COVER SHEET
for
QUARTERLY REPORT

SEC Registration Number

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COMPANY NAME

VITARICH CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES (A Subsidiary of Kormasinc, Inc.)

PRINCIPAL OFFICE *(No./Street/Barangay/City/Town/Province)*

Marilao–San Jose Road, Sta. Rosa I, Marilao, Bulacan

Form Type	Department requiring the report	Secondary License Type, If Applicable
17-Q	CRMD	N/A

COMPANY INFORMATION

Company's Email Address	Company's Telephone Number/s	Mobile Number
agd@vitarich.com	(044) 843-3033	(0918) 848 2200

No. of Stockholders	Annual Meeting (Month / Day)	Fiscal Year (Month / Day)
4,244	June 30	December 31

CONTACT PERSON INFORMATION

The designated contact person ***MUST*** be an Officer of the Corporation

Name of Contact Person	Email Address	Telephone Number/s	Mobile Number
Ms. Stephanie Nicole S. Garcia	nsg@vitarich.com	(044) 843-3033	(0918) 8482258

CONTACT PERSON'S ADDRESS

Marilao–San Jose Road, Sta. Rosa I, Marilao, Bulacan

NOTE 1: *In case of death, resignation or cessation of office of the officer designated as contact person, such incident shall be reported to the Commission within thirty (30) calendar days from the occurrence thereof with information and complete contact details of the new contact person designated.*

2: *All Boxes must be properly and completely filled-up. Failure to do so shall cause the delay in updating the corporation's records with the Commission and/or non-receipt of Notice of Deficiencies. Further, non-receipt shall not excuse the corporation from liability for its deficiencies.*

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SEC FORM 17-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 17 OF THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE AND SRC RULE 17(2)(b) THEREUNDER

1. For the quarterly period ended **March 31, 2017**

2. Commission identification number **21134** 3. BIR Tax Identification No. **000-234-398**

4. Exact name of issuer as specified in its charter **VITARICH CORPORATION**

5. Province, country or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization **BULACAN**

6. Industry Classification Code: [ ] (SEC Use Only)

MARILAO-SAN JOSE ROAD, STA. ROSA I, MARILAO, BULACAN **3019**

7. Address of issuer's principal office Postal Code

843-3033 connecting to all departments

8. Issuer's telephone number, including area code

N/A

9. Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report

10. Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 12 of the Code, or Sections 4 and 8 of the RSA

Title of each Class	Number of shares of common stock outstanding and amount of debt outstanding
Common Stock	**2,786,497,901**

11. Are any or all of the securities listed on a Stock Exchange?

Yes [✓] No [ ]

If yes, state the name of such Stock Exchange and the class/es of securities listed therein:

Philippine Stock Exchange, Inc. **Common**

12. Indicate by check mark whether the registrant:

(a) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 17 of the Code and SRC Rule 17 thereunder or Sections 11 of the RSA and RSA Rule 11(a)-1 thereunder, and Sections 26 and 141 of the Corporation Code of the Philippines, during the preceding twelve (12) months (or for such shorter period the registrant was required to file such reports)

Yes [✓] No [ ]

(b) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past ninety (90) days.

Yes [ ] No [✓]

Annex A

SEC Number 21134
File Number ________

VITARICH CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

(Company's Full Name)

Marilao- San Jose Road, Sta. Rosa. I. Marilao, Bulacan

(Company's Address)

843-30-33 connecting to all departments

(Telephone Number)

(Year Ending)
(Month & day)

Quarterly Consolidated
Unaudited Financial Statements

Form Type

Amendment Designation (If Applicable)

March 31, 2017

Period Ended Date

(Secondary License Type and File Number)

PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1 - Financial Statements

The unaudited financial statements of Vitarich Corporation and its subsidiaries as at and for the period ended March 31, 2017 (with comparative figures as of December 31, 2016) and for the period ended March 31, 2017 and Selected Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements are filed as part of this form 17-Q as Annex "A"

Item 2 - Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The information required by Part III, Paragraph (A) (2) (B) of "Annex C" is attached hereto as Annex "B".

PART II – OTHER INFORMATION

Vitarich Corporation and its subsidiaries may, at its option, report under this item any information not previously reported in a report on SEC Form 17-C. If disclosure if such information is made under this Part II, it need not be repeated in a report on Form 17-C, which would otherwise be required to be filed with respect to such information, or in a subsequent report on Form 17-Q.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Registrant – **VITARICH CORPORATION**

By:

STEPHANIE NICOLE S. GARCIA
EVP, Corporate Service Management
Director and Treasurer

ATTY. MARY CHRISTINE DABU-PEPITO
Assistant Corporate Secretary, Corporate
Information Officer and Compliance Officer

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

During 2013, the creditor banks and the SPAV Companies transferred their interest in the restructured loan to Kormasinc, Inc. (Kormasinc). On October 16, 2013, the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) approved the debt to equity conversion of the loans aggregating ₱2.4 billion to Kormasinc pursuant to a debt to equity agreement between Kormasinc and the Company on September 20, 2013 and the Company's filing for an increase in authorized capital stock from ₱0.5 billion to ₱3.5 billion.

The Board of Directors and Stockholders have approved the increase in authorized capital stock on various dates from ₱0.5 billion to ₱3.5 billion: (1) 1.0 billion shares of stock with a par value of ₱1.00 for a total of ₱1.0 billion on May 27, 2010; (2) 1.5 billion shares of stock with a par value of ₱1.00 for a total of ₱1.5 billion on June 1, 2012; and (3) 3.5 billion shares of stock with a par value of ₱1.00 for a total of ₱3.5 billion on August 28, 2012.

On September 20, 2013, the BOD approved the conversion of part of the Company's debts to Kormasinc amounting to ₱2,376,528,137 into equity at a ratio of 1:1 or 1 share of common stock for every ₱1.00 debt in which ₱90,030,236 shall be applied as payment for the issuance of the 90,030,236 shares out of the existing unissued shares, while ₱2,286,497,901 shall be applied as payment for the additional shares of stock which shall be issued out of the increase in the authorized capital stock. On October 16, 2013, the SEC approved the debt to equity conversion and the Company's increase in authorized capital stock. Consequently, Kormasinc acquired 85.29% ownership of the Company. In 2014, Kormasinc reduced its equity interest in the Company from 85.29% to 69.26%.

In 2014, the Company's Board of Directors (BOD) approved the disposal of its major feed mill and the land where it is located at Marilao, Bulacan and several noncore assets with an aggregate carrying value of ₱1,288.7 million for ₱659.4 million. The proceeds were used to further reduce outstanding liabilities and generate needed working capital. Loss on the sale of assets amounted to ₱629.3 million.

Consequently, the Company started outsourcing its manufacturing capability and leasing warehouse facilities in Guiguinto, Bulacan and Valenzuela City for its feed milling requirements for its Luzon operation. In addition, the Company is currently occupying its new office building in Marilao, Bulacan.

On September 16, 2016, the Rehabilitation Court granted the Company's motion for successful exit from the Plan.

Results of Operations:

For the first quarter of 2017, Vitarich Corporation and its subsidiaries generated consolidated sale of goods of ₱1,558 million, higher by 34% from ₱1,166 million of same quarter last year. Higher consolidated revenues were due to the higher volume of chicken and animal feeds.

The Company will continue with its aggressive marketing campaigns, to further expand its sales and distribution network, strengthen market visibility of Company products, and likewise find and identify its niche in the market. Similarly, the Company will continue to pursue improvement of margins through optimum size distribution and efficient supply chain and enhancing efficiency and productivity.

Raw material prices are improved compared last year due to cash on delivery (COD) buying. Major raw material prices continue to improve in the Company's favor. Soybean meal and yellow corn prices also remained stable during the first quarter but supply is becoming tight since harvest season was completed. The Company has positioned its requirements through forward booking.

It is forecasted that prices of raw materials for the next quarter will remain stable and will improve specially the protein and energy sources.

The Company generated gross profit of ₱195 million for the first quarter, 26% higher from a year ago due to improved efficiency of its poultry operations; production cost efficiency, improved inventory management and innovations within the Company and its products. The technological investments have allowed the Company to increase nutrient specifications embedded in the formula that lead to increased efficiency in the chickens. Vitarich feeds are customized based on the breed because each variety of chicken has its own dietary specifications.

For the first quarter, consolidated operating expenses increased by 14% from ₱127 million from the first quarter of the previous year to ₱144 million.

Other operating income for the first quarter of 2017 has decreased by 91% against the other operating income for the same period last year.

The Company achieved an operating profit of ₱51.9 million or increase of 32% versus same period of last year due to positive results of its operations.

Other charges amounted to ₱6.2 million in the first quarter of 2017. This has resulted to a consolidated net income for the first quarter of ₱47.6 million as against last year's net income of ₱38.1 million.

Corporate Action Plan:

Despite the turbulent external environment that continues to beset it, notably a global increase in prices of ingredients used in feed manufacturing, the Company has demonstrated its agility and tenacity to maintain its leadership. As in the past, it has always managed to survive, get back to its feet and grow in new related endeavors that continue to be profitable notwithstanding price upheavals. It continues to be pioneering because of its strong leadership in cutting-edge feed technology, as now demonstrated in the nationwide program to develop the pangasius industry.

