or used for operations and administrative purposes by the Group.

The carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment and investment properties as at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 are disclosed in Notes 10 and 11, respectively.

Determining the Highest and Best Use of Investment Properties. The Group determines the highest and best use of its investment properties when measuring fair value. In making its judgment, the Group takes into account the use of the investment properties that is physically possible, legally permissible and financially feasible.

The carrying amounts of investment properties as at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 are disclosed in Note 11.

Determining the Lease Commitments – The Group as a Lessor. Leases where the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset are classified as operating leases. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognized over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents, if any, are recognized as revenue in the period in which these are earned.

Rental income earned for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 are disclosed in Note 23.

Determining the Lease Term and Incremental Borrowing Rate. The lease term is a significant component in the measurement of both the ROU assets and lease liabilities. Judgment is exercised in determining whether there is reasonable certainty that an option to extend the lease or purchase the underlying asset, if any, will be exercised, or an option to terminate the lease will not be exercised, when ascertaining the periods to be included in the lease term. In determining the lease term, all facts and circumstances that create an economical incentive to exercise an extension option, or not to exercise a termination option, are considered at the lease commencement date. Factors considered may include the importance of the asset to the Group's operations, comparison of terms and conditions to prevailing market rates, incurrence of significant penalties, existence of significant leasehold improvements, and the costs and disruption to replace the asset. The Group reassesses whether it is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option, or not exercise a termination o

Where the interest rate implicit in a lease cannot be readily determined, an incremental borrowing rate is estimated to discount future lease payments to measure the present value of the lease liabilities at the lease commencement date. Such a rate is based on what the Group estimates it would have to pay a third party to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the ROU assets, with similar terms, security and economic environment. The Group uses its general borrowing rate adjusted for the lease terms, securities of an item with the underlying nature of the leased assets and expectations of residual value, among others.

The carrying amounts of ROU assets and lease liabilities as at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 and 2023 are disclosed in Note 23.

Assessing Provisions and Contingencies. The Group evaluates legal and administrative proceedings to which it is involved based on analysis of potential results. Management and its legal counsels do not believe that any current proceedings will have material adverse effects on its consolidated financial position and results of operations. It is possible, however, that future results of operations could be

materially affected by changes in estimates or in the effectiveness of strategies relating to these proceedings.

Accounting Estimates and Assumptions

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of reporting period that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year:

Assessing the ECL on Trade Receivables. The Group initially uses a provision matrix based on the historical default rates for trade receivables. The provision matrix specifies provision rates depending on the number of days that a receivable is past due. The Group then calibrates the provision matrix to adjust historical credit loss experience with forward-looking information on the basis of current observable data to reflect the effects of current and forecasted economic conditions, as applicable.

The Group adjusts historical default rates if forecasted economic conditions such as gross domestic product are expected to deteriorate which can lead to increased number of defaults in the industry. The Group regularly reviews the methodology and assumptions used for estimating ECL to reduce any differences between estimates and actual credit loss experience.

The determination of the correlation between historical default rates and forecasted economic conditions is a significant estimate. Accordingly, the provision for ECL of trade receivables is sensitive to changes in assumptions about forecasted economic conditions.

The amount of provision for ECL and the carrying amount of the Group's trade receivables as at and for the years ended March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 are disclosed in Note 5.

Estimating the ECL of the Receivable from an Insurance Company. The Group is currently involved in legal proceedings to pursue the collection of its remaining insurance claims for typhoon damages from an insurance company. The determination of whether the insurance claims receivable is still realizable requires consultations with legal counsel and management's estimate of the allowance for ECL based on the probability-weighted estimate of the present value of all cash shortfalls over the expected settlement of the claims.

Management and its legal counsel believe that the ongoing litigation on the remaining claims will not result to any significant adverse impact on the Group's financial condition and results of operations. Thus, no provision for ECL was recognized in 2024, 2023 and 2022.

The carrying amount of receivable from an insurance company and the allowance for ECL recognized as at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 are disclosed in Note 9.

Assessing the ECL on Other Financial Assets at Amortized Cost (excluding Trade Receivables and Receivable from an Insurance Company). The Group determines the allowance for ECL based on the probability-weighted estimate of the present value of all cash shortfalls over the expected life of financial assets at amortized cost. ECL is provided for credit losses that result from possible default events within the next 12 months unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, in which case ECL are provided based on lifetime ECL.

When determining if there has been a significant increase in credit risk, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort and that is

relevant for the particular financial instrument being assessed such as, but not limited to, the following factors:

- actual or expected external and internal credit rating downgrade;
- existing or forecasted adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions;
- actual or expected significant adverse changes in the operating results of the borrower; or
- significant changes in credit spread, rates or terms such as more stringent covenants and increased amount of collateral or guarantees.

The Group also considers financial assets that are more than 120 days past due to be the latest point at which lifetime ECL should be recognized unless it can demonstrate that this does not represent a significant risk in credit risk such as when non-payment was an administrative oversight rather than resulting from financial difficulty of the borrower.

The amount of provision for ECL recognized in 2025 and 2024 are disclosed in Note 5.

Estimating the Fair Value of Biological Assets - livestock. The fair values of the Group's biological assets are based on the most reliable estimate of market prices at the end of the reporting period. The fair values of day-old chicks, growing broilers and parent stock were determined using the income approach which considers the net cash flows expected to be generated from the sale of day-old chicks, sale of fully-grown broilers as dressed chickens and net cash flows expected to be generated from parent stock. These are measured as Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy.

The cash flow projections include specific estimates of the hatching period, the hatchability and mortality rates, and volume of harvest. In addition, the significant unobservable inputs also include the estimated future sales price of day-old chicks, dressed chickens and parent stock, as well as the estimated costs to be incurred in the hatching, growing and dressing processes, as applicable.

Generally, the estimated fair value would increase (decrease) if the estimated future sales price, cash inflows, hatchability rates or volume of production were higher (lower). Meanwhile, the estimated fair value would increase (decrease) if the estimated costs to be incurred in the hatching, growing and dressing processes or estimated mortality rates were lower (higher).

The gain or loss on fair value changes of biological assets recognized under "Revenues" account in March 31, 2025, March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023 are presented in Note 7.

Estimating the Revalued Amounts of Property, Plant and Equipment (excluding Transportation Equipment and CIP). The Group measures its property, plant and equipment (excluding transportation equipment and CIP) at revalued amounts with changes in fair value being recognized in OCI.

In determining the revalued amounts of property, plant and equipment (excluding transportation equipment and CIP), the Group hired independent firms of appraisers as at December 31, 2024. In order to arrive at a reasonable valuation, the appraisers personally inspected the properties, requested information from reputable sources and considered the following: (a) utility and market value of the land; (b) cost of reproduction of the replaceable property; (c) current prices for similar-use property in the second-hand market; (d) age, condition, past maintenance, and present and prospective serviceability in comparison with new assets of similar kind; (e) accumulated depreciation; (f) lease rates; and (g) recent trends and development in the industry concerned.

The carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment at revalued amounts as at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 are disclosed in Note 10.

Estimating the Fair Value of Investment Properties. The Group's investment properties are measured at fair values. The Group works closely with external qualified appraisers who performs the valuation using appropriate valuation techniques. The Group estimates expected future cash flows, yields, and discount rates.

The valuation techniques and inputs used in the fair value measurement of investment properties, as well as the carrying amounts of investment properties as at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 are disclosed in Note 11.

Estimating the Useful Lives of Property, Plant and Equipment. The Group reviews annually the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment based on expected asset's utilization, market demands and future technological development. It is possible that the factors mentioned may change in the future, which could cause a change in estimated useful lives. A reduction in estimated useful lives could cause a significant increase in depreciation and amortization of property, plant and equipment.

There were no changes in the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment in 2024, 2024 and 2023. The carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment as at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 are disclosed in Note 10.

Assessing the Impairment of Nonfinancial Assets. The Group assesses impairment on nonfinancial assets whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. In assessing whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired, the Group considers the external and internal sources of information. External sources of information include but are not limited to unexpected significant decline in market value and any other significant changes with an adverse effect on the Group, whether it had taken place during period or will take place in the near future in the market, economic or legal environment in which the entity operates or in the market to which the asset is dedicated. Internal sources of information include evidence of obsolescence or physical damage on an asset, significant changes with an adverse effect on the Group whether it had taken place during the period, or are expected to take place in the near future, to the extent to which, or in a manner in which, an asset is used or is expected to be used, and any other evidence that indicates that the economic performance of an asset is, or will be, worse than expected.

Whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognized. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less cost to sell and value in use. The fair value less cost to sell is the amount obtainable from the sale of an asset in an arm's length transaction while value in use is the present value of estimated future cash flows expected to arise from the continuing use of an asset and from its disposal at the end of its useful life. The estimated cash flows are projected using growth rates based on historical experience and business plans and are discounted using pretax discount rates that reflect the current assessment of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

Recoverable amounts are estimated for individual assets or, if it is not possible, for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

No provision for impairment loss on nonfinancial assets was recognized in 2025, 2024 and 2023.

The carrying amounts of nonfinancial assets which consists of advances to officers and employees, other current assets, property, plant and equipment, investment properties, other noncurrent assets (excluding security deposits) and ROU assets and are disclosed in Notes 5, 8, 10, 11, 12 and 23.

Estimating the Retirement Liability. The determination of the Group's obligation and cost for pension and other retirement benefits is dependent on selection of certain assumptions used by actuaries in calculating such amounts. Those assumptions are described in Note 22 to the interim consolidated financial statements and include among others, discount rate and salary increase rate. While the Group believes that the assumptions are reasonable and appropriate, significant differences in actual experience or significant changes in assumptions materially affect net retirement liability.

The carrying amounts of net retirement liability as at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 are disclosed in Note 22.

Assessing the Realizability of Deferred Tax Assets. The Group's assessment on the recognition of deferred tax assets on deductible temporary differences and carryforward benefits of unused NOLCO is based on the projected taxable income in the following periods. Based on the projection, not all future deductible temporary differences will be realized, therefore, only a portion of deferred tax assets was recognized.