Proceeds from the sale of its Bulacan feedmill property were used for debt repayment and for working capital. Putting to use the working capital provided by the property sale, the Company expects a turnaround in its operations in 2017. Relatively debt free and with sufficient working capital, the Company is now focused on growing its business. The Company has lined up the following programs that will help achieve its revenue and net income targets for 2017:

1. Expanding the poultry business by increasing breeder capacity;
2. Significantly increasing volume base by repositioning of animal and aqua feed lines;
3. Increasing food market base by developing chicken and dory value-added products;
4. Helping their farmers in all aspects of production, such as providing the concentrate, analyzing inputs, lab analysis, and providing seminars on how to properly feed and take care of the livestock.

Subsidiaries:

Gromax, Inc. is a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company which started commercial operation in January 1996. Previously, Gromax was a division of the Company, which was spun off to a separate entity. Gromax was registered with SEC on November 10, 1995.

Gromax was engaged in the manufacture of animal health and nutritional products for commercial sales as well as for use of the Company (Vitarich) in its contract breeding and contract growing operations.

Gromax manufactures, prepares, processes, mixes, distributes and sells innovative and high quality animal health and nutritional products, feed additives and commodities for poultry and livestock to contract growers, contract breeders, poultry and swine farms, feed mills, distributors, cooperatives, and poultry integrators throughout the country.

Aside from catering to its internal breeders and growers, it had expanded its animal health products to include hog and dairy products from cattle, goat and carabao.

On March 17, 2015, the Company's BOD decided to transfer Gromax business and its employees to the Company effective April 1, 2015. The Company's BOD has likewise decided to continue its corporate entity without any active operations, except handling collection of its receivables and pursuing legal cases against delinquent customers and employees until the BOD has decided to end its corporate life.

Gromax has recognized impairment losses on its remaining assets and has continued to recognize its liabilities.

Accordingly, Gromax continues to present its financial statements on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of the assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business.

The registered office of Gromax is located at the Vitarich compound, Sta. Rosa I, Marilao, Bulacan. The registered office of its parent Company is also the same with the registered office of the said Company.

Philippine's Favorite Chicken Inc. (PFCI), one of the subsidiaries of the Company, entered into distribution agreements in 1995 with America's Favorite Chicken Company (AFC), a company that operates the Texas Chicken and Popeye's Chicken restaurants in the United States. Under these distribution agreements, PFCI will distribute the paper goods, restaurant supplies, equipment, and food products to Texas Manok Atbp. Inc. (TMA). The latter corporation, which is owned by the Sarmiento family, in turn, entered into a development and franchise agreement with AFC. Under the development agreement between TMA and AFC, PFCI was granted the exclusive right to develop an aggregate of fifty (50) Texas Chicken and fifty (50) Popeye's Chicken restaurants in the Philippines in consideration for territorial and franchise fees payable to AFC as stipulated in the agreements. In addition, a 5% percent royalty fee based on sales is assessed for each franchised restaurant. This royalty is being paid by TMA, the operator of the restaurant.

The franchise agreement allows the PFCI to use the Texas Chicken and Popeye's Chicken trade names, service marks, logos, food formulae and recipes, and other exclusive rights to the proprietary Texas and Popeye's Chicken System.

The development of the restaurants is scheduled over a period of seven years starting in 1995 for Texas Chicken and 1996 for Popeye's. The franchise agreement shall be for a period of ten (10) years for each restaurant unit, renewable for four additional periods of five years each, at the option of the franchisee. However, PFCI, in 2000, lost its right to develop Popeye's Chicken in the Philippines.

On October 1, 1998, the Board of Directors of PFCI approved the conversion into equity of the advances of Vitarich Corporation to PFCI amounting to ₱165 million to be applied to its unpaid subscriptions and for additional shares of stock of PFCI. Out of the ₱165 million advances to be converted into equity, ₱25 million was applied to Vitarich's unpaid subscription while the remaining ₱140 million was shown under Deposit on Future Stock Subscriptions account pending the approval from the SEC of the conversion.

In 2003, PFCI reverted the investment in shares of stock in PFCI to Advances to subsidiaries amounting to ₱140 million, as the Board of Directors of PFCI decided not to pursue its application with the SEC to convert into equity the advances received from Vitarich. PFCI initially recorded the transaction as an increase in investment in shares of stock in PFCI and a decrease in advances to subsidiaries when the Board of Directors of PFCI approved the proposed conversion in 1998.

AFC unilaterally terminated its development and franchise agreements with PFCI in 2001. As a result, in August 2001, PFCI and TMA filed a case against AFC and some of AFC's officers, such as Tom Johnson, Anthony Pavese and Loreta Sassen, among others, for undue termination of the development and franchise agreements with the Regional Trial Court of Pasig City, docketed as Civil Case No. 68583. The case called for injunction, specific performance, sum of money, and damages against AFC and some of its officers.

In connection with such legal action, in 2001, PFCI recognized as claims receivable, as of December 31, 2001, certain losses arising from the closure of certain Texas Chicken restaurants and legal fees incurred relating to the case filed against AFC. Losses recognized as claims receivable include, among others, the loss on write-off of leasehold and building improvements relating to the closed stores. The total amount recognized as claims receivable (presented as part of Other Non-current Assets account in the condensed interim consolidated balance sheets) totaled ₱23.2 million as of December 31, 2001.

The Regional Trial Court of Pasig City, in a decision dated April 3, 2002, approved the issuance of a preliminary writ of attachment on the properties of AFC in the Philippines upon posting of PFCI and TMA of a bond amounting to ₱100 million. Management believed that this case would be settled in favor of PFCI and TMA.

On September 24, 2003, the trial court granted the Motion to Dismiss filed by two of the defendants. PFCI, in turn, filed a Motion for Partial Reconsideration of the order. Moreover, AFC has filed a Petition for Certiorari before the Court of Appeals assailing the validity of the trial court previously issued writ of attachment.

On December 22, 2004, the parties have entered into a compromise agreement for the settlement of the case of which the parties have filed a joint motion to dismiss before the Regional Trial Court of Pasig City, Branch 152.

On March 4, 2005, the Regional Trial Court of Pasig City, Branch 152 had approved the Joint Motion to Dismiss filed by the parties based on the Compromise Agreement entered into by them, thus, putting an end to the case.

In 2005, PFCI discontinued operations of its Texas Manok's Restaurants. Accordingly, it terminated all its employees and provided full valuation allowances on all its remaining assets.

Although the BOD and stockholders have not yet formally adopted a plan to liquidate PFCI, the financial statements are presented under the liquidation basis of accounting to appropriately reflect the significant changes in PFCI's status of operations.

Financial Condition

Unaudited balance sheet as at March 31, 2017 vs. audited December 31, 2016

The Company's consolidated total assets as at March 31, 2017 stood at ₱2,868 million, slightly higher than December 31, 2016 level of ₱2,860 million. Total current assets decreased from ₱1,827 million as at December 31, 2016 to ₱1,831 million as at March 31, 2017.

Cash balance increased to ₱305 million as at March 31, 2017 from ₱117 million as at December 31, 2016. The increase in cash was attributed to net cash inflows provided by operating activities.

Trade and other receivables account decreased by 17% as a result of improved collection efficiency.

Inventories amounting to ₱481 million as at March 31, 2017 decreased slightly to ₱482 million as at December 31, 2016.

Other current assets account of ₱51 million as at March 31, 2017 increased by 42% as compared to ₱44 million as at December 31, 2016. Other non-current assets decreased by ₱1 million as compared to its balance as at December 31, 2016.

Total current liabilities as at March 31, 2017 amounted to ₱1,816 million, lower by 2% as compared to its balance as at December 31, 2016.

Stockholders' equity increased from ₱870 million to ₱918 million, due to net income posted for the first quarter of 2017.

The Corporation's top five (5) key performance indicators are described as follows:

	Unaudited Mar 2017	Unaudited Mar 2016
Revenue (₱ million)	₱1,558	₱1,166
Cost Contribution (₱ million)	1,363	1,011
Gross Profit Rate (%)	13%	13%
Operating Income (₱ million)	52	39

1) Sales Volume, Price, and Revenue Growth

   Consolidated revenue composed of feeds, day old chicks, chicken, animal health products, and dory fish sales amounted to ₱1,558 million, higher than the same period last year of ₱1,166 million, mainly because of higher sales volume of chicken and animal feeds.

2) Cost Contribution

   This measures the cost efficiency of the products and trend of raw materials prices, particularly importations wherein there are foreign exchange exposures. Costs are analyzed on a regular basis for management's better strategic decisions in cost reduction and efficiency measures.

3) Gross Profit Rate

The review is done on a regular basis to check if the targets are being met based on the forecasted gross profit rate. This is being done on a regular basis for proper and immediate action.

4) Operating Margin

This is the result after operating expenses are deducted. Review of operating expenses is performed on a regular basis. These are being analyzed and compared against budget, last month and previous years, to ensure that cost reduction measures are being met and implemented.