As at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the carrying amounts of recognized deferred tax assets and the amount of unrecognized deferred tax assets which management has assessed may not be realized in the future, are disclosed in Note 24.

4. Cash

This account consists of:

	Unaudited	Audited
	March 2025	December 2024
Cash on hand	₽5,111,449	₽5,103,700
Cash in banks	348,688,038	585,036,710
	₽353,799,487	₽590,140,410

Cash in banks earn interest at prevailing bank deposit rates and are immediately available for use in the current operations.

Interest income earned from cash in banks amounted to ₱0.05 million, ₱0.40 million and ₱1.24 million as at March 31, 2025, March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2024. Total interest income recognized in the interim consolidated statements of comprehensive income pertain to the following:

	Note	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
		March 2025	March 2024	December 2024
Cash in banks		₽52,925	₽41,932	₽205,324
Trade receivables	5	-	357,152	1,034,391
		₽52,925	₽399,084	₽1,239,715

5. Trade and Other Receivables

This account consists of:

		Unaudited	Audited
	Note	March 2025	December 2024
Trade receivables from:			_
Third parties		₽906,207,836	₽861,149,761
Related parties	25	104,540,681	245,890,511
Nontrade receivables		93,746,806	86,438,721
Receivable from an insurance company		-	35,064,371
Advances to officers and employees	25	24,031,448	26,963,331
Other receivables		20,691,482	22,459,010
		1,149,218,253	1,277,965,705
Allowance for ECL		(199,281,610)	(196,634,811)
		₽949,936,643	₽1,081,330,894

Trade receivables arising mainly from the sale of feeds, foods and livestock are generally collectible within 30 to 90 days. Interest income earned from overdue trade and other receivables amounted to nil and \$1.0 million in March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively (see Note 4).

Nontrade receivables comprise mainly of receivables arising from the Group's incidental income. These are unsecured, noninterest-bearing and are usually settled within 30 to 90 days.

In 2024, the Parent Company filed an insurance claim with an insurance company for the properties damaged by Typhoon Carina. Losses from inventories and property, plant and equipment damaged by the typhoon amounted to P7.3 million and P19.1 million, respectively (see Notes 6, 10 and 21). The proceeds from insurance were subsequently received in January 2025.

Advances to officers and employees include salary and other loans granted to employees which are generally noninterest-bearing in nature and collectible through salary deductions. This also includes cash advances for business purposes that are subject to liquidation.

Other receivables mainly consists of short-term rental deposits and receivables from government.

Movements in the allowance for ECL account are shown below:

	Note	Trade	Nontrade	Advances to Officers and Employees	Others	Total
Balance as at January 1, 2025		₽107,213,743	₽74,341,929	₽1,303,912	₽13,775,227	P196,634,811
Provision for ECL	5	2,646,799	-	-	_	2,646,799
Balance as at March 31, 2025		₽109,860,542	₽74,341,929	₽1,303,912	₽13,775,227	₽199,281,610
				Advances to Officers and		
	Note	Trade	Nontrade	Employees	Others	s Total
Balance as at January 1, 2024		₽66,162,339	₽74,341,929	₽1,303,912	₽13,775,227	⁷ ₽155,583,407
Provision for ECL	5	41,051,404	_	_	=	41,051,404
Balance as at December 31, 2024		₽107,213,743	₽74,341,929	₽1,303,912	₽13,775,227	7 ₽196,634,811

6. Inventories

This account consists of:

	Unaudited	Audited
	March 2025	December 2024
At NRV -		
Feeds	₽243,764,302	₽219,873,500
At cost:		
Raw materials and feeds supplements	326,208,475	314,682,466
Supplies and animal health products	127,566,757	128,408,276
Finished goods	104,837,344	91,728,873
Hatching eggs	76,920,354	89,091,152
	₽879,297,232	₽843,784,267

Inventories are valued at lower of cost and NRV as at March 31, 2025 and 2024. Inventories charged to cost of goods sold amounted to ₱2,132.7 million and ₱2,233.3 million in March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively (see Note 18).

Allowance for inventory obsolescence amounted to ₱0.9 million as at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024.

7. Biological Assets - Livestock

The Group's livestock consists of the following:

	Unaudited	Audited
	March 2025	December 2024
Day-old chicks and growing broilers	₽179,866,966	₽245,728,723
Parent stock	54,642,467	77,946,903
	₽234,509,433	₽323,675,626

Movements of the Group's livestock are as follows:

		Unaudited	Audited
	Note	March 2025	December 2024
Balance at beginning of year		₽323,675,626	₽129,394,759
Increase due to purchases and production		539,676,879	6,673,717,832
Decrease due to sales, harvest and mortality		(779,978,293)	(6,571,206,577)
Gain (loss) on fair value changes	17	151,135,221	91,769,612
Balance at end of year		₽234,509,433	₽323,675,626

8. Other Current Assets

This account consists of:

	Unaudited	Audited
	March 2025	December 2024
Advances to contract growers and breeders	₽140,890,419	₽130,132,144
Prepayments	72,444,006	52,649,590
Input VAT	42,019,168	36,623,431
Creditable withholding taxes (CWT)	41,649,239	96,487,243
	297,002,832	315,892,408
Allowance for impairment losses	(55,122,665)	(55,122,665)
	₽241,880,167	₽260,769,743

9. Receivable from an Insurance Company

The Parent Company has an outstanding insurance claim for typhoon damages from Charter Ping An Insurance Corporation (Charter Ping An). Pursuant to the Insurance Code, the Parent Company is entitled to interest on its claim at a rate twice the ceiling prescribed by the Monetary Board beginning March 12, 2010, or 90 days from the date the Parent Company filed the claim.

On August 17, 2016, the Parent Company received \$\in\$58.9 million as partial settlement. On May 31, 2023, the Regional Trial Court (RTC) of Bulacan granted the claim of the Parent Company and ordered Charter Ping An to pay the insurance claim, to which Charter Ping An filed a Notice of Appeal with the Court of Appeals (CA) in Manila City. As at December 31, 2024, the case records had been transmitted to the CA. On December 2, 2024, the CA directed Charter Ping An to file an Appellant's Brief within 45 days from the date of notice. On February 10, 2025, Charter Ping An filed

a Motion for Extension of Time to File Appellant's Brief with Manifestation seeking additional 45 days, or until April 6, 2025, within which to submit its Brief.

Management and its legal counsel believe that the ongoing litigation on the remaining claims will not result in any significant adverse impact on the Group's financial condition and results of operations.

The composition of the receivable as at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 are as follows:

Cost	₽141,664,583
Allowance for ECL	(71,460,773)
	₽70,203,810

The Parent Company continues to legally pursue the remaining balance of the insurance claim as at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024. No provisions nor write-off of allowance for ECL of the receivable were recognized in 2025 and 2024.

10. Property, Plant and Equipment

At Revalued Amounts

The composition and movements of the Group's property, plant and equipment carried at revalued amounts are as follows:

	Unaudited March 31, 2025					
				Leasehold and	Office Furniture,	
		Plant, Machinery		Land	Fixtures and	
	Land	and Equipment	Buildings	Improvements	Equipment	Total
Cost						
Balance at beginning of year	1,082,566,830	999,761,419	464,697,444	145,287,482	120,337,429	2,812,650,604
Additions / Adjustment	-	3,953,288	2,464,007	(1,636,540)	639,700	5,420,455
Reclassifications from CIP	-	7,794,834	-	6,473,397	5,688,060	19,956,291
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance at end of year	1,082,566,830	1,011,509,541	467,161,451	150,124,338	126,665,189	2,838,027,350
Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization						
Balance at beginning of year	_	496,124,655	124,191,025	76,875,707	101,017,288	798,208,675
Depreciation and amortization	-	19,093,811	5,510,298	5,589,981	2,967,123	33,161,213
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-
Reclassification	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance at end of year	-	515,218,466	129,701,323	82,465,688	103,984,411	831,369,888
Carrying Amount	1,082,566,830	496,291,076	337,460,128	67,658,649	22,680,778	2,006,657,462

			Audited Dec	ember 31, 2024		
				Leasehold and	Office Furniture,	
		Plant, Machinery		Land	Fixtures and	
	Land	and Equipment	Buildings	Improvements	Equipment	Total
Cost						
Balance at beginning of year	₽932,448,310	₽1,085,211,134	₽424,641,584	₽99,588,491	₽106,094,574	₽2,647,984,093
Additions	_	27,523,709	_	20,635,743	14,073,400	62,232,852
Reclassifications from CIP	_	(6,222,781)	(105,124)	14,815,160	(546,359)	7,940,896
Disposals	_	(70,744,121)	(1,867,856)	_	(189,791)	(72,801,768)
Revaluation	150,118,520	(36,006,522)	42,028,840	10,248,088	905,605	167,294,531
Balance at end of year	1,082,566,830	999,761,419	464,697,444	145,287,482	120,337,429	2,812,650,604
Accumulated Depreciation and						
Amortization						
Balance at beginning of year	_	436,336,142	105,133,158	63,130,611	93,918,044	698,517,955
Depreciation and amortization	-	74,112,355	19,850,369	13,745,096	7,460,919	115,168,739
Disposals	_	(14,705,387)	(786,056)	_	(88,496)	(15,579,939)
Reclassifications	-	381,545	(6,446)	-	(273,179)	101,920
Balance at end of year	-	496,124,655	124,191,025	76,875,707	101,017,288	798,208,675
Carrying Amount	₽1,082,566,830	₽503,636,764	₽340,506,419	₽68,411,775	₽19,320,141	₽2,014,441,929

Had the above property, plant and equipment been measured using the cost model, the carrying amounts would have been as follows:

	Unaudited	Audited
	March 2025	December 2024
Land	₽355,331,190	₽355,331,190
Plant, machinery and equipment	561,179,447	549,431,325
Buildings	290,097,807	287,633,800
Leasehold and land improvements	62,519,271	57,682,415
Office furniture, fixtures and equipment	24,641,016	18,259,256
	₽1,293,768,731	₽1,268,337,986

The Group's property, plant and equipment (except for transportation equipment and construction inprogress) were appraised by an independent firm of appraisers as at December 31, 2024.

Details of the valuation techniques used in measuring fair values of property, plant and equipment classified under Levels 2 and 3 of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

			Range
Class of Property	Valuation Techniques	Significant Inputs	December 2024
		Price per square meter	
	Sales comparison	(sqm)	₽2,000 - ₽10,000
Land	approach	Value adjustments	5% - 35%
	Donrociated		
Dlant machinen	Depreciated	Danisaamant aast	P1 200 4 million
Plant, machinery	replacement cost	Replacement cost	₽1,300.4 million
and equipment	method	Remaining economic life	3 - 25 years
	Discounted cash flow	Discount rate	
	(DCF) approach	Per monthly rent	_
	Depreciated		
	replacement cost	Replacement cost	₽613.7 million
Buildings	method	Remaining economic life	1 - 30 years
-		Discount rate	·
	DCF approach	Per monthly rent	_
	Depreciated		
Leasehold and	replacement cost	Replacement cost	₽84.3 million
land improvements	method	Remaining economic life	1 -23 years
		Discount rate	
	DCF approach	Per monthly rent	_
	Depreciated		
Office furniture, fixtures	replacement cost	Replacement cost	₽14.9 million
and equipment	method	Remaining economic life	2 - 4 years

The description of the valuation techniques and inputs used in the fair value measurement are as follows:

Sales Comparison Approach

Sales comparison approach involves the comparison of the Group's land to those that are more or less located within the vicinity of the appraised properties and are subject of recent sales and offerings. Adjustments were made to arrive at the market value by considering the location, size, shape, utility, desirability and time element.

The inputs to fair valuation are as follows:

- *Price per sqm* estimated value prevailing in the real estate market depending on the location, area, shape and time element.
- Value adjustments adjustments are made to bring the comparative values in approximation to the property taking into account the location, size and architectural features among others.

Generally, significant increases (decreases) in the estimated price per sqm in isolation would result in a significantly higher (lower) fair value measurement.

Depreciated Replacement Cost Method

Depreciated replacement cost method is used to estimate valuation of plant, machinery and equipment, buildings, leasehold and land improvements and office furniture, fixtures and equipment by computing for the replacement cost of the assets and applying appropriate adjustments for physical deterioration and functional and economic obsolescence.

Generally, significant increases (decreases) in depreciated replacement cost in isolation would result in a significantly higher (lower) fair value measurement.

Discounted Cash Flow Approach

Under the DCF approach, a property's fair value is estimated using explicit assumptions regarding the benefits and liabilities of ownership over the asset's estimated useful life including an exit or terminal value. As an accepted method within the income approach to valuation, the DCF approach involves the projection of a series of cash flows on a real property interest. An appropriate, market-derived discount rate is applied to projected cash flow series to establish the present value of the income stream associated with the investment property.

Periodic cash flows of investment properties are typically estimated as gross income less vacancy and operating expenses. The series of periodic net operating income, along with an estimate of the terminal value anticipated at the end of the projection period, is then discounted.

The frequency of inflows and outflows are contract and market-derived. The DCF approach assumes that cash outflows occur in the same period that expenses are recorded.

Generally, significant increases (decreases) in monthly rental rate per building, leasehold and land improvements and machinery and equipment in isolation would result in a significantly higher (lower) fair value measurement. Significant increases (decreases) in discount rate in isolation would result in a significantly lower (higher) fair value measurement.

In 2024, the Group changed its valuation technique on determining the fair value of its plant, machinery and equipment, buildings, and leasehold and land improvements from DCF approach to depreciated replacement cost method.

<u>At Cost</u>
The following transportation equipment and construction in-progress (CIP) are carried at cost:

	Unaudited March 31, 2025		
	Transportation		
	Equipment	CIP	Total
Cost			
Balance at beginning of year	₽45,214,579	₽62,930,164	₽108,144,743
Additions	_	18,907,784	18,907,784
Reclassifications	_	(19,956,291)	(19,956,291)
Balance at end of year	45,214,579	61,881,657	107,096,236
Accumulated Depreciation			
Balance at beginning of year	44,783,919	_	44,783,919
Depreciation	78,294	_	78,294
Balance at end of year	44,862,213	_	44,862,213
Carrying amount	₽352,366	₽61,881,657	₽62,234,023
	Transportation	24 2000111301 31, 202 1	
		ed December 31, 2024	
	Equipment	CIP	Total
Cost			
Balance at beginning of year	₽46,127,170	₽43,674,517	₽89,801,687
Additions	_	26,720,916	26,720,916
Reclassifications	(475,627)	(7,465,269)	(7,940,896)
Disposal	(436,964)	_	(436,964)
Balance at end of year	45,214,579	62,930,164	108,144,743
Accumulated Depreciation			
Balance at beginning of year	44,208,965	_	44,208,965
Depreciation	1,056,505	_	1,056,505
Reclassifications	(101,920)	_	(101,920)
Disposal	(379,631)	_	(379,631)
Balance at end of year	44,783,919		44,783,919
Carrying amount	₽430,660	₽62,930,164	₽63,360,824

CIP represents cost of raw materials, general construction works and installation costs incurred in the construction of the Group's offices, cabling installation, piping, bagging system installation and other developments. Completed construction costs amounting to ₱20.0 million and ₱7.5 million in March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively, were reclassified to appropriate property, plant and equipment accounts. As at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, there are no significant contractual commitments entered into by the Group.

In March 2025, March 2024 and March 2023, the Group sold property, plant and equipment and investment properties for a cash consideration resulting to a gain (loss) on disposal amounting to nil, (\$\text{P0.04}\$) million and nil, respectively (see Note 21).

As at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, fully depreciated property, plant and equipment that are still being used by the Group amounted to ₱585.3 million and ₱453.2 million, respectively.

Depreciation and amortization expense recognized in the interim consolidated statements of comprehensive income are as follows:

	Note	March 2025	March 2024	December 2024
Property, plant and equipment:				
At revaluated amounts		₽33,161,213	₽22,933,451	₽115,168,739
At cost		78,294	437,820	1,056,505
ROU assets	23	7,709,166	5,752,189	26,892,227
Computer software	12	849,505	849,505	3,398,021
		₽41,798,178	₽29,972,965	₽146,515,492

Depreciation and amortization expense were charged to the following:

	Note	March 2025	March 2024	December 2024
Cost of goods sold	18	29,532,406	₽21,170,376	₽103,913,052
Operating expenses:	19			
Selling and distribution		8,596,480	6,412,011	24,283,391
Administrative expenses		3,669,292	2,390,578	18,319,049
		12,265,772	8,802,589	42,602,440
		₽41,798,178	₽29,972,965	₽146,515,492

11. Investment Properties

This consists of the Group's parcels of land arising from the foreclosure of properties as settlement of its customers' liabilities to the Group, and properties which are held either to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or both, but not for sale in the ordinary course of business or for administrative purposes.

Investment properties are measured using the fair value model. The composition and movements in this account are summarized below:

	Unaudited March 2025			
	Land	Building	Total	
Cost				
Balance at beginning of year	171,218,892	15,567,585	186,786,477	
Additions	-	9,227,704	9,227,704	
Balance at end of year	171,218,892	24,795,289	196,014,181	
Cumulative Gain on Changes in			_	
Fair Value				
Balance at beginning and end of year	121,657,302	3,852,690	125,509,992	
Carrying Amount	₽292,876,194	₽28,647,979	₽321,524,173	

	Audited December 31, 2024			
	Land	Building	Total	
Cost			_	
Balance at beginning of year	₽177,161,892	₽15,567,585	₽192,729,477	
Disposals	(5,943,000)	_	(5,943,000)	
Balance at end of year	171,218,892	15,567,585	186,786,477	
Cumulative Gain (Loss) on Changes in			_	
Fair Value				
Balance at beginning of year	109,431,064	(814,190)	108,616,874	
Gain on changes in fair value	12,226,238	4,666,880	16,893,118	
Balance at end of year	121,657,302	3,852,690	125,509,992	
Carrying Amount	₽292,876,194	₽19,420,275	₽312,296,469	

The Group's investment properties were appraised by an independent firm of appraisers as at December 31, 2024. Net gain on change in fair value amounted to ₱16.9.1 million in 2024.

The Group recognized revenue from leasing operations amounting to ₱1.5 million, ₱1.6 million and ₱5.3 million in March 31, 2025, March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2024, respectively (see Note 21). Direct costs related to the lease of investment properties amounted to ₱0.3 million, ₱0.3 million and ₱3.2 million in March 31, 2025, March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2024, respectively.

Details of the valuation techniques used in measuring fair values of classified under Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

			Range
Class of Property	Valuation Techniques	Significant Inputs	December 2024
Land	Sales comparison approach	Price per square meter (sqm) Value adjustments	₽67 - ₽19,599 5% - 70%
Buildings	DCF approach	Discount rate Per monthly rent (sgm)	12% ₽30 - ₽114

Sales comparison approach involves the comparison of the Group's land to those that are more or less located within the vicinity of the appraised properties and are subject of recent sales and offerings. Adjustments were made to arrive at the market value by considering the location, size, shape, utility, desirability and time element.

The significant inputs to fair valuation are as follows:

- *Price per sqm* estimated value prevailing in the real estate market depending on the location, area, shape and time element.
- Value adjustments adjustments are made to bring the comparative values in approximation to the investment property taking into account the location, size and architectural features among others.

Generally, significant increases (decreases) in the estimated price per sqm in isolation would result in a significantly higher (lower) fair value measurement. Significant increases (decreases) in rental rate in isolation would result in a significantly higher (lower) fair value measurement.

Meanwhile, building was valued using DCF approach (Level 3) and utilized discount rate and monthly rental rates as significant inputs. Under the DCF approach, a property's fair value is estimated using explicit assumptions regarding the benefits and liabilities of ownership over the asset's estimated useful life including an exit or terminal value. As an accepted method within the income approach to

valuation, the DCF approach involves the projection of a series of cash flows on a real property interest. An appropriate, market-derived discount rate is applied to projected cash flow series to establish the present value of the income stream associated with the investment property.