VITARICH CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT MARCH 31, 2017 AND DECEMBER 31, 2016

(In Thousand Pesos)

	March 2017 (Unaudited)	December 2016 (Audited)
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash	**₱305,353**	₱116,540
Trade and other receivables	**992,842**	1,184,472
Inventories	**481,126**	481,585
Other current assets	**51,932**	44,432
Total Current Assets	**1,831,253**	1,827,029
Noncurrent Assets		
Property, plant and equipment	**520,861**	516,625
Investment properties	**495,216**	495,216
Other noncurrent assets	**20,202**	21,155
Total Noncurrent Assets	**1,036,279**	1,032,996
	₱2,867,532	₱2,860,025
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Current Liabilities		
Trade and other payables	**₱1,405,709**	₱1,452,602
Payable to stockholder	**407,111**	407,111
Current portion of finance lease liabilities	**3,536**	2,814
Total Current Liabilities	**1,816,356**	1,862,527
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Cash bond deposits	**25,871**	23,361
Finance lease liabilities - net of current portion	**17,376**	13,829
Net retirement liability	**84,083**	82,155
Net deferred tax liabilities	**6,231**	8,141
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	**133,561**	127,486
Equity		
Capital stock	**2,786,498**	2,786,498
Additional paid-in capital	**224,547**	224,547
Deficit	**(2,367,667)**	(2,417,045)
Other comprehensive income	**274,237**	276,012
Total Equity	**917,615**	870,012
	₱2,867,532	₱2,860,025

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

VITARICH CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE PERIODS ENDED MARCH 31, 2017 AND 2016 AND THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016
(In Thousand Pesos)

	UNAUDITED		AUDITED
	JAN-MAR 2017	JAN-MAR 2016	DEC 2016
SALE OF GOODS	**₱1,557,641**	₱1,165,685	₱5,100,905
COST OF GOODS SOLD	**1,362,642**	1,011,375	4,468,110
GROSS PROFIT	**194,999**	154,310	632,795
OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES (INCOME)			
Operating expenses	**144,158**	126,951	473,511
Operating income	**(1,038)**	(12,079)	(45,549)
	143,120	114,872	427,962
OPERATING INCOME	**51,879**	39,438	204,833
OTHER CHARGES (INCOME)			
Interest expense	**6,681**	8	12,642
Interest income	**(495)**	(134)	(929)
Demurrage on cargo release	**–**	–	56,217
Provision for probable losses	**–**	–	25,236
Gain on fair value changes of investment properties	**–**	–	(7,048)
Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment	**–**	–	489
Tax compromise settlement	**–**	–	92,245
	6,186	(126)	178,852
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX	**45,693**	39,564	25,981
INCOME TAX BENEFIT (EXPENSE)	**1,910**	(1,473)	(8,472)
NET INCOME	**47,603**	38,091	17,509
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			
Item not to be reclassified to profit or loss			
Revaluation increase on property, plant and equipment - net of tax	**–**	–	88,472
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	**₱47,603**	₱38,091	₱105,981
EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED	**₱0.02**	₱0.01	₱0.006

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

VITARICH CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE PERIODS ENDED MARCH 31, 2017 AND 2016 AND THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016
(In Thousand Pesos)

	UNAUDITED		
	2017 MARCH	2016 MARCH	**AUDITED 2016**
CAPITAL STOCK	**₱2,786,498**	₱2,786,498	₱2,786,498
ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL	**224,547**	224,547	224,547
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			
Balance at beginning of year/quarter	**276,012**	190,475	190,475
Transfer to deficit of revaluation reserve realized through depreciation, net of tax	**(1,775)**	(788)	(2,934)
Revaluation increase on property, plant and equipment, net of tax	**–**	–	88,471
Balance at end of year/quarter	**274,237**	189,687	276,012
DEFICIT			
Balance at beginning of year/quarter	**(2,417,045)**	(2,437,488)	(2,437,488)
Transfer to deficit of revaluation reserve realized through depreciation, net of tax	**1,775**	788	2,934
Net income	**47,603**	38,091	17,509
Balance at end of year/quarter	**(2,367,667)**	(2,398,609)	(2,417,045)
TOTAL EQUITY	**₱917,615**	₱802,123	₱870,012

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

VITARICH CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE PERIODS ENDED MARCH 31, 2017 AND 2016 AND THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

(In Thousand Pesos)

	UNAUDITED		AUDITED
	MAR 2017	**MAR 2016**	**DEC 2016**
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Income before tax	**₱45,693**	₱39,564	₱25,981
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation and amortization	**10,004**	6,919	33,580
Interest expense	**6,681**	8	12,642
Impairment loss on:			
Trade and other receivables	**1,903**	3,110	12,286
Property, plant and equipment	**–**	–	489
Interest income	**(495)**	(134)	(929)
Provision for probable loss	**–**	–	25,236
Recovery of written-off accounts	**–**	–	(12,648)
Gain on fair value changes of investment properties	**–**	–	(7,048)
Operating profit before working capital changes	**63,786**	49,467	89,589
Decrease (increase) in:			
Trade and other receivables	**189,727**	(34,520)	(307,162)
Inventories	**459**	(104,251)	(148,333)
Other current assets	**(7,500)**	2,763	30,342
Other noncurrent assets	**952**	2,246	1,167
Increase (decrease) in:			
Trade and other payables	**(46,893)**	129,262	320,337
Net retirement liability	**1,928**	1,390	7,065
Cash bond deposits	**2,510**	631	3,352
Net cash generated from (used for) operations	**204,969**	46,988	(3,643)
Interest paid	**(6,681)**	(8)	(12,642)
Interest received	**495**	134	929
Income taxes paid	**–**	(3,328)	(13,567)
Net cash generated (used in) operating activities	**198,783**	43,786	(28,923)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Additions to:			
Property, plant and equipment	**(14,240)**	(17,153)	(30,415)
Investment properties	**–**	–	(11,274)
Proceeds from sale of investment properties	**–**	217	1,702
Net cash used in investing activities	**(14,240)**	(16,936)	(39,987)
CASH FLOWS FROM A FINANCING ACTIVITY			
Increase in finance lease liabilities	**4,270**	–	–
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	**188,813**	26,850	(68,910)
CASH AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD/YEAR	**116,540**	185,451	185,450
CASH AT END OF PERIOD/YEAR	**₱305,353**	₱212,301	₱116,540

NONCASH FINANCIAL INFORMATION			
Reclassification of property, plant and equipment to investment properties	**₱–**	₱37,508	₱37,508
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment through finance lease	**–**	–	16,643
Recovery of accounts written- off	**–**	–	12,648

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2017

1. Corporate Information and Status of Operations

Vitarich Corporation (singly and collectively referred to as the Company) was incorporated in the Philippines and registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on July 31, 1962 to engage primarily in manufacturing and selling of feeds. On March 30, 2012, the SEC approved the extension of its corporate life for another 50 years. The Company's shares of stock were registered with the Philippine Stock Exchange on February 8, 1995.

The subsidiaries of the Company are as follows:

	Line of Business	Percentage of Ownership
Gromax, Inc. (Gromax)	Manufacturing	100.00
Philippines Favorite Chicken, Inc. (PFCI)*	Distributor	100.00

**Ceased its operations in 2005.*

Effective April 1, 2015, the operations of Gromax, manufacturing animal health and nutritional feeds, was reintegrated into the Company. Specialty feeds supplement the product offering of animal feeds produced by the Company. Pursuant to the reintegration, Gromax transferred all its employees to the Company. Retirement benefits accruing to these employees were transferred accordingly.

Pursuant to a Corporate Rehabilitation Plan (Plan) approved by the Regional Trial Court of Malolos, Bulacan (Rehabilitation Court) in 2007, Company debt aggregating ₱3.2 billion (at original amount) was restructured to longer payment terms and lower interests. In 2013, Kormasinc, Inc. (Kormasinc), acquired the debt from the Company creditors and entered into a memorandum of agreement with the Company for a debt to equity conversion on September 20, 2013. Pursuant to the agreement, ₱2.4 billion of the ₱3.2 billion (including interest of ₱200.0 million) was converted to equity at one peso (₱1.00) for every one (1) share of stock on the remaining available shares and on the increase in the Company's authorized capital stock from ₱0.5 billion to ₱3.5 billion. The debt to equity conversion and the Company's increase in authorized capital stock were approved by the SEC on October 16, 2013. Consequently, Kormasinc acquired 85.29% ownership of the Company. In 2014, Kormasinc reduced its equity interest in the Company from 85.29% to 69.26%.

As at March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, Kormasinc has 69.26% equity interest in the Company. The Company's payable to Kormasinc amounted to ₱407.1 million as at March 31, 2017.

On September 16, 2016, the Rehabilitation Court granted the Company's motion for a successful exit from the Plan.

The registered principal place of business of the Company is located at Marilao-San Jose Road, Sta. Rosa I, Marilao, Bulacan. The Company has operating offices in Luzon, Iloilo and Davao, and maintains satellite offices in Southern Philippines.