Periodic cash flows of investment properties are typically estimated as gross income less vacancy and operating expenses. The series of periodic net operating income, along with an estimate of the terminal value anticipated at the end of the projection period, is then discounted.

The frequency of inflows and outflows are contract and market-derived. The DCF approach assumes that cash outflows occur in the same period that expenses are recorded.

Generally, significant increases (decreases) in the discount rate in isolation would result in a significantly lower (higher) fair value measurement. Significant increases (decreases) in rental rate in isolation would result in a significantly higher (lower) fair value measurement.

12. Other Noncurrent Assets

This account consists of:

	Note	Unaudited	Audited
		March 2025	December 2024
Project development costs		₽31,368,395	₽31,368,395
Security deposits	23	13,493,843	12,928,688
Computer software		6,240,450	7,089,955
		51,102,688	51,387,038
Allowance for impairment losses		(31,368,395)	(31,368,395)
		₽19,734,293	₽20,018,643

Project development costs represent expenses incurred on the Group's aqua feeds and aqua culture projects. These were already fully provided with valuation allowance as at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 since based on management's evaluation, these costs may no longer be recoverable.

Computer software is amortized over the economic life of three (3) years. Movements in computer software are as follows:

		Unaudited	Audited
	Note	March 2025	December 2024
Cost			
Balance at beginning and end of year		₽43,365,131	₽43,365,131
Accumulated Amortization			
Balance at beginning of year		36,275,176	32,877,155
Amortization	10	849,505	3,398,021
Balance at end of year		37,124,681	36,275,176
Carrying Amount		₽6,240,450	₽7,089,955

13. Trade and Other Payables

This account consists of:

		Unaudited	Audited
	Note	March 2025	December 2024
Trade payables:			
Third parties		₽1,063,019,814	₽1,638,983,161
Related parties		11,570,656	15,685,403
Accrued expenses:			
Selling and administrative		214,586,335	281,754,674
Others		41,139,140	41,428,536
Outside services		31,974,694	59,620,661
Nontrade payables		373,971,763	201,332,195
Statutory payables		28,108,669	34,653,434
Customers' deposits		10,637,341	5,016,139
		₽1,775,008,412	₽2,278,474,203

Trade payables consist of liabilities arising from purchases of inventories in the normal course of business. These are noninterest-bearing and are generally on a 90-day credit term.

Accrued expenses mainly pertain to selling and administrative expenses, outside services, salaries and wages, freight and handling, outside services, taxes and licenses, commission and supplies. These are normally settled within one year.

Nontrade payables are liabilities arising from purchases of goods other than inventories and various services giving rise to expenses such as trucking fees, utilities, security services and inspection fees, among others. These are normally settled within one year.

Statutory payables consist of liabilities to SSS, PhilHealth and HDMF. These are normally settled within a month.

Customers' deposits pertain to amounts advanced by customers in relation to the Group's lease of properties.

14. Loans Payable

The Group's outstanding loans payable to local banks amounted to ₱817.6 million and ₱800.0 million as at March 31, 2025 and December 31 2024, respectively. The Group's short-term and long-term loans are not subject to any debt covenants.

	Unaudited	Audited
	March 2025	December 2024
Short-term loans	₽751,548,229	₽694,494,301
Current portion of long-term loans	58,321,429	58,321,429
Current portion of loans payable	809,869,658	752,815,730
Noncurrent portion of loans payable	7,752,975	47,154,760
	₽817,622,633	₽799,970,490

Short-term Loans Payable

In 2025 and 2024, the Group obtained unsecured, Peso-denominated short-term loans from local banks to finance its working capital requirements. The Group's short-term loans mature within 90 days and bear interest rates ranging from 7.10% to 8.50%. Outstanding balance amounted to ₱817.6 million and ₱694.5 million as at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively.

Long-term Loans Payable

The following are the Group's long-term loans payable:

a. ₽86.9 million promissory note

On October 31, 2018, the Parent Company entered into an eight-year loan agreement with China Bank Savings, Inc. ("CBS") amounting to ₱86.9 million, payable in 28 quarterly installments starting January 31, 2020 and bearing an interest rate of 7.875% per annum, repriced annually. Outstanding balance amounted to ₱21.7 million and ₱24.8 million as at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively.

b. ₱86.9 million promissory note

On December 6, 2018, the Parent Company entered into another eight-year loan agreement with CBS amounting to ₱86.9 million, payable in 28 quarterly installments, starting March 6, 2020 and bearing an interest rate of 8.125% per annum, repriced annually. Outstanding balance amounted to ₱21.7 million and ₱24.8 million as at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively.

c. ₽67.0 million promissory note

On August 22, 2024, the Parent Company entered into a two-year loan agreement with Asia United Bank ("AUB") amounting to ₱67.0 million, payable in 24 monthly installments, starting September 23, 2024 and bearing an interest rate of 7.75% per annum, repriced annually. Outstanding balance amounted to ₱47.5 million and ₱55.8 million as at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024.

Total availments of loans payable amounted to ₱357.7 million and ₱958.9 million in March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively. Total payments of loans payable amounted to ₱340.0 million and ₱1,057.0 million in March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively (see Note 27).

Total interest expense recognized in the interim consolidated statements of comprehensive income consists of the following:

	Note	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
		March 2025	March 2024	December 2024
Loans payable		₽ 19,751,676	₽16,929,379	₽70,113,577
Accretion of interest on lease				
liabilities	23	2,402,049	1,575,960	8,887,040
		₽22,153,725	₽18,505,339	₽79,000,617

15. Cash Bond Deposits

Cash bond deposits amounting to ₽65.6 million and ₽66.4 million as at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively, mainly pertains to surety bond deposits from contract growers, contract breeders, and salesmen.

These are generally renewed on an annual basis and cash bond deposits will be refunded upon termination of the contract.

16. Equity

Capital Stock

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Parent Company has issued and outstanding common shares of 3,054,334,014 common shares at ₱0.38 par value equivalent to ₱1.2 billion. Details of the authorized, issued and outstanding common shares are as follows:

	Unaudited	Audited
	March 2025	December 2024
Authorized	3,500,000,000	3,500,000,000
Issued and outstanding	3,054,334,014	3,054,334,014
Capital stock	₽1,160,646,925	₽1,160,646,925

The details and movements of the common shares listed with PSE follows:

	Authorized	No. of
Date of SEC Approval	Shares	Shares Issued
October 2, 1972	5,000,000	5,000,000
May 2, 1973	10,000,000	10,000,000
October 31, 1974	7,000,000	7,000,000
December 5, 1977	45,000,000	45,000,000
December 5, 1982	33,000,000	33,000,000
August 11, 1986	200,000,000	200,000,000
February 9, 1989	200,000,000	200,000,000
October 16, 2013	3,500,000,000	2,286,497,901
December 22, 2017	3,500,000,000	267,836,113
	·	3,054,334,014

The Parent Company has 4,092 and 4,095 stockholders as at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively.

17. Revenues

This account consists of:

	Note	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited
		March 2025	March 2024	March 2023
Sales:				
Foods		₽1,858,647,721	₽1,763,499,623	₽1,733,427,757
Feeds		1,069,149,264	1,112,259,379	1,513,390,591
Farms		150,572,016	89,447,245	143,443,419
Sales discount, returns and allowances		(33,608,024)	(58,799,144)	(33,941,481)
		3,044,760,977	2,906,407,103	3,356,320,286
Net changes in fair values of				
biological assets	7	151,135,221	30,813,944	(35,177,158)
		₽3,195,896,198	₽2,937,221,047	₽3,321,143,128

18. Cost of Goods Sold

This account consists of the following:

		Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited
	Note	March 2025	March 2024	March 2023
Inventories sold	6	₽2,132,744,582	₽2,233,283,594	₽2,618,568,918
Outside services	23	313,757,234	318,998,046	246,818,613
Contractual services		96,229,880	103,419,520	91,026,759
Depreciation	10	29,532,406	21,170,376	16,972,167
Salaries and employee benefits	20	9,130,357	8,220,147	8,347,411
Communications, light and water		5,811,111	4,854,613	7,051,346
Repairs and maintenance		1,158,987	1,288,772	1,533,065
Others		-	_	2,140,341
		₽2,588,364,557	₽2,691,235,068	₽2,992,458,620

19. Operating Expenses

This account consist of the following:

	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited
	March 2025	March 2024	March 2023
Administrative expenses	₽151,316,075	₽83,560,651	₽137,995,215
Selling and distribution expenses	106,399,705	138,313,710	87,680,375
	₽257,715,780	₽221,874,361	₽225,675,590

The details of operating expenses are as follows:

		Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited
	Note	March 2024	March 2024	March 2023
Salaries and employee benefits		₽83,162,890	₽73,125,165	₽84,284,729
Transportation, travel and freight				
and handling		83,969,511	69,578,769	73,126,745
Contractual services		19,375,336	11,712,400	8,644,159
Depreciation and amortization	10	12,265,772	8,802,589	9,323,724
Advertising and promotions		9,262,253	6,072,361	3,745,784
Professional fees		8,035,470	8,554,377	8,335,053
Taxes and licenses		6,803,444	7,637,117	5,863,169
Representation and entertainment		4,635,260	3,701,981	3,370,060
Publications and subscriptions		3,691,591	10,348,795	9,833,456
Other corporate expenses		3,250,000	9,405,831	7,644,635
Provision for ECL of receivables	5	2,646,799	702,243	507,806
Communications, light and water		2,550,617	3,912,156	2,246,272
Insurance		1,999,893	894,588	404,295
Packaging and distribution		1,319,006	884,705	1,153,102
Rentals	23	1,276,952	3,329,972	1,589,304
Repairs and maintenance		1,271,627	1,338,550	1,696,903
Supplies		1,012,429	1,109,107	1,369,663
Bank charges		17,275	1,234	13,694
Others		11,169,655	762,421	2,523,037
	-	₽257,715,780	₽221,874,361	₽225,675,590

Other expenses include association dues, training and seminar costs and inspection fees, among others.

20. Salaries and Employee Benefits

This account pertains to the following:

	Note	Unaudited March 2025	Unaudited March 2024	Unaudited March 2023
Salaries and wages		₽77,622,679	₽73,146,258	₽82,163,618
Commission		4,344,729	1,390,067	5,579,371
Retirement benefits	22	18,352	765,087	145,000
Other short-term benefits		10,307,487	6,043,900	4,744,151
		₽92,293,247	₽81,345,312	₽92,632,140

Salaries and employee benefits are allocated as follows:

		Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited
	Note	March 2025	March 2024	March 2023
Cost of goods sold	18	₽9,130,357	₽8,220,147	₽8,347,411
Operating expenses:				
Administrative		66,220,161	42,001,062	58,274,126
Selling and distribution		16,942,729	31,124,103	26,010,603
		83,162,890	73,125,165	84,284,729
		₽92,293,247	₽81,345,312	₽92,632,140

21. Other Income (Charges)

		Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited
	Note	March 2025	March 2024	March 2023
Rental income	23	₽2,526,961	₽1,571,982	₽2,309,196
Net foreign exchange gain (loss)		(1,226,467)	1,479,632	1,721,048
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment and				
investment properties	10	-	(395,662)	-
Others		(5,271,365)	1,631,474	(2,931,070)
	•	(₽3,970,871)	₽4,287,426	₽1,099,174

22. Net Retirement Liability

The Group has a partially funded, noncontributory defined benefit retirement plan covering all of its qualified employees. The defined benefit plan is being administered by a trustee bank which is responsible for the administration of the plan asset. The Group's retirement benefits are based on years of service and one and one-fourth month's salary for every year of continuous service.

The plan is exposed to interest rate risks and changes in the life expectancy of qualified employees. The plan is not exposed to significant concentrations of risk on the plan assets.

There are no unusual or significant risks to which the retirement liability exposes the Group. However, in the event a benefit claim arises under the retirement liability, the benefit shall immediately be due and payable from the Group.

The following tables summarize the components of retirement benefit costs recognized in the interim consolidated statements of comprehensive income based on the report of an independent actuary dated January 23, 2024.

Details of retirement expense is as follows (see Note 20):

	Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited
. <u>.</u>	March 2025	March 2024	March 2023
Current service costs	₽18,352	₽765,087	₽145,000
Net interest cost	_	_	_
	₽18,352	₽765,087	₽145,000

The amounts of net retirement liability recognized in the consolidated statements of financial position are determined as follows:

	Unaudited	Audited
	March 2025	December 2024
Present value of DBO	₽197,481,885	₽205,478,854
Fair value of plan assets	(4,479,812)	(4,479,812)
	₽193,002,073	₽200,999,042

While there are no minimum funding requirements in the country, any size of underfunding may pose a cash flow risk beyond five years' time when a significant number of employees is expected to retire.

The movements in the present value of DBO are as follows:

	Unaudited	Audited
	March 2025	December 2024
Balance at beginning of year	₽205,478,854	₽184,617,101
Current service costs	18,352	14,345,412
Interest expense	_	11,261,643
Benefits paid	(8,015,321)	(2,876,500)
Remeasurement	-	(1,868,802)
Balance at end of year	197,481,885	₽205,478,854

The movements in the fair value of plan assets are as follows:

	Unaudited	Audited
	March 2025	December 2024
Balance at beginning of year	₽4,479,812	₽4,031,451
Interest income	_	245,919
Remeasurement loss	_	202,442
Balance at end of year	₽4,479,812	₽4,479,812

23. Significant Agreements

Operating Leases - The Group as a Lessor

The Group entered into cancellable leases covering certain hatcheries and plants (i.e., dressing and rendering) which have lease terms of around two to three years and are renewable upon mutual agreement of the parties.

Total rent income from these operating leases amounted to ₱2.5 million and ₱1.6 million for the three months period ended March 31, 2025, and 2024, respectively, and are shown as part of "Other Operating Income" account in the interim consolidated statements of comprehensive income (see Note 21).

The Group as a Lessee - Short-term Leases

The Group leases certain warehouses under operating lease agreements for a period of one (1) year and are renewable upon mutual agreement by the parties. Rent expense amounted to ₱1.3 million and ₱3.3 for the three months period ended March 31, 2024, and 2023, respectively (see Note 19).

Security deposits amounted to ₱13.5 million and ₱12.9 million as at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively (see Note 12).

The Group as a Lessee – Long-term Leases

The Group entered into lease agreements of an office space in a building and finance lease agreements for its transportation equipment for a period of more than a year. The Group recognized right-of-use assets and lease liabilities on these transactions using the interest rates implicit in the leases which are fixed at the contract date. The average effective interest rate approximates 7.875% to 8.125% per annum in 2025 and 2024.

Right-of-Use (ROU) Assets

The movements in ROU assets are as follows:

	_		Transportation	
	Note	Building	Equipment	Total
Cost				
Balance at beginning of year		₽21,838,157	₽209,049,012	₽230,887,169
Additions		-	8,737,844	8,737,844
Derecognition		-	(2,380,762)	(2,380,762)
Balance at end of year		21,838,157	215,406,094	237,244,251
Accumulated Amortization				
Balance at beginning of year		17,494,936	116,393,172	133,888,108
Amortization	10	814,354	6,894,812	7,709,166
Derecognition		-	(962,284)	(962,284)
Balance at end of year		18,309,290	122,325,700	140,634,990
Carrying Amount		₽3,528,867	₽93,080,394	₽96,609,261
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·		•	

Auditad	December	21	2024
Audited	December		. 7074

		Audited December 31, 2024		
			Transportation	
	Note	Building	Equipment	Total
Cost				
Balance at beginning of year		₽21,838,157	₽169,050,075	₽190,888,232
Additions		-	42,799,984	42,799,984
Derecognition		-	(2,801,047)	(2,801,047)
Balance at end of year		21,838,157	209,049,012	230,887,169
Accumulated Amortization				
Balance at beginning of year		14,237,521	94,212,987	108,450,508
Amortization	10	3,257,415	23,634,812	26,892,227
Derecognition		-	(1,454,627)	(1,454,627)
Balance at end of year		17,494,936	116,393,172	133,888,108
Carrying Amount	•	₽4,343,221	₽92,655,840	₽96,999,061

<u>Lease Liabilities</u>
The balance and movements in lease liabilities are as follows:

		Unaudited	Audited
	Note	March 2025	December 2024
Balance at beginning of year		₽100,970,301	₽83,591,520
Additions		7,965,947	42,799,984
Accretion of interest	14	2,402,049	8,887,040
Payments		(10,483,958)	(34,308,243)
Balance at end of year		100,854,339	100,970,301
Less: current portion		34,330,515	31,063,007
Noncurrent portion		₽66,523,824	₽69,907,294

The amounts recognized in profit or loss related to leases follow:

		Unaudited	Audited
	Note	March 2024	December 2024
Amortization of ROU assets		₽7,709,166	₽26,892,227
Short-term leases	19	1,276,952	7,169,531
Interest expense on lease liabilities		2,402,049	8,887,040
		₽11,388,167	₽42,948,798

The gross minimum lease payments and present value of future minimum lease payments as at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023 are as follows:

	Una	udited		Audited
	March 31, 2025		December	31, 2024
	Minimum Lease		Minimum Lease	_
	Payments	Present Value	Payments	Present Value
Not later than one year Later than one year but not more than	₽40,939,758	₽34,330,515	₽37,043,196	₽31,063,007
five years	76,887,391	66,523,824	80,797,963	69,907,294
	₽117,827,149	₽100,854,339	₽117,841,159	₽100,970,301

Tolling Agreements

The Group has entered into various toll arrangements, mainly for the manufacture of its feeds, hatching of eggs and dressing of poultry livestock whose services are payable through fixed amounts per unit of output.

Total payments for tolling arrangements amounted to ₱293.6 million and ₱319.0 million in March 31, 2025, and March 31, 2024, respectively, and are recorded as part of "Outside services" account under "Cost of Goods Sold" account in the interim consolidated statements of comprehensive income (see Note 18).

24. Income Tax

The provision for (benefit from) current income tax represents MCIT in 2024, and RCIT in 2023.

	Unaudited March 2025	Unaudited March 2024
Reported in profit or loss:		
Current	₽67,936,423	₽4,342,024
Deferred	14,192,285	5,329,806
	₽82,128,708	₽9,671,830

The components of the Group's net deferred tax liabilities are as follows:

	Unaudited	Audited
	March 31, 2025 De	ecember 31, 2024
Deferred tax assets:		
Retirement liability	₽50,254,349	₽50,249,761
Allowance for ECL	43,912,650	43,250,950
NOLCO	16,231,570	16,231,570
Allowance for impairment loss on:		
Advances to contract breeders and		
contract growers	13,780,666	13,780,666
Allowance for inventory write-down	224,079	224,079
Unrealized loss on foreign exchanges	11,135	25,109
	124,414,449	123,762,135
Deferred tax liabilities:		
Revaluation surplus on property,		
plant and equipment	(186,525,986)	(186,525,986)
Fair value changes of biological assets - livestock	(37,783,805)	(22,942,403)
Cumulative gain on fair value changes of		
investment properties	(5,265,173)	(5,265,173)
Excess of ROU assets over lease liabilities	(820,252)	(817,055)
Unrealized gain on foreign exchanges	- · · · -	_
	(230,395,216)	(215,550,617)
	(₽105,980,767)	(₽91,788,482)

As at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Group did not recognize deferred tax assets relating to the following as management has assessed that these may not be realized in the future:

	2025	2024
Allowance for ECL on:		
Receivable from an insurance company	₽17,865,193	₽17,865,193
Trade and other receivables	5,907,753	5,907,753
NOLCO	14,056,529	14,056,529
Allowance for impairment loss on:		
Project development costs7	7,842,099	7,842,099
Advances to suppliers	2,721,080	2,721,080
Excess MCIT over RCIT	195,049	195,049
	₽48,587,703	₽48,587,703

The Group's NOLCO pertain to operating losses incurred by BVC, as follows:

Year		Balance as at		Applied/	Balance as at
Incurred	Valid Until	January 1, 2024	Incurred	Expired	December 31, 2024
2024	2027	₽-	₽56,226,116	₽-	₽56,226,116
2023	2026	17,939,079	_	_	17,939,079
2022	2025	36,488,314	_	7,271,521	29,216,793
2021	2026	10,498,886	_	_	10,498,886
		₽64,926,279	₽56,226,116	₽7,271,521	₽57,654,758

On September 30, 2020, the Bureau of Internal Revenue (BIR) issued Revenue Regulations No. 25-2020 to implement Section 4 (bbbb) of Republic Act No. 11494 (Bayanihan Act to Recover as One Act), allowing the Group's net operating losses for taxable years 2020 and 2021 to be carried over for the next five consecutive taxable years immediately following the year of such loss.