Status of Operations

The Company has significantly increased sales for the period ended March 31, 2017 to ₱1,557.6 million from ₱1,165.7 million for the period ended March 31, 2016 resulting from intensive marketing, introduction of more food products, improved formulation technology for its feeds products and tolling operational partnerships. As previously discussed, Kormasinc (stockholder) acquired all the restructured debt and entered into a debt to equity conversion with the Company in 2013. Moreover, the Company disposed off its major feed mill in 2014 to further reduce debt and to generate the necessary working capital. The Company has become more cost-efficient in its purchasing activities increasing gross profit to ₱195.0 million in March 2017 from ₱154.3 million in March 2016.

The debt presented in the financial statements as payable to stockholder was ₱207.1 million in 2017 and 2016, excluding interest of ₱200.0 million in both years.

The Company is focusing towards establishing operational partnerships, strengthening its core products by improving quality standards, continuing its cost reduction program and revisiting customer and supplier terms to increase sales and to improve operating results. As a result of the implementation of these programs, the Company generated operating income of ₱51.9 million in the first quarter of 2017.

With these corporate initiatives, the Company has continued to generate the necessary cash flow to sustain its operations and settle its remaining liabilities.

2. Basis of Preparation and Statement of Compliance

The unaudited interim consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared on the historical cost basis of accounting, except for property, plant and equipment and investment properties which are stated at fair value, and are presented in Philippine Peso, the Company's functional and presentation currency. All values represent absolute amounts except when otherwise stated.

The unaudited interim consolidated financial statements do not include all the information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual consolidated financial statements as at December 31, 2016.

The unaudited interim consolidated financial statements of the Company for the three (3) months ended March 31, 2017 have been prepared in accordance with Philippine Accounting Standards (PAS) 34, *Interim Financial Reporting* and in compliance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS) issued by the Philippine Financial Reporting Standards Council (FRSC) and adopted by the SEC. This financial reporting framework includes PFRS, PAS, Philippine Interpretations from International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC) and SEC provisions.

3. Summary of Changes in PFRS

Adoption of New and Amended PFRS

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year, except for the adoption of the following new and amended PFRS which the Company adopted effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2017:

- Amendments to PAS 7, *Statement of Cash Flows - Disclosure Initiative* – The amendments require entities to provide information that enable the users of financial statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from their financing activities.

- Amendments to PAS 12, *Income Taxes - Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealized Losses* – The amendments clarify the accounting for deferred tax assets related to unrealized losses on debt instruments measured at fair value, to address diversity in practice.

The adoption of the foregoing new and amended PFRS did not have any material effect on the financial statements. Additional disclosures have been included in the notes to consolidated financial statements, as applicable.

New and Amended PFRS Not Yet Adopted

Relevant new and amended PFRS which are not yet effective for the year ended December 31, 2016 and have not been applied in preparing the financial statements are summarized below.

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018 -

- PFRS 9, *Financial Instruments* – This standard will replace PAS 39*, Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement* (and all the previous versions of PFRS 9). It contains requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities, impairment, hedge accounting and derecognition.

  PFRS 9 requires all recognized financial assets to be subsequently measured at amortized cost or fair value (through profit or loss or through other comprehensive income), depending on their classification by reference to the business model within which they are held and their contractual cash flow characteristics.

  For financial liabilities, the most significant effect of PFRS 9 relates to cases where the fair value option is taken: the amount of change in fair value of a financial liability designated as at fair value through profit or loss that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability is recognized in other comprehensive income (rather than in profit or loss), unless this creates an accounting mismatch.

  For the impairment of financial assets, PFRS 9 introduces an “expected credit loss” model based on the concept of providing for expected losses at inception of a contract; it will no longer be necessary for there to be objective evidence of impairment before a credit loss is recognized.

  For hedge accounting, PFRS 9 introduces a substantial overhaul allowing financial statements to better reflect how risk management activities are undertaken when hedging financial and non-financial risk exposures.

  The derecognition provisions are carried over almost unchanged from PAS 39.

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019 -

- PFRS 16, *Leases* – Significant change introduced by the new standard is that almost all leases will be brought onto lessees' balance sheets under a single model (except leases of less than 12 months and leases of low-value assets), eliminating the distinction between operating and finance leases. Lessor accounting, however, remains largely unchanged and the distinction between operating and finance lease is retained.

The Company anticipates that the application of PFRS 9 and 16 might have a significant effect on amounts reported in respect of the Company's financial assets and financial liabilities and leases. However, it is not practicable to provide a reasonable estimate of that effect until a detailed review has been completed. Additional disclosures will be included in the consolidated financial statements, as applicable.

4. Trade and Other Receivables

This account consists of (*in thousand Pesos*):

	Unaudited Mar 2017	Audited Dec 2016
Trade	**₱1,006,929**	₱1,105,524
Nontrade	**167,345**	146,413
Insurance claims receivable	**157,513**	157,513
Advances to:		
Suppliers	**134,679**	102,370
Officers and employees	**6,003**	6,034
Due from related parties	**2,924**	146,174
Retention receivable	**–**	2,189
Others	**20,809**	19,712
	1,496,202	1,685,929
Less allowance for impairment losses	**(503,360)**	(501,457)
	₱992,842	₱1,184,472

Trade receivables are usually due within 30 to 90 days and are noninterest-bearing.

Nontrade receivables comprise mainly of receivables arising from incidental income of the Company such as tolling, rentals, hatching, hauling and laboratory analysis charges. These are settled within 30-60 days and are noninterest-bearing.

The Company has an outstanding claim for settlement for typhoon damages from Charter Ping An Insurance Corporation. Pursuant to the Insurance Code, the Company is entitled to interest on its claim at a rate twice the ceiling prescribed by the Monetary Board beginning March 12, 2010, 90 days from the date the Company has filed the claim. On August 17, 2016, the Company received ₱58.9 million as partial settlement. The Company, however, has continued to legally pursue the remaining outstanding balance of ₱157.5 million as at March 31, 2016. Management and its legal counsel believe that the ongoing litigation on the remaining claims will not result in any significant adverse impact on the Company's financial condition and results of operations.

Advances to suppliers pertain to advance payments on purchases of goods and services to be purchased in the Company's normal course of business. These goods and services are expected to be delivered within a year.

Advances to officers and employees are unsecured, noninterest–bearing and subject to salary deduction or liquidation for a specified period of time of about one year.

Other receivables comprise mainly of unsecured and non-interest bearing short term deposits and claims from Philippine Social Security System.

AGING OF RECEIVABLES

	As at MARCH 31, 2017 – Unaudited (in thousand Pesos)						
	TOTAL	**CURRENT**	**1-30**	**31-60**	**61-90**	**91-120**	**OVER 120**
Feeds	₱741,808	₱377,671	₱59,331	₱6,545	₱5,074	₱3,255	₱289,932
Foods	215,834	33,069	16,460	1,674	199	135	164,297
Farms	49,287	9,328	11,390	–	94	80	28,395
Total Trade Receivables	**1,006,929**	**420,068**	**87,181**	**8,219**	**5,367**	**3,470**	**482,624**
Nontrade	167,345	8,663	2,570	–	–	–	156,112
Insurance claims receivable	157,513	–	–	–	–	–	157,513
Advances	140,682	6,003	–	–	–	–	134,679
Due from related parties	2,924	–	–	–	–	–	2,924
Others	20,809	20,809	–	–	–	–	–
Total Trade and Nontrade Receivables	**1,496,202**	**455,543**	**89,751**	**8,219**	**5,367**	**3,470**	**933,852**
Less: Allowance for Impairment	503,360	–	–	–	–	–	503,360
NET RECEIVABLES	**₱992,842**	**₱455,543**	**₱89,751**	**₱8,219**	**₱5,367**	**₱3,470**	**₱430,492**

5. Inventories

This account consists of (*in thousand Pesos*):

	Unaudited Mar 2017	Audited Dec 2016
Livestock	**₱67,744**	₱72,457
Raw materials and feeds supplement	**200,797**	209,502
Finished goods	**158,823**	141,378
Factory stocks and supplies	**655**	639
Supplies and animal health products	**53,107**	57,609
	₱481,126	₱481,585

As at March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, inventories are stated at cost.

6. Other Current and Noncurrent Assets

Other Current Assets (*in thousand Pesos*):

	Unaudited Mar 2017	Audited Dec 2016
Creditable withholding tax	**₱32,246**	₱29,377
Input value-added tax	**4,498**	4,498
Prepayments	**19,686**	15,055
	56,430	48,930
Allowance for impairment losses	**(4,498)**	(4,498)
	₱51,932	₱44,432

Other Noncurrent Assets (*in thousand Pesos*):

	Unaudited Mar 2017	Audited Dec 2016
Project development costs	**₱31,368**	₱31,368
Security deposits	**13,537**	7,617
Computer software	**6,665**	13,538
Others	**53,344**	53,344
	104,914	105,867
Allowance for impairment:		
Project development costs	**31,368**	31,368
Others	**53,344**	53,344
	84,712	84,712
	₱20,202	₱21,155

Prepayments mainly pertain to insurance and bond premiums, among others.

Project development costs represent expenses incurred on the Company's aqua feeds and aqua culture projects. Based on management's evaluation, these costs may no longer be recoverable. Accordingly, the project development cost was provided with full valuation allowance.

Computer software pertains to additions and improvements on the Company's accounting system.