The reconciliation between the income tax based on statutory income tax rate and provision for (benefit from) income tax reported in the interim consolidated statements of comprehensive income is as follows:

	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
	Jan-Mar 2025	Jan-Mar 2024	Jan-Dec 2024
Provision for income tax computed at the statutory			
income tax rate	25.0%	25.0%	25.0%
Income tax effects of:			
Nondeductible expenses, change in unrecognized			
deferred tax assets and other adjustments	0.4%	69.0%	6.1%
Income already subjected to final tax	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Effective income tax rates	25.4%	94.0%	31.1%

25. Related Party Transactions

The Group, in its regular conduct of business, has transactions with its related parties. The following tables summarize the transactions with the related parties and outstanding balance arising from these transactions.

		<u>-</u>	Amoun	t of Transactions	Outstanding Balance	
			Unaudited	Audited	Unaudited	Audited
Related Parties	Note	Nature of Transaction	March 2024	December 2024	March 2024	December 2024
Trade and other receivables	5					
Entities under common						
control		Sales	₽113,644,899	₽732,746,539		
		Collections	(254,994,730)	(630,384,269)	₽104,540,681	₽245,890,511
Trade and other payables Entities under common	13					
control		Purchases	₽154,840,263	₽289,661,066		
		Payments	(158,955,009)	(277,883,199)	₽11,570,656	₽15,685,403
Advances to officers	5	Advances - net of				
		collections	(₽2,931,883)	₽3,760,765	₽24,031,448	₽26,963,331

Trade and Other Receivables

The Group sells animal feeds, raw materials, feed supplements and dressed chicken to related parties, which are due within 90 days and are noninterest-bearing. Outstanding balances of trade and other receivables from related parties are unsecured and to be settled in cash. No allowance for ECL on trade and other receivables from related parties was recognized as at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 (see Note 5).

Trade and Other Payables

The Group buys raw materials and breeder flocks from related parties. These are noninterest-bearing, generally on a 90-day credit term, unsecured and to be settled in cash (see Note 13).

Advances to Officers

The Group grants unsecured, noninterest-bearing advances to its officers which are normally collected within one year through salary deduction. The allowance for ECL on advances to officers as at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2025 are disclosed in Note 5.

Compensation of Key Management Personnel

The compensation of key management personnel are as follows:

	Unaudited	Audited
	March 2024	December 2024
Short-term employee benefits	₽17,493,953	₽69,911,760
Retirement benefits	6,069,226	4,656,828
Other employee benefits	4,656,828	24,276,904
	₽28,220,007	₽98,845,492

26. Earnings Per Share

Basic and diluted earnings per share are computed as follows:

		Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
	Note	March 2025	March 2024	December 2024
Net income		₽237,786,437	₽620,959	₽216,588,562
Divided by the weighted average number of outstanding				
common shares	16	3,054,334,014	3,054,334,014	3,054,334,014
Basic and diluted earnings per share		₽0.078	₽0.000	₽0.071

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing net income for the year attributable to common equity holders of the Parent Company by the weighted average number of common shares issued and outstanding during the year.

The Parent Company does not have any dilutive common shares outstanding, thus, the basic and diluted earnings per share as at March 31, 2025, March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2024 are the same.

27. Reconciliation of Liabilities Arising from Financing Activities

83,591,520

₽981,710,805

The tables below detail the changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes:

		_	Financing	Cash Flows		
		January 1,			Non-cash	March 31,
	Note	2025	Availments	Payments	Changes	2025
Loans payable	13	₽799,970,490	₽357,726,800	(2 340,074,657)	₽-	₽817,622,633
Lease liabilities	23	100,970,301	_	(10,483,958)	10,367,996	100,854,339
Interest expense	14	_	_	(19,751,676)	19,751,676	_
		₽900,940,791	₽357,726,800	(₽370,310,291)	₽30,119,672	₽918,476,972
		_	Financing	Cash Flows		
		January 1,			Non-cash	December 31,
	Note	2024	Availments	Payments	Changes	2024
Loans payable	13	₽898,119,285	₽958,883,200	(₱1,057,031,995)	₽—	₽799,970,490

₽958,883,200

(34,308,243)

(70,113,577)

(1,161,453,815) ₽121,800,601

51,687,024

70,113,577

100,970,301

₽900,940,791

28. Contingencies

Lease liabilities

Interest expense

22

The Group, in the ordinary course of business, has pending legal claims and assessments which are in various stages of discussions, protests and appeal with relevant third parties. Management, in consultation with its legal counsel, believes that the ultimate resolution of these legal claims and assessments would not have a material impact on the Group's financial position and results of operations based upon an analysis of potential results. Thus, no provision for contingencies was recognized in 2025 and 2024.

29. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

The Group's financial instruments consists of cash, trade and other receivables (excluding advances to officers and employees), receivable from an insurance company, security deposits, trade and other payables (excluding statutory payables), loans payable, lease liabilities and cash bond deposits.

It is the Group's policy that no trading in financial instruments shall be undertaken. The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. The BOD reviews and approves policies for managing these risks as summarized below.

Credit Risk

The Group's exposure to credit risk arises from the failure of a counterparty to fulfill its financial commitments to the Group under the prevailing contractual terms. Financial instruments that potentially subject the Group to credit risk consist primarily of trade receivables and other financial assets at amortized cost. The carrying amounts of these financial assets represent its maximum credit exposure.

Trade Receivables. Management has established a credit policy under which each new customer is analyzed individually for creditworthiness before the Group's standard payment and delivery terms, and conditions are offered. The Group's credit policy includes available external ratings, financial statements, credit agency information, industry information and, in some cases, bank references. Credit limits are established for each customer and reviewed on a regular basis. Any sales on credit exceeding those limits require specific approval from upper level of management. The Group limits its exposure to credit risk by transacting mainly with recognized and creditworthy customers that have undergone its credit evaluation and approval process. Historically, trade receivables are substantially collected within one (1) year. Trade receivables are closely monitored on aging of the account.

As at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, there were no significant credit concentrations. The Group also requires collateral which are generally land and real estate from its customers to minimize credit risk.

Financial Assets Other than Trade Receivables. The Group's other financial assets at amortized cost are mostly composed of cash in banks, other receivables (excluding advances to officers and employees), receivable from an insurance company and security deposits.

For cash in banks, the Group limits its exposure to credit risk by investing only with banks that have good credit standing and reputation in the local and international banking industry. These instruments are graded in the top category by an acceptable credit rating agency and, therefore, are considered to be low credit risk investments.

For receivable from an insurance company, management and its legal counsel believe that the ongoing litigation on the remaining claims will not result to additional allowance for ECL (see Note 9).

For the other financial assets, credit risk is low since the Group only transacts with reputable companies and individuals with respect to this financial asset.

It is the Group's policy to measure ECL on the above instruments on a 12-month basis. However, when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since origination, the allowance will be based on the lifetime ECL. When determining if there has been a significant increase in credit risk, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort and that is relevant for the particular financial instrument being assessed such as, but not limited to, the following factors:

- Actual or expected external and internal credit rating downgrade;
- Existing or forecasted adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions; and
- Actual or expected significant adverse changes in the operating results of the borrower.

The Group also considers financial assets that are more than 120 days past due to be the latest point at which lifetime ECL should be recognized unless it can demonstrate that this does not represent significant credit risk such as when non-payment arising from administrative oversight rather than resulting from financial difficulty of the borrower.

The tables below show the credit quality by class of financial assets based on the Group's credit rating system as at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024:

	Unaudited March 2025					
	General Approach			Simplified		
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Approach	Total	
Cash in banks	₽348,688,038	₽-	₽-	₽-	₽348,688,038	
Trade and other receivables	_	_	_	1,149,218,253	1,149,218,253	
Security deposits Receivable from an insurance	13,493,845	-	-	-	13,493,845	
company	_	141,664,583	_	_	141,664,583	
	₽362,181,883	₽141,664,583	₽-	₽1,196,245,810	₽1,653,064,719	

	Audited December 2024						
		General Approach		Simplified			
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Approach	Total		
Cash in banks	₽585,036,710	₽-	₽-	₽-	₽585,036,710		
Trade and other receivables Receivable from an insurance	93,198,509	77,560,386	38,102,114	1,042,141,365	1,251,002,374		
		444 664 502			444 664 502		
company	-	141,664,583	_	_	141,664,583		
Security deposits	12,928,688				12,928,688		
	₽691,163,907	₽219,224,969	₽38,102,114	₽1,042,141,365	₽1,990,632,355		

Set out below is the information about the credit risk exposure on the Group's trade receivables using a provision matrix as at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024:

				Una	audited M	arch 2025			
	-		D	ays Past Du	ie				
	Current	Less than 30 days	30-60 days	61-90 days	91-120 days	More than 120 days	Total	Accounts with full provision	Total
Expected credit loss rate Estimated total gross carrying amount at	0.02%	0.08%	0.35%	0.71%	1.04%	25.55%			
default (in millions)	₽29.19	₽727.30	₽220.76	₽24.49	₽14.48	₽12.32	₽1,028.54	₽13.60	₽1,042.14
Expected credit loss									
(in millions)	₽0.01	₽ 0.58	₽0.77	₽0.17	₽0.15	₽3.15	₽4.83	₽13.60	₽18.43
				Aud	ited Decei	mber 2024			
			D	ays Past Du	ie				
								Accounts	
		Less than	30-60	61-90	91-120	More than		with full	
	Current	30 days	days	days	days	120 days	Total	provision	Total
Expected credit loss rate Estimated total gross carrying amount at	0.02%	0.08%	0.35%	0.71%	1.04%	25.55%			
default (in millions)	₽29.19	₽727.30	₽220.76	₽24.49	₽14.48	₽12.32	₽1,028.54	₽13.60	₽1,042.14

₽0.17

₽0.15

₽3.15

₽4.83

₽13.60

₽18.43

Expected credit loss (in millions)

₽0.01

₽ 0.58

₽0.77

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group may not be able to settle its obligations as they fall due.

The table below summarizes the maturity profile of the financial liabilities of the Group based on remaining contractual undiscounted cash flows as at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024:

	Unaudited March 31, 2025					
	Within					
	6 Months	6 to 12 Months	1 to 5 Years	5 Years	Total	
Trade and other payables*	₽1,746,899,743	₽-	₽-	₽-	₽1,746,899,743	
Loans payable	751,548,229	58,321,429	7,752,975	_	817,622,633	
Lease liabilities	17,140,595	17,189,920	66,523,824	-	100,854,339	
Cash bond deposits	_	65,600,847	_	_	65,600,847	
Future interest on long term						
loans payable	3,836,225	1,923,754	414,370	_	6,174,349	
	₽2.519.424.792	₽143.035.950	₽74.691.169	₽-	₽2.737.151.911	

*Excludes statutory payables.

	Audited December 31, 2024					
	Within			Later than		
	6 Months	6 to 12 Months	1 to 5 Years	5 Years	Total	
Trade and other payables*	₽2,243,820,769	₽-	₽-	₽-	₽2,243,820,769	
Loans payable	694,494,301	58,321,429	47,154,760	_		
Lease liabilities	18,373,409	18,426,281	81,041,469	_		
Cash bond deposits	_	66,449,820	_	_	66,449,820	
Future interest on long term						
loans payable	3,836,225	1,923,754	1,371,525	_	7,131,504	
	₽2,960,524,704	₽145,121,284	₽	₽-	₽3,235,213,742	

*Excludes statutory payables.

The Group monitors its risk to a shortage of funds through analyzing the maturity of its financial liabilities and cash flows from operations. The Group monitors its cash position by a system of cash forecasting, wherein all expected collections, check disbursements and other payments are determined on a timely basis to arrive at the projected cash position to cover its obligations.

The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility. The Group addresses liquidity concerns primarily through cash flows from operations.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that future cash flows from a financial instrument (cash flow interest rate risk) or its fair value (fair value interest rate risk) will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The Group's loans payable to local banks are subject to fixed interest rates and are exposed to fair value interest rate risk. The re-pricing of these instruments is done on regular intervals. The Group regularly monitors interest rate movements and on the basis of current and projected economic and monetary data, decides on the best alternative to take. No sensitivity analysis is needed as management has assessed that future interest rate changes are not expected to significantly affect the Group's interim consolidated net income.

<u>Financial and Other Risks Relating to Livestock</u>

The Group is exposed to various risks affecting the food industry such as food spoilage and contamination, thus, it is regulated by environmental, health and food safety organizations. The Group has processes and systems in place to monitor food safety risks in all stages of manufacturing and processing to mitigate these risks. In addition, the livestock industry is exposed to risks associated with supply and price volatility of its inventories and livestock.

To mitigate this risk, the Group regularly monitors the supply and price of commodities and enters into supply agreements at a reasonable price.

Capital Management

The Group's capital management objectives are to ensure the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to provide an adequate return to shareholders by pricing products and services commensurate with the level of risk.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the carrying amount of equity as presented in the interim consolidated statements of financial position. Capital for the reporting periods is summarized as follows:

	Unaudited	Audited
	March 2025	December 2024
Total liabilities	₽3,058,069,071	₽3,538,652,338
Total equity	2,486,570,452	2,244,954,970
Debt-to-equity ratio	1.23	1.58

30. Fair Value Measurement

The following table presents the carrying amounts and fair values of the Group's assets and liabilities measured at fair value and for which fair values are disclosed, and the corresponding fair value hierarchy as at March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024:

	Unaudited Ma	rch 31, 2025	Audited December 31, 2024		
	Carrying Values	Fair Values	Carrying Values	Fair Values	
Financial Assets at					
Amortized Cost					
Cash	₽353,799,487	₽353,799,487	₽590,140,410	₽590,140,410	
Trade and other receivables*	925,905,195	925,905,195	1,055,671,475	1,055,671,475	
Receivable from an insurance	70,203,810	70,203,810			
company			70,203,810	70,203,810	
Security deposits	13,493,845	13,493,845	12,928,688	12,928,688	
	₽1,363,402,337	₽1,363,402,337	₽1,728,944,383	₽1,728,944,383	
Financial Liabilities at					
Amortized Cost					
Trade and other payables**	₽1,746,899,743	₽1,746,899,743	₽2,243,820,769	₽2,243,820,769	
Loans payable	817,622,633	817,622,633	799,970,490	799,970,490	
Lease liabilities	100,970,301	100,970,301	100,970,301	100,970,301	
Cash bond deposits	63,700,117	63,700,117	66,449,820	66,449,820	
	₽2,729,192,794	₽2,729,192,794	₽3,211,211,380	₽3,211,211,380	

^{*}Excluding advances to officers and employees

^{**}Excluding statutory payables

The following methods and assumptions were used in estimating the fair value of the Group's financial assets and liabilities:

Cash, Trade and Other Receivables (excluding advances to officers and employees), Receivable from an Insurance Company, Security Deposits, Trade and Other Payables (excluding statutory payables), Lease Liabilities and Cash Bond Deposits. The carrying amounts of these financial assets and liabilities approximate their fair values due to the short-term nature of these financial instruments.

Loans Payable. The fair value of the Group's loans payable were determined by discounting the sum of all future cash flows using the prevailing market rates of interest for instruments with similar maturities.

There have been no transfers between the fair value hierarchy in 2024 and 2023.

31. Operating Segment Information

The Group is organized and managed separately according to the nature of products and services provided, with each segment representing a strategic business unit that offers different products and serves different markets.

Business Segments

The Group mainly operates under the Foods, Feeds and Farms segments:

- a. The Foods segment is engaged in the growing, production and distribution of chicken broilers, either as live or dressed chickens. Its products are distributed to hotels, restaurants, institutional clients, wet markets and supermarkets.
- b. The Feeds segment caters to the feed requirement of the poultry growers' industry. It is engaged in the manufacture and distribution of animal feeds, animal health and nutritional products, and feed supplements sold to various distributors, dealers and end users.
- c. The Farms segment is involved in the production, sale and distribution of day-old chicks.

The Corporate and Others segment includes general and corporate income and expense items which are not specifically identifiable to a particular segment.

All of the assets relating to the Group's operating segments are located in the Philippines. Accordingly, reporting operating segments per geographical business operation is not required.

Segment assets, liabilities and revenue and expenses are measured in accordance with PFRS Accounting Standards. The presentation and classification of segment revenue and expenses are consistent with the interim consolidated statements of comprehensive income. The presentation and classification of segment assets and liabilities are consistent with the interim consolidated statements of financial position.

The following tables present revenues and expenses information and certain assets and liabilities information regarding the different business segments as at March 31, 2025 and 2024 (in millions):

	Unaudited March 31, 2025						
				Corporate			
	Foods	Feeds	Farms	and Others	Eliminations	Consolidated	
REVENUES							
Net sale of goods	₽2,221.9	₽1,016.7	₽150.6	₽-	₽344.4	₽3,044.8	
Fair value changes on							
biological assets	-	_	151.1	=	_	151.1	
	2,221.9	1,016.7	301.7		344.4	3,195.9	
COSTS AND OTHER OPERATING							
EXPENSES							
Cost of goods sold, excluding							
depreciation	2,023.1	747.7	132.4	_	344.4	2,558.8	
Operating expenses, excluding depreciation and							
amortization	43.7	64.7	6.7	130.3	_	245.4	
Depreciation and amortization	8.0	24.5	5.6	3.7	_	41.8	
	2,074.8	836.9	144.7	134.1	344.4	2,846.0	
SEGMENT OPERATING PROFIT							
(LOSS)	₽147.2	₽179.7	₽157.0	(₽134.1)	₽-	₽349.9	
Other income (charges) - net						(26.1)	
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX						323.8	
Benefit from income tax						(86.0)	
NET INCOME						₽237.8	
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES							
Segment assets	₽1,917.3	₽1,789.6	₽298.55	₽1,782.5	₽244.2	₽5,544.6	
Segment liabilities	₽1,168.9	₽1,004.1	₽183.4	₽990.2	₽288.7	₽3,058.1	
OTHER INFORMATION							
Capital expenditures	₽–	₽31.6	₽-	₽-	₽-	₽31.6	
Non-cash expenses other than depreciation and amortization							
•	_	_	_				
Retirement expense	₽-	₽-	₽-	₽0.0	₽-	₽0.0	
Provision for expected credit loss	_	_	_	2.6	_	2.6	

	Unaudited March 31, 2024					
	Corporate					
	Foods	Feeds	Farms	and Others	Eliminations	Consolidated
REVENUES						
Net sale of goods	₽1,750.9	₽1,067.0	₽88.5	₽-	₽-	₽2,906.4
Fair value changes on						
biological assets	_	_	30.8	_	_	30.8
	1,750.9	1,067.0	119.3			2,937.2
COSTS AND OTHER OPERATING						
EXPENSES						
Cost of goods sold, excluding						
depreciation	1,755.6	820.6	93.9	-	-	2,670.1
Operating expenses, excluding						
depreciation and						
amortization	34.7	39.4	3.0	135.9	_	213.0
Depreciation and amortization	3.7	23.9		2.4		30.0
	1,794.0	883.9	96.9	138.3		2,913.1
SEGMENT OPERATING PROFIT						
(LOSS)	(₽43.1)	₽183.1	₽22.4	(₽138.3)	₽-	₽24.1
Other income (charges) - net					_	(13.8)
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX						10.3
Benefit from income tax						(9.7)
NET INCOME						₽0.6
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES						
Segment assets	₽1,553.1	₽1,684.7	₽211.5	₽1,697.4	₽_	₽5,146.8
-	·	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	
Segment liabilities	₽979.2	₽1,062.1	₽133.4	₽1,070.2	₽-	₽3,244.8
OTHER INFORMATION						
Capital expenditures	₽–	₽37.4	₽–	₽–	₽–	₽37.4
Non-cash expenses other than						
depreciation and amortization						
Retirement expense	₽	₽-	₽-	₽0.8	₽-	₽0.8
Provision for expected credit loss	_	_	_	0.7	_	0.7
i rovision for expected credit 1035				0.7		0.7

32. Business Combination

On December 16, 2021, the BOD of the Parent Company approved the acquisition of 100% of the outstanding capital stock of BVC from Luzon Agriventure, Inc. (LAVI) for a consideration of \$\mathbb{P}\$1.00. BVC is a private domestic corporation engaged, among others, in poultry production as well as in the processing, raising and breeding of chickens and similar stocks. The registered principal place of business of the BVC is located at Marilao-San Jose Road, Sta. Rosa I, Marilao, Bulacan.