Other assets mainly pertain to the impaired assets of PFCI with full valuation allowance.

7. Property, Plant and Equipment

Movements in this account are as follows *(in thousand Pesos)*:

	March 31, 2017 (Unaudited)							
	At Appraised Values				**At Cost**			
	Land	**Machinery and Equipment**	**Buildings**	**Leasehold and Land Improvements**	**Office Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment**	**Transportation Equipment**	**Construction in Progress**	**Total**
Cost								
Balance at beginning of year	**₱325,134**	**₱197,517**	**₱89,309**	**₱14,768**	**₱78,139**	**₱167,784**	**₱215**	**₱872,866**
Additions	**–**	**1,923**	**–**	**–**	**1,448**	**6,252**	**4,617**	**14,240**
Balance at end of year	**325,134**	**199,440**	**89,309**	**14,768**	**79,587**	**174,036**	**4,832**	**887,106**
Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment								
Balance at beginning of year	**–**	**120,742**	**30,375**	**10,050**	**69,745**	**125,329**	**–**	**356,241**
Depreciation and amortization	**–**	**3,579**	**1,842**	**267**	**1,379**	**2,937**	**–**	**10,004**
Balance at end of year	**–**	**124,321**	**32,217**	**10,317**	**71,124**	**128,266**	**–**	**366,245**
Carrying amount	**₱325,134**	**₱75,119**	**₱57,092**	**₱4,451**	**₱8,463**	**₱45,770**	**₱4,832**	**₱520,861**

	2016 (Audited)							
	At Appraised Values				**At Cost**			
	Land	Machinery and Equipment	Buildings	Leasehold and Land Improvements	Office Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	Transportation equipment	Construction in Progress	Total
Cost								
Balance at beginning of year	₱255,841	₱174,149	₱70,014	₱31,416	₱72,899	₱144,045	₱3,839	₱752,203
Additions	–	9,186	3,894	4,590	5,433	23,739	215	47,057
Revaluation	93,820	20,396	11,562	–	610	–	–	126,388
Reclassifications	(24,527)	(6,214)	3,839	(21,238)	(803)	–	(3,839)	(52,782)
Balance at end of year	325,134	197,517	89,309	14,768	78,139	134,072	215	872,866
Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment								
Balance at beginning of year	–	109,959	26,295	21,543	66,464	116,991	–	341,252
Depreciation and amortization	–	11,811	4,067	1,541	4,017	8,338	–	29,774
Impairment	–	418	13	–	58	–	–	489
Reclassifications	–	(1,446)	–	(13,034)	(794)	–	–	(15,274)
Balance at end of year	–	120,742	30,375	10,050	69,745	125,329	–	356,241
Carrying amount	₱325,134	₱76,775	₱58,934	₱4,718	₱8,394	₱8,743	₱215	₱516,625

In 2016, property, plant, and equipment with a net book value of ₱37.5 million were reclassified to investment properties. Corresponding revaluation reserve and deferred tax liabilities of the reclassified property, plant and equipment amounted to ₱17.7 million and ₱5.3 million, respectively.

If the property, plant and equipment were measured at cost model, the carrying amounts would be as follows *(in thousand Pesos)*:

	March 31, 2017 (Unaudited)							
	Land	**Machinery and Equipment**	**Buildings**	**Leasehold and Land Improvements**	**Office Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment**	**Transportation Equipment**	**Construction in Progress**	**Total**
Cost	**₱13,611**	**₱156,946**	**₱64,559**	**₱12,112**	**₱28,558**	**₱174,036**	**₱4,831**	**₱454,653**
Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment	**–**	**113,032**	**26,989**	**7,660**	**20,648**	**128,266**	**–**	**296,595**
Carrying amount	**₱13,611**	**₱43,914**	**₱37,570**	**₱4,452**	**₱7,910**	**₱45,770**	**₱4,831**	**₱158,058**

	December 31, 2016 (Audited)							
	Land	Machinery and Equipment	Buildings	Leasehold and Land Improvements	Office Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	Transportation Equipment	Construction in Progress	Total
Cost	₱26,948	₱138,721	₱56,825	₱14,735	₱20,212	₱134,072,	₱3,839	₱395,352
Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment	–	89,506	22,900	11,889	13,915	107,018	–	245,228
Carrying amount	₱26,948	₱49,215	₱33,925	₱2,846	₱6,297	₱27,054	₱3,839	₱150,124

Fair Value Measurement

The Company's property, plant and equipment (except for transportation equipment) were appraised by an independent firm of appraisers. The latest appraisal report is at December 31, 2016. The fair value measurement for property, plant and equipment has been categorized as level 3 (significant unobservable inputs).

Description of valuation techniques used and key inputs to valuation on property, plant and equipment follows:

	Valuation Technique	Significant Unobservable Inputs	Remaining useful life
Machinery and Equipment	Cost Reproduction Approach	Replacement cost less accrued depreciation	3 - 5 years remaining useful life
Buildings	Cost Reproduction Approach	Replacement cost less accrued depreciation	5 - 10 years remaining useful life
Land Improvements	Cost Reproduction Approach	Replacement cost less accrued depreciation	2 - 4 years remaining useful life
Office Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	Cost Reproduction Approach	Replacement cost less accrued depreciation	2 - 4 years remaining useful life
Leasehold Improvements	Cost Reproduction Approach	Replacement cost less accrued depreciation	2 - 4 years remaining useful life

The significant unobservable inputs to fair valuation are as follows:

Price per square meter: estimated value prevailing in the real estate market depending on the location, area, shape and time element.

Value adjustments: adjustments are made to bring the comparative values in approximation to the investment property taking into account the location, size, architectural features and etc.

Sales comparison approach involves the comparison of the land to those that are more or less located within the vicinity of the appraised property and are subject of recent sales and offerings. Adjustments were made to arrive at the market value by considering the location, size, shape, utility, desirability and time element.

8. Investment Properties

Investment properties comprise of the Company's hatchery buildings, dressing and rendering plants that are held to earn rentals and parcels of land foreclosed by the Company to settle customers' liabilities. These foreclosed parcels of land are being held for capital appreciation only.

Movements in this account are summarized below *(in thousand Pesos):*

	Unaudited Mar 2017	Audited Dec 2016
Balance at beginning of year	**₱495,216**	₱428,440
Reclassifications	**–**	37,508
Disposals	**–**	(1,702)
Additions	**–**	23,922
Fair value gain	**–**	7,048
Balance at end of year	**₱495,216**	₱495,216

Fair Value Measurement

Investment properties are revalued periodically at fair values as determined by an independent firm of appraisers. The latest appraisal report is at December 31, 2016. The fair value measurement for investment properties has been categorized as level 3 (significant unobservable inputs).

Description of valuation techniques used and key inputs to valuation on investment properties follows:

	Valuation Technique	Significant unobservable inputs	Remaining useful life
Building	Cost of Reproduction Approach	Replacement cost less accumulated depreciation	5 - 10 years remaining useful life

The significant unobservable inputs to fair valuation are as follows:

Price per square meter: estimated value prevailing in the real estate market depending on the location, area, shape and time element.

Value adjustments: adjustments are made to bring the comparative values in approximation to the investment property taking into account the location, size, architectural features and etc.

Sales comparison approach involves the comparison of the land to those that are more or less located within the vicinity of the appraised property and are subject of recent sales and offerings. Adjustments were made to arrive at the market value by considering the location, size, shape, utility, desirability and time element.

9. Trade and Other Payables

This account consists of (*in thousand Pesos*):

	Unaudited Mar 2017	Audited Dec 2016
Trade	**₱958,600**	₱994,735
Accrued expenses	**171,516**	173,622
Nontrade	**142,219**	130,560
Customers’ deposits	**94,757**	94,623
Provisions	**25,813**	51,048
Other	**12,804**	8,014
	₱1,405,709	₱1,452,602

Trade payables primarily consist of liabilities arising from purchases of raw materials related to the normal course of business. These are noninterest-bearing and are generally on a 90-day credit term.

Accrued expenses are normally settled within one year. Accrued expenses mainly pertain to salaries and wages, freight and handling, outside services, rebates, taxes and licenses, commission, plant and office supplies.

Nontrade payables are liabilities arising from purchases of goods, other than raw materials, and various services giving rise to expenses such as trucking fees, utilities, security services and inspection fees, among others. These are settled within one year.

Customers’ deposits are amounts received from animal and aqua feeds’ customers. These serve as collateral for any unpaid balances.

Provisions pertain to probable claims from third parties. It includes an estimated liability of ₱25.8 million of PFCI arising from a legal case for non-payment of rentals as at December 31, 2016 and 2015. PFCI ceased operations in 2005. The PFCI case is still pending decision before the Court of Appeals. This also includes provision for probable claims against third party amounting to ₱25.2 million. The information required by *PAS 37, Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets*, is not disclosed as it may prejudice the Company’s position on the matter.

Other payables consist of advances from officers and employees, social security premiums payable and other statutory liabilities. These are normally settled within a year.

10. Payable to Stockholder

Settlement of Restructured Debt. As discussed in Note 1, during the year ended December 31, 2013, Kormasinc acquired the Company’s restructured debt from creditors comprising of local banks and SPAV companies and entered into a memorandum of agreement with the Company for a debt to equity conversion on September 20, 2013. Pursuant to the agreement, ₱2.4 billion of the restructured debt of ₱3.2 billion (including interest of ₱200.0 million) was converted to equity at one peso (₱1.00) for every one (1) share of stock on the remaining available shares and on the increase in authorized capital stock from ₱0.5 billion to ₱3.5 billion. The SEC approved, on October 16, 2013, the debt to equity conversion and the Company’s increase in authorized capital stock. Consequently, Kormasinc acquired 85.29% ownership of the Company. In 2014, Kormasinc reduced its equity interest in the Company from 85.29% to 69.26%.

The transfer of interest on the restructured loan to Kormasinc and the debt to equity conversion of the Company's loan to Kormasinc resulted to the reversal of the unamortized "day 1" gain on the loan amounting to ₱681.8 million as at September 20, 2013. However, the subsequent approval by the SEC of the debt to equity conversion resulted to a pro-forma accounting income of ₱689.2 million arising from the difference between the market value and the par value of the shares at which price the debt was converted to equity.

Summarized below are the outstanding accounts, arising from the foregoing transactions *(in thousand Pesos)*:

			MAR 2017 (Unaudited)		2016 (Audited)	
	Relationship	Nature of Transactions	**Amount of Transactions**	**Outstanding Balances**	Amount of Transactions	Outstanding Balances
Kormasinc	Parent Company	Restructured debt acquired	**–**	**₱175,027**	–	₱175,027
		Trade payables acquired	**–**	**32,098**	–	32,098
		Interest on restructured debt	**–**	**199,986**	–	199,986
				₱407,111		₱407,111

The terms of the payment of the loan are still subject to negotiation. Interest on the loan from the period September 2013 to December 2016 was waived by Kormasinc. Proceeds from the disposal of several core and noncore assets amounting to ₱63.3 million and ₱350.4 million in 2015 and 2014, respectively, were applied against the outstanding debt.

Discounting of Receivables Offset against Payable to Stockholder. On December 12, 2014, the Company's BOD approved the discounting of Company's receivable from Luz Farms, Inc. (LFI) to Kormasinc for a 50% discount considering the financial capability of LFI. Consequently, on the same date, the Company entered into a memorandum of agreement with Kormasinc discounting the Company's receivable from LFI for ₱49.2 million. Proceeds were used to offset portion of the Company's payable to Kormasinc. Loss on the discounting amounted to ₱49.2 million.

Trade Payables acquired by Kormasinc. In 2014, Group trade payables aggregating ₱32.1 million were acquired by Kormasinc from suppliers.

11. Cash Bond Deposits

Cash bond deposits amounting to ₱25.9 million and ₱23.4 million as at March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively, substantially consist of surety bond deposits obtained from contract growers, contract breeders, customers and salesmen.

The carrying amounts of the cash bond deposits are at nominal values because the timing of the refund or settlement could not be reasonably estimated.

12. Equity

Capital Stock
The Company has authorized capital stock of 3.5 billion shares at ₱1 par value equivalent to ₱3.5 billion. Movements of the shares are as follows *(in thousands)*:

	2016	2015
Authorized	**3,500,000**	3,500,000
Issued and outstanding	**2,786,498**	2,786,498

The BOD approved the increase in the Company's authorized capital stock from 500 million shares of stock at ₱1.00 par value equivalent to ₱500 million to (a) 1.0 billion shares of stock at ₱1.00 par value equivalent to ₱1.0 billion on May 27, 2010, (b) 1.5 billion shares of stock at ₱1.00 par value equivalent to ₱1.5 billion on June 1, 2012, and (c) 3.5 billion shares of stock at ₱1.00 par value equivalent ₱3.5 billion on August 28, 2012.

On September 20, 2013, the BOD approved the conversion of part of the Company's debts to Kormasinc amounting to ₱2.4 billion into equity at a ratio of 1:1 or 1 share of common stock for every ₱1.00 debt in which ₱90.0 million shall be applied as payment for the issuance of the 90,030,236 shares out of the existing unissued shares, while ₱2.3 billion shall be applied as payment for the additional shares of stock which shall be issued out of the increase in the authorized capital stock.

The increase in authorized capital stock and the debt−to−equity conversion were approved by the SEC on October 16, 2013.

The following summarizes the information on the Group's registration of securities under the Securities Regulation Code:

Date of SEC Approval	Authorized Shares	No. of Shares Issued
Oct. 16, 2013	3,000,000,000	2,286,497,901
Feb. 9, 1989	200,000,000	200,000,000
Aug 11, 1986	200,000,000	200,000,000
Dec. 5, 1982	33,000,000	33,000,000
Dec. 5, 1977	45,000,000	45,000,000
Oct. 31, 1974	7,000,000	7,000,000
May 2, 1973	10,000,000	10,000,000
Oct. 2, 1972	5,000,000	5,000,000

The shares were issued at a price ranging from a minimum of ₱8.00 to a maximum of ₱12.50 per share.

The following summarizes the information on the Company's issued and outstanding shares:

	Number of shares issued and outstanding	Percentage of shares
Issued and outstanding	2,786,498	100.00%
Listed shares:		
Owned by related parties	1,928,339	69.20%
Owned by public	789,541	28.33%
Owned by directors and officers	68,617	2.46%
Total	2,786,498	

Of the total shares owned by the public, 280.0 million shares are foreign-owned.

The total number of shareholders of the Company is 4,244 and 4,255 as at March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively.

13. Earnings Per Share

Basic and diluted earnings per share were computed as follows *(in thousand Pesos)*:

	Unaudited Mar 2017	Audited Dec 2016
Net income for the period	**₱47,603**	₱17,509
Divided by the weighted average number of outstanding shares	**2,786,498**	2,786,498
Earnings per share - basic and diluted	**₱0.02**	₱0.01

Diluted earnings per share is equal to the basic earnings per share since the Company does not have potential dilutive shares.

14. Segment Information

The Company's operating businesses and those of its subsidiaries are organized and managed separately according to the nature of products and services provided, with each segment representing a strategic business unit that offers different products and serves different markets.

a) The Food segment is engaged in the growing, production and distribution of chicken broilers, either as live or dressed. Its products are distributed to wet markets and supermarkets.

b) The Feeds segment caters to the feed requirement of the poultry, livestock, and fish growers. It is engaged in the manufacture and distribution of animal and aqua feeds, animal health and nutritional products, and feed supplements.

c) The Farms segment is involved in the production of day-old chicks and pullets.

d) The Corporate and Others segment includes general and corporate income and expense items which are not specifically identifiable to a particular segment.

Segment assets and liabilities include all operating assets used by a segment and consist principally of operating cash, receivables, inventories and property, plant and equipment, net of allowance. Segment liabilities include all operating liabilities and consist principally of accounts, wages, taxes currently payable and accrued liabilities. Segment liabilities do not include deferred tax liabilities.

The Company generally accounts for intersegment sales and transfers at cost.

The following table presents revenue and profit information regarding business segments for the first quarter ended March 31, 2017, and certain asset and liability information regarding business segments at March 31, 2017.

	As at March 31, 2017 - Unaudited (in thousand Pesos)					
	Foods	**Feeds**	**Farms**	**Corporate & Others**	**Eliminations**	**Consolidated**
REVENUES						
Net Sales						
External Sales	₱641,704	₱803,363	₱112,574	–	–	₱1,557,641
COST AND OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES						
Cost of goods sold	555,100	700,654	103,120	–	–	1,358,874
Depreciation	2,872	5,993	–	1,139	–	10,004
Operating expenses	14,865	38,555	–	84,502	–	137,922
Other operating income	–	(1,038)	–	–	–	(1,038)
	572,837	744,164	103,120	85,641		1,505,762
RESULTS						
Segment Results	₱68,867	₱59,199	₱9,454	(₱85,641)	–	₱51,879
Other income -net						(6,186)
Income before tax						45,693
Tax benefit						1,910
Net income						**₱47,603**
OTHER INFORMATION						
Segment assets	₱287,806	₱915,264	₱336,483	₱796,033	₱531,946	**₱2,867,532**
Segment liabilities	₱341,552	₱59,801	₱1,893	₱1,546,433	₱238	₱1,949,917

Currently, the Company's operation is only in the Philippines, hence it has no geographical segment. The Company, however, has manufacturing plants in different regions of the country.

15. Risk Management Objectives and Policies

The Company is exposed to a variety of financial risks which result from its operating, financing and investing activities. The Company's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of the markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Company's performance.

The Company does not engage in the trading of financial assets for speculative purposes nor does it write options. The financial risks, which the Company is exposed to, are described below:

Foreign Currency Sensitivity
To a certain extent, the Company has an exposure to foreign currency risks as some of its raw materials purchases are sourced outside the Philippines and are therefore denominated in foreign currencies. However, the Company has not yet experienced significant losses due to the effect of foreign currency fluctuations since purchases denominated in foreign currency are kept at a minimum.

Credit Risk
Generally, the maximum credit risk exposure of the financial assets is the carrying amount of the financial assets as shown on the face of the consolidated statements of financial position.