BVC operated as the Company's wholly-owned subsidiary starting January 1, 2022. The assets acquired and liabilities assumed from the business combination are as follows:

Cash	₽2,751,245
Trade receivables	11,897,011
Prepayments	6,535,805
Property and equipment	6,739,713
Deferred tax assets	2,200,796
Total assets	₽30,124,570
Trade and other payables	₽30,232,590
Deposits	177,040
Total liabilities	₽30,409,630

VITARICH CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

FINANCIAL RATIOS AS AT MARCH 31, 2025 (With Comparative Figures for 2024)

Below is a schedule showing the financial soundness indicators.

		Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited
	Formula	March 2025	March 2024	December 2024
Current Ratio				
	Current assets	₽2,967,676,501	₽2,668,928,277	₽3,206,286,572
	Divided by: Current liabilities	2,684,809,432	2,937,515,676	3,128,802,760
	Current Ratio	1.105	0.909	1.025
Debt-to-Equity Ratio				
	Total liabilities	₽3,058,069,071	₽3,244,826,814	₽3,538,652,338
	Divided by: Total equity	2,486,570,452	1,901,963,037	2,244,954,970
	Debt-to-Equity Ratio	1.230	1.706	1.576
Asset-to-Equity Ratio				
	Total assets	₽5,544,639,523	₽5,146,789,851	₽5,783,607,308
	Divided by: Total equity	2,486,570,452	1,901,963,037	2,244,954,970
	Asset-to-Equity Ratio	2.230	2.706	2.576
Interest Rate				
Coverage Ratio				
	Pretax income before interest	₽345,897,915	₽28,798,128	₽393,384,351
	Divided by: Interest expense	22,153,725	18,505,339	79,000,617
	Interest Rate Coverage Ratio	15.614	1.556	4.980
Gross Profit Margin				
	Gross Profit	₽607,531,641	₽245,985,979	₽1,503,647,692
	Divided by: Net sales	3,044,760,977	• •	12,447,519,619
	Gross Profit Margin	19.953%	8.464%	12.080%

		Unaudited	Unaudited	Audite
	Formula	March 2025	March 2024	December 202
Earnings before	Not income	P241 61F 492	PC30 0E0	P316 F00 F6
Interest, Tax, Depreciation &	Net income Add:	₽241,615,482	₽620,959	₽216,588,562
Amortization	Interest expense	22,153,725	18,505,339	79,000,61
(EBITDA)	Taxes	82,128,708	9,671,830	97,795,17
(LDITDA)	Depreciation and	02,120,700	3,071,830	37,733,17
	amortization	41,798,178	29,972,965	146,515,492
	EBITDA	₽387,696,093	₽58,771,093	₽539,899,843
EBITDA Margin				
· ·	EBITDA	₽387,696,093	₽58,771,093	₽539,899,843
	Divided by: Net sales	3,044,760,977	2,906,407,103	
	EBITDA Margin	12.733%	2.022%	4.337%
Receivable Days Turnover				
ramover	Average accounts receivable	₽997,988,623	₽928,294,299	₽989,173,16
	(multiplied by 365 days and	F337,300,023	F320,234,233	F303,173,10
	divided by net sales)			
	Receivable Days Turnover	29	29	2:
	<u></u>			
Inventory Days				
Turnover	Average investors and			
	Average inventory and livestock	P1 140 622 270	P1 001 004 E04	P1 110 744 27
	(multiplied by 365 days and	F1,140,033,279	₽1,001,004,504	P1,110,744,37
	divided by cost of goods sold)			
	Inventory Days Turnover	40	34	3
	inventory Days Furnover		34	<u> </u>
Accounts Payable				
Days				
	Average accounts payable	₽1,284,574,285	₽1,626,556,722	₽1,570,679,69
	(multiplied by 365 days and			
	divided by credit purchases			
	Accounts Payable Days	46	57	5:
Oct Occupation				_
Cash Conversion Cycle				
	Days inventory outstanding	40	34	3
	Add: Days sales outstanding	29	29	2
	Less: Days payable			
	outstanding Cash Conversion Cycle	(46)	(57)	(51

·			

VITARICH CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES SEC SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES AS REQUIRED BY PAR. 6 PART II OF REVISED SRC RULE 68 MARCH 31, 2025 Table of Contents

Schedule	Description	Page
Α	Financial Assets	N/A
В	Amounts Receivable from Directors, Officers, Employees, Related Parties, and Principal Stockholders (Other than Related Parties)	N/A
С	Amounts Receivable from Related Parties which are Eliminated during the Consolidation of Financial Statements	2
D	Long-Term Debt	3
E	Indebtedness to Related Parties	N/A
F	Guarantees of Securities of Other Issuers	N/A
G	Capital Stock	4

Notes:

- **Schedule A** The Group is not required to prepare the schedule because the information requirements are not applicable to the Group.
- Schedule B The Group has no receivable from directors, officers, employees, and principal stockholders of more than one ₱1 million or 1% of the total assets as at March 31, 2025.
- **Schedule E** The Group has no long-term loans from related parties as at March 31, 2025.
- **Schedule F** The Group did not guarantee any securities of other issuers as at March 31, 2024.

VITARICH CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

SCHEDULE C - AMOUNTS RECEIVABLE FROM RELATED PARTIES WHICH ARE ELIMINATED DURING THE CONSOLIDATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2025

(Amounts in Thousands)

			Deductions		Ending Balance			
<u>Related Party</u>	Balance as at Beginning of Year	Additions	Collections	Write Off	Amounts Written Off	Current	Noncurrent	Balance as at End of Year
Amounts Due from Related Parties								
Barbatos Ventures Corp.	₽236,444	₽127,134	₽27,621	₽-	₽-	₽335,957	₽-	₽335,957

VITARICH CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES SCHEDULE D – LONG TERM DEBT MARCH 31, 2025

(Amounts in Thousands)

Amount shown under caption "Long-Term Debt" in related

				staten	ient of financial position	
Title of issue and type of obligation	Amount authorized by indenture	Amount shown under caption "Current portion of long-term debt" related balance sheet	Carrying amount	Interest Rates	Payment Terms	Maturity Dates
					28 quarterly payments	
Loans payable -					of principal, monthly	
China Bank Savings	₽86,900	₽12,411	₽21,719	7.875%	interest payments	October 30, 2026
					28 quarterly payments	
Loans payable -					of principal, monthly	
China Bank Savings	86,900	12,411	21,719	8.125%	interest payments	November 30, 2026
					24 monthly payments	
Loans payable -					of principal and	
Asia United Bank	67,000	33,500	47,458	7.750%	interest	August 21, 2026
	₽240,800	₽58,322	₽90,896			

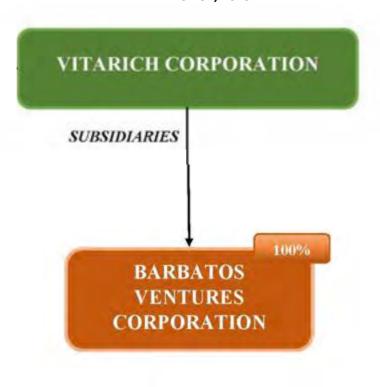
VITARICH CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES SCHEDULE G – CAPITAL STOCK MARCH 31, 2025

(Amounts in Thousands)

			_	Number of shares held by		
Title of Issue	Number of shares authorized	Number of shares issued and outstanding as shown under the statement of financial position caption	Number of shares reserved for options, warrants, conversion & other rights	Directors, officers and Related parties employees		Others
Common stock - ₱0.38 par value per share		·				
Authorized - 3,500,000,000 shares	3,500,000	3,054,334		2,204,171	81,760	768,403

VITARICH CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

MAP SHOWING THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN AND AMONG THE GROUP MARCH 31, 2025



^{*}Currently under liquidation. See Notes to Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

PARENT COMPANY'S RECONCILIATION OF RETAINED EARNINGS AVAILABLE FOR DIVIDEND DECLARATION FOR THE REPORTING PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

VITARICH CORPORATION

Marilao - San Jose Road, Sta. Rosa I Marilao, Bulacan

		Amount
Deficit as at the beginning of reporting period		(₽56,088,808)
Add: <u>Category A</u> : Items that are directly credited to		
unappropriated retained earnings		_
Deficit, as adjusted		(56,088,808)
Add: Net income for the current year	234,343,961	
Less: Category C.1: Unrealized income recognized in the profit or		
loss during the reporting period - net of deferred		
income tax		
Fair value changes on biological assets - livestock	(113,351,416)	
Adjusted net income		120,992,545
Add/Less: Category F: Other items that should be excluded from		
the determination of the amount of available for dividend		
distribution		
Unrealized fair value changes on biological assets - livestock		
in 2024, realized in 2025 - net of deferred income tax	68,827,209	
Net movement of unrealized foreign exchange		
 net of deferred income tax 	(41,923)	
Net movement on set-up of ROU assets and lease liabilities		
 net of deferred income tax 	(9,591)	
Net movement of deferred tax assets not considered in the		
reconciling items under the previous categories	(652,314)	68,123,381
Cumulus as at the and of reneuting nevied		B122 027 140
Surplus as at the end of reporting period		₽133,027,118

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