The Company continuously monitors defaults of counterparties, identified either individually or by group, and incorporates this information into its credit risk controls. Where available at a reasonable cost, external credit ratings and/or reports on counterparties are obtained and used. The Company's policy is to deal only with creditworthy counterparties.

The Company's trade and other receivables are not exposed to a concentration of credit risk as the Company deals with a number of customers. The trade and other receivables are actively monitored and assessed, and where necessary an adequate level of provision is maintained. In addition, to minimize credit risk, the Company requires collateral, generally land and real estate, from its customers.

The Company's management considers that trade and other receivables that are not impaired nor past due for each reporting periods are of good credit quality.

<u>Liquidity Risk</u>
The Company manages its liquidity profile to be able to service its long-term debt as these fall due by maintaining sufficient cash from operations. The Company maintains cash to meet its liquidity requirements for up to 30-day periods.

<u>Price Risk</u>
The Company is exposed to commodity price risk as the raw materials of its main products are subject to price swings. The Company's management actively seeks means to minimize exposure to such risk.

VITARICH CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
FINANCIAL RATIOS
(In thousand Pesos)

Below is a schedule showing the financial soundness indicators of the Group for the period ended:

	Unaudited Mar 2017	Audited Dec 2016
Current / Liquidity Ratio	1.01	0.98
Current assets	1,831,253	1,827,029
Current liabilities	1,816,356	1,862,527
Solvency Ratio	0.03	0.03
Net income before depreciation	57,607	51,089
Total liabilities	1,949,917	1,990,012
Debt-to-Equity Ratio	2.12	2.29
Total liabilities	1,949,917	1,990,013
Total equity	917,615	870,012
Asset-to-Equity Ratio	3.12	3.29
Total assets	2,867,532	2,860,025
Total equity	917,615	870,012
Interest rate coverage Ratio	7.84	3.06
Pretax income before interest	52,374	38,623
Interest expense	6,681	12,642
Profitability Ratio	0.05	0.02
Net income	47,603	17,509
Total equity	917,615	870,012

OTHER MATTERS

- There are outstanding warranty and legal claims against The Company. The Company has accrued liability on those items where the Court has definitely ruled against the Company and where the amount can be reliably estimated. The Company and its legal counsel believe that the other pending claims will be settled favorably and will not result to a material loss or impairment, if any. None of these contingencies are discussed in the consolidated financial statements in detail so as not to seriously prejudice the Company's position in the related disputes.

- There were no material commitments for capital expenditures.

- There were no material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations), and other relationships of The Company with unconsolidated entities or other persons created during the reporting period.

Any event that will trigger direct or contingent financial obligation that is material to the Company, including any default or acceleration of an obligation - None

Any significant element of income or loss that did not arise from the registrant's continuing operations - There were no significant elements of income or loss arising from continuing operations.

VITARICH CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF ADOPTION OF EFFECTIVE ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS

MARCH 31, 2017

Title	Adopted	Not Adopted	Not Applicable
Framework for the Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements Conceptual Framework Phase A: Objectives and qualitative characteristics	✓		
PFRSs Practice Statement Management Commentary			✓

Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRSs)

PFRS	Title	Adopted	Not Adopted	Not Applicable
PFRS 1 (Revised)	First-time Adoption of Philippine Financial Reporting Standards			✓
	Amendments to PFRS 1: Additional Exemptions for First-time Adopters			✓
	Amendment to PFRS 1: Limited Exemption from Comparative PFRS 7 Disclosures for First-time Adopters			✓
	Amendments to PFRS 1: Severe Hyperinflation and Removal of Fixed Date for First-time Adopters			✓
	Amendments to PFRS 1: Government Loans			✓
PFRS 2	Share-based Payment	✓		
	Amendments to PFRS 2: Vesting Conditions and Cancellations			✓
	Amendments to PFRS 2: Group Cash-settled Share-based Payment Transactions	✓		
PFRS 3 (Revised)	Business Combinations			✓
	Amendment to PFRS 3: Accounting for Contingent Consideration in a Business Combination			✓
	Amendment to PFRS 3: Scope Exceptions for Joint Ventures			✓
PFRS 4	Insurance Contracts			✓
	Amendments to PFRS 4: Financial Guarantee Contracts			✓

PFRS	Title	Adopted	Not Adopted	Not Applicable
PFRS 5	Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations			✓
	Amendment to PFRS 5: Changes in Methods of Disposal			✓
PFRS 6	Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources			✓
PFRS 7	Financial Instruments: Disclosures	✓		
	Amendments to PFRS 7: Reclassification of Financial Assets	✓		
	Amendments to PFRS 7: Reclassification of Financial Assets - Effective Date and Transition			✓
	Amendments to PFRS 7: Improving Disclosures about Financial Instruments	✓		
	Amendments to PFRS 7: Disclosures - Transfers of Financial Assets	✓		
	Amendments to PFRS 7: Disclosures - Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities	✓		
	Amendment to PFRS 7: Servicing Contracts			✓
	Amendment to PFRS 7: Applicability of the Amendments to PFRS 7 to Condensed Interim Financial Statements			✓
PFRS 8	Operating Segments	✓		
	Amendments to PFRS 8: Aggregation of Operating Segments	✓		
	Amendments to PFRS 8: Reconciliation of the Total of the Reportable Segments' Assets to the Entity's Assets	✓		
PFRS 9	Financial Instruments: Classification and Measurement of Financial Assets		✓	
	Financial Instruments: Classification and Measurement of Financial Liabilities		✓	
	Amendments to PFRS 9: Mandatory Effective Date of PFRS 9 and Transition Disclosures		✓	
PFRS 10	Consolidated Financial Statements	✓		
	Amendments to PFRS 10: Transition Guidance			✓
	Amendments to PFRS 10: Investment Entities			✓
	Amendments to PFRS 10: Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception			✓
PFRS 11	Joint Arrangements			✓
	Amendments to PFRS 11: Transition Guidance			

PFRS	Title	Adopted	Not Adopted	Not Applicable
	Amendments to PFRS 11: Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations			✓
PFRS 12	Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities			✓
	Amendments to PFRS 12: Transition Guidance			✓
	Amendments to PFRS 12: Investment Entities			✓
PFRS 13	Fair Value Measurement	✓		
	Amendment to PFRS 13: Short-term receivables and Payables	✓		
	Amendment to PFRS 13: Portfolio Exception	✓		
PFRS 14	Regulatory Deferral Accounts			✓

Philippine Accounting Standards (PASs)

PAS	Title	Adopted	Not Adopted	Not Applicable
PAS 1 (Revised)	Presentation of Financial Statements	✓		
	Amendments to PAS 1: Puttable Financial Instruments and Obligations Arising on Liquidation			✓
	Amendments to PAS 1: Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income	✓		
	Amendment to PAS 1: Clarification of the Requirements for Comparative Presentation	✓		
	Amendments to PAS 1: Disclosure Initiative	✓		
PAS 2	Inventories	✓		
PAS 7	Statement of Cash Flows	✓		
PAS 8	Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors	✓		
PAS 10	Events after the Reporting Period	✓		
PAS 11	Construction Contracts			✓
PAS 12	Income Taxes	✓		
	Amendments to PAS 12 - Deferred Tax: Recovery of Underlying Assets			✓
PAS 16	Property, Plant and Equipment	✓		
	Amendment to PAS 16: Classification of Servicing Equipment			✓

PAS	Title	Adopted	Not Adopted	Not Applicable
	Amendment to PAS 16: Property Plant and Equipment - Revaluation Method - Proportionate Restatement of Accumulated Depreciation	✓		
	Amendment to PAS 16: Property, Plant and Equipment - Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortization	✓		
	Amendment to PAS 16: Agriculture: Bearer Plants			✓
PAS 17	Leases	✓		
PAS 18	Revenue	✓		
PAS 19 (Revised)	Employee Benefits	✓		
	Amendment to PAS 19: Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions	✓		
	Amendment to PAS 19: Discount Rate: Regional Market Issue	✓		
PAS 20	Accounting for Government Grants and Disclosure of Government Assistance			✓
PAS 21	The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates	✓		
	Amendment: Net Investment in a Foreign Operation			✓
PAS 23 (Revised)	Borrowing Costs	✓		
PAS 24 (Revised)	Related Party Disclosures	✓		
	Amendment to PAS 24: Key Management Personnel	✓		
PAS 26	Accounting and Reporting by Retirement Benefit Plans	✓		
PAS 27 (Amended)	Separate Financial Statements			✓
	Amendments to PAS 27: Investment Entities			✓
	Amendments to PAS 27: Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements			✓
PAS 28 (Amended)	Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures			✓
	Amendments to PAS 28: Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception			✓
PAS 29	Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies			✓
PAS 32	Financial Instruments: Disclosure and Presentation	✓		
	Financial Instruments: Presentation	✓		
	Amendments to PAS 32: Puttable Financial Instruments and Obligations Arising on Liquidation			✓

PAS	Title	Adopted	Not Adopted	Not Applicable
	Amendment to PAS 32: Classification of Rights Issues			✓
	Amendments to PAS 32: Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities	✓		
	Amendments to PAS 32: Tax Effect of Distribution to Holders of Equity Instruments			✓
PAS 33	Earnings per Share	✓		
PAS 34	Interim Financial Reporting	✓		
PAS 36	Impairment of Assets	✓		
	Amendments to PAS 36: Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-Financial Assets	✓		
PAS 37	Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets	✓		
PAS 38	Intangible Assets	✓		
	Amendment to PAS 38: Intangible Assets - Revaluation Method - Proportionate Restatement of Accumulated Amortization			✓
	Amendment to PAS 38: Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortization			✓
PAS 39	Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement	✓		
	Amendments to PAS 39: Transition and Initial Recognition of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities	✓		
	Amendments to PAS 39: Cash Flow Hedge Accounting of Forecast Intragroup Transactions			✓
	Amendments to PAS 39: The Fair Value Option			✓
	Amendments to PAS 39: Financial Guarantee Contracts			✓
	Amendments to PAS 39: Reclassification of Financial Assets	✓		
	Amendments to PAS 39: Reclassification of Financial Assets - Effective Date and Transition	✓		
	Amendments PAS 39: Embedded Derivatives			✓
	Amendment to PAS 39: Eligible Hedged Items			✓
	Amendments to PAS 39: Novation of Derivatives and Continuation of Hedge Accounting			✓
PAS 40	Investment Property	✓		
	Amendment to PAS 40: Clarifying the Interrelationship between PFRS 3, Business Combination and PAS 40 when Classifying Property as Investment Property or Owner-occupied Property	✓		

PAS	Title	Adopted	Not Adopted	Not Applicable
PAS 41	Agriculture			✓
	Amendment to PAS 41: Agriculture: Bearer Plants			✓

Philippine Interpretations

Interpretations	Title	Adopted	Not Adopted	Not Applicable
IFRIC 1	Changes in Existing Decommissioning, Restoration and Similar Liabilities			✓
IFRIC 2	Members' Share in Co-operative Entities and Similar Instruments			✓
IFRIC 4	Determining Whether an Arrangement Contains a Lease	✓		
IFRIC 5	Rights to Interests arising from Decommissioning, Restoration and Environmental Rehabilitation Funds			✓
IFRIC 6	Liabilities arising from Participating in a Specific Market - Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment			✓
IFRIC 7	Applying the Restatement Approach under PAS 29 Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies			✓
IFRIC 9	Reassessment of Embedded Derivatives			✓
	Amendments to Philippine Interpretation IFRIC–9: Embedded Derivatives			✓
IFRIC 10	Interim Financial Reporting and Impairment	✓		
IFRIC 12	Service Concession Arrangements			✓
IFRIC 13	Customer Loyalty Programmes			✓
IFRIC 14	PAS 19 - The Limit on a Defined Benefit Asset, Minimum Funding Requirements and their Interaction	✓		
	Amendments to Philippine Interpretations IFRIC- 14, Prepayments of a Minimum Funding Requirement	✓		
IFRIC 16	Hedges of a Net Investment in a Foreign Operation			✓
IFRIC 17	Distributions of Non-cash Assets to Owners			✓
IFRIC 18	Transfers of Assets from Customers	✓		
IFRIC 19	Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments	✓		
IFRIC 20	Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine			✓
IFRIC 21	Levies			✓

Philippine Interpretations - SIC

Interpretations	Title	Adopted	Not Adopted	Not Applicable
SIC-7	Introduction of the Euro			✓
SIC-10	Government Assistance - No Specific Relation to Operating Activities			✓
SIC-15	Operating Leases - Incentives			✓
SIC-25	Income Taxes - Changes in the Tax Status of an Entity or its Shareholders			✓
SIC-27	Evaluating the Substance of Transactions Involving the Legal Form of a Lease			✓
SIC-29	Service Concession Arrangements: Disclosures			✓
SIC-31	Revenue - Barter Transactions Involving Advertising Services			✓
SIC-32	Intangible Assets - Web Site Costs			✓

VITARICH CORPORATION

SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF PARENT COMPANY'S RETAINED EARNINGS AVAILABLE FOR DIVIDEND DECLARATION

MARCH 31, 2017

(In Thousand Pesos)

		Amount
Deficit as shown in the financial statements at beginning of year		(₱2,355,928)
Balance at beginning of year of:		
Cumulative gain on fair value changes of investment properties		(128,679)
Net deferred tax assets that flow through profit or loss		(101,970)
Cumulative revaluation reserve transferred to deficit, net of tax		14,948
Depreciation of revaluation reserve recognized in profit or loss		(4,192)
Deficit as adjusted to available for dividend declaration at beginning of year		(2,575,821)
Net income actually incurred during the year:		
Net income closed to deficit	47,587	
Movement of deferred tax assets recognized in profit or loss	(1,910)	
Depreciation of revaluation reserve, net of tax	1,775	47,452
Total deficit available for dividend declaration at end of year		(₱2,528,369)

Reconciliation:

	Amount
Deficit as shown in the financial statements at end of year	(₱2,306,566)
Balance at end of year of:	
Cumulative gain on fair value changes of investment properties	(128,679)
Net deferred tax assets that flow through profit or loss	(103,880)
Cumulative revaluation reserve transferred to deficit, net of tax	16,723
Depreciation of revaluation reserve recognized in profit or loss	(5,967)
Total deficit available for dividend declaration at end of year	(₱2,528,369)

VITARICH CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
SEC SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES AS REQUIRED BY PAR. 6 PART II OF SRC RULE 68, AS AMENDED
MARCH 31, 2017

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VITARICH CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

SCHEDULE A - FINANCIAL ASSETS

MARCH 31, 2017

(In Thousand Pesos)

Description	Carrying Value	Fair Value
Loans and receivables:		
Cash in banks	₱304,004	₱304,004
Trade and other receivables*	837,102	837,102
Security deposits	13,537	13,537
	₱1,154,643	₱1,154,643

**Excluding advances to suppliers, advances to contract growers and breeders, and advances to officers and employees amounting to ₱134.7 million, ₱15.1 million and ₱6.0 million, respectively, in 2017*

VITARICH CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
SCHEDULE B - AMOUNTS RECEIVABLE FROM DIRECTORS, OFFICERS, EMPLOYEES, RELATED PARTIES and PRINCIPAL STOCKHOLDERS (OTHER THAN RELATED PARTIES)
March 31, 2017
(In Thousand Pesos)

Name and Designation of Debtor	Balance at beginning of Year	Additions	Deductions		Ending Balance		Balance at end of year
			Collected	Written Off	Current	Noncurrent	
Advances to Officers and Employees:							
Mailyn Acero, Sales Manager	₱590	₱–	₱15	₱–	₱575	₱–	₱575
Roel Galang, Sales Manager	495	–	–	–	495	–	495
Guillermo B. Miralles, Vice President and General Manager	476	–	33	–	442	–	442
Rey D. Ortega, Vice President and General Manager	468	–	54	–	415	–	415
Jonemar Espiritu, Sales Manager	175	–	45	–	130	–	130
Aaron Cruz, Supervisor	117	–	25	–	92	–	92
Alfredo Espiritu Jr., District Sales Manager	111	–	9	–	103	–	103
Teddy Mendoza, Credit and Collection Officer	110	–	6	–	104	–	104
Others*	3,491	1,090	934	–	3,647	–	3,647
	₱6,033	**₱1,090**	**₱1,121**	**₱–**	**₱6,003**	**₱–**	**₱6,003**

*Represent advances to officers and employees with balances less than ₱100,000.

Note: All of the above receivables are current.

VITARICH CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
SCHEDULE C - AMOUNTS RECEIVABLE FROM RELATED PARTIES WHICH ARE ELIMINATED DURING THE CONSOLIDATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2017
(In Thousand Pesos)

			Deductions			Ending Balance		
Related Party	Balance at beginning of period	Additions	Collections	Write Off	Amounts written off	Current	Noncurrent	Balance at end of period
Amounts Due from Related Parties								
Gromax, Inc.	₱122,722	₱13,079	₱–	₱–	₱–	₱135,801	₱–	₱135,801

VITARICH CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
SCHEDULE F - RECEIVABLE FROM (PAYABLE TO) RELATED PARTIES
March 31, 2017
(In Thousand Pesos)

			Deductions			Ending Balance		
Related Party	Balance at beginning of period	Additions	Collections (Payments)	Discounting	Write Off	Current	Noncurrent	Balance at end of period
Entity under common control	₱146,174	₱–	₱143,250	₱–	₱–	₱2,924	₱–	₱2,924

VITARICH CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
SCHEDULE H – CAPITAL STOCKHOLDER
March 31, 2017
(In Thousands)

Title of Issue	Number of shares authorized	Number of shares issued and outstanding as shown under the statement of financial position caption	Number of shares reserved for options, warrants, conversion & other rights	Number of shares held by: Related parties	Number of shares held by: Directors, officers and employees	Number of shares held by: Public
Common stock - 1 par value per share						
Authorized - 3,500,000,000 shares	3,500,000	2,786,498	–	1,928,339	68,617	789,541

VITARICH CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

MAP SHOWING THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN AND AMONG THE GROUP

MARCH 31, 2